BDL Investments LLP

Report and Financial Statements

31 March 2012

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02/11/2012 COMPANIES HOUSE #714

Partners

E Campbell

S Campbell

S J McCaffer

R Morrow

S Terry

D G Thompson

L P Woodcock

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP G1 5 George Square Glasgow G2 1DY

Bankers

Royal Bank of Scotland Kirkstane House 139 St Vincent Street Glasgow G2 5JF

Solicitors

McGrigors Pacific House 70 Wellington Street Glasgow G2 6SB

Registered Office

40 Brand Street Glasgow G51 1DG

Members' report

The members present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

Results and dividends

The profit for the year amounted to £118,347 (2011 – £130,534). There has been a distribution to the members of £80,000 in the year (2011 - £100,000) leaving a contribution to reserves of £38,347 (2011 – £30,534).

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the partnership is the letting of a retail unit. Gross profit for the year was £144,686 (2011 - £147,031).

Members and their interests

The members shall take all steps necessary to ensure that in respect of each financial period, the partnership distributes all profits (after amounts deemed necessary to be retained for working capital requirements) of the partnership that are available for distribution. Such profits shall be distributed to the members in accordance with their percentage shares unless the members agree otherwise. No member shall be entitled to remuneration by the partnership when acting in the business or the management of the partnership.

Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

Special provisions for small entities

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption under section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the members

Stuart McCaffer

10 October 2012

Statement of members' responsibilities

The Limited Liability Partnerships (Financial statements and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008 and applicable accounting standards require the members to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and of the profit or loss of the LLP for that year.

In preparing those financial statements, the members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the LLP will continue in business.

The designated members are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the LLP and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Limited Liability Partnerships (Financial statements and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the LLP and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors' report

to the members of BDL Investments LLP

We have audited the financial statements of BDL Investments LLP for the year ended 31 March 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 9. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of members and auditor

As explained more fully in the Members' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the limited liability partnership's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the designated members; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the report and financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the limited liability partnership's affairs as at 31 March 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- ▶ have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

Independent auditors' report

to the members of BDL Investments LLP

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- ▶ the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the members were not entitled to prepare financial statements in accordance with the small limited liability partnerships' regime

Envt + Lung LLP
Mark Harvey (Senior Statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

Glasgow

10 October 2012

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 March 2012

		2012	2011
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	150,228	149,853
Cost of sales		(5,542)	(2,822)
Gross profit		144,686	147,031
Administrative expenses		-	-
Operating profit	3	144,686	147,031
Interest receivable		1,975	3
Interest payable on loans - excluding on members' loans		(28,314)	(16,500)
Profit for the financial year before members' remuneration	,	118,347	130,534
Retained profit for the year available for discretionary			
division amongst members		118,347	130,534
	:		

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

for the year ended 31 March 2012

There are no recognised gains or losses in the year other than the profit available to members of the partnership of £118,347 (2010 – £130,534).

Balance sheet

at 31 March 2012

		2012	2011
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	2,435,000	2,200,000
Current assets			•
Debtors	5	84,023	92,201
Cash at bank and in hand		92,947	77,187
		176,970	169,388
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(109,074)	(1,147,805)
Net current assets / (liabilities)		67,896	(978,417)
Total assets less current liabilities		2,502,896	1,221,583
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(1,007,966)	-
Net assets		1,494,930	1,221,583
Represented by:			
Members' interests			
Revaluation reserve	9	1,230,420	995,420
Other reserves	9	264,510	226,163
		1,494,930	1,221,583

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities.

S J McCaffer Partner

10 October 2012

at 31 March 2012

1. Accounting policies

Accounting convention

The financial statements of BDL Investments LLP were approved for issue by the members on 10 October 2012.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities and the Statement of Recommended Practice, Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships, modified to include the revaluation of investment properties.

Leases

Rental income receivable under operating leases is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives are recognised over the shorter of the lease term and the date of the next rent review.

Assets held under finance lease, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the LLP are capitalised in the balance sheet.

Investment properties

Certain of the LLP's properties are held for long-term investment. Investment properties are accounted for in accordance with FRSSE, as follows:

- (i) investment properties are revalued every five years. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is transferred to the revaluation reserve unless a deficit below original cost, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year; and
- (ii) no depreciation is provided in respect of leasehold investment properties where the lease has over 20 years to run.

Although the Companies Act would normally require the systematic annual depreciation of fixed assets, the directors believe that the policy of not providing depreciation is necessary in order for the financial statements to give a true and fair view, since the current value of investment properties, and changes to that current value, are of prime importance rather than a calculation of systematic annual depreciation. Depreciation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation, and the amount which might otherwise have been included cannot be separately identified or quantified.

Interest bearing loans and borrowings

All interest-bearing loans and borrowings are initially recorded at net proceeds. After initial recognition debt is increased by the finance cost in respect of the reporting period and reduced by payments made in respect of the debts of the period.

Finance costs of debt are allocated over the term of the debt at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

2. Turnover

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax, represents the invoiced amount of goods sold and services provided during the period.

Turnover and pre-tax loss is attributed to one continuing activity, rental of a retail unit beside a hotel in Milton Keynes. The turnover is wholly generated within the United Kingdom.

at 31 March 2012

3. Operating profit

(a) This is stated after charging:

	2012	2011
	£	£
Auditors' remuneration	1,100	1,100

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Long leasehold buildings
Valuation:	£
At 1 April 2011 Revaluation	2,200,000 235,000
At 31 March 2012	2,435,000

The property was valued at £2,435,000 by Colliers International UK Plc as at 22 June 2011 on the basis of value in use in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual of The Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors.

All fixed assets are held under a finance lease arrangement and are leased out under an operating lease arrangement. The historical cost of investment properties included at valuation is £1,204,580 (2011 - £1,204,580).

5. Debtors

		2012	2011
		£	£
	Prepayments and accrued income	84,023	92,201
6.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Trade creditors	12,264	45,531
	VAT payable	7,750	-
	Accruals and deferred income	36,443	2,900
	Bank loans (note 8)	52,617	1,099,374
		109,074	1,147,805
			====

at 31 March 2012

7. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

_	2012	2011
	£	£
Bank loans (note 8)	1,007,966	-
		- -

Included in bank loans is £11,917 (2011 – £626) of unamortised deferred expenditure which relates to loan arrangement fees and associated costs. This is being amortised over the term of the loan.

During the year bank borrowings relating to a 5 year term loan were repaid in full and a new 5 year loan facility was signed in June 2011. This loan is due to be repaid by fixed quarterly instalments with the remaining balance payable in full in June 2016. Interest is charged at LIBOR plus a margin of 2.75%.

Bank borrowings (including the bank overdraft) are supported by fixed and floating charges and a standard security over the company's assets.

8. Bank loans

Bank loans fall due as follows:

	2012	2011
	£	£
In one year or less or on demand	55,000	1,100,000
In more than one year but not more than two years	55,000	-
In more than two years but not more than five years	962,500	-
In more than five years	-	-
	1,072,500	1,100,000
Unamortised deferred expenditure < 1 year	(2,383)	
Unamortised deferred expenditure > 1 year	(9,534)	(626)
	1,060,583	1,099,374

at 31 March 2012

9. Reconciliation of members' interests and movements on reserves

				Loans and other debts	
	Members'	Revaluation	Other	due to	
	capital	reserve	reserves	members	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
At 31 March 2010	-	995,420	195,629	_	1,191,049
Profit for period	-	-	130,534	_	130,534
Partners' distribution	-	-	(100,000)	-	(100,000)
At 1 April 2011	-	995,420	226,163	-	1,221,583
Profit for the year	•	-	118,347	-	118,347
Revaluation	-	235,000	-	-	235,000
Partners' distribution	-	-	(80,000)	-	(80,000)
At 31 March 2012	-	1,230,420	264,510	-	1,494,930