Registration number: SC707385



# 58 Seasgad Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 September 2022 to 31 July 2023

Roderick Gunkel & Associates Ltd Chartered Accountants Orchardlea Callander FK17 8BG

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## **Company Information**

**Directors** John Stevenson

Fiona Ellen Smart Stevenson

**Registered office** 96 Comyn Drive

Wallacestone Falkirk FK2 0YP

Bankers Royal Bank of Scotland plc

Accountants Roderick Gunkel & Associates Ltd

Chartered Accountants

Orchardlea Callander FK17 8BG

# Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of 58 Seasgad Limited for the Period Ended 31 July 2023

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of 58 Seasgad Limited for the period ended 31 July 2023 as set out on pages 3 to 7 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of 58 Seasgad Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of 58 Seasgad Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of 58 Seasgad Limited, as a body, in this report.

This is in accordance with the requirements of such bodies as the ACCA, ICAS and ICAEW, to the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than 58 Seasgad Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that 58 Seasgad Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of 58 Seasgad Limited. You consider that 58 Seasgad Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the period.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of 58 Seasgad Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

Roderick Gunkel & Associates Ltd

Chartered Accountants

Orchardlea Callander

FK17 8BG

24 November 2023

## (Registration number: SC707385) Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	2,400	-
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	520	-
Cash at bank and in hand		58,764	_
		59,284	-
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(23,747)	2
Net current assets		35,537	2
Total assets less current liabilities		37,937	2
Provisions for liabilities		(456)	
Net assets		37,481	2
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	2	2
Retained carnings		37,479	
Shareholders' funds		37,481	2

For the financial period ending 31 July 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 24 November 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

***************************************
John Stevenson
Director

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 September 2022 to 31 July 2023

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in Scotland.

The address of its registered office is: 96 Comyn Drive Wallacestone Falkirk FK2 0YP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 24 November 2023.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 September 2022 to 31 July 2023

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### Asset class

**Depreciation method and rate** 20-50% p.a reducing balance basis

Fixtures, fittings, equipment

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 September 2022 to 31 July 2023

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

## 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period, was 2 (2022 - 2).

#### 4 Profit before tax

Arrived at after charging/(crediting)		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Depreciation expense	1,211	_

5 Tangible assets		
	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation Additions	3,612	3,612
At 31 July 2023	3,612	3,612
<b>Depreciation</b> Charge for the period	1,212	1,212
At 31 July 2023	1,212	1,212
Carrying amount		
At 31 July 2023	2,400	2,400
6 Debtors		
Current	2023 £	2022 £
Trade debtors	520	

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 September 2022 to 31 July 2023

7 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
		Note	2023 £	2022 £
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings		9	9,044	(2)
Taxation and social security			13,103	-
Accruals and deferred income			1,600	
			23,747	(2)
8 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares	-0-2			
	2023 No.	£	2022 No.	£
	140.	*	140.	
Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	200	2	200	2
9 Loans and borrowings				
			2023	2022
Current loans and borrowings			£	£

Director current account

9,044

(2)

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.