Registration number: SC623084

4 Seasons Carpets Ltd

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Contents

Statement of Financial Position	$\underline{1}$ to $\underline{2}$
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	<u>3</u> to <u>7</u>

(Registration number: SC623084) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2022

	Note	2022 €	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	19,870	21,942
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	36,972	42,410
Debtors	<u>6</u>	5,221	-
Cash at bank and in hand		73,344	36,573
		115,537	78,983
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(67,803)	(57,462)
Net current assets		47,734	21,521
Total assets less current liabilities		67,604	43,463
Provisions for liabilities		(3,775)	(4,169)
Net assets		63,829	39,294
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		63,828	39,293
Shareholders' funds		63,829	39,294

For the financial year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Income Statement has been taken.

(Registration number: SC623084) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2022

Approved and authorised by the director on 2 June 2022
Mr Laszlo Kohanyi
Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in Scotland.

The address of its registered office is: 98 High Street Lochee Dundee DD2 3AY Scotland

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings Office equipment

Depreciation method and rate

20% Reducing Balance 15% Reducing Balance 20% Reducing Balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual agreement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 4 (2021 - 4).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

4 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings	Plant and machinery £	Office equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 April 2021	12,980	852	716	12,700	27,248
Additions	710	473	1,481	<u> </u>	2,664
At 31 March 2022	13,690	1,325	2,197	12,700	29,912
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2021	3,402	195	227	1,482	5,306
Charge for the year	1,490	227	214	2,805	4,736
At 31 March 2022	4,892	422	441	4,287	10,042
Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2022	8,798	903	1,756	8,413	19,870
At 31 March 2021	9,578	657	489	11,218	21,942
5 Stocks					
				2022	2021
				£	£
Other inventories				36,972	42,410
6 Debtors					
				2022	2021
				£	£
Trade debtors				5,221	
				5,221	-

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due	within one year
--------------------------------	-----------------

Creditors, amounts faming due within one year	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year		
Taxation and social security	21,284	20,737
Accruals and deferred income	2,559	2,555
Other creditors	43,960	34,170
	67,803	57,462

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.