Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Period from 25 March 2019 to 31 January 2020

Jamieson Campbell Kerr Limited Chartered Accountants 14 - 15 Main Street Longniddry EH32 0NF



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(Registration number: SC618695) Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2020

	Note	2020 £
E' and another		-
Fixed assets	4	14 906
Tangible assets	4	14,806
Current assets		
Stocks	5	52,643
Debtors	6	11,044
Cash at bank and in hand		30,593
		94,280
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7 _	(95,315)
Net current liabilities	_	(1,035)
Total assets less current liabilities		13,771
Provisions for liabilities		(2,284)
Net assets		11,487
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital		2
Profit and loss account		11,485
Shareholders' funds	_	11,487

For the financial period ending 31 January 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Mr E J Meaney

Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 25 March 2019 to 31 January 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in Scotland.

The address of its registered office is: Gardeners Cottage Alderston Haddington East Lothian EH41 3SF

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 25 March 2019 to 31 January 2020

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Leasehold improvements

Office equipment

Depreciation method and rate

5% straight line

20% reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 25 March 2019 to 31 January 2020

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period, was 1.

4 Tangible assets

	Long leasehold improvments	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Total £
Cost or valuation			
Additions	13,995	1,888	15,883
At 31 January 2020	13,995	1,888	15,883
Depreciation			
Charge for the period	700	377	1,077
At 31 January 2020	700	377	1,077
Carrying amount			
At 31 January 2020	13,295	1,511	14,806

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £13,295 in respect of long leasehold land and buildings.

5 Stocks

	2020 £
Other inventories	52,643
6 Debtors	
	2020 £
Trade debtors	8,377
Prepayments	2,667
	11,044

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 25 March 2019 to 31 January 2020

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2020 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors		12,393
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	8	23,500
Taxation and social security		6,785
Other creditors		1,280
Directors loan	_	51,357
	=	95,315

8 Related party transactions

At 31 January 2020 the company owed £23,500 to Coast Kitchens and Bathrooms Limited, a company in which Mr E Meaney is a director and shareholder.