AFFORDABLE CREMATIONS SCOTLAND CIC REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Milne Craig
Chartered accountants
Statutory auditor
Abercorn House
79 Renfrew Road
Paisley
Renfrewshire
PA3 4DA

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COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

DIRECTORS: E D'Aboville

P McColgan A K Ohri

REGISTERED OFFICE: Orkney Street Enterprise Centre

18 Orkney Street

Glasgow G51 2BX

REGISTERED NUMBER: SC566867 (Scotland)

AUDITORS: Milne Craig

Chartered accountants Statutory auditor Abercorn House 79 Renfrew Road

Paisley Renfrewshire PA3 4DA

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2020.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of providing affordable cremation services.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

At the end of year two the financial position of Affordable Cremation is as per the business plan with a funeral service being offered across mainland Scotland. We are also having a positive effect on three areas of social impact as set out in the business plan. These are:-

- 1. Arranging simple dignified and caring funerals for bereaved families who are our customers.
- 2. Reducing the costs of funerals and helping alleviate funeral poverty and we are part of the #EndFuneralPoverty campaign.
- 3. Offering free and impartial advice to be eaved people who are not seeking our funeral services but who need support. For this, we offer a separate advice service called the National Funeral Costs Helpline.

In year 2 we took steps towards reducing overheads which will have a positive effect moving into year 3. We have also introduced new services in year 3 to help ensure we keep on track for a more financially sustainable position at the end of year 3 in line with the business plan.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2019 to the date of this report.

E D'Aboville P McColgan A K Ohri

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

J N Gibson - resigned 31 December 2019

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

AUDITORS

The auditors, Milne Craig, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

E D'Aboville - Director

4 December 2020

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF AFFORDABLE CREMATIONS SCOTLAND CIC

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Affordable Cremations Scotland CIC (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2020 which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, Balance Sheet and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF AFFORDABLE CREMATIONS SCOTLAND CIC

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

William Vernall (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Milne cray

for and on behalf of Milne Craig

Chartered accountants

Statutory auditor

Abercorn House

79 Renfrew Road

Paisley

Renfrewshire

PA3 4DA

4 December 2020

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
TURNOVER		152,775	112,958
Cost of sales		(65,438)	(47,063)
GROSS PROFIT		87,337	65,895
Administrative expenses		(174,219)	(158,393)
		(86,882)	(92,498)
Other operating income		25,114	_53,694
OPERATING LOSS		(61,768)	(38,804)
Interest payable and similar expenses		(4,570)	(810)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION	4	(66,338)	(39,614)
Tax on loss	5	-	
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(66,338)	(39,614)
Retained earnings at beginning of year		(74,480)	(34,866)
RETAINED EARNINGS AT END OF YEAR	र	<u>(140,818</u>)	(74,480)

AFFORDABLE CREMATIONS SCOTLAND CIC (REGISTERED NUMBER: SC566867)

BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2020

		2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	6		17,574		39,327
CTIBERRY ACCESS					
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	7	12,279		10,770	
	,				
Cash at bank		10,874		67,143	
		23,153		77,913	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	124,645		105,887	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(101,492)		(27,974)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			(83,918)		11,353
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	9		56,900		85,833
NET LIABILITIES			<u>(140,818</u>)		(74,480)
RESERVES					
Retained earnings			(140,818)		(74,480)
					
			<u>(140,818</u>)		<u>(74,480</u>)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 4 December 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

E D'Aboville - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Affordable Cremations Scotland Community Interest Company is a private company, limited by guarantee, registered in Scotland. The Company's registered number is SC566867 and registered office address is Orkney Street Enterprise Centre, 18 Orkney Street, G51 2BX.

The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are to provide affordable cremation services.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the Company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

Going concern

At the outset, the expectation was that the company would require to be trading for three years before breaking even. The results to date are in line with projections and after making appropriate enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. As a result, the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires the directors to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

Judgements and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have made the following judgements:

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

Assets are considered for indications of impairment. If required an impairment review will be carried out and a decision made on possible impairment. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash-generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.

Bad debts are provided for where objective evidence of the need for a provision exists.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Turnover

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Consideration is given to the point at which the Company is entitled to receive the income, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Revenue from the provision of services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- · the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due;
- the costs incurred can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Equipment - 33% on cost Motor vehicles - 33% on cost

Financial instruments

The Company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised in the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transactions costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the Company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Research and development

Expenditure on research activities is recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

Expenditure on development activities is capitalised if the product or process is technically and commercially feasible and the Company intends to and has the technical ability and sufficient resources to complete development, future economic benefits are probable and if the Company can measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development. Development activities improve a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products or processes. The expenditure capitalised includes the cost of materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads and capitalised borrowing costs. Other development expenditure is recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred. Capitalised development expenditure is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and less accumulated impairment losses

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Impairment of assets

Assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss as described below.

Non-financial assets

An asset is impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition, the estimated recoverable value of the asset has been reduced. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised.

Financial assets

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that would be received for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal.

An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired financial asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees in the year was 4 (2019: the company had no employees and was subject to a salaries recharge from Community Renewal Trust).

There has been no directors' remuneration in the current or previous periods.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

4. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

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	2020	2019
	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	21,753	21,752

5. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

No liability to UK corporation tax arose for the year ended 31 March 2020 nor for the year ended 31 March 2019.

6. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
21,024	44,233	65,257
8,100	17,830	25,930
7,008	14,745	21,753
15,108	32,575	47,683
<u>5,916</u>	11,658	17,574
12,924	26,403	39,327
	21,024 8,100 7,008 15,108	Equipment vehicles £ 21,024 44,233 8,100 17,830 7,008 14,745 15,108 32,575 5,916 11,658

7. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	£	£
Trade debtors	10,235	10,770
Other debtors		
	12,279	10,770

8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2020	2019
	£	£
Other loans (see note 10)	17,727	13,702
Trade creditors	10,902	10,811
Amounts owed to group undertakings	76,823	62,212
Social security and other taxes	702	-
Accruals and deferred income	5,991	2,495
Deferred government grants	12,500	16,667
	124,645	105,887

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2020

2020

2019

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

9. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

10.

Other loans (see note 10) Deferred government grants	2020 £ 56,900	2019 £ 73,333 12,500
	56,900	85,833
LOANS		
An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:	2020 £	2019 £
Other loans	17,727	13,702
Amounts falling due between one and two years: Other loans - 1-2 years	18,802	17,837
Amounts falling due between two and five years: Other loans - 2-5 years	38,098	55,496

Included in other loans is a balance of £37,862 which is repayable in sixty monthly instalments beginning January 2019, with interest being charged at 5% per annum. There is a further loan balance of £36,765 as at 31 March 2020, which is repayable in sixty monthly instalments beginning September 2019, with interest being charged at 6.75% per annum.

TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	2020		2019	
	£	£	£	£
Sales		152,775		112,958
Cost of sales				
Purchases		65,438		47,063
1 di olidoo				
GROSS PROFIT		87,337		65,895
Other income				
Income from lease of premises and	0 417			
equipment Grant income	8,417		52 604	
Donations income	16,667 30		53,694	
Donations meonic		25,114	<u>-</u> _	53,694
		23,114		33,074
		112,451		119,589
Expenditure				
Rent	13,750		15,000	
Rates and water	353		732	
Insurance	1,816		1,148	
Light and heat	747		1,945	
Wages	57,545		39,435	
Social security	4,145		2,585	
Pensions	1,979		2,186	
Telephone	3,160		3,407	
Post and stationery	864		999	
Marketing	30,261		41,537	
Travelling Motor overses	1,466		2,319	
Motor expenses	7,680		6,180	
Training & recruitment Repairs and renewals	1,796		500 1,796	
Management charge	12,000		1,790	
Computer costs	679		649	
Sundry expenses	1,038		1,876	
Consultancy costs	15		10,750	
Legal fees	5,100		2,065	
Auditors' remuneration	1,560		1,260	
Entertainment	, <u>-</u>		272	
Bad debts	5,503		-	
·		151,457	<u></u>	136,641
		(39,006)		(17,052)
Finance costs				
Bank charges	1,009			
Bank loan interest	4,570		810	
Dank touti interest	7,270	5,579	010	810
				010
Carried forward		(44,585)		(17,862)
CHALLY M AVA 11 WAY		(.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(17,002)

TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	2020		2019	
Brought forward	£	£ (44,585)	£	£ (17,862)
Depreciation Equipment Motor vehicles	7,008 14,745		7,008 14,744	
Motor Formeton		21,753		21,752
NET LOSS		(66,338)		(39,614)

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CIC 34

Community Interest Company Report

	For official use (Please leave blank)	
omplete in ypescript, or	Company Name in full	AFFORDABLE CREMATIONS SCOTLAND CIC
	Company Number	SC566867
	Year Ending	31/03/20

(The date format is required in full)

Please ensure the company name is consistent with the company name entered on the accounts.

This template illustrates what the Regulator of Community Interest Companies considers to be best practice for completing a simplified community interest company report. All such reports must be delivered in accordance with section 34 of the Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004 and contain the information required by Part 7 of the Community Interest Company Regulations 2005. For further guidance see chapter 8 of the Regulator's guidance notes and the alternate example provided for a more complex company with more detailed notes.

(N.B. A Filing Fee of £15 is payable on this document. Please enclose a cheque or postal order payable to Companies House)

PART 1 - GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE COMPANY'S ACTIVITIES AND IMPACT

In the space provided below, please insert a general account of the company's activities in the financial year to which the report relates, including a description of how they have benefited the community.

In addition to our business goals, Affordable Cremations Scotland is having a positive effect on three areas of social impact as set out in the business plan. These are:-

 Arranging simple dignified and caring funerals for bereaved families who are our customers. This year we arranged funerals for 148 families and received entirely positive feedback, especially around providing a caring service, for example:

"The work that this team do is absolutely outstanding... It is reassuring to know that there are still people out there in the world that care for people" S Schwartz "Fantastic setup caring patient understanding and willing to do exactly what you ask... Lovely compassionate and not there to make as much money as they can when you are at your most vulnerable unlike many other places." M Millar

- 2. Reducing the costs of funerals and helping alleviate funeral poverty and we are part of the #EndFuneralPoverty campaign. In 2019 we announced that we had saved members of the public £500,000 in funeral costs by offering a more affordable alternative they may not have otherwise used. Half the bereaved families we supported had no savings and low income. For some families facing abject funeral poverty we further discounted our prices if they would have fallen through the gaps of the benefit system (e.g. orphaned students or working poor). It remains clear that without Affordable Cremations Scotland more people would fall into funeral debt and average prices would rise.
- 3. Offering free and impartial advice to bereaved people who are not seeking our funeral services but who need support. For this, we offer a separate advice service called the National Funeral Costs Helpline. This year we helped at least 120 people with benefits advice, emotional support or practical enquiries about their funerals.

(If applicable, please just state "A social audit report covering these points is attached").

(Please continue on separate continuation sheet if necessary.)

PART 2 – CONSULTATION WITH STAKEHOLDERS – Please indicate who the company's stakeholders are; how the stakeholders have been consulted and what action, if any, has the company taken in response to feedback from its consultations? If there has been no consultation, this should be made clear.

Affordable Cremations Scotland has worked in partnership with a number of stakeholders.

Our service to our clients is always tailored to their needs and requires deep listening which helps us improve our own service and messaging.

We have worked with Government and politicians to better address funeral poverty through our one to one meetings and our membership in the Cross Party Group on Bereavement.

We have worked with our grant funders and loan funders to best understand their needs alongside them helping us to respond to the changing needs of clients, especially as we have started providing more emotional support.

(If applicable, please just state "A social audit report covering these points is attached").

PART 3 – DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION – if you have provided full details in your accounts you need not reproduce it here. Please clearly identify the information within the accounts and confirm that, "There were no other transactions or arrangements in connection with the remuneration of directors, or compensation for director's loss of office, which require to be disclosed" (See example with full notes). If no remuneration was received you must state that

No remuneration was received.

"no remuneration was received" below.

PART 4 – TRANSFERS OF ASSETS OTHER THAN FOR FULL CONSIDERATION – Please insert full details of any transfers of assets other than for full consideration e.g. Donations to outside bodies. If this does not apply you must state that "no transfer of assets other than for full consideration has been made" below.

No transfer of assets other than for full consideration has been made.

(Please continue on separate continuation sheet if necessary.)

PART 5 – SIGNATORY (Please note this must be a live signature)

The original report must be signed by a director or secretary of the company

Signed Commen

Date 15/17/20

Please note that it is a legal requirement for the date format to be provided in full throughout the CIC34 report.

Applications will be rejected if this is information is incorrect.

Office held (delete as appropriate) Director

You do not have to give any contact information in the box opposite but if you do, it will help the Registrar of Companies to contact you if there is a query on the form. The contact information that you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

DX Number	DX Exchange	1
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FINANC	EMANAGER	
SHEILA	THOMSON	
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When you have completed and signed the form, please attach it to the accounts and send both forms by post to the Registrar of Companies at:

For companies registered in England and Wales: Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ DX 33050 Cardiff

For companies registered in Scotland: Companies House, 4th Floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, EH3 9FF DX 235 Edinburgh or LP – 4 Edinburgh 2

For companies registered in Northern Ireland: Companies House, 2nd Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, BT2 8BG

(N.B. Please enclose a cheque for £15 payable to Companies House)