	Company Registration No. SC550319 (Scotland)
ROEBRAE LIMIT	ED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL ST	FATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NO	OVEMBER 2019
PAGES FOR FILING WITH	REGISTRAR
James Hair & Co 59 Bonnygate	
CUPAR Fife UK	
KY15 4BY	

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		4,079,038		4,065,124
Current assets					
Stocks		77,364		-	
Debtors	4	56,100		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		53,476		140	
		186,940		140	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(4,321,782)		(4.071,801)	
Net current liabilities			(4,134,842)		(4,071,661)
Total assets less current liabilities			(55,804)		(6,537)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		1		1
Profit and loss reserves			(55,805)		(6,538)
Total equity			(55,804)		(6,537)

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 November 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 November 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr Andrew Simpson

Director

Company Registration No. SC550319

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Roebrae Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is Parbroath Farm Office, Luthrie, CUPAR, Fife, KY15 4NT.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts, on the basis that the group of which this is the parent qualifies as a small group. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements. The appropriateness of this is dependant upon the continued support of the parent company.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of furnished holiday accommodation, farming and rental income provided by the company, net of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Not depreciated
Plant and equipment 25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks and work in progress including short term contracts are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Cost comprises direct expenditure and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.6 Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for investments in non-convertible preference and non-puttable preference and ordinary shares, which are measured at fair value, with changes recognised in the profit and loss. Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at cost and thereafter at fair value, with charges recognised in profit and loss.

1.7 Taxation

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2019	2018
	Number	Number
Total	2	2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Land and	Plant and	Total
		buildings £	equipment £	f otal
	Cost			
	At 1 December 2018	4,065,124	-	4,065,124
	Additions	12,961	4,289	17,250
	At 30 November 2019	4,078,085	4,289	4,082,374
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 December 2018	-	-	-
	Depreciation charged in the year	2,264	1,072	3,336
	At 30 November 2019	2,264	1,072	3.336
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 November 2019	4,075,821	3,217	4,079,038
	At 30 November 2018	4,065,124		4,065.124
4	Debtors		2019	2018
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£	£
	Trade debtors		50,530	-
	Prepayments and accrued income		5,570	
			56,100	
5	Conditions amounts falling due within any year			
3	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2019	2018
			£	£
	Trade creditors		26,363	-
	Amounts due to group undertakings		4,245,816	4,071,051
	Other taxation and social security		4,284	-
	Directors current accounts		43,070	-
	Accruals and deferred income		2,249	750
			4,321,782	4,071,801
6	Called up share capital		2019	2018
	Ordinary share capital			
	Issued and fully paid 1 Ordinary share of £1 each		1	1
	1 Ordinary Share of £1 each		1	1

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.