

# Design By Core Ltd

Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements  
for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

Deans Accountants And Business Advisors Ltd  
Chartered Accountants and Business Advisors  
27 North Bridge Street  
Hawick  
Scottish Borders  
TD9 9BD

# Design By Core Ltd

## Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Accountants' Report	<u>2</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>3</u>
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	<u>4 to 8</u>

## **Design By Core Ltd**

### **Company Information**

<b>Directors</b>	Mr B Gray Mr S Latta
<b>Registered office</b>	27 North Bridge Street Hawick Scottish Borders TD9 9BD
<b>Accountants</b>	Deans Accountants And Business Advisors Ltd Chartered Accountants and Business Advisors 27 North Bridge Street Hawick Scottish Borders TD9 9BD

# DEANS

## Chartered Accountants

### **Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of Design By Core Ltd for the Year Ended 31 March 2023**

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Design By Core Ltd for the year ended 31 March 2023 as set out on pages 3 to 8 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland (ICAS), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <http://www.icas.com/ethics/icas-code-of-ethics>.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Design By Core Ltd, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Design By Core Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Design By Core Ltd, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAS guidance ([www.icas.com/accountsprep/guidance](http://www.icas.com/accountsprep/guidance)). To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Design By Core Ltd and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Design By Core Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Design By Core Ltd. You consider that Design By Core Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Design By Core Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

.....  
Deans Accountants And Business Advisors Ltd  
Chartered Accountants and Business Advisors  
27 North Bridge Street  
Hawick  
Scottish Borders  
TD9 9BD

4 December 2023

**Design By Core Ltd**

**(Registration number: SC416438)**

**Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023**

	<b>Note</b>	<b>2023 £</b>	<b>2022 £</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks	<u>4</u>	500	500
Debtors	<u>5</u>	254	780
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>2,693</u>	<u>7,317</u>
		3,447	8,597
<b>Creditors:</b> Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	<u>(380)</u>	<u>(1,548)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>3,067</u>	<u>7,049</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	100	100
Retained earnings		<u>2,967</u>	<u>6,949</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u>3,067</u>	<u>7,049</u>

For the financial year ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 4 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

.....  
Mr S Latta

Director

## **Design By Core Ltd**

### **Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023**

#### **1 General information**

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in Scotland.

The address of its registered office is:

27 North Bridge Street

Hawick

Scottish Borders

TD9 9BD

United Kingdom

The principal place of business is:

Carnarvon Street

Hawick

Roxburghshire

TD9 7EB

Scotland

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 4 December 2023.

#### **2 Accounting policies**

##### **Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

##### **Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

##### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The company is not directly impacted by Brexit.

The company has suffered financially from the pandemic. Where appropriate, government support in the forms of grants and loans were used to mitigate the impact of lockdowns etc. The directors will continue to assess the impact of the pandemic and make decisions accordingly.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£) and rounded to the nearest £0.

##### **Going concern**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

**Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023**

**Judgements**

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make significant judgements and estimates. The items in the financial statements where these judgements and estimates have been made included:

Useful economic lives of tangible assets – the annual depreciation charge for tangible assets is sensitive to change in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are re-assessed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on economic utilisation, and the physical condition of the assets.

**Revenue recognition**

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

**Sales of Goods**

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

**Tax**

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

**Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

**Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

**Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

**Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**Share capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

**Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

**Financial instruments**

**Classification**

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

**Recognition and measurement**

Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as an interest expense in the profit and loss account.

**Impairment**

At the end of each reporting period financial instruments measured at fair value are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. The impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

**3 Staff numbers**

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 2 (2022 - 2).

**4 Stocks**

	2023 £	2022 £
Other inventories	500	500



# Design By Core Ltd

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

### 5 Debtors

	2023 £	2022 £
<b>Current</b>		
Trade debtors	-	529
Other debtors	254	251
	<u>254</u>	<u>780</u>

### 6 Creditors

#### Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023 £	2022 £
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Taxation and social security	-	1,188
Accruals and deferred income	380	360
	<u>380</u>	<u>1,548</u>

### 7 Share capital

#### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2023		2022	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

**Design By Core Ltd**

**Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023**

**8 Related party transactions**

**Transactions with directors**

	<b>At 1 April 2022</b>	<b>Advances to</b>	<b>At 31 March</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>director</b>	<b>2023</b>
		<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>2023</b>			
<b>Mr S Latta</b>			
The loan is undated and unsecured	251	3	254

	<b>At 1 April 2021</b>	<b>Advances to</b>	<b>At 31 March</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>director</b>	<b>2022</b>
		<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>2022</b>			
<b>Mr S Latta</b>			
The loan is undated and unsecured	247	4	251

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.