

Argosy Fishing Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 March 2021



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Argosy Fishing Limited

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Argosy Fishing Limited

(Registration number: SC395122)
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	24,510	42,118
Current assets			
Debtors	5	6,293	910
Cash at bank and in hand		48,384	56,476
		54,677	57,386
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(15,699)	(17,466)
Net current assets		38,978	39,920
Total assets less current liabilities		63,488	82,038
Provisions for liabilities		(4,657)	(6,618)
Net assets		58,831	75,420
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		10	10
Profit and loss account		58,821	75,410
Shareholders' funds		58,831	75,420

For the financial year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.


Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 11/11/21



A G Kerr
Director

Argosy Fishing Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in Scotland.

The address of its registered office is:

8 Bourtree Crescent
Kirkcudbright
United Kingdom
DG6 4AX

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern

During the year the company received government grants to support it during the Covid-19 pandemic. Due to this the company was able to trade therefore the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Plant and machinery	20% reducing balance
Office equipment	20% straight line
Motor vehicle	20% reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2020 - 1).

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 April 2020	10,353	43,820	90,783	144,956
Additions	2,011	-	985	2,996
Disposals	-	(21,650)	-	(21,650)
At 31 March 2021	<u>12,364</u>	<u>22,170</u>	<u>91,768</u>	<u>126,302</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2020	7,787	18,614	76,437	102,838
Charge for the year	1,412	2,270	3,066	6,748
Eliminated on disposal	-	(7,794)	-	(7,794)
At 31 March 2021	<u>9,199</u>	<u>13,090</u>	<u>79,503</u>	<u>101,792</u>
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2021	<u>3,165</u>	<u>9,080</u>	<u>12,265</u>	<u>24,510</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>2,566</u>	<u>25,206</u>	<u>14,346</u>	<u>42,118</u>

5 Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	3,648	-
Other debtors	<u>2,645</u>	<u>910</u>
	<u>6,293</u>	<u>910</u>

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

6 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Due within one year			
Trade creditors		6,778	5,985
Directors loan		20	2,224
Taxation and social security		204	247
Other creditors		8,697	9,010
		<u>15,699</u>	<u>17,466</u>