# **Hub South East Scotland Limited**

Annual report and group financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2022





#### 1

# Officers and professional advisers

Company registration number

SC380319

Registered office

8 Melville Street Edinburgh EH3 7NS

**Directors** 

P Brewer (Chairman)

K Bradley
P McGirk
C Campbell
M Templeton
P McVey
R Park
N Gemmell
A Bone

**Company Secretary** 

Galliford Try Secretariat Services Limited

**Bankers** 

Barclays Bank Plc

Unit 2

10-15 Princes Street

Edinburgh EH2 2AN

**Auditor** 

Azets Audit Services Chartered Accountants Exchange Place 3 Semple Street Edinburgh EH3 8BL

**Solicitors** 

Brodies LLP 15 Atholl Crescent Edinburgh EH3 8HA

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# Group Strategic Report

The directors present the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the directors and the Group financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

#### **Business review**

Hub South East Scotland Limited ('the Company') was established as the joint venture delivery company for the hub partnership programme covering the South East Scotland territory. The hub initiative is being led by Scottish Futures Trust Limited on behalf of the Scottish Government.

Under hub, public sector organisations across a hub territory work in partnership with each other and a private sector delivery partner to deliver community infrastructure projects such as schools, health centres, day care centres, community centres and libraries.

The directors report a loss for the Company during the year of £443,456 (2021: £1,260).

During the year to 31 March 2022 Hub South East Scotland reached financial close on four Design and Build projects ("D&B") (2021: seven). In the same period five (2021: two) Design and Build ("D&B") projects reached completion. Significant development has taken place on a number of projects which should reach financial close or completion in the coming year.

The focus for the Company during 2021/2022 has been on project development and delivery. Going forward the focus will continue to be on project development, reaching further financial closes and building handovers. The Company will also focus on supporting our public sector participants in the delivery of pipeline and developing new opportunities.

Hub South East Scotland Limited and its subsidiaries (the "Group") consists of the principal company and one DBFM (Design, Build, Finance & Maintain) project company.

The directors report a loss for the year for the Group of £510,257 (2021: £128,306).

The directors have considered the performance of the Company and the Group during the year and the financial position at the year end and believe their prospects for the future to be satisfactory and consistent with the Company's and Group's business plans. A detailed three year business plan has been prepared covering 2022-2025 which assesses the anticipated income and cashflows from the project pipeline and related costs and which shows sufficient cashflow to sustain the business over the three year period based on the prudent underlying assumptions. This cashflow is updated on a regular basis as part of the preparation of the management accounts in order to incorporate any changes in assumptions and assess the impact of such changes. The losses arising in the Company and the Group in the year are a consequence of the timing of projects reaching financial close when revenue is recognised while overheads are relatively fixed and steady. In several cases advances of the Hub development fee have been received which assist with cashflows but also contribute to the net liability position as the income is deferred until recognition criteria are met. Forecasts are regularly updated and sensitivity analysis carried out to ensure the robustness of the Company's cash flow forecasts. The most recent review has taken place in July 2022.

## Group Strategic Report (continued)

#### Principal Risks and uncertainties

The directors consider the key risks and uncertainties to be as follows:

- That key projects identified in the business plan do not go ahead or are not procured through the
  hub programme resulting in income being deferred or lost. The future pipeline of projects is
  reviewed on a regular basis to ensure that the net impact on the Company is minimised if any
  projects are delayed or are no longer required by the participant; and
- Reduction in public sector client investment programmes resulting in a reduction in the future projects pipeline. The Company is in regular dialogue with clients regarding future projects and strategic plans.

A risk register is in place and is reviewed by the Board at each board meeting.

#### **Key Performance Indicators**

Hub South East Scotland Limited is governed by a detailed set of key performance indicators (KPIs) across the business as a whole. These performance measures are focused around partnering, community engagement, community benefit, supporting SMEs, health and safety, sustainability, value for money, supply chain, quality and programme.

These are monitored regularly and reported to the Territory Partnering Board and have been successfully achieved for the year to 31 March 2022.

The key financial performance indicator is in respect of cashflow. This is monitored regularly along with project pipeline to ensure sufficient cash is available to meet the Company's and Group's liabilities as they fall due.

#### Future developments

The Company's ambition over the next few years is to build on its successful achievements over the past year by delivering projects already under development and maintaining a robust pipeline of future projects.

The Company achieved its key objective over the 2021-22 financial year by reaching financial close on several D&B projects including Wallyford High School and Cockenzie and Salisbury Court Health Centres. In 2022-23 our objective is to reach financial close on the Peebles and Galashiels High School projects amongst others, whilst continuing to develop other projects in their early stages.

#### Directors statement of compliance with duty to promote the success of the group

As part of corporate governance principles and under the requirements of section 172 of the Companies Act 2006, the Directors are required to make a statement as to how they have carried out their duty to promote the success of the Group for the benefit of its stakeholders as a whole having regards to the matters set out in section 172(1):

- the likely consequences of any decision in the long-term;
  - Decisions are supported and underpinned by a detailed business plan, regular reviews of performance against plan and regular and detailed financial forecasting.
- the interest of the Group's employees;
  - O The Group does not have any direct employees as staff are either seconded or operate as part of a Management Services Agreement. Therefore, the main stakeholders of the Group are the shareholders, the public sector organisations in the territory, the Supply Chain and other service providers.

## Group Strategic Report (continued)

- the need to foster the Group's business relationships with suppliers, customers, and others;
  - O The Shareholders and the Territory Partnering Board (comprising representatives from each of the public sector participants, a representative from Hub South East Scotland Limited and a representative from Scottish Futures Trust) are regularly kept updated of the Group's ongoing relationship and partnership with the public sector organisations, contractors and suppliers. The Board is also updated on the development of the Group's project pipeline, performance of the projects and the measurement of performance against KPIs.
- the impact of the Group's operations on the community and the environment;
  - o The Group encourages small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) to be involved in the hub programme delivery, thereby generating economic growth, social value and regeneration within the local economy as well as creating training, education and apprenticeship opportunities.
  - o Embedding itself at the heart of the community infrastructure inception, planning and delivery process is a key aim of the Company.
  - O The Company has a long-standing relationship with and regularly fundraises for a local Social Enterprise.
  - o The impact on the environment is a key consideration on all projects and the Company supports clients in their efforts to achieve aspirational Government targets in relation to net zero carbon, notably delivering Scotland's first accredited Passivhaus public educational facility.
- the desirability of the Group maintaining a reputation for high standard of business conduct;
  - O Achieved through regular monitoring against a series of key performance indicators, including customer satisfaction surveys; and
- the need to act fairly between members of the Group.
  - O The need to consider the best interests of the Group's shareholders is underpinned by relevant Shareholder Agreements.

This report has been approved by the board on 27 September 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

P Brewer

Director and Chairman

## Report of the directors

The directors submit their annual report and the Group financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

#### **Principal Activity**

The principal activity of the Company and the Group during the year was providing project development and strategic partnering services to the public sector participants in the Hub South East Territory to help drive projects through the key stages of infrastructure procurement.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on pages 12 and 13. The loss for the Group for the year amounted to £510,257 (2021: £128,306). The loss for the Company for the year amounted to £443,456 (2021: £1,260). No dividend has been paid or is proposed.

#### **Directors**

The directors of the Company who held office during the year and to date are as follows:

P Brewer (Chairman)

K Bradley

P J McGirk (Chief Executive)

C Campbell

P McVey

R Park

N Gemmell

M Templeton

A Bone

(appointed 25 May 2021)

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, none of its directors are required to retire by

#### Engagement with suppliers, customers and others

The required disclosure in respect of this has been included within the section 172(1) statement within the Strategic Report.

#### Greenhouse gas emission, energy consumption and energy efficiency action

The Group used 12,140 kWh (2021: 11,272 kWh) of electricity and 41,303 kWh (2021:29,624 kWh) of gas in the financial year ended 31 March 2022. This amounted to 2,348 kilograms (2021: 2,393 kilograms) of CO2e per kWh of electricity and 7,540 kilograms (2021: 5,426 kilograms) of CO2e per kWh of gas, a total of 53,443 kWh (2021: 40,896 kWh).

The energy consumption quoted was calculated by multiplying the electricity usage per kwh by the conversion factor provided in the UK Governments 2021 GHG Reporting. The increase in consumption in 2022 is related to additional office usage in the year post Covid-19, given that working from home became less regular.

The intensity ratio (based on office floor space) is 39 kWh (2021: 31 kWh) of CO2e per square metre.

## Report of the directors (continued)

The Group monitors it energy consumption and ensure the use of electricity and gas is minimised where possible through staff education, the use of energy efficient lightbulbs, thermostats and central heating timing programmes

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group and of the profit or loss of the Company and Group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company and Group will continue in business.

The directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements. The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's and Group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and the Group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Disclosure of information to the auditor

To the knowledge and belief of each of the persons who are directors at the time the report is approved:

- So far as each director is aware, there is no relevant information of which the auditor is unaware;
   and
- He has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant information, and to establish that the auditor is aware of the information.

#### Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company or Group since the year end.

#### Auditor

The auditor, Azets Audit Services, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487 (2) of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the Board on 23 September 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

P Brewer

Director and Chairman

## Independent Auditors Report to the Members of Hub South East Scotland Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Hub South East Scotland Limited (the 'Parent Company') and its subsidiary (the 'Group') for the year ended 31 March 2022, which comprise the Group and Company Income Statements, the Group and Company Balance Sheets, the Group and Company Statement of Changes in Equity, the Group Statement of Cash Flows and the notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and the Parent Company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of the Group's and the Parent Company's loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and Parent Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

# Independent Auditor's report to the members of Hub South East Scotland Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

#### Other information (continued)

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the group strategic report and the report of the directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the group strategic report and the report of the directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Group and of the Parent Company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the group strategic report or the report of the directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Parent Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the Parent Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or

#### Responsibilities of the directors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 7, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Parent Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Independent Auditor's report to the members of Hub South East Scotland Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above and on the FRC's website, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

We obtain and update our understanding of the Group and the Parent Company, their activities, their control environment, and likely future developments, including in relation to the legal and regulatory framework applicable and how the Group and the Parent Company are complying with that framework. Based on this understanding, we identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. This includes consideration of the risk of acts by the Group and the Parent Company that were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the Group and the Parent Company through discussions with directors and other management, and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the construction sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect
  on the financial statements or the operations of the Group and the Parent Company, including the
  Companies Act 2006 and taxation, data protection, anti-bribery, environmental and health and
  safety legislation;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;

## Independent Auditor's report to the members of Hub South East Scotland Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims; and
- reviewing correspondence with HMRC and the Group's legal advisors.

We assessed the susceptibility of the financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Parent Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Parent Company's members, as a body, those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Parent Company and the Parent Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Azats Audit Sevius

James McBride (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of
Azets Audit Services, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
Exchange Place 3
Semple Street
Edinburgh
EH3 8BL

Date: 28 September 2022

# Group Income Statement for the year ended 31 March 2022

		Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
	Note	£	£
Turnover	3	103,862,523	51,374,401
Cost of sales		(102,826,330)	(49,875,161)
Gross profit		1,036,193	1,499,240
Administration expenses		(1,459,932)	(1,489,196)
Operating (loss)/profit	4	(423,739)	10,044
Interest payable	5	(1,950,669)	(2,020,289)
Interest receivable	5	2,227,476	2,292,007
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(146,932)	281,762
Taxation	6	(363,325)	(410,068)
Retained loss for the year		(510,257)	(128,306)

All activities are continuing.

There are no recognised gains or losses for the year and prior period other than the profit recognised in the profit and loss account. There was no other comprehensive income for 2022 (2021: £nil).

# Company Income Statement for the year ended 31 March 2022

		Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
	Note	£	£
Turnover Cost of sales	3	103,355,913 (102,453,516)	50,943,455 (49,567,623)
Gross profit		902,397	1,375,832
Administration expenses		(1,345,887)	(1,377,147)
Operating loss	4	(443,490)	(1,315)
Interest payable Interest receivable	5 5	34	- 55
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(443,456)	(1,260)
Taxation	6	-	-
Retained loss for the year		(443,456)	(1,260)

All activities are continuing.

There are no recognised gains or losses for the year and prior period other than the profit recognised in the profit and loss account. There was no other comprehensive income for 2022 (2021: £nil).

# Group Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Non-current assets			
Financial Asset due in more than one year	8	30,427,608	31,428,070
Current assets			
Debtors due in more than one year	9	1,895,643	897,329
Financial Asset due in less than one year	8	1,012,294	1,059,418
Debtors	9	7,190,369	8,401,024
Deferred tax asset due in less than one year	6		-
Cash at bank and in hand	10	8,420,160	5,444,255
		18,518,466	15,802,026
Current liabilities			
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year	11	(16,518,484)	(14,453,189)
Net current assets		1,999,982	1,348,837
Total assets less current liabilities		32,427,590	32,776,907
Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(30,736,021)	(31,009,047)
Provisions	14	(70,641)	-
Deferred tax provision	. 6	(703,578)	(340,253)
Net assets		917,350	1,427,607
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	15	100	100
Profit and loss reserve	16	917,250	1,427,507
Equity shareholders' funds		917,350	1,427,607

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of directors on 23 September 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

P Brewer

Director and Chairman

Registered Number - SC380319

The notes form part of these financial statements.

# Company Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Investments	7	100	100
Current assets			
Debtors due in more than one year	9	1,895,643	897,329
Debtors	9	6,748,926	8,402,218
Cash at bank and in hand	10	7,508,810	4,277,525
		16,153,379	13,577,072
Current liabilities			
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year	11	(14,801,305)	(12,815,856)
Net current assets		1,352,074	761,216
Total assets less current liabilities		1,352,174	761,316
Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(1,895,643)	(897,329)
Provisions	14	(36,000)	-
Net liabilities		(579,469)	(136,013)
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	15	100	100
Profit and loss reserve	16	(579,569)	(136,113)
Equity shareholders' deficit		(579,469)	(136,013)

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of directors on 23 September 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

P Brewer

Director and Chairman

Registered Number - SC380319

The notes form part of these financial statements.

# Group Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2022

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total Equity
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2021	100	1,427,507	1,427,607
Loss for the year	-	(510,257)	(510,257)
Balance at 31 March 2022	100	917,250	917,350

# Group Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2021

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total Equity
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2020	100	1,555,813	1,555,913
Loss for the year	-	(128,306)	(128,306)
Balance at 31 March 2021	100	1,427,507	1,427,607

# Company Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2022

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total Equity
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2021	100	(136,113)	(136,013)
Loss for the year	-	(443,456)	(443,456)
Balance at 31 March 2022	100	(579,569)	(579,469)

# Company Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2021

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total Equity
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2020	100	(134,853)	(134,753)
Loss for the year	-	(1,260)	(1,260)
Balance at 31 March 2021	100	(136,113)	(136,013)

# Group Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2022

	2022	· 2021
•	£	£
Loss for the financial year	(510,257)	(128,306)
Adjustments for:		
Non-cash revenue	(414,793)	(372,830)
Annual service payment received	3,689,644	3,686,572
Interest paid	1,950,669	2,020,289
Interest received	(2,227,476)	(2,292,007)
Taxation charge	363,325	410,068
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	212,341	(5,648,674)
Increase in creditors	3,031,205	8,788,438
Corporation tax refund/(paid)	· •	-
Increase in provision	46,641	<u>-</u>
Net cash generated from operating activities	6,141,299	6,463,550
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest received	211	192
Cash flows from financing activities	·	
Repayment of bank loans	(1,224,124)	(1,177,438)
Subordinated debt loans (repayment)	(40,115)	(37,174)
Interest paid	(1,901,366)	(1,970,110)
Net cash used in financing activities	(3,165,605)	(3,184,722)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,975,905	3,279,020
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	5,444,255	2,165,235
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8,420,160	5,444,255
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank and in hand	8,420,160	5,444,255

# Group Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2022

#### Analysis of changes in net debt 2022

	At 1 April 2021	Cash flows	Other non- cash changes	At 31 March 2022
Cash and cash equivalents	£	£	£	£
Cash	5,444,255	2,975,905	-	8,420,160
	5,444,255	2,975,905	-	8,420,160
Borrowings Debt due within				
one year Debt due more	(1,236,264)	1,264,239	(1,320,643)	(1,292,668)
than one year	(30,111,718)	-	1,271,340	(28,840,378)
•	(31,347,982)	1,264,239	(49,303)	(30,133,046)
Total net debt	(25,903,727)	4,240,144	(49,303)	(21,712,886)

### 1 Principal accounting policies

#### (a) General information

The financial statements are presented in Pounds Sterling (GBP) and are rounded to the nearest whole pound. The financial statements cover the results for the year ended 31 March 2022 for the Parent Company and the Group. The continuing activities of the Parent Company and Group are providing project development and strategic partnering services to the public sector participants in the Hub South East Territory to help drive projects through the key stages of infrastructure procurement.

The Parent Company is a private Company limited by shares and was incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is 8 Melville Street, Edinburgh, EH3 7NS.

The Parent Company's registered number is SC380319.

#### (b) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The preparation of the financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies (see note 2).

A summary of the more important accounting policies is set out below.

#### 1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Going concern

During the year, the Group made a loss of £510,257 (2021: £128,306) and at the Balance Sheet date, its assets exceeded its liabilities by £917,350 (2021: £1,427,607). The Company made a loss of £443,456 (2021: £1,260) and at the Balance Sheet date, its liabilities exceeded its assets by £579,649 (2021: £136,013). The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that the Group and Parent Company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, being at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, for the following reasons:

- The James Gillespie's school is operational with monthly service payments, in line with the Project agreement now being received. These will continue over the life of the 25 year service concession until the expiry date of 15 July 2041.
- The directors have prepared and approved cashflow forecasts as part of the 3 year business plan 2022-2025 and based on this information the directors believe the Group and Parent Company will be able to meet all liabilities as they fall due. A detailed three year business plan has been prepared during 2022 which assesses anticipated project pipeline and related costs and which shows sufficient cashflow over the three year period based on the prudent underlying assumptions. This cashflow is updated on a regular basis as part of the preparation of the management accounts in order to incorporate any changes in assumptions and assess the impact of such changes. It has been updated at the end of July 2022 to take into account changes in the expected financial closes and the pipeline of projects and shows that the Company should have sufficient cashflow to trade for the 12 months following the signing of the financial statements.

The directors have thus formed the view that, at the time of approving the financial statements, the Group and Parent Company will have adequate resources to continue in existence for the foreseeable future. Therefore, the directors consider the adoption of the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements to be appropriate.

If the Group and Parent Company were unable to continue in operation for the foreseeable future, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the Balance Sheet values of assets to their recoverable amounts and to provide for further liabilities that might arise.

#### 1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

#### (d) Consolidation

The Group financial statements present the results of Hub South East Scotland Limited (the 'Company') and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') as if they formed a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between Group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

The Group financial statements incorporate the results of the Group using the equity method.

The financial statements consolidate the results of Hub South East Scotland Limited, James Gillespie's Campus Subhub Holdings Limited and James Gillespie's Campus Subhub Limited.

#### (e) Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value for the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the Company/Group will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- The stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- The costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

#### (f) Interest

Interest and other fees incurred on the loans, subordinated debt and working capital loans are expensed to the Income Statement in the period to which they relate.

Interest receivable on cash at bank is credited to the Income Statement in the period in which it is earned. Interest receivable on the financial asset is credited to the income statement during the construction and operational phase of the project.

#### (g) Current and deferred taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit, when applicable, for the year and takes into account deferred taxation. Deferred taxation has been recognised as a liability or asset if transactions have incurred at the Balance Sheet date that give rise to an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. An asset is not recognised to the extent that the transfer of economic benefits in the future is uncertain. Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised have not been discounted.

#### (h) Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. The carrying value of the investment is reviewed annually by the directors for impairment.

#### 1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

#### (i) Financial asset

Construction and related costs of building the school (James Gillespie's) excluding interest costs and other costs of funding, are being treated as a financial asset (contract debtor) under the terms of FRS 102. The financial asset will be repaid over the life of the contract as service income is received from City of Edinburgh Council.

During the operational term, the income derived from the DBFM contract is allocated between the provision of the asset and the subsequent provision of services. Upon acceptance of the constructed assets by City of Edinburgh Council, the financial asset is amortised over the life of the contract against the relevant portion of the contracted income. The proportion of the financial asset to be amortised against contracted income receivable within one year is classified as a current asset and the remainder non-current.

#### (j) Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### (k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### (l) Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans and amounts due to related parties are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### (m) Financial liabilities

A financial liability exists where there is a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity, or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities under potentially unfavourable conditions. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are charged to the Income Statement. The carrying amount of the liability is increased by the finance cost and reduced by payments made in respect of that liability. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of charge on the outstanding liability.

#### Principal accounting policies (continued)

#### (n) Financial instruments

1

The Company and Group only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at the present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not the market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

#### (o) Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties. When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

#### 2 Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

There are assumptions included within the financial model in respect of the profit margin applied to the construction of the asset and the profit margin applied to the maintenance services provided during the operational phase. These assumptions are used to estimate the construction revenue and operational revenue with the revenue recognised being the costs incurred plus a reasonable market margin.

Interest receivable is also recognised based on a discount rate which causes the aggregate present value of all sums receivable to be equal to the fair value of the services to be provided over the service concession term. This discount rate is updated on an annual basis.

The financial asset is a long term asset. The amount allocated to current assets is the expected net movement in the following year.

#### 3 Turnover

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom and is attributable to the principal activity as disclosed within the Report of the directors.

	Group		Comp	oany
	<b>2022</b> 2021		2022	2021
	£	£	£	£
Turnover				
Construction & development				
revenue	103,349,610	50,882,686	103,349,610	50,882,686
Service Revenue	414,793	372,830	-	-
Pass through/other income	98,120	118,885	6,303	60,769
	103,862,523	51,374,401	103,355,913	50,943,455

#### 4 Operating (loss)/profit

The Group loss on ordinary activities is stated after charging auditor's remuneration of £16,560 (2021: £14,890). The auditor also received remuneration in respect of tax services of £3,545 (2021: £4,675).

The Company loss on ordinary activities is stated after charging auditor's remuneration of £11,220 (2021: £9,900). The auditor also received remuneration in respect of tax services of £1,075 (2021: £1,015).

The Company has no directly employed personnel (2021: none).

One director received remuneration from the Group and Company during the year. The aggregate emoluments received by this director was £12,982 (2021: £12,352). None (2021: none) of the directors have any retirement benefits accruing under pension schemes.

Directors fees were charged to the Group and Company of £34,468 (2021: £24,742) and are payable to the shareholder companies.

The Group and Company loss on ordinary activities is stated after charging lease payments of £61,294 (2021: £61,127).

## 5 Interest payable and receivable

Group	2022	2021
_	£	£
Interest payable		
Loan interest payable	1,579,224	1,644,568
Interest payable in respect of subordinated debt	371,445	375,721
	1,950,669	2,020,289
	2022	2021
	£	£
Interest receivable		
Bank interest receivable	211	192
Interest receivable on financial asset	2,227,265	2,291,815
	2,227,476	2,292,007
Company	2022	2021
	£	£
Interest receivable	• •	
Bank interest receivable	34	55
	34	55

#### 6 Taxation

Group	2022 £	2021 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(146,932)	281,762
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom of 19% (2021: 19%)	(27,917)	53,535
Carried forward losses	27,917	(53,535)
Tax losses utilised in year to reclaim tax paid in prior years		
Corporation tax (credit)/charge for the year	-	-
Movement in deferred tax	363,325	410,068
Tax charge for the year	363,325	410,068
Reconciliation of corporation tax liability		
Opening balance	<b>-</b> .	-
Refund/(payment on account) in the year	-	_
Reclaim of tax paid in prior years		<u> </u>
Closing balance	-	
Deferred tax provision	2022	2021
	£	£
At 1 April	(340,253)	69,815
Movement	(363,325)	(410,068)
	(703,578)	(340,253)
Deferred tax provision due in less than one year	-	-
Deferred tax provision due in more than one year	(703,578)	(340,253)
	(703,578)	(340,253)

There is £nil (2021: £nil) of corporation tax due for James Gillespie's Campus Subhub Limited. This is based on the company's taxable profit of £296,524 (2021: £283,022) and the prevailing corporation tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) and takes into account fixed asset timing differences. No other factors affect the corporation tax charge.

James Gillespie's Campus Subhub Holdings Limited's profit for the year was £nil and thus no corporation tax is due (2021: £nil).

#### 6 Taxation (continued)

Company	2022 £	2021 £
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(443,456)	(1,260)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom of 19% (2021: 19%)	(84,256)	(239)
Losses carried forward  Tax losses utilised in year to reclaim tax paid in prior years	84,256 -	239
Taxation (credit)/charge to profit		-
Reconciliation of corporation tax liability		
Opening balance	-	-
Refund in the year	-	-
Reclaim of tax paid in prior years		
Closing balance	-	_

#### Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Chancellor announced in the Budget on 3 March 2021, that there would be an increase in the top rate of corporation tax to 25% for companies generating taxable profits of more than £250,000. A corporation tax rate of 19% will apply to companies generating taxable profits of less than £50,000. A marginal rate will be applied for profits between these taxable profit bandings. This change becomes effective from 1 April 2023.

#### 7 Investments

Company	2022	2021
	£	£
At 1 April 2021	100	100
Shares held at cost as at 31 March 2022	100	100

Details of these and other investments held directly by the company are in the table below.

Name	Shareholding	Year end	Equity shareholders' funds	Profit for the year to 31 March 2022
James Gillespie's Campus Subhub Holdings Limited	100%	31-Mar	£100	£-

The registered office of James Gillespie's Campus Subhub Holdings Limited is 8 Melville Street, Edinburgh, UK, EH3 7NS.

#### 8 Financial Asset

Group	2022 £	2021 £
Cost	~	~
At 1 April 2021	50,833,184	48,541,369
Additions during the period:		
Net interest receivable	2,227,265	2,291,815
At 31 March 2022	53,060,449	50,833,184
Repayment		
At 1 April 2021	(18,345,696)	(15,031,954)
Annual service payment income	(3,689,644)	(3,686,572)
Operational revenue recognised	414,793	372,830
At 31 March 2022	(21,620,547)	(18,345,696)
Closing balance at 31 March 2022	31,439,902	32,487,488
Financial asset - due for amortisation within one year	1,012,294	1,059,418
Financial asset - due for amortisation after one year	30,427,608	31,428,070
	31,439,902	32,487,488

Variable economic and market conditions are mitigated by the hedging of income and costs through the payment mechanism agreement. Any performance deductions which may be incurred against future annual service payments are passed on to the service provider leaving no net effect in the Group.

10

Cash and cash equivalents

Group	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year		
Trade debtors	2,736,998	6,115,009
Accrued income	4,429,256	2,207,304
Prepayments	24,115	19,509
Amounts owed by related parties	<u> </u>	59,202
	7,190,369	8,401,024
Company	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year		
Trade debtors	2,295,555	6,115,009
Amounts owed by related parties	-	60,396
Accrued income	4,429,256	2,207,304
Prepayments	24,115	19,509
	6,748,926	8,402,218
Company and Group	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts falling due in more than one year		
Accrued income	1,895,643	897,329
Cash at bank and in hand		
Group	2022 £	2021 £
Cash and cash equivalents	8,420,160	5,444,255
Company	2022	2021
	£	£

7,508,810

4,277,525

#### 11 Creditors - amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
Group	£	£
Bank loans	1,230,157	1,174,891
Subordinated debt	62,511	61,373
Trade creditors	841,541	930,741
Amounts owed to related parties	7,065,453	6,507,391
Amounts owed to related parties – accrued		
subordinated debt interest	184,693	186,868
Retention creditors	1,920,854	550,366
Accruals and deferred income	2,138,998	2,587,367
VAT liability	3,074,277	2,454,192
	16,518,484	14,453,189
	2022	2021
Company	£	£
Trade creditors	841,541	929,541
Amounts owed to related parties	7,030,870	6,500,053
Retention creditors	1,920,854	550,366
Accruals and deferred income	2,113,769	2,535,152
VAT	2,894,271	2,276,744
	14,801,305	12,791,856

#### 12 Cı

	2022	2021
Group	£	£
Loans	25,495,329	26,725,416
Subordinated debt loans	3,345,049	3,386,302
Retention creditor	1,895,643	897,329
•		
•	30,736,021	31,009,047

The term loan facility in respect of the James Gillespie's Campus is provided by AVIVA. The full facility is £33,704,954 which has been drawn over the construction period of the school. The term loan is repayable in instalments commencing on 30 September 2016 and ending on 30 June 2040. The balance at the yearend was £27,345,600 (2021: £28,569,724).

Interest is charged on the term loan at a fixed rate of 5.4%. The loan amount is disclosed net of unamortised issue costs of £620,114 (2021: £669,417).

The term loan is secured by way of fixed and floating charges over the assets of James Gillespie's Campus Subhub Limited and James Gillespie's Campus Subhub Holdings Limited and with security over James Gillespie's Campus Subhub Limited's interest in the lease to Edinburgh City Council in favour of AVIVA (as security trustee).

#### Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

#### **Subordinated Debt**

12

James Gillespie's Campus Subhub Holdings Limited previously received £1,638,217 in the form of fixed rate subordinated loan notes held by Scottish Futures Trust Investments Limited and these are stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Interest is payable a rate of 10.87% until the final redemption date of 31 March 2038. The loan notes are unsecured and are repayable in instalments commencing on 31 March 2017 and ending on 31 March 2038. The amount outstanding at the year end was £1,554,035 (2021: £1,572,329). Loan interest of £169,399 (2021: £171,350) was payable in the year. Of this, £84,230 (2021: £85,222) is included in creditors at the year end.

James Gillespie's Campus Subhub Holdings Limited previously received £1,629,009 in the form of fixed rate subordinated loan notes held by Galliford Try Investments Limited. The loans are stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Interest is payable a rate of 10.87% until the final redemption date of 31 March 2038. The loan notes are unsecured and are repayable in instalments commencing on 31 March 2017 and ending on 31 March 2038. The amount outstanding at the year end was £1,546,212 (2021: £1,564,415). Loan interest of £168,546 (2021: £170,487) was payable in the year. Of this, £83,806 (2021: £84,793) is included in creditors at the year end.

James Gillespie's Campus Subhub Holdings Limited previously received £323,770 in the form of fixed rate subordinated loan notes held by PPDI Assetco Limited. The loans are stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Interest is payable a rate of 10.87% until the final redemption date of 31 March 2038. The loan notes are unsecured and are repayable in instalments commencing on 31 March 2017 and ending on 31 March 2038. The amount outstanding at the year end was £307,313 (2021: £310,931). Loan interest of £33,499 (2021: £33,884) was payable in the year. Of this, £16,657 (2021: £16,853) is included in creditors at the year end.

The group term loan and subordinated loan notes are repayable as follows:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Less than 1 year	1,340,819	1,285,497
Between one and two years	1,347,053	1,319,561
Between two and five years	3,650,314	3,678,807
After 5 years	24,414,974	25,733,534
	30,753,160	32,017,399
Capital instrument charges < 1 year	(48,151)	(49,234)
Capital instrument charges > 1 year	(571,963)	(620,183)
	30,133,046	31,347,982
Company		
Accruals and deferred income	1,895,643	879,329

#### **Retention Creditors**

The retention creditors will be paid 50% when the relevant project reaches its Actual Completion Date and 50% when the Making Good Defects Certificate is issued.

#### 13 Deferred taxation

#### Group

No asset has been recognised in respect of the ability to net off tax losses against future profits.

#### 14 Provisions

	2022	2021
Group	£.	£
At 1 Åpril	24,000	12,000
Additions	46,641	12,000
Amounts utilised	•	-
	70,641	24,000
	2022	2021
Company	£	£
At 1 April	24,000	12,000
Additions	12,000	12,000
Amounts utilised	, -	-
	36,000	24,000

In the prior year, this provision was included in creditors < 1 year.

#### Dilapidations provision - included in accruals and deferred income

As part of its property leasing arrangement, the Company has an obligation to repair damages which incur during the life of the lease, such as wear and tear. It is expected that significant expenditure will be required in the year of the break period of the lease. A provision has been created based on estimated expenditure required per sq ft. The directors estimate that the costs could vary between £41,500 and £96,600. It is estimated that the most likely cost will be £60,000 and a provision has been started to set this aside over the next three years.

#### Lifecycle provision

As part of the project documents, the Group has an obligation to fund lifecycle works. The liability is created on an annual basis by applying indexation to the contract values less any works claimed to date. The liability is discharged when the works are completed or at the Expiry Date, whichever is earlier or at such other times as permitted under the contract. The prior year provision was included in creditors less than one year.

#### 15 Called up share capital

Company and group	2022 £	2021 £
Allotted, issued and fully paid 9,997 ordinary shares of £0.01 each	100	100
•	100	100

The share capital compromises:

- 1,000 A shares of £0.01 each;
- 2,997 B shares of £0.01 each; and
- 6,000 C shares of £0.01 each.

All issued shares rank pari passu with each other, with one vote for each share and an equal right to dividends.

#### 16 Reserves

#### Profit and Loss reserve

The profit and loss reserves includes all current and prior period retained profit and losses.

#### 17 Related party transactions

The Company's related parties and the extent of transactions with them during the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out below.

2022	2022 Group		Company	
	Purchases from related parties	Amounts owed to related parties	Purchases from related parties	Amounts owed to related parties
	£	£	£	£
Galliford Try Construction Limited t/a Morrison				
Construction	80,137,418	7,028,690	80,137,418	7,028,690
SPACE Scotland Limited	21,797	· · · -	21,797	-
Galliford Try Investments				
Limited	1,112,826	-	1,112,826	•
Galliford Try Investments		•		
Consultancy Services Limited	90,164	•	-	-
Galliford Try Construction				
Limited t/a Galliford Try	2,331,386	31,301	1,990,077	
Facilities Management Dalmore Capital 6 GP Limited	2,331,360	31,301	1,770,077	•
for & on behalf of PPP Equity				
PIP LP Limited	3,409	3,282	-	•
Scottish Futures Trust	0,.07	<b>5,252</b>		
Investments Limited	3,633	2,180	3,633	2,180
	83,700,633	7,065,453	83,265,751	7,030,870
_				

The amounts owed above are included within trade creditors and accruals.

SPACE Scotland Limited owns 60% of the Company and provides directors to the Company.

Galliford Try Holdings Plc owns Galliford Try Investments Limited, which owns 83% of the relevant share capital of SPACE Scotland Limited and 100% of the share capital of Galliford Try Investments Consultancy Services Limited. Galliford Try Holdings plc also owns Galliford Try Construction Limited thus Galliford Try Investments Consultancy Services Limited and Galliford Try Construction Limited are related parties of the Company.

Dormy Hub Investments LLP owns 17% of the share capital of SPACE Scotland Limited. Dormy Hub Investments LLP is owned by PPDI Assetco Limited, thus PPDI Assetco Limited is a related party of the Company.

ELCH DBFMCo Limited is controlled by the same shareholders as Hub South East Scotland Limited and is therefore a related party.

James Gillespie's Campus Subhub Limited is a subsidiary of Hub South East Scotland Limited and is therefore a related party.

#### Related party transactions (continued)

17

During the year the Group incurred an interest charge of £169,399 (2021: £171,350) on subordinated loan notes held by Scottish Futures Trust Investments Limited. Of this £84,230 (2021: £85,222) is included in creditors at the year end.

During the year the Group incurred an interest charge of £168,547 (2021: £170,487) on subordinated loan notes held by Galliford Try Investments Limited. Of this, £83,806 (2021: £84,793) is included in creditors at the year end.

During the year the Group incurred an interest charge of £33,499 (2021: £33,884) on subordinated loan notes held by PPDI Assetco Limited. Of this, £16,657 (2021: £16,853) was included in creditors at the year end.

As at 31 March 2022 £1,554,035 (2021: £1,572,329) remains payable to Scottish Futures Trust Investments Limited, £1,546,212 (2021: £1,564,415) remains payable to Galliford Try Investments Limited, £307,313 (2021: £310,931) remains payable to PPDI Assetco Limited.

Comparative information for the year ended 31 March 2021 is set out below.

2021	Group		Company	
	Purchases from related parties	Amounts owed to related parties	Purchases from related parties	Amounts owed to related parties
	£	£	£	£
Galliford Try Construction Limited t/a Morrison				
Construction	41,540,731	5,825,280	41,540,731	5,825,280
SPACE Scotland Limited	21,182	12,709	21,182	12,709
Galliford Try Investments	•			
Limited	1,164,157	-	1,164,157	-
Galliford Try Investments				
Consultancy Services Limited	71,689	-	-	-
Galliford Try Construction Limited t/a Galliford Try				
Facilities Management	846,387	666,608	549,954	659,946
Dalmore Capital 6 GP Limited				•
for & on behalf of PPP Equity				
PIP LP Limited	12,764	675	-	-
Scottish Futures Trust				2.442
Investments Limited	5,030	2,118	5,030	2,118
	43,661,940	6,507,390	43,281,054	6,500,053

The amounts owed above are included within trade creditors and accruals.

	Group		Compa	ny
	Sales to related parties	Amounts owed by related parties	Sales to related parties	Amounts owed by related parties
ELCH DBFMCo Limited James Gillespie's Campus	49,335	£ 59,202	£ 49,335	£ 59,202
Subhub Limited		-	995	1,194
	49,335	59,202	50,330	60,396

The above amounts are included within trade debtors and accrued income.

#### 18 Committed Expenditure

As at 31 March 2022, the Company and the Group has committed to expenditure of £36,206,928 (2021: £81,996,492). This all relates to Projects currently being undertaken by the Company and Group, as detailed in the Strategic Report. Expenditure by the Company will be a pass through cost to be matched by receipts from the relevant procuring public sector body.

Amounts payable under the operating lease for the office until the break period are as follows:

Company and Group	2022 £	2021 £
Less than 1 year	69,470	69,470
Between one and two years	64,331	69,470
Between two and five years	· -	64,331
After 5 years	-	-
	133,801	203,271

#### 19 Immediate and ultimate parent undertakings

The Company's immediate parent company is SPACE Scotland Limited, holding 60% of the ordinary share capital.

The Directors consider there to be no ultimate controlling party.