| Company Registration No. SC369410 (Scotland) |
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| SERENE BF453 LIMITED |
| UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS |
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2019 |
| PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR |
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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 5 APRIL 2019

| | | 2019 |) | 2018 | |
|--|-------|----------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Intangible assets | 3 | | 26,500 | | 10,000 |
| Tangible assets | 4 | | 107,408 | | 94,782 |
| | | | 133,908 | | 104,782 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Debtors | 5 | 10,516 | | - | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 21,890 | | 71,487 | |
| | | 32,406 | | 7 1 ,487 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one | | | | | |
| year | 6 | (92,793) | | (86,803) | |
| Net current liabilities | | | (60,387) | | (15,316) |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 73,521 | | 89,466 |
| Provisions for liabilities | | | - | | (256) |
| Net assets | | | 73,521 | | 89,210 |
| 1101 400013 | | | ==== | | ==== |
| | | | | | |
| Capital and reserves | - | | 100 | | 100 |
| Called up share capital Profit and loss reserves | 7 | | 73,421 | | 89,110 |
| FIUIR and 1055 reserves | | | 73,421 | | |
| Total equity | | | 73,521 | | 89,210 |
| . , | | | | | |

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 5 APRIL 2019

For the financial year ended 5 April 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 22 December 2019

James Watt

Director

Company Registration No. SC369410

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Serene BF453 Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office and trading address is Ocean View, Peathill, Rosehearty, Fraserburgh, AB43 7HD.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the director continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for the sale of fish and related products. This is recognised at point of settling.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

The fishing licence is valued at cost. No amortisation has been provided as the director believes the fishing licence has an indefinite useful life.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance
Fishing vessel - 6.25% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into specific categories. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and are determined at the time of recognition.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at cost less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially and subsequently recognised at transaction price.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Other

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 1 (2018 - 1).

3 Intangible fixed assets

| | Other |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| | £ |
| Cost | |
| At 6 April 2018 | 10,000 |
| Additions | 16,500 |
| | |
| At 5 April 2019 | 26,500 |
| | |
| Amortisation and impairment | |
| At 6 April 2018 and 5 April 2019 | - |
| | |
| Carrying amount | |
| At 5 April 2019 | 26,500 |
| | |
| At 5 April 2018 | 10,000 |
| | <u>——</u> |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2019

| 4 | Tangible fixed assets | | | |
|---|--|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Ů | Plant and | Fishing | Total |
| | | machinery etc | vessel | |
| | | £ | £ | £ |
| | Cost | | | |
| | At 6 April 2018 | 20,991 | 79,039 | 100,030 |
| | Additions | 18,750 | 20,530 | 39,280 |
| | Disposals | (20,991) | | (20,991) |
| | At 5 April 2019 | 18,750 | 99,569 | 118,319 |
| | Depreciation and impairment | | | |
| | At 6 April 2018 | 5,248 | - | 5,248 |
| | Depreciation charged in the year | 4,688 | 6,223 | 10,911 |
| | Eliminated in respect of disposals | (5,248) | - | (5,248) |
| | At 5 April 2019 | 4,688 | 6,223 | 10,911 |
| | Carrying amount | | | |
| | At 5 April 2019 | 14,062 | 93,346 | 107,408 |
| | At 5 April 2018 | 15,743 | 79,039 | 94,782 |
| 5 | Debtors | | | |
| | Amounts falling due within one year: | | 2019 £ | 2018 £ |
| | Other debtors | | 10,516 | |
| | | | | |
| 6 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | | 2040 | 0040 |
| | | | 2019 | 2018 |
| | | | £ | £ |
| | Trade creditors | | 8,000 | 10,905 |
| | Corporation tax | | (6) | (6) |
| | Other taxation and social security | | 1,270 | 571 |
| | Other creditors | | 83,529 | 75,333 |
| | | | 92,793 | 86,803 |
| | | | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2019

| 7 | Called up share capital | | |
|---|--------------------------------|------|------|
| | | 2019 | 2018 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Ordinary share capital | | |
| | Issued and fully paid | | |
| | 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each | 100 | 100 |

8 Directors' transactions

During the year the director operated a current account with the company. At 5 April 2019 the balance due to the director by the company amounted to £67,904 (2018 - £73,333). This loan is interest free and has no set repayment terms.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.