

NM01

Notice of change of name by resolution

25/00 3754

WEDNESDAY



A fee is payable with this form.
Please see 'How to pay' on the last page.

SCT *S27WXG0E* 08/05/2013 #106
COMPANIES HOUSE

☒ **What this form is for**
You may use this form to give notice
of an unconditional change of name
by the company members.

☒ **What this form is NOT**
You cannot use this form
notice of a conditional change
name.

SCT *S27CXFVE* 30/04/2013 #52
COMPANIES HOUSE

1 Company details

Company number S C 3 6 6 2 6 6

Existing company name in full Outdoor Industries Association Limited

→ **Filling in this form**
Please complete in typescript or in
bold black capitals.

All fields are mandatory unless
specified or indicated by *

2 Proposed name

The above company resolved to change the company name to:

Proposed name ^① Outdoor Industries Association CIC

Please note that the Registrar cannot change the company name until a copy of
the resolution has been received.

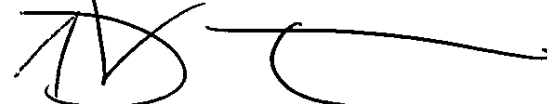
① Sensitive words
If the proposed name contains
sensitive or restricted words or
expressions you must provide form
NM06 'Request to seek comments
of government department or other
specified body on change of name'
and the appropriate supporting
information before the name can be
changed.

3 Signature

I am signing this form on behalf of the company.

Signature

Signature

X  X

This form may be signed by:
Director ^②, Secretary, Person authorised ^②, Liquidator, Administrator,
Administrative receiver, Receiver, Receiver manager, Charity commission receiver
and manager, CIC manager.

② Societas Europaea
If the form is being filed on behalf
of a Societas Europaea (SE) please
delete 'director' and insert details
of which organ of the SE the person
signing has membership.

③ Person authorised
Under either section 270 or 274 of
the Companies Act 2006.

NM01

Notice of change of name by resolution

**Presenter information**

You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Contact name

Company name **MBM COMMERCIAL LLP**Address **5TH FLOOR****125 PRINCES STREET**Post town **EDINBURGH**

County/Region

Postcode **E H 2 4 A D**

Country

DX **403 ED**Telephone **0131 226 8200****Checklist**

We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing.

Please make sure you have remembered the following:

- ☐ The company name and number match the information held on the public Register.
- ☐ You have given the proposed name in section 2.
- ☐ You have attached a copy of the resolution unless previously filed.
- ☐ You have signed the form.
- ☐ You have enclosed the correct fee.

**Important information**

Please note that all information on this form will appear on the public record.

**How to pay**

A fee of £10 is payable to Companies House in respect of a notice of change of name by resolution.

Make cheques or postal orders payable to 'Companies House'.

**Where to send**

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the appropriate address below:

For companies registered in England and Wales:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ.
DX 33050 Cardiff.

For companies registered in Scotland:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2,
139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF.
DX ED235 Edinburgh 1
or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post).

For companies registered in Northern Ireland:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
First Floor, Waterfront Plaza, 8 Laganbank Road,
Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT1 3BS.
DX 481 N.R. Belfast 1.

**Further information**

For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk

The Companies Act 2006
Community Interest Company Limited by Guarantee

Articles of Association
of
Outdoor Industries Association CIC



MBM COMMERCIAL LLP
5th Floor, 125 Princes Street, Edinburgh EH2 4AD
DX ED403 Edinburgh
Telephone 0131 226 8200
Facsimile 0131 226 8240

Ref: OUT/0001/0001

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A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, stylized 'S' or 'Z' shape with a loop at the end.

16/4/2013

The Companies Acts

Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital

Articles of Association
of
Outdoor Industries Association CIC

Interpretation

1. In these Articles the following terms shall have the following meanings:

| Term | Meaning |
|--|---|
| 1.1 "address" | includes a number or address used for the purposes of sending or receiving documents by electronic means |
| 1.2 "Articles" | these Articles of Association of the Company |
| 1.3 "circulation date" | in relation to a written resolution, has the meaning given to it in the Companies Act 2006 |
| 1.4 "clear days" | in relation to the period of a notice, that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect |
| 1.5 "Companies Acts" | has the meaning given to it in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006 |
| 1.6 "Company" | Outdoor Industries Association CIC |
| 1.7 "Conflict of Interest" | any direct or indirect interest of a Director (whether personal, by virtue of a duty of loyalty to another organisation or otherwise) that conflicts, or might conflict with the interests of the Company |
| 1.8 "Connected Person" | Shall have the meaning given to it in section 1122 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 |
| 1.9 "electronic form" and "electronic means" | have the meanings respectively given to them in the Companies Act 2006 |
| 1.10 "financial advisor" | an individual, company or firm who is authorised to give investment advice under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 |
| 1.11 "hard copy" and "hard copy form" | have the meanings respectively given to them in the Companies Act 2006 |

- 1.12 "Hour" any full period of an hour but not including any part of a day that is a Saturday, Sunday or Bank Holiday in Scotland
- 1.13 "Memorandum" the Memorandum of Association of the Company
- 1.14 "Regulator" means the Regulator of Community Interest Companies;
- 1.15 "Secretary" the secretary of the Company (if any)
- 1.16 "Subsidiary Company" any company in which the Company holds more than 50% of the shares, controls more than 50% of the voting rights attached to the shares or has the right to appoint a majority of the board of the Company
- 1.17 "Director" and "Directors" the director and directors as defined in the Companies Acts
2. In these Articles and the Memorandum:
- 2.1 Subject to Article 2.2, any reference in these Articles to an enactment includes a reference to that enactment as re-enacted or amended from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it.
- 2.2 Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in the Articles bear the same meaning as in the Companies Act 2006 as in force on the date when these Articles became binding on the Company.

Community Interest Company

3. The Company is to be a community interest company.

Asset Lock

4. The Company shall not transfer any of its assets other than for full consideration.
- 4.1 Provided the conditions in Article 4.2 are satisfied, Article 4 shall not apply to:
- (i) the transfer of assets to any specified asset-locked body, or (with the consent of the Regulator) to any other asset-locked body; and
 - (ii) the transfer of assets made for the benefit of the community other than by way of a transfer of assets into an asset-locked body.
- 4.2 The conditions are that the transfer of assets must comply with any restrictions on the transfer of assets for less than full consideration which may be set out elsewhere in the Memorandum and Articles of the Company.
- 4.3 If:
- i. the Company is wound up under the Insolvency Act 1986; and
 - ii. all its liabilities have been satisfied

any residual assets shall be given or transferred to the asset-locked body specified in Article 4.4 below.

- 4.4 For the purposes of this Article 4, the following asset-locked body is specified as a potential recipient of the Company's assets under Articles 4.1 and 4.3:

Name: BMC Access & Conservation Trust

Charity Registration Number 1089516

Company Registration Number 04311391

Registered Office: 177-179 Burton Road, West Didsbury, Manchester, M20 2BB

Not for profit

5. The Company is not established or conducted for private gain: any profits or assets are used principally for the benefit of the community.

Objects

6. The objects of the Company are to carry on activities which benefit the outdoor, leisure and camping community and trades and in particular (without limitation) to:
- 6.1 to establish an organisation for the promotion and development of the outdoor leisure and camping trades;
 - 6.2 to provide such services as are required by individuals and organisations within the outdoor and camping trades;
 - 6.3 to promote and develop by all lawful means the interests of the Company's members in the outdoor, leisure and camping community, both in relation to each other and in relation to persons and other entities not being members;
 - 6.4 to establish and maintain Codes of Conduct for members of the Company, in relation to members' relations both to each other and to persons and entities to whom members provide services in the outdoor, leisure and camping community;
 - 6.5 to promote integrity, competence and high standards in the provision of services in the outdoor, leisure and camping community by the Company's members;
 - 6.6 to promote contact and develop good relations between persons and other entities involved in the outdoor and camping trades;
 - 6.7 to do such things as the Company may deem necessary or desirable to raise and maintain the respect of members of the public for members and for the outdoor and camping trades; and
 - 6.8 to provide programmes and resources to assist persons in the outdoor and camping trades, to provide those services better.

Powers

7. To further its objects the Company may:
 - 7.1 provide and assist in the provision of money, materials or other help;
 - 7.2 organise and assist in the provision of conferences, courses of instruction, exhibitions, lectures and other educational activities;
 - 7.3 publish and distribute books, pamphlets, reports, leaflets, journals, films, tapes and instructional matter on any media;
 - 7.4 promote, encourage, carry out or publish research, surveys, studies or other work, making the useful results available to members;
 - 7.5 provide or procure the provision of advice;
 - 7.6 alone or with other organisations seek to influence public opinion and make representations to and seek to influence governmental and other bodies and institutions regarding the reform, development and implementation of appropriate policies, legislation and regulations;
 - 7.7 enter into contracts to procure or to provide services to or on behalf of itself or other bodies;
 - 7.8 acquire or rent any property of any kind and any rights or privileges in and over property and construct, maintain, alter and equip any buildings or facilities;
 - 7.9 subject to any consent required by law, dispose of or deal with all or any of its property with or without payment and subject to such conditions as the Directors think fit but subject to law;
 - 7.10 subject to any consent required by law, borrow or raise and secure the payment of money for any purpose including for the purposes of investment or of raising funds;
 - 7.11 set aside funds for special purposes or as reserves against future expenditure;
 - 7.12 invest the Company's money not immediately required for its objects in or upon any investments, securities, or property;
 - 7.13 delegate the management of investments to a financial advisor or advisors provided that:
 - 7.13.1 the investment policy is set down in writing for the financial advisor or advisors by the Directors;
 - 7.13.2 every transaction is reported promptly to the Directors;
 - 7.13.3 the performance of the investments is reviewed regularly by the Directors;
 - 7.13.4 the Directors are entitled to cancel the delegation arrangement at any time;

- 7.13.5 the investment policy and the delegation arrangements are reviewed at least once a year;
- 7.13.6 all payments due to the financial advisor or advisors are on a scale or at a level which is agreed in advance and are notified promptly to the Directors on receipt; and
- 7.13.7 the financial advisor or advisors may not do anything outside the powers of the Directors;
- 7.14 arrange for investments or other property of the Company to be held in the name of a nominee or nominees (being a corporate body registered or having an established place of business in Scotland or England and Wales) under the control of the Directors or of a financial advisor or advisors acting under their instructions and pay any reasonable fee required;
- 7.15 lend money and give credit to, take security for such loans or credit and guarantee or give security for the performance of contracts by any person or company;
- 7.16 open and operate bank accounts and other facilities for banking and draw, accept, endorse, issue or execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, cheques and other instruments;
- 7.17 raise funds by way of subscription, donation or otherwise;
- 7.18 accept (or disclaim) gifts of money and any other property;
- 7.19 carry on any trade or business in the course of carrying out the objects of the Company;
- 7.20 incorporate subsidiary companies to carry on any trade;
- 7.21 engage and pay officers, employees, consultants and professional or other advisers;
- 7.22 make reasonable provision for the payment of pensions and other retirement benefits to or on behalf of employees and their spouses and dependants;
- 7.23 establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of any other organisations and subscribe, lend or guarantee money or property;
- 7.24 become a member, associate or affiliate of or act as trustee or officer or appoint trustees or officers of any other organisation;
- 7.25 undertake and execute charitable trusts;
- 7.26 subject to law, amalgamate with or acquire or undertake all or any of the property, liabilities and engagements of any body;
- 7.27 co-operate with companies, trade associations, charities, voluntary bodies, statutory authorities and any other body or individual whatsoever and exchange such information and advice with them as may be lawful and as the Directors may deem appropriate;

- 7.28 apply for, register, purchase, or by other means acquire and protect, prolong and renew, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere any intellectual property rights;
- 7.29 insure the property of the Company against any foreseeable risk and take out other insurance policies as are considered necessary by the Directors to protect the Company;
- 7.30 provide such indemnity insurance as may be lawful and considered reasonably necessary to protect to cover the liability of the Directors.
- 7.31 procure the registration of the Company with any lawful and appropriate body or authority from time to time; and
- 7.32 do all such other lawful things as may further the Company's objects.

Limited liability

- 8. The liability of the members is limited.
- 9. Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute a sum not exceeding £1 to the assets of the Company if it is wound up during his or her membership or within one year afterwards:
 - 9.1 for payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company contracted before he or she ceased to be a member;
 - 9.2 for the costs, charges and expenses of winding up;
 - 9.3 for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves.

Winding up

- 10. If the Company is wound up the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Companies Acts, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and may for that purpose value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines, but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

Members

- 11. The subscribers to the Memorandum and such other persons as are admitted to membership by the Directors in accordance with the Articles shall be members of the Company. The names of the members of the Company shall be entered in the register of members.
- 12. Every person who wishes to become a member shall apply to the Company in such form as the Directors require. The Directors shall have power to admit persons to membership and may in their absolute discretion decline to accept any person as a member and need not give reasons for so doing.

13. The Directors may from time to time prescribe criteria for membership but shall not by so doing become obliged to accept persons fulfilling those criteria as members.
14. If a person becomes a member as a representative of an unincorporated company or body, the name of the member, the name of the unincorporated company or body and the fact that the member is its representative shall be entered in the register of members. Subject to the Directors' right to decline to accept any person as a member, the unincorporated company or body shall be entitled to replace the member who is its representative with another person by giving notice to the Company and without it being necessary for the outgoing member to give notice or the incoming member to complete an application form.
15. Every corporate member shall appoint an individual to represent it at meetings of the Company and the name of such representative and the fact that he or she is the representative of such member shall be noted in the register of members. A corporate member shall be able to replace its representative with another individual by giving notice to the Company.
16. Subject to Article 14 and 15, membership shall not be transferable. A member shall cease to be a member:
 - 16.1 On the death of a member where the member is an individual or on the winding up, liquidation etc of a corporate member
 - 16.2 on the expiry of at least six months notice given by him or her to the Company of his or her intention to withdraw;
 - 16.3 if any subscription or other sum payable by the member to the Company is not paid on the due date and remains unpaid seven days after notice served on the member by the Company informing him or her that he or she will be removed from membership if it is not paid. The Directors may re-admit to membership any person removed from membership on this ground on his or her paying such reasonable sum as the Directors may determine;
 - 16.4 if in the case of an individual, he or she becomes bankrupt or if in any the case the member is unable to pay his or her debts as they fall due or the member makes any arrangement or composition with his or her creditors generally or if in the case of a corporate body, it goes into liquidation otherwise than for the purpose of a solvent reconstruction or amalgamation or it has an administrator or a receiver or an administrative receiver (but not an interim manager appointed under Section 18 of the Charities Act 1993) appointed over all or any part of its assets or an order is made or a resolution passed for its winding up; or
 - 16.5 if, at a meeting of the Directors at which at least half of the Directors are present, a resolution is passed resolving that the member be expelled on the ground that his or her continued membership is harmful to or is likely to become harmful to the interests of the Company. Such a resolution shall not be passed unless the member has been given at least 28 clear days' notice that the resolution is to be proposed, specifying the circumstances alleged to justify expulsion, and has been afforded a reasonable opportunity of being heard by or of making written representations to the Directors. A member expelled by such a resolution shall nevertheless remain liable to pay to the Company any subscription or other sum owed by him or her; or

- 16.6 if the ownership or capital structure of a member who is a corporate entity changes in any material detail from those details previously provided to the Company, provided that in such case the member's membership shall only cease following a decision of the Directors to terminate that membership.
17. Subject to the Companies Acts, the Directors may establish such classes or categories of membership as they think fit. The Directors may at their discretion levy subscriptions on members of the Company at such rate(s) as they shall decide and may levy subscriptions at different rates on different classes or categories of members.

Associate Members

18. The Directors may establish such classes of associate membership with such description and with such rights and obligations (including without limitation the obligation to pay a subscription) as they think fit and may admit and remove such associate members in accordance with such regulations as the Directors shall make provided that no such associate members shall be members of the Company for the purposes of the Articles or the Companies Acts.

Directors

Number of Directors

19. There shall be not more than 12 nor fewer than 5 Directors.

Appointment, retirement, removal and disqualification of Directors

20. Those persons notified to the Registrar of Companies as the first directors of the Company shall be the first Directors.
21. At every annual general meeting one-third of the Directors who are subject to retirement by rotation, or the number nearest to one-third, shall retire from office. If there is only one Director who is subject to retirement by rotation, he or she shall retire.
22. the Directors to retire by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or reappointment, but as between persons who became or were last reappointed Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be decided by lot.
23. If the Company at the meeting at which a Director retires by rotation does not fill the vacancy, the retiring Director shall, if willing to act, be deemed to have been reappointed unless at the meeting it is resolved not to fill the vacancy or unless a resolution for the reappointment of the Director is put to the meeting and lost.
24. No person may be appointed as a Director:
- 24.1 unless he or she is employed by a member and has been nominated by that member to be a Director; and
- 24.2 unless he or she has attained the age of 18 years or in circumstances such that, had he or she already been a Director, he or she would have been disqualified from acting under the provisions of the Articles.

25. No person other than a Director retiring by rotation shall be appointed or reappointed a Director at any general meeting unless:
- 25.1 he or she is recommended by the Directors; or
 - 25.2 at least 28 but not more than 35 clear days before the date appointed for the meeting, notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment or reappointment stating the particulars which would, if he or she were so appointed or reappointed, be required to be included in the Company's register of Directors together with notice executed by that person of his or her willingness to be appointed or reappointed.
26. At least five but not more than 28 clear days before the date appointed for holding a general meeting notice shall be given to all who are entitled to receive notice of the meeting of any person (other than a Director retiring by rotation at the meeting) who is recommended by the Directors for appointment or reappointment as a Director at the meeting or in respect of whom notice has been duly given to the Company of the intention to propose him or her at the meeting for appointment or reappointment as a Director. The notice shall give such information about the proposed Director as the Directors may decide, including, without limitation, the particulars of that person which would, if he or she were so appointed or reappointed, be required to be included in the Company's Register of Directors.
27. Subject to the above Articles, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director and may also decide the rotation in which any additional Directors are to retire.
28. Subject to the above Articles the Directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of Directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with the Articles as the maximum number of Directors. A Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at the meeting. If not reappointed at such annual general meeting, he or she shall vacate office at the end of the meeting.
29. Subject to the above Articles, a Director who retires at an annual general meeting may, if willing to act, be reappointed. If he or she is not reappointed, he or she shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in his or her place, or if it does not do so, until the end of the meeting.
30. The office of a Director shall be vacated if:
- 30.1 he or she ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Acts or he or she becomes prohibited by law from being a Director;
 - 30.2 he or she is disqualified under any applicable legislation from acting as a Director;
 - 30.3 he or she becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his or her creditors generally;
 - 30.4 the Directors reasonably believe he or she is suffering from mental disorder and incapable of acting and they resolve that he or she be removed from office;

- 30.5 he or she resigns by notice to the Company (but only if at least five Directors will remain in office when the notice of resignation is to take effect);
- 30.6 he or she fails to attend three consecutive meetings of the Directors and the Directors resolve that he or she be removed for this reason; or
- 30.7 subject to the requirements of the Act, at a general meeting of the Company, a resolution is passed that he or she be removed from office, provided the meeting has invited the views of the Director concerned and considered the matter in the light of such views; or
- 30.8 subject to the requirements of the Act, at a meeting of the Directors at which at least half of the Directors are present, a resolution is passed that he or she be removed from office. Such a resolution shall not be passed unless the Director has been given at least 14 clear days' notice that the resolution is to be proposed, specifying the circumstances alleged to justify removal from office, and has been afforded a reasonable opportunity of either, at the option of the trustee being removed, being heard by or of making written representations to the Directors; or
- 30.9 he or she ceases to be employed by a member.

Powers of Directors

- 31. Subject to the Companies Acts, the Memorandum and the Articles, the business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors who may exercise all the powers of the Company. No alteration of the Memorandum or Articles shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made. The powers given by this Article shall not be limited by any special power given to the Directors by the Articles and a meeting of the Directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the Directors.
- 32. The continuing Directors or a sole continuing Director may act despite any vacancies in their number but while there are fewer Directors than required for a quorum the Directors may only act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors or of summoning a general meeting of the Company.
- 33. All acts done by a person acting as a Director shall, even if afterwards discovered that there was a defect in his or her appointment or that he or she was disqualified from holding office or had vacated office, be as valid as if such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director.
- 34. Subject to the Articles the Directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit.

Chair

- 35. The Directors may appoint:
 - 35.1 one of their number to be the chair of the Directors and may at any time remove him or her from that office; and
 - 35.2 one of their number to be the vice-chair of the Directors, who may exercise all the powers of the chair in any meeting at which the chair is not present.

Delegation of Directors' powers

- 36. The Directors may by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any person to be the agent of the Company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine.
- 37. The Directors may delegate any of their powers or functions to any committee or the implementation of any of their resolutions and day to day management of the affairs of the Company to any person or committee in accordance with the conditions set out in these Articles.

Delegation to committees

- 38. In the case of delegation to committees:
 - 38.1 the resolution making that delegation shall specify those who shall serve or be asked to serve on such committee (although the resolution may allow the committee to make co-options up to a specified number);
 - 38.2 the composition of any such committee shall be entirely in the discretion of the Directors and may comprise such of their number (if any) as the resolution may specify;
 - 38.3 the deliberations of any such committee shall be reported regularly to the Directors and any resolution passed or decision taken by any such committee shall be reported promptly to the Directors and for that purpose every committee shall appoint a secretary;
 - 38.4 all delegations under this Article shall be variable or revocable at any time;
 - 38.5 the Directors may make such regulations and impose such terms and conditions and give such mandates to any such committee as they may from time to time think fit; and
 - 38.6 no committee shall knowingly incur expenditure or liability on behalf of the Company except where authorised by the Directors or in accordance with a budget which has been approved by the Directors.
- 39. For the avoidance of doubt, the Directors may delegate all financial matters to any committee and may empower such committee to resolve upon the operation of any bank account according to such mandate as it shall think fit whether or not requiring a signature of any Director.
- 40. The meetings and proceedings of any committee shall be governed by the Articles regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors so far as applicable and not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors.

Delegation of day to day management powers

- 41. In the case of delegation of the day to day management of the Company to a chief executive or other manager or managers:

- 41.1 the delegated power shall be to manage the Company by implementing the policy and strategy adopted by and within a budget approved by the Directors and if applicable to advise the Directors in relation to such policy, strategy and budget;
- 41.2 the Directors shall provide the manager with a description of his or her role and the extent of his or her authority; and
- 41.3 the manager shall report regularly to the Directors on the activities undertaken in managing the Company and provide them regularly with management accounts sufficient to explain the financial position of the Company.

Members' Meetings

- 42. Articles 43 to 75 shall apply to members' meetings.

Annual general meetings

- 43. The Company shall hold an annual general meeting within 18 months of incorporation and afterwards once in every calendar year and not more than 15 months shall pass between one annual general meeting and the next. It shall be held at such time and place as the Directors think fit.

Other general meetings

- 44. The Directors may call a general meeting at any time. The Directors shall call a general meeting on receiving a requisition to that effect, signed by at least 10% of the members having the right to attend and vote at general meetings. In default, the requisitionists may call a general meeting in accordance with the Companies Acts.

Length of notice

- 45. All general meetings shall be called by either:
 - 45.1 at least 14 clear days' notice; or
 - 45.2 shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority of the members having a right to attend and vote at that meeting. Any such majority shall together represent at least 90% of the total voting rights at that meeting of all the members.

Contents of notice

- 46. Every notice calling a general meeting shall specify the place, day and time of the meeting, whether it is general or annual general meeting, and the general nature of the business to be transacted. If any resolutions are to be proposed, the notice shall include the proposed resolution(s) and specify whether it is proposed as an ordinary or special resolution. In every notice calling a meeting of the Company there must appear with reasonable prominence a statement informing the member of his or her rights to appoint another person as his or her proxy at a general meeting.

Service of notice

- 47. Notice of general meetings shall be given to every member, to the Directors and to the auditors of the Company.

Manner of serving notice

48. Notice of general meetings shall be served in accordance with Articles 100 to 105.

Quorum

- 48.1 No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present. The quorum shall be fifteen duly authorised representatives of corporate members.
- 48.2 If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the Directors may determine and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting those present and entitled to vote shall be a quorum.

Attendance

49. A Director may, even if not a member, attend and speak at any general meeting.

Chair

50. The chair, if any, of the Directors or in his or her absence some other Director nominated by the Directors shall preside as chair of every general meeting, but if neither the chair nor such other Director (if any) is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Directors present shall elect one of their number to be chair and, if there is only one Director present and willing to act, he or she shall be chair. If no Director is willing to act as chair, or if no Director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chair save that a proxy holder who is not a member entitled to vote shall not be entitled to be appointed chair.

Adjournment

51. The chair may, with the consent of a general meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a general meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice.

Poll

52. A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands a poll is duly demanded. Subject to the Companies Acts, a poll may be demanded:
- 52.1 by the chair; or
- 52.2 by at least two members present in person or by proxy and having the right to vote at the meeting; or

- 52.3 by any person who, by virtue of being appointed proxy for one or more members having the right to vote at the meeting, holds two or more votes; or
- 52.4 by a member or members present in person or by proxy representing at least one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting.
53. Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chair that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.
54. The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chair and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.
55. A poll shall be taken as the chair directs and he or she may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
56. A poll demanded on the election of the chair or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chair directs not being more than 30 days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.
57. No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.

Votes

58. On a show of hands every person present or by proxy and entitled to vote shall have a maximum of one vote. On a poll every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote.
59. A person who is not a member of the Company shall not have any right to vote at a general meeting of the Company; but this is without prejudice to any right to vote on a resolution affecting the rights attached to a class of the Company's debentures.
60. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chair shall not be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he or she may have.
61. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all monies presently payable by him or her to the Company have been paid.
62. A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may

vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his or her receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court and any such receiver, curator bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the Directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company, or at such other place as is specified in accordance with the Articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy, at least 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable.

63. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chair whose decision shall be final and binding.

Proxies

64. The appointment of a proxy shall be in the following form (or in form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the Directors may approve):-

"[Outdoor Industries Association CIC]

[Name of member appointing the proxy:

Address:

I/We hereby appoint [name of proxy] of [address of proxy] as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name(s) and on my/our behalf at the meeting of the Company to be held on [date], and at any adjournment thereof.

This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:

| | | | | |
|--|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| Resolution No 1 | *for | *against | *abstain | *as the proxy thinks fit |
| Resolution No 2 | *for | *against | *abstain | *as the proxy thinks fit |
| All other resolutions properly put to the meeting | *for | *against | *abstain | *as the proxy thinks fit |

*Strike out whichever is not desired.

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he or she thinks fit or abstain from voting.

Signed:

Dated:"

65. Unless the appointment of a proxy indicates otherwise, it must be treated as:

- 65.1 allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting; and
 - 65.2 appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself.
66. The appointment of a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority in some way approved by the Directors may:
- 66.1 in the case of an instrument in writing be deposited at the registered office of the Company or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting at least 48 Hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote; or
 - 66.2 in the case of an appointment sent by electronic means, where an address has been specified for the purpose of receiving documents or information by electronic means:
 - 66.2.1 in the notice convening the meeting; or
 - 66.2.2 in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting; or
 - 66.2.3 in any invitation to appoint a proxy issued by the Company in relation to the meeting which is sent by electronic means;be received at such address not less than 48 Hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote;
 - 66.3 in the case of a poll taken more than 48 Hours after it is demanded, be deposited or received as aforesaid after the poll has been demanded and at least 24 Hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; or
 - 66.4 where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 Hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chair or to the Secretary (if any) or to any Director;
- and an appointment of proxy which is not deposited, delivered or received in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.
67. A proxy for a member who is entered on the register of members as being a representative of an unincorporated company or body may be appointed either by the member or by the unincorporated company or body.
68. A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous termination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the termination was received by the Company at the registered office of the Company or at such other place at which the appointment of the proxy was duly deposited or, where the appointment of the proxy was sent by electronic means, at the address at which such appointment was duly received,

before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll.

69. An appointment of a proxy may be revoked by delivering to the Company a notice given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given. A notice revoking the appointment of a proxy only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates. Attendance by a member in person at a meeting automatically revokes any appointment by that member of a proxy.

Written resolutions

70. Subject to Article 72, a written resolution of the Company passed in accordance with these Articles 70 to 76 shall have effect as if passed by the Company in general meeting:
- 70.1 A written resolution is passed as an ordinary resolution if it is passed by a simple majority of the total voting rights of eligible members.
- 70.2 A written resolution is passed as a special resolution if it is passed by members representing not less than 75% of the total voting rights of eligible members. A written resolution is not a special resolution unless it states that it was proposed as special resolution.
71. In relation to a resolution proposed as a written resolution of the Company the eligible members are the members who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the circulation date of the resolution.
72. A members' resolution under the Companies Acts removing a Director or an auditor before the expiration of his or her term of office may not be passed as a written resolution.
73. A copy of the written resolution must be sent to every member together with a statement informing the member how to signify their agreement to the resolution and the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not to lapse. Communications in relation to written resolutions shall be sent to the Company's auditors in accordance with the Companies Acts.
74. A member signifies their agreement to a proposed written resolution when the Company receives from him or her an authenticated document identifying the resolution to which it relates and indicating his or her agreement to the resolution.
- 74.1 If the document is sent to the Company in hard copy form, it is authenticated if it bears the member's signature.
- 74.2 If the document is sent to the Company by electronic means, it is authenticated if it bears the member's signature or if the identity of the member is confirmed in a manner specified by the Directors.
75. A written resolution is passed when the required majority of eligible members have signified their agreement to it.
76. A proposed written resolution lapses if it is not passed within 56 days beginning with the circulation date.

Directors' meetings

Notice

77. Two Directors may (and the Secretary, if any, shall at the request of two Directors) call a Directors' meeting.
78. A Directors' meeting shall be called by at least seven clear days' notice unless either:-
- 78.1 all the Directors agree; or
- 78.2 urgent circumstances require shorter notice.
79. Notice of Directors' meetings shall be given to each Director.
80. Every notice calling a Directors' meeting shall specify the place, day and time of the meeting and the general particulars of all business to be considered at such meeting.
81. Notice of Directors' meetings shall be given in accordance with Articles 100 to 105.

Quorum

82. The quorum for Directors' meetings may be fixed by the Directors and, unless so fixed at any other number, shall be three or one-third of the total number of Directors, whichever is the greater.

Chair

83. The chair, if any, of the Directors or in his or her absence another Director nominated by the Directors present shall preside as chair of each Directors meeting.

Decision making by Directors at meetings

84. Questions arising at a Directors' meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In all proceedings of Directors each Director must not have more than one vote. In the case of an equality of votes, the chair shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he or she may have. The Directors shall procure that no fewer than three meetings of the Directors are held in each calendar year.

Virtual meetings

85. A Directors' meeting may be held by telephone or using any other electronic or virtual method agreed by resolution of the Directors in which all participants may communicate simultaneously with all other participants.

Decisions without a meeting

86. The Directors may take a unanimous decision without a Directors' meeting by indicating to each other by any means, including without limitation by electronic means, that they share a common view on a matter. Such a decision may, but need not, take the form of a resolution in writing, copies of which have been signed by each Director or to which each Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.

87. A decision which is made in accordance with Article 86 shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting duly convened and held, provided the following conditions are complied with:

87.1 approval from each Director must be received by one person being either such person as all the Directors shall have nominated in advance for that purpose or such other person as volunteers if necessary ("**the Recipient**"), which person may, for the avoidance of doubt, be one of the Directors;

87.2 following receipt of response from all of the Directors, the Recipient shall communicate to all of the Directors by any means whether the resolution has been formally approved by the Directors in accordance with this Article 87;

87.3 the date of the decision shall be the date of the communication from the Recipient confirming formal approval;

87.4 the Recipient prepares a minute of the decision in accordance with Article 98.

Conflicts of interest

88. Whenever a Director finds himself or herself in a situation that is reasonably likely to give rise to a Conflict of Interest, he or she must declare his or her interest to the Directors unless, or except to the extent that, the other Directors are or ought reasonably to be aware of it already.

89. Whenever a matter is to be discussed at a meeting or decided in accordance with Article 86 and a Director has a Conflict of Interest in respect of that matter then, subject to Article 91, he or she must:

89.1 remain only for such part of the meeting as in the view of the other Directors is necessary to inform the debate;

89.2 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting; and

89.3 withdraw during the vote and have no vote on the matter (declaring that a decision in accordance with Article 86 will be unanimous if all Directors other than the Director having a conflict of interest agree with such decision).

90. If any question arises as to whether a Director has a Conflict of Interest, the question shall be decided by a majority decision of the other Directors.

Directors' power to authorise a conflict of interest

91. The Directors may (subject to such terms as they may impose from time to time, and subject always to their right to vary or terminate such authorisation) authorise, to the fullest extent permitted by law:

91.1 any matter which would otherwise result in a Director infringing his or her duty to avoid a situation in which he or she has a Conflict of Interest; and

91.2 the manner in which a Conflict of Interest arising out of any Director's office, employment or position may be dealt with and, for the avoidance of doubt, they can

decide that the Director with a Conflict of Interest can participate in a vote on the matter and can be counted in the quorum

provided that when deciding to give such authorisation the provisions of Article 89 shall be complied with and provided that nothing in this Article 91 shall have the effect of allowing the Directors to authorise a benefit that is not permitted in accordance with the Memorandum.

92. If a matter, or office, employment or position, has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with Article 91 then, even if he or she has been authorised to remain at the meeting by the other Directors, the Director may absent himself or herself from meetings of the Directors at which anything relating to that matter, or that office, employment or position, will or may be discussed.
93. A Director shall not be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he or she derives from any matter, or from any office, employment or position, which has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with Article 91 (subject to any limits or conditions to which such approval was subject).
94. When a Director has a Conflict of Interest which he or she has declared to the Directors, he or she shall not be in breach of his or her duties to the Company by withholding confidential information from the Company if to disclose it would result in a breach of any other duty or obligation of confidence owed by him or her.

Register of Directors' interests

95. The Directors shall cause a register of Directors' interests to be kept. A Director must declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which s/he has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the Company which has not previously been declared.

Irregularities

96. The proceedings at any meeting or on the taking of any poll or the passing of a written resolution or the making of any decision shall not be invalidated by reason of any accidental informality or irregularity (including any accidental omission to give or any non-receipt of notice) or any want of qualification in any of the persons present or voting or by reason of any business being considered which is not specified in the notice unless a provision of the Companies Acts specifies that such informality, irregularity or want of qualification shall invalidate it.

General

Secretary

97. A Secretary may be appointed by the Directors for such term at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and may be removed by them. If there is no Secretary:
 - 97.1 anything authorised or required to be given or sent to, or served on, the Company by being sent to its Secretary may be given or sent to, or served on, the Company itself, and if addressed to the Secretary shall be treated as addressed to the Company; and

- 97.2 anything else required or authorised to be done by or to the Secretary of the Company may be done by or to a Director, or a person authorised generally or specifically in that behalf by the Directors.

Minutes

98. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose:

- 98.1 of all appointments of officers made by the Directors;
- 98.2 of all resolutions of the Company and of the Directors; and
- 98.3 of all proceedings at meetings of the Company and of the Directors, and of committees of Directors, including the names of the Directors present at each such meeting;

and any such minute, if purported to be signed (or in the case of minutes of Directors' meetings signed or authenticated) by the chair of the meeting at which the proceedings were had, or by the chair of the next succeeding meeting, shall, as against any member or Director of the Company, be sufficient evidence of the proceedings. The minutes must be kept for at least ten years from the date of the meeting, resolution or decision.

Records and accounts

99. The Directors shall comply with the requirements of the Companies Acts as to maintaining a members' register, keeping financial records, the audit or examination of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies of:
- 99.1 annual reports;
- 99.2 annual returns;
- 99.3 annual statements of account.

Communications by and to the Company

100. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts and these Articles:

- 100.1 a document or information (including any notice) to be given, sent or supplied to any person pursuant to the Articles may be given, sent or supplied in hard copy form, in electronic form or (in the case of communications by the Company) by making it available on a website;
- 100.2 a document or information (including any notice) may only be given, sent or supplied in electronic form where the recipient has agreed (generally or specifically) that the document or information may be sent in that form and has not revoked that agreement; and
- 100.3 a document or information (including any notice) may only be given, sent or supplied by being made available on a website if the recipient has agreed (generally or specifically) that the document or information may be sent or supplied in that manner, or if the recipient is deemed to have so agreed in accordance with the Companies Acts.

101. Any document or information (including any notice) sent to a member under the Articles may be sent to the member's postal address as shown in the Company's register of members or (in the case of documents or information sent by electronic means) to an address specified for the purpose by the member, provided that:
 - 101.1 a member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the Company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him or her, or an address to which notices may be sent by electronic means, shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the Company; and
 - 101.2 the Company is not required to send notice of a general meeting or a copy of its annual report and accounts to a member for whom it no longer has a valid address.
102. Any document to be served on the Company or on any officer of the Company under the Articles may only be served:
 - 102.1 in the case of documents in hard copy form, by sending or delivering them to the Company's registered office or delivering them personally to the officer in question; or
 - 102.2 in the case of documents in electronic form, by sending them by electronic means:
 - 102.2.1 to an address notified to the members for that purpose; and
 - 102.2.2 from an address previously notified to the Company by the member for the purpose of sending and receiving documents and information.
103. A member present in person or by proxy at any meeting of the Company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purpose for which it was called.
104. Where a document or information is sent or supplied under the Articles:
 - 104.1 Where the document or information is sent or supplied by post, service or delivery shall be deemed to be effected at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted. In proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that such envelope was properly addressed and posted.
 - 104.2 Where the document or information is sent or supplied by electronic means to an address specified for the purpose by the intended recipient, service or delivery shall be deemed to be effected on the same day on which it is sent or supplied. In proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that it was properly addressed.
 - 104.3 Where the document or information is sent or supplied by means of a website, service or delivery shall be deemed to be effected when:-
 - 104.3.1 the material is first made available on the website; or
 - 104.3.2 (if later) when the recipient received or is deemed to have received notification of the fact that the material was available on the website.

105. Where any document or information has been sent or supplied by the Company by electronic means and the Company receives notice that the message is undeliverable:
- 105.1 if the document or information has been sent to a member and is notice of a general meeting of the Company or a copy of the annual report and accounts of the Company, the Company is under no obligation to send a hard copy of the document or information to the member's postal address as shown in the Company's register of members, but may in its discretion choose to do so; and
- 105.2 in all other cases, the Company will send a hard copy of the document or information to the member's postal address as shown in the Company's register of members, or in the case of a recipient who is not a member, to the last known postal address for that person.
- 105.3 The date of service or delivery of the documents or information shall be the date on which the original electronic communication was sent, notwithstanding the subsequent sending of hard copies.

Indemnity

106. Without prejudice to any indemnity to which a Director may otherwise be entitled, every Director of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company in relation to any liability incurred by him or her in that capacity but only to the extent permitted by the Companies Acts; and every other officer of the Company may be indemnified out of the assets of the Company in relation to any liability incurred by him or her in that capacity, but only to the extent permitted by the Companies Acts.

Directors' indemnity insurance

107. The Directors shall have power to resolve pursuant to Article 7.29 to effect Directors' indemnity insurance, despite their interest in such policy.

Regulations

108. The Directors shall have power from time to time to make, repeal or alter regulations as to the management of the Company and its affairs, as to the duties of any officers or employees of the Company, as to the conduct of business of the Directors or any committee and as to any of the matters or things within the powers or under the control of the Directors provided that such regulations shall not be inconsistent with the Companies Acts, the Memorandum, the Articles or any rule of law.

Exclusion of Model Articles

109. The relevant model articles for a company limited by guarantee are hereby expressly excluded.

CIC 37

Declarations on Conversion to a Community Interest Company¹

*Please
complete in
typescript,
or in bold
black
capitals.*

Company Number

SC366266

Company Name in full

Outdoor Industries Association

Limited

**Proposed Company
Name in full**

Outdoor Industries Association

C.I.C

SECTION A: COMMUNITY INTEREST STATEMENT – beneficiaries

1. We/I, the undersigned, declare that the company will carry on its activities for the benefit of the community, or a section of the community². [Insert a short description of the community, or section of the community, which it is intended that the company will benefit in the space provided below]³

The company's activities will provide benefit to ...

....the 'Outdoors community'. This is the people who participate in Outdoor activities, the people who may yet be attracted to participate in Outdoor activities and the people that work in the Outdoor activity industries supporting those participants. These communities are often based in decentralized rural locations where Outdoor activities bring much needed employment and tourism revenue. The potential participants are the young, the old and the inactive who will obtain significant health benefits from 'Getting Active Outdoors'

COMPANY NUMBER

SC366266

SECTION B: Community Interest Statement – Activities & Related Benefit

Please indicate how it is proposed that the company's activities will benefit the community, or a section of the community. Please provide as much detail as possible to enable the CIC Regulator to make an informed decision about whether your company is eligible to become a community interest company.

| Activities (Tell us here what the company is being set up to do) | How will the activity benefit the community? (The community will benefit by...) |
|---|---|
| The OIA serves the Outdoor community by actively promoting "Get Active Outdoors". | Our mission is to responsibly and sustainably get more people active Outdoors in the UK, in direct support of the government health guidelines to get active for 150 minutes a week. The OIA's work will benefit everyone who acts on the message - by simply 'Getting Active Outdoors' mortality rate drops 30%, cancer risk is lowered by over 40%, children learn quicker and build better bodies, the older community live longer more independent lives - Outdoor Activity is of major benefit to all participants. In addition the promotion of these activities builds employment and social cohesion in rural areas, supporting employment and local community. |
| | |
| If the company makes any surplus it will be used for ⁴ ... The OIA is committed to its mission and will plough all profits back into promoting and supporting more people to get 'Active Outdoors'. | |

(Please continue on separate sheet if necessary.)

COMPANY NUMBER

SC366266

SECTION C: Declarations on conversion to a community interest company

Declaration 1

We/I, the undersigned, declare and understand that the company in respect of which this application is made:

(a) cannot be an incorporated charity and a community interest company^v

AND;

(b) if we are an existing incorporated charity that we have been given written consent from the Charity Commission or the Scottish Charity Regulator^{vi} to the company's conversion to a community interest company

Declaration 2

We/I, the undersigned, declare that the company in respect of which this application is made will not be:

(a) a political party;

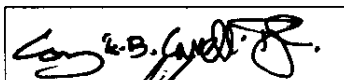
(b) a political campaigning organisation; or

(c) a subsidiary of a political party or of a political campaigning organisation.^{vii}

**SECTION D:
SIGNATORIES**

Each person who is the first director of company must sign the declarations.

Signed



Date

4/2/13.

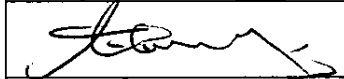
Signed



Date

4/2/13

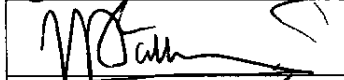
Signed



Date

4-2-13

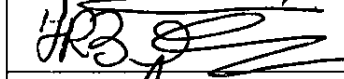
Signed



Date

4-2-13

Signed



Date

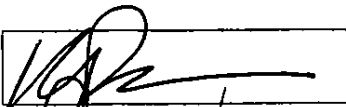

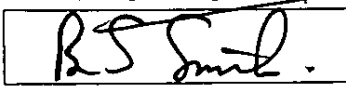
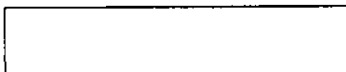
4.2.13

Signed



Date

5.2.13

| | | | |
|--------|--|------|---------|
| Signed |  | Date | 5/2/13 |
| Signed |  | Date | 12/3/13 |
| Signed |  | Date | 13/3/13 |
| Signed |  | Date | |

(Please continue on separate sheet if necessary.)

COMPANY NUMBER

SC366266

CHECKLIST

This form must be accompanied by the following documents:

- (a) Special resolution stating the company should become a community interest company.
- (b) To make such alterations of the articles of association as it considers necessary to comply with the requirements imposed by and by virtue of section 32 or otherwise appropriate in connection with becoming a community interest company; and
- (c) To change the company's name to include one of the following designates, community interest company/ c.i.c. / community interest public company/ community interest p.l.c. or the Welsh equivalent.
- (d) Form NM01- Notice of change of name
- (e) A printed copy of the articles of the company as altered by the special resolutions
- (f) Any completed continuation sheets
- (g) A cheque for £25 made payable to Companies House.

You do not have to give any contact information in the box opposite but if you do, it will help the Registrar of Companies to contact you if there is a query on the form. The contact information that you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

| | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| MBM Commercial LLP | |
| 5th Floor, 125 Princes Street | |
| Edinburgh | |
| EH2 4AD | Tel 0131 226 8200 |
| DX Number 403 | DX Exchange ED |

When you have completed and signed the form please send it to the Registrar of Companies at:

For companies registered in England and Wales: Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ
DX 33050 Cardiff

For companies registered in Scotland: Companies House, 4th Floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139
Fountainbridge, EH3 9FF DX 235 Edinburgh

For companies registered in Northern Ireland: Companies House, 2nd Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38
Linenhall Street, Belfast, BT2 8BG

NOTES

¹ This form will be placed on the public record. Any information relevant to the application that you do not wish to appear on the public record, should be described in a separate letter addressed to the CIC Regulator and delivered to the Registrar of Companies with the other documents.

² The community interest test is referred to in section 35 of the Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004 and is expanded upon in regulations 3, 4 & 5 of the Regulations.

³ E.g. "the residents of Oldtown" or "those suffering from XYZ disease".

⁴ It is expected that surpluses will be primarily used to benefit the community or be reinvested into the company to promote its aims rather than for the personal gain of shareholders and/or directors.

^v A community interest company cannot benefit from charitable status. An existing company which wishes to become a community interest company must either not have charitable status or must satisfy the criteria set out in section C declaration 2(b).

^{vi} A Scottish charitable company is a company, which is a Scottish charity. A Scottish charity is a body entered in the Scottish Charity register, kept by the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator under the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005.

^{vii} A company is not eligible to be formed as a community interest company if it will be an "excluded company". If you are not sure whether the company which you wish to form falls into any of these categories, you should refer to the definitions of the terms "political party", "political campaigning organisation" and "subsidiary" (and of the related terms "election", "governmental authority", "public authority" and "referendum") in Regulation 2 of the Regulations before completing this form.





**FILE COPY
CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
ON BECOMING A
COMMUNITY INTEREST COMPANY**

Company No. 366266

The Registrar of Companies for Scotland hereby certifies that under the Companies Act 2006:

OUTDOOR INDUSTRIES ASSOCIATION LIMITED

having changed its name; is now a Community Interest Company; and is incorporated under the name of:

OUTDOOR INDUSTRIES ASSOCIATION CIC

Given at Companies House on **13th May 2013**



Companies House



THE OFFICIAL SEAL OF THE
REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES