

AARON LAWTON ASSOCIATES LIMITED

ABBREVIATED STATUTORY ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

Company No. 356 653 (Scotland)

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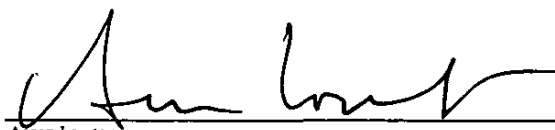
COMPANIES HOUSE

AARON LAWTON ASSOCIATES LIMITED
ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 MARCH 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	3	1,850	3,706
Tangible assets	4	1,661	2,908
Investments		2,410	2,410
		<u>5,921</u>	<u>9,024</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		-	-
Debtors		18,466	9,266
Cash at bank and in hand		60,395	64,608
		<u>78,861</u>	<u>73,874</u>
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year		<u>(30,953)</u>	<u>(26,744)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>47,908</u>	<u>47,130</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>53,829</u>	<u>56,154</u>
Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year		-	-
Provisions for liabilities		-	(149)
NET ASSETS		<u>£53,829</u>	<u>£56,005</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	5	100	100
Profit and loss account		53,729	55,905
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS - All Equity		<u>£53,829</u>	<u>£56,005</u>

The director considers that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of section 477(1) of the Companies Act 2006. Shareholders holding 10% or more of the nominal value of the company's issued share capital have not issued a notice requiring an audit under section 476 of the Companies Act 2006. The director acknowledges the responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 386 and section 387 of the Companies Act 2006, and for preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the period end and of its profit or loss for the period then ended in accordance with the requirements of section 396, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to the Accounts so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.
They were approved by the board on 15 October 2013
and signed on its behalf by:



Aaron Lawton
Director

Company No. 356 653 (Scotland)

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements

AARON LAWTON ASSOCIATES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS - 31 MARCH 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods and services supplied by the company, net of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Revenue recognition

The company recognises revenue to the extent that it has fulfilled its contractual obligations to its customers through the supply of goods and services.

Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair view of the separable net assets. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of five years.

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. The cost of tangible fixed assets, less any residual value, is written off over their expected useful lives as follows:

	Principal annual rate
Plant & machinery	33% per annum straight line basis
Motor vehicles	20% per annum straight line basis

Investments

Long term investments are classified as fixed assets and are stated at cost in the balance sheet. Provision is made for any impairment in the value of the investments.

Deferred taxation

The charge for taxation takes into account taxation deferred as a result of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. In general, deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. However, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers it is more likely than not that there will be suitable tax profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis at the average tax rates that would apply when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2. TURNOVER

The whole of the turnover and profit or (loss) before taxation is attributable to design consultancy.

3. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Total £
COST	
At 31 March 2012	9,279
Costs incurred in year	-
Disposals	-
At 31 March 2013	<u>£9,279</u>
AMORTISATION	
At 31 March 2012	5,573
Charge for the year	1,856
On disposals	-
At 31 March 2013	<u>£7,429</u>
NET BOOK VALUES	
At 31 March 2013	<u>£1,850</u>
At 31 March 2012	<u>£3,706</u>

AARON LAWTON ASSOCIATES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS - 31 MARCH 2013

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Total £
COST OR VALUATION	
At 31 March 2012	8,494
Additions	341
Disposals	-
At 31 March 2013	<u>£8,835</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 31 March 2012	5,586
Charge for the year	1,588
On disposals	-
At 31 March 2013	<u>£7,174</u>
NET BOOK VALUES	
At 31 March 2013	<u>£1,661</u>
At 31 March 2012	<u>£2,908</u>

5. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

		2013		2012	2013	2012
Allotted, called up and fully paid	Denomination		Quantity			
Ordinary shares	£1.00	100		100	£100	£100