UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016



SCT

COMPANIES HOUSE

CONTENTS

	Page
Abbreviated balance sheet	1 - 2
·	
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	3 - 4

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2016

	2016		6	2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets			•		
Intangible assets	2		-		-
Tangible assets	2		22,122		27,487
			22,122		27,487
Current assets					
Stocks		251,434		214,535	
Debtors		221,261		239,419	
Cash at bank and in hand		273		6,971	
		472,968		460,925	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	3	(428,850)		(333,276)	
Net current assets			44,118		127,649
Total assets less current liabilities			66,240		155,136
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	4		-		(1,706)
Provisions for liabilities			(1,689)		(2,273)
			64,551		151,157
				•	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	5		100		100
Profit and loss account			64,451		151,057
Shareholders' funds			64,551		151,157

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2016

For the financial year ended 30 November 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

Approved by the Board for issue on 17/517

Mr JC Barclay

Director

Company Registration No. SC347476

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for the sale of floor coverings and furnishings net of VAT and trade discounts.

Revenue is recognised on dispatch of goods.

1.3 Website

Website development costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation. Capitalised website development costs are amortised over their estimated useful economic lives which the directors estimate to be 5 years.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

15% reducing balance

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance

1.5 Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.6 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.7 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

1.8 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

2	Fixed assets	•		
		Intangible assets	Tangible assets	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 December 2015	2,600	204,175	206,775
	Disposals	•	(110,212)	(110,212)
	At 30 November 2016	2,600	93,963	96,563
	Depreciation			<u>-</u> _
	At 1 December 2015	2,600	176,688	179,288
	On disposals	-	(110,212)	(110,212)
	Charge for the year	-	5,365	5,365
	At 30 November 2016	2,600	71,841	74,441
	Net book value	· ——		
	At 30 November 2016	-	22,122	22,122
	At 30 November 2015	===	27,487	===== = 27,487
				=======================================

3 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £56,548 (2015 - £2,559).

4 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £0 (2015 - £1,706).

5	Share capital	2016	2015
		£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

6 Ultimate parent company

The ultimate parent company is JJNB (Properties) Ltd.