SEASPRAY (SHETLAND) LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2016

S5D9PPKA SCT 13/08/2016 COMPANIES HOUSE

#94

THE A9 PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

Chartered Accountants
47 Commercial Road
Lerwick
Shetland
ZE1 0NJ

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2016

CONTENTS	PAGE
Abbreviated balance sheet	1
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	2

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MAY 2016

		2016		2015	
	Note	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS	2		441	746	
Tangible assets				740	
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		175,844		68,041	
Cash at bank and in hand		13,613		48,251	
		189,457		116,292	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one	year	151,804		68,177	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			37,653	48,115	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			38,094	48,861	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more	than one				
year	illali Olie		-	12,500	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			88 ,	149	
			38,006	36,212	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up equity share capital	4		20	20	
Profit and loss account	·		37,986	36,192	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			38,006	36,212	

For the year ended 31 May 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Mr.G. Johnson

Company Registration Number: SC327493

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax. Turnover is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods are transferred to the buyer on despatch.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment

33% Straight line

Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exception:

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST At 1 June 2015 Additions	1,257 163
At 31 May 2016	1,420
DEPRECIATION At 1 June 2015 Charge for year	511 468
At 31 May 2016	979
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 May 2016	441
· At 31 May 2015 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	746

3. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

At the beginning of the year, the company owed Mr G Johnson £131. During the year, the company paid expenses on behalf of Mr G Johnson of £241. As a result of these transactions, at 31/05/2016, Mr G Johnson owed the company £110. No interest has been charged and no terms agreed on this balance.

At the beginning of the year, Mrs J Johnson, Mr C Steinbach, Mrs A Williamson and Mr R Williamson each owed the company £684. This was not repaid in the year and is still due at 31/05/2016. No interest has been charged and no terms agreed on these balances.

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2016		2015	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	20	20	20	20

5. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company's immediate parent company is QA Fish Ltd.