GTR CONTRACTS LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	7,389,983	6,339,521
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	279,554	161,768
Debtors	<u>6</u>	567,831	934,970
Cash at bank and in hand		142,317	239,622
		989,702	1,336,360
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> 7</u>	(2,552,043)	(2,622,025)
Net current liabilities	_	(1,562,341)	(1,285,665)
Total assets less current liabilities		5,827,642	5,053,856
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(2,239,412)	(1,991,125)
Provisions for liabilities	_	(438,828)	(438,828)
Net assets	_	3,149,402	2,623,903
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		3,149,400	2,623,901
Shareholders' funds	_	3,149,402	2,623,903

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2021 (CONTINUED)

For the financial year ending 31 October 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to

the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken. Company registration number: SC310883 Approved and authorised by the director on 10 February 2022 Mr G A Russell Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Terraughtie Farm The Glen Dumfries DG2 8PT

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 10 February 2022.

2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \mathcal{L} .

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured:

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021 (CONTINUED)

2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Land and buildings
Plant and machinery
Furniture, fittings and equipment
Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate

2% Straight line 10% Reducing balance 15% Reducing balance 25% Reducing balance

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021 (CONTINUED)

2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021 (CONTINUED)

2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Classification

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Recognition and measurement

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price.

Impairment

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

3 STAFF NUMBERS

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 39 (2020 - 41).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021 (CONTINUED)

4 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles ${\cal E}$	Plant and machinery £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 November 2020	176,118	64,763	678,732	10,031,167	10,950,780
Additions	250,729	14,901	143,800	1,886,143	2,295,573
Disposals			ı	(933,866)	(933,866)
At 31 October 2021	426,847	79,664	822,532	10,983,444	12,312,487
Depreciation	<u> </u>	}			
At 1 November 2020	3,522	39,631	447,236	4,120,870	4,611,259
Charge for the year	8,537	5,821	73,210	689,857	777,425
Eliminated on disposal	ı		,	(466,180)	(466,180)
At 31 October 2021	12,059	45,452	520,446	4,344,547	4,922,504
Carrying amount					
At 31 October 2021 ==	414,788	34,212	302,086	6,638,897	7,389,983
At 31 October 2020 ==	172,596	25,132	231,496	5,910,297	6,339,521

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021 (CONTINUED)

5 STOCKS	5	SI	ГО	Cŀ	(5
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	2021 £	2020 £
Work in progress	<u>279,554</u>	161,768
6 DEBTORS		
	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	477,377	884,465
Prepayments	82,026	-
Other debtors	8,428	50,505
	567,831	934,970

7 CREDITORS

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

creations amounts raining and main one year			
	Note	2021 £	2020 £
		_	_
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	1,624,775	1,409,502
Trade creditors		629,904	1,056,393
Taxation and social security		10,231	131,130
Accruals and deferred income		6,500	-
Other creditors		280,633	25,000
		2,552,043	2,622,025

Creditors include bank loans and overdrafts and net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts which are secured of £1,624,775 (2020 - £1,409,502).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021 (CONTINUED)

7 CREDITORS (continued)

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	2,239,412	1,991,125

Creditors include bank loans and overdrafts and net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts which are secured of £2,239,412 (2020 - £1,991,125).

8 LOANS AND BORROWINGS		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	343,009	115,771
Hire purchase contracts	1,896,403	1,875,354
	2,239,412	1,991,125
	2021	2020
	£	£
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	91,946	605,526
Bank overdrafts	6,819	-
Hire purchase contracts	1,526,010	803,976
	1,624,775	1,409,502

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.