Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

for

Colonsay Brewing Co. Limited

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Colonsay Brewing Co. Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

DIRECTORS: D M S Johnston

C W Nisbet

REGISTERED OFFICE: The Brew House

Dun Oran Park Scalasaig

Isle of Colonsay PA61 7YW

REGISTERED NUMBER: SC303551 (Scotland)

ACCOUNTANTS: Campbell Dallas Limited

Accountants

5 Whitefriars Crescent

Perth Perthshire PH2 0PA

Balance Sheet 31 March 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		224,400		229,200
Investments	5		-		600
			224,400		229,800
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	6	22,752		45,140	
Cash at bank		850_		4,347	
		23,602		49,487	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	827		<u> 19,641</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			22,775_		29,846
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			247,175		259,646
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	8		-		7,777
NET ASSETS			247,175		251,869
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		30,100		30,100
Revaluation reserve	10		206,467		206,467
Retained earnings			10,608		15,302
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			247,175		251,869

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2017.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the
- (b) end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

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Balance Sheet - continued 31 March 2017

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 6 September 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

C W Nisbet - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Colonsay Brewing Co. Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (f).

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover represents invoiced sale of beer, excluding value added tax.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Heritable property 2% Straight line

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Heritable
			prop
	COST		${f t}$
	At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017		240,000
	DEPRECIATION		240,000
	At 1 April 2016		10,800
	Charge for year		4,800
	At 31 March 2017		15,600
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 March 2017		224,400
	At 31 March 2016		229,200
5.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS		
٥.			Other
			investments
			£
	COST		
	At 1 April 2016		600
	Disposals		<u>(600</u>)
	At 31 March 2017		
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 March 2017		
	At 31 March 2016		<u>600</u>
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Other debtors	22,752	45,140
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
•		2017	2016
		£	£
	Taxation and social security	27	-
	Other creditors	800	<u> 19,641</u>
		827	19,641
			

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR				
	ONE TEM	<u>.</u>		2017	2016
	Other credito	ors		£	£
9.	CALLED U	P SHARE CAPITA	L		
		ed and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nomina value:		2016 £
	30,100	Ordinary	£1	30,100	30,100
10.	RESERVES	,			
					Revaluation
					reserve £
	At 1 April 20				
	and 31 March 2017				206,467

11. FIRST YEAR ADOPTION

The company transitioned from UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015.

Transitional relief

On transition to FRS 102, the company has taken advantage of the following transitional relief:

to use a previous GAAP revaluation as deemed cost on an investment property.

The directors believe that a fair value cannot be measured reliably without undue cost or effort. Due to changes in circumstances a professional valuation would be deemed as undue cost and the nature of the property would not allow the directors to measure fair value reliably themselves.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.