# **BROWNFIELD REGENERATION LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Director

A Cunningham

Secretary

Morton Fraser Secretaries Limited

Company number

SC301631

Registered office

Quartermile Two 2 Lister Square Edinburgh EH3 9GL

**Auditor** 

Geoghegans

Chartered Accountants 6 St Colme Street

Edinburgh EH3 6AD

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#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

		201	2017		2016	
the state of the s	Notes	€	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Investments	3		1		1	
Current assets						
Stocks		720,269		201,000		
Debtors	5	374,815		450,001		
Cash at bank and in hand		175,320		37,055		
		1,270,404		688,056		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(882,975)		(271,338)		
Net current assets			387,429		416,718	
Total assets less current liabilities			387,430		416,719	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(600,000)		(600,000)	
Net liabilities			(212,570)		(183,281)	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	8		1 .		1	
Profit and loss reserves			(212,571)		(183,282)	
Total equity			(212,570)		(183,281)	

The director of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 26 June 2018

A/Cunningham

Dìrector

Company Registration No. SC301631

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Brownfield Regeneration Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is Quartermile Two, 2 Lister Square, Edinburgh, EH3 9GL.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017 are the first financial statements of Brownfield Regeneration Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 October 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts, on the basis that the group of which this is the parent qualifies as a small group. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

#### 1.2 Going concern

The company is dependent on the ongoing support of the director and the preference shareholder to enable it to meet its debts and other financial obligations as they fall due. The director and preference shareholder have agreed not to seek repayment of the amounts due to them until the company is in a position to be able to make these payments. The director therefore considers appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

#### 1.3 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

#### 1.4 Stock and work in progress

Work in progress comprises property which has been acquired for ultimate resale.

Work in progress is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the direct cost of acquiring property and improvements to property. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price allowing for all further costs of completion and disposal.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **Debtors**

Debtors with no stated interest rate and payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Creditors**

Creditors with no stated interest rate and payable within one year are recorded at transaction price.

All interest bearing loans and borrowings which are basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the present value of cash payable. After initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost.

#### 1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Shares in group

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 0 (2016 - 0).

#### 3 Fixed asset investments

	2017	2016
	£	£
Investments	1	1

#### Movements in fixed asset investments

	undertakings £
Cost or valuation At 1 October 2016 & 30 September 2017	1
Carrying amount At 30 September 2017	1
At 30 September 2016	1

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

#### 4 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 September 2017 are as follows:

	Name of undertaking	Registered office key	Nature of business	Class of shares held	% Held Direct Indirect
	EWP Investments Limited	1	Property development	Ordinary	100.00 -
	Registered Office address	ses:			
	1 50 Lothian Road, Fest	ival Square, Edir	nburgh, EH3 9WJ		
5	Debtors				
	Amounts falling due withi	in one year:		201	7 2016 £ £
	Amounts owed by group un Other debtors	dertakings		24,81 350,00	
		-		374,81	5 450,001
6	Creditors: amounts falling	g due within on	e year		
				201	
					£
	Amounts due to group unde				- 5,590
	Other taxation and social se	ecurity		000.07	- 218
	Other creditors			882,97 	265,530
				882,97	5 271,338
					= ====

On 26 November 2012, a bond and floating charge was granted over the entire assets of the company in favour of both A Cunningham and Applied Capital Limited, a company of which A Cunningham is a director.

#### 7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

oreditors, amounts failing due after more than one year	2017 £	2016 £
Preference shares classed as financial liability	600,000	600,000

As a first charge on profits, a cumulative preference dividend at a rate of 4% per annum, is payable on the first day of each month.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

8	Called up share capital		
	Company of the second s	2017	2016
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	1 Ordinary share of £1	1	1
	•		

#### 9 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was lain Binnie.

The auditor was Geoghegans.

#### 10 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemption available in FRS 102 section 1A appendix C whereby it has not disclosed transactions with the ultimate parent company or any wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the group.

The directors are of the opinion that all related party transactions are conducted under normal market conditions and on an arm's length basis and therefore do not need to be disclosed under FRS 102 section 1A appendix C.