

REGISTERED NUMBER: SC294464 (Scotland)

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

for

Easyways Limited

Contents of the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

	Page
Balance Sheet	1
Notes to the Financial Statements	3

Balance Sheet
31 December 2016

	Notes	31.12.16 £	31.12.15 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	4	1,939	2,253
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank		71,218	59,976
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	5	<u>(998)</u>	<u>(1,112)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>70,220</u>	<u>58,864</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		72,159	61,117
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	6	<u>(155,269)</u>	<u>(155,460)</u>
NET LIABILITIES		<u>(83,110)</u>	<u>(94,343)</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		100	100
Retained earnings		<u>(83,210)</u>	<u>(94,443)</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>(83,110)</u>	<u>(94,343)</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2016.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.
- (b)

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 24 February 2017 and were signed by:

Mr A Fernie - Director

1. **STATUTORY INFORMATION**

Easyways Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Scotland, registration number SC294464. The company's registered office is Haypark, Marchmont Avenue, Polmont, Stirlingshire, FK2 0NZ.

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover represents invoiced sales of goods and services in respect of accommodation booking. Sales are recognised at the point at which the goods are delivered or the service is complete.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Office furniture	- 25% on reducing balance
Computer equipment	- 25% on reducing balance

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Cost represent purchase price together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

The directors have considered the residual value of all tangible fixed assets to be immaterial and therefore all tangible fixed assets are depreciated to nil value.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Provisions are discounted where the time value of money is material.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

3. **EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS**

The average number of employees during the year was 3 .

4. **TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

	Office furniture £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
COST			
At 1 January 2016	5,200	10,524	15,724
Additions	-	332	332
At 31 December 2016	<u>5,200</u>	<u>10,856</u>	<u>16,056</u>
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 January 2016	4,735	8,736	13,471
Charge for year	116	530	646
At 31 December 2016	<u>4,851</u>	<u>9,266</u>	<u>14,117</u>
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 December 2016	<u>349</u>	<u>1,590</u>	<u>1,939</u>
At 31 December 2015	<u>465</u>	<u>1,788</u>	<u>2,253</u>

5. **CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	31.12.16 £	31.12.15 £
Accruals and deferred income	<u>998</u>	<u>1,112</u>

6. **CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR**

	31.12.16 £	31.12.15 £
Directors' loan accounts	<u>155,269</u>	<u>155,460</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.