Abbreviated accounts

For the year ended 31 March 2012

WEDNESDAY

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12/12/2012 COMPANIES HOUSE #222

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Abbreviated balance sheet As at 31 March 2012

		2012		2011	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	2		1,738		3,917
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		2,149 119,515		2,257 211,699	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		121,664 (103,147)		213,956 (180,243)	
Net current assets			18,517		33,713
Total assets less current liabilities			20,255		37,630
Provisions for liabilities			(47)	_	(427)
			20,208	:	37,203
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	3		111 20,097	_	111 37,092
Shareholders' funds			20,208	-	37,203

Abbreviated balance sheet (continued) As at 31 March 2012

For the financial year ended 31 March 2012 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 Companies Act 2006. No member of the company has deposited a notice, pursuant to section 476, requiring an audit of these financial statements under the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act and for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board for issue on 10 December 2012

Katrina Walker

Director

Company Registration No. SC281075

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Notes to the abbreviated accounts For the year ended 31 March 2012

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the forseeable future. Having considered the future operations of the company, the directors consider that the going concern basis is appropriate for the preparation of these accounts.

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated).

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is the total amount derived from ordinary activities, net of VAT.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment 33% straight line Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% straight line Motor vehicles 25% straight line

1.5 Deferred taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the corporation tax and deferred tax charge for the year.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is measured on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the accounts and the corresponding tax bases, as used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss accounts, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2012

2	Fixed assets		
			Tangible assets £
	Cost		_
	At 1 April 2011 & at 31 March 2012		13,642
	Depreciation		
	At 1 April 2011		9,725
	Charge for the year		2,179
	At 31 March 2012		11,904
	Net book value		
	At 31 March 2012		1,738
	At 31 March 2011		3,917
3	Share capital	2012	2011
		£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	50 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	50	50
	50 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	50	50
	11 Ordinary C shares of £1 each	11	11
		111	111

Each class of shares have equal rights. The distribution of the company's profits by way of dividend among the different clases of share can be determined by the directors.