

**Registered Number SC267303**

**Aberdeen Powerwashing Services Limited**

**Abbreviated Accounts**

**31 March 2011**

Aberdeen Powerwashing Services Limited

Registered Number SC267303

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2011

	Notes	2011 £	2010 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>	2		
Tangible		10,909	13,597
		<u>10,909</u>	<u>13,597</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors		9,966	14,425
Total current assets		<u>9,966</u>	<u>14,425</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>		(23,759)	(20,584)
<b>Net current assets (liabilities)</b>		(13,793)	(6,159)
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>(2,884)</u>	<u>7,438</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	3	(6,620)	(8,170)
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>		0	(372)
<b>Total net assets (liabilities)</b>		<u>(9,504)</u>	<u>(1,104)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	4	2	2
Profit and loss account		(9,506)	(1,106)
<b>Shareholders funds</b>		<u>(9,504)</u>	<u>(1,104)</u>

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- a. For the year ending 31 March 2011 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
  - b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
  - c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
  - d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 19 December 2011

And signed on their behalf by:

**Mr R McAlpine, Director**

**This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.**

**Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts**

For the year ending 31 March 2011

**1 Accounting policies****Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008). At the balance sheet date the company has liabilities in excess of its total assets. The directors have indicated that they will continue to support the company. Also, the company's sales turnover following the year end is greater than the previous year. For these reasons the company continues to prepare its accounts on a going concern basis.

**Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax, in respect of the cleaning of properties. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

**Hire purchase agreements**

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

**Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

**Fixed Assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

**Financial Instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the

contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

### Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant & Machinery	25% Reducing balance
Fixtures & Fittings	25% Reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	25% Reducing balance
Computer Equipment	25% Reducing balance

### 2 Fixed Assets

	<b>Tangible Assets</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Cost or valuation</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
At 01 April 2010	47,064	47,064
Additions	593	593
At 31 March 2011	<u>47,657</u>	<u>47,657</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>		
At 01 April 2010	33,467	33,467
Charge for year	3,281	3,281
At 31 March 2011	<u>36,748</u>	<u>36,748</u>
<b>Net Book Value</b>		
At 31 March 2011	10,909	10,909
At 31 March 2010	<u>13,597</u>	<u>13,597</u>

### 3 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

4 **Share capital**

	2011	2010
	£	£
<b>Authorised share capital:</b>		
100000 Ordinary of £1 each	100,000	100,000
<b>Allotted, called up and fully paid:</b>		
2 Ordinary of £1 each	2	2