Registered number: SC262890

NOMAK SERVICES LTD UNAUDITED ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

Irvine Adamson & Co

Chartered Accountants

23 Bank Street Kirriemuir Angus DD8 4BE

Nomak Services Ltd Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 28 February 2019

Contents

	Page
Accountants' Report	1
Abridged Balance Sheet	2—3
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements	4—7

Nomak Services Ltd Accountants' Report For The Year Ended 28 February 2019

Chartered Accountants' report to the director on the preparation of the unaudited statutory accounts of Nomak Services Ltd For The Year Ended 28 February 2019

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Nomak Services Ltd For The Year Ended 28 February 2019 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes from the accounting records and from information and explanations you have given to us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accounts of Scotland, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.icas.com/technical-resources/framework-for-the-preparation-of-account-revised-january-2017.

This report is made solely to the director of Nomak Services Ltd, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 08 June 2017. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Nomak Services Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the director of Nomak Services Ltd, as a body, in this report in accordance with requirements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland 98 detailed the www.icas.com/technical-resources/framework-for-the-preparation-of-account-revised-january-2017. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Nomak Services Ltd and its director, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Nomak Services Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of Nomak Services Ltd. You consider that Nomak Services Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit of the accounts of Nomak Services Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements.

13 June 2019

Irvine Adamson & Co Chartered Accountants

23 Bank Street Kirriemuir Angus DD8 4BE Registered number: SC262890

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3			_	594
CUDDENT ACCETS			-		594
CURRENT ASSETS		1.025		11.704	
Debtors		1,837		11,704	
Cash at bank and in hand				6,605	
		1,837		18,309	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		(1,835)		(5,628)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			2	-	12,681
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			2		13,275
LIABILITIES				_	15,273
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation					(113)
				•	
NET ASSETS			2	=	13,162
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					_
Called up share capital	4		2		2
Profit and Loss Account				_	13,160
CHARFHOLDEROLEUMRC					12.162
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			2	=	13,162

Nomak Services Ltd Abridged Balance Sheet (continued) As at 28 February 2019

For the year ending 28 February 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.
- All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Profit and Loss Account and an Abridged Balance Sheet for the year end 28 February 2019 in accordance with section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board	
Mr Lewis Campbell	
13 March 2019	
The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.	

Nomak Services Ltd Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements For The Year Ended 28 February 2019

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss, and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

1.2. Going Concern Disclosure

The directors believe that the going concern basis is not appropriate as the company ceased trading on 15 June 2018.

1.3. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery

25% reducing balance

Nomak Services Ltd Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 28 February 2019

1.5. Financial Instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the

exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of

each reporting date. If there is objectice evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments, regardless of significance and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Nomak Services Ltd Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 28 February 2019

1.6. Taxation

The taxation expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.7. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2018 - 1).

Nomak Services Ltd Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 28 February 2019

3. Tangible Assets

		Total
		£
Cost		
As at 1 March 2018		793
Disposals		(793)
As at 28 February 2019		-
Depreciation		_
As at 1 March 2018		199
Disposals		(199)
As at 28 February 2019		
Net Book Value		
As at 28 February 2019		
As at 1 March 2018		594
4. Share Capital		
	2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	2	2

5. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees

Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors:

	As at 1 March 2018			Amounts written off	As at 28 February 2019
	£	£	£	£	£
Mr Lewis Campbell	656	6,513	6,191		978

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

6. General Information

Nomak Services Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in Scotland, registered number SC262890. The registered office and trading address is 3 Stiven Crescent, Kirriemuir, Angus, DD8 4JN.

nis document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules re- electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.	lating