Registered Number SC261673

P & D DECORATORS LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

31 March 2015

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2015

	Notes	2015	2014
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	23,993	24,828
		23,993	24,828
Current assets			
Stocks		350	350
Debtors		65,379	52,968
Cash at bank and in hand		41,654	15,701
		107,383	69,019
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(79,044)	(66,074)
Net current assets (liabilities)		28,339	2,945
Total assets less current liabilities		52,332	27,773
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		(1,881)	-
Provisions for liabilities		(3,261)	(3,091)
Total net assets (liabilities)		47,190	24,682
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	1	1
Profit and loss account		47,189	24,681
Shareholders' funds		47,190	24,682

- For the year ending 31 March 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 14 December 2015

And signed on their behalf by:

Michael O'Brien, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 March 2015

1 Accounting Policies

Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective April 2008.

Turnover policy

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the period and derives from the provision of goods falling within the company's ordinary activities.

Tangible assets depreciation policy

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

Fixtures, fittings
And equipment - 20% reducing balance
Computer equipment - 3 years straight line
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

Other accounting policies

Leasing and Hire Purchase Commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter term of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to that extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacements are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on the remittance of the retained earnings of

overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on a undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Government Grants

Grants are credited to deferred revenue. Grants towards capital expenditure are released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful life of the assets. Grants towards revenue expenditure are released to the profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2014	56,324
Additions	7,399
Disposals	-
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 31 March 2015	63,723
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2014	31,496
Charge for the year	8,234
On disposals	-
At 31 March 2015	39,730
Net book values	
At 31 March 2015	23,993
At 31 March 2014	24,828

3 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2015	2014
	£	£
1 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1

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