ABERDEEN MARITIME CONSULTANTS LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

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23/10/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE

COMPANIES

WILLIAMSON & DUNN

Chartered Accountants 3 West Craibstone Street Aberdeen AB11 6YW

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2009

		2009		2008	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				007
Tangible assets			1,417		907
CURRENT ASSETS					•
Debtors		20,294		27,731	
Cash at bank and in hand		275,930		229,938	
		296,224		257,669	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due		•			
within one year		26,202		34,298	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			270,022		223,371
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			<u></u>		
LIABILITIES			271,439		224,278
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	3		100		100
Profit and loss account	•		271,339		224,178
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			271,439		224,278

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 15.10.2009, and are signed on their behalf by:

MRS C H TAGGART

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

Turnover

In respect of contracts for on-going services, turnover is recognised as the services are performed and is stated net of VAT.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment

33% reducing balance

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

2. FIXED ASSETS

3.

				Tangible Assets £
COST At 1 April 2008 Additions				3,450 1,208
At 31 March 2009				4,658
DEPRECIATION At 1 April 2008 Charge for year				2,543 698
At 31 March 2009				3,241
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2009				1,417
At 31 March 2008				907
SHARE CAPITAL				
Authorised share capital:				
		2009 £		2008 £
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		1,000		1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2009 No 100	£ 100	2008 No 100	£ 100