REGISTERED COMPANY NUMBER: SC258568 REGISTERED CHARITY NUMBER: SC025642

Report of the Trustees and Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2009 For Rape Crisis Scotland

Campbell Dallas LLP
Chartered Accountants &
Registered Auditors
Sherwood House
7 Glasgow Road
Paisley
PA1 3QS

SATURDAY



SCT 19/12/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE

672

RAPE CRISIS SCOTLAND

(Limited by Guarantee)

CONTENTS	Page 1
----------	--------

	Page
Directors and Officers	2
Report of the Trustees	3
Auditors' Report	7
Statement of Financial Activities	9
Balance Sheet	10
Notes forming part of the financial statements	11 to 20

Legal and Administrative Information

Page 2

Directors

Frances OBoyle (resigned 6 February 2009)
Susan Lawson
Jan Macleod
Kate Cavanagh (resigned 28 November 2008)
Julia Donnelly (appointed 15 June 2007)
Andrea Beavon (appointed 18 June 2009)

Company Secretary

Sandy Brindley

Auditors

Campbell Dallas LLP Sherwood House 7 Glasgow Road Paisley PA1 3QS

Bankers

Unity Trust Bank plc Nine Brindley Place Birmingham B1 2HB

Registered Office

1st Floor 46 Bath Street Glasgow G2 1HG

Charity Number

SC025642

Company Number

SC258568

Report of the Trustees For the year ended 31 March 2009 Page 3

The trustees who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of the Companies Act 1985, present their report together with the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009. The trustees have adopted the provisions of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities' issued in March 2005.

Reference and administrative information

The company is limited by guarantee and has no share capital.

The company is a recognised Scottish charity, number SC025642

Structure, governance and management

The company is governed by the Memorandum and Articles of Association.

The company is managed by the Board of Directors who meet on a regular basis to discuss and consider the operations of the company.

Full membership of the company is open to any company or other corporate body or any woman who is the nominee of any society, unincorporated association or trust not established for the purposes of profit which supports the objects and which provides support to women and girls who have been raped or sexually abused. The company may in general meeting admit as an associate member any woman or organisation who does not meet the conditions of full membership. Associate members do not have any voting rights. Membership requires the approval of the directors.

Directors

The directors of the company during the period were as follows:

Frances OBoyle (resigned 6 February 2009) Susan Lawson Jan Macleod Kate Cavanagh (resigned 28 November 2008) Julia Donnelly (appointed 15 June 2007) Andrea Beavon (appointed 18 June 2009)

Recruitment and appointment of directors

The directors are appointed at the annual general meeting of the company. Any full member may be appointed a director. A corporate full member can only have one representative holding office as a director at any time and nominate one member on any occasion of election/reappointment. The directors may at any time appoint any woman, on the basis that she has special skills or experience which would be of assistance to the board as a co-opted director. Any director appointed since the last annual general meeting shall retire from office and out of the remaining member directors one shall retire from office.

Report of the Trustees
For the year ended 31 March 2009

Page 4

Director induction and training

Most members are already familiar with the practical work of the network. New directors are provided with copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association and the aims and objectives. Additionally they are given the opportunity to spend some time with the Network to familiarise themselves with the Network and the context in which it operates. They are also required to attend a Board meeting prior to formal appointment as a director.

Objects and activities

The principal objects of the network are:-

- To relieve the emotional distress of women and girls who have been raped or in any way sexually assaulted or abused; and
- To advance the education of the general public and of professional bodies about the nature and extent
 of sexual violence against women and girls, to broaden understanding about its prevention and to
 develop appropriate responses;
- By encouraging and assisting the development of locally based charitable and voluntary organisations
 which provide relevant support services to women and girls and by enabling collaboration between
 such organisations in order that they may work most effectively together.

Achievements and performance

In the past year we launched a major public awareness campaign 'this is not an invitation to rape me' which aimed to challenge public attitudes to rape.

Rape Crisis Scotland secured funding from the Scottish Government to establish a new rape crisis centre in the Scottish Borders. A local steering group was established to guide the development of this service, and we anticipate having someone in post to develop the new centre by late 2009.

In the past year, Rape Crisis Scotland continued to run its national helpline for anyone affected by sexual violence. Staff and volunteers on the helpline responded to 2,371 support calls over the course of the year.

Financial review

The directors are satisfied with the financial position of the company and are grateful for the continuing funding from the Scottish Executive. Overall there are net outgoing resources of £301,146 (2008 net incoming resources £85,210) in the year. This reflects the activities undertaken during the year, particularly the Rape Crisis awareness Campaign. Overall net assets have fallen from £478,699 to £177,553.

Report of the Trustees For the year ended 31 March 2009

Page 5

Pension

The company is a member of a defined benefits pension scheme and has 3 members of staff participating in the scheme. The scheme has intimated it is to close to future contributions from 31 March 2010 due to the level of anticipated deficit. The directors are taking steps to put in place an alternative pension arrangement within this timescale. A contribution of approx £100,000 is required to settle all liabilities to the scheme at time of closure. The directors do not consider the company has the resources to take this step. The scheme will continue to be administered and the company will make annual payments towards the administration and deficit costs. The estimated cost for the first year is £5,500. No provision is made in the accounts for these future liabilities. Further details are given in note 14 to the accounts.

Investments

The Memorandum of Association authorises the directors to make and hold investments using the general funds of the charity, but no such investments are presently held. All monies are held in deposit or current bank/building society accounts.

Risk Management

The directors actively review the major risks which the charity faces on a regular basis and believe that maintaining reserve levels, combined with an annual review of the controls over key financial systems, will provide sufficient resources in the event of adverse conditions.

Reserves policy

The directors have established a policy whereby unrestricted funds not committed or invested in tangible fixed assets held by the charity should be equivalent to approximately three months of resources expended. At this level the directors believe they would be able to continue the current activities in the short term in the event of a significant drop in funding.

Future Plans

In the coming year, Rape Crisis Scotland plans to: launch a further public awareness campaign on rape, support the opening of the new Scottish Borders Rape Crisis Centre, launch a new Rape Crisis Centre Scotland website and welcome new associate rape crisis centres into our membership.

Statement of Trustees responsibilities

The trustees (who are also the directors of Rape Crisis Scotland for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Report of the Trustees and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the trustees are required to:

Report of the Trustees For the year ended 31 March 2009

Page 6

- Select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- Observe the methods and principles in the Charity SORP;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

So far as the trustees are aware, there is no relevant information (as defined by Section 234ZA of the Companies Act 1985) of which the charitable company's auditors are unaware, and each trustee has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make them aware of any audit information and to establish that the charitable company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

The auditors, Campbell Dallas LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

On Behalf of the Board

Susan Lawson

Director

Date

10/12/09

Report of the Independent Auditors to the members of Rape Crisis Scotland

Page 7

We have audited the financial statements of Rape Crisis Scotland for the year ended 31 March 2009 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out therein and the requirements of the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985, and to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulation 10 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

The trustees' (who are also the directors of the company for the purposes of company law) responsibilities for preparing the Trustees Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the statement of Trustees' Responsibilities.

We have been appointed auditors under section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and under the Companies act 1985 and report to you in accordance with those Acts.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with the relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulation 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors is consistent with the financial statements.

We also report to you, if in our opinion, the information given in the Trustees Annual Report is not consistent with those financial statements, if the charitable company has not kept proper accounting records, if the charity's financial statements are not in agreement with these accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding trustees' remuneration and transactions with the charity is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Trustees Annual Report. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to other information.

Basis of Audit Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the members of Rape Crisis Scotland (cont'd)

Page 8

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- The financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities, of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2009 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- The financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulation 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006; and
- The information given in the Report of the Directors is consistent with the financial statements.

Campbell Dallas LLP

Chartered Accountants &

Registered Auditors

Eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Section 25 of the Companies Act 1989.

Sherwood House

7 Glasgow Road

Paisley

PA13QS

Date: 15 December 2009

Lamplaco Dallas Ut

Statement of Financial Activities For the year ended 31 March 2009

Page 9

	Note	Unrestricted	Designated	Restricted	Total 2009	Total 2008
		£	£	£	£	£
Incoming resources from Generated funds						
Bank interest Donations		10,002 1,689	-	-	10,002 1,689	13,202 777
Incoming resources from Charitable activities						
Grants	3	212,595	-	699,097	911,692	983,164
		224,286	-	699,097	923,383	997,143
Resources expended	4		_			-
Charitable activities Governance costs		195,396 1,730	582	1,025,096 1,725	1,221,074 3,455	904,423 3,150
		197,126	582	1,026,821	1,224,529	907,573
Net incoming/(outgoing) resources		27,160	(582)	(327,724)	(301,146)	89,570
Transfers		(5,871)	(32927)	38,798	-	-
Reconciliation of funds						
Total funds brought forward		85,685	35,509	357,505	478,699	389,129
Total funds carried forward		106,974	2,000	68,579	177,553	478,699
			 =_			 -

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form part of these accounts.

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2009

Page 10

6	27,651 	37,321 5,473 447,614 310 453,361
	251,364 653 ———————————————————————————————————	447,614 310
		453,361
0		
8	106,419	11,983
	149,902	441,378
	177,553	478,699 ———
9 10	106,974 2,000	85,685 35,509
11	68,579	357,505
	177,553	478,699
	10	10 2,000 11 68,579

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies and were approved by the Board of Directors on .

10/12/09

Susan Lawson

Director

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form part of these accounts

Notes to the accounts
For the year ended 31 March 2009

Page 11

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation of Accounts

The financial statements have been prepared under the historic cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007), the Companies Act 1985 and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice, Accounting and Reporting by Charities.

Incoming resources

All incoming resources are included in the Statement of Financial Activities when the charity is entitled to the income and the amount can be quantified with reasonable accuracy. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income:-

Incoming resources from grants, where related to performance and specific deliverables, are accounted for as the company earns the right to consideration by its performance.

Resources expended

Expenditure is recognised on an accrued basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes VAT and is reported as part of the expenditure to which it relates.

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the company in the delivery of its activities and services to beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Governance costs include those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and statutory requirements of the charity and include the audit fees and costs linked to the strategic management of the company.

Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the loss less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life as follows: Fixtures, fittings and equipment -25% on cost.

Pension Costs

The charity participates in The Pensions Trust SCVO Final Salary Pension Scheme. This is a multi-employer defined benefits scheme. Contributions are charged to the income and expenditure account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme. Further details are given in Note 14.

Value Added Tax

Value Added Tax is not recoverable by the Charity and as such is included in the relevant costs in the financial statements.

Taxation

The charity is a registered charity for tax purposes.

Fund Accounting

Funds held by the charity are either:

- Unrestricted general funds these are funds which can be used in accordance with the charitable objects at the discretion of the directors.
- Designated funds these are funds set aside by the directors out of unrestricted general funds for specific future purposes or projects.
- Restricted funds these are funds that can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular restricted purposes.

2 NET MOVEMENT IN FUNDS FOR THE PERIOD

-	The net movements in funds is stated after charging	2009 £	2008 £
	Audit fees Depreciation	3,450 11,649	3,000 12,768
	Depreciation		====
3	INCOMING RESOURCES FROM CHARITABLE ACTIVI	ITIES	
		2009 £	2008 £
	Core funding Restricted funds (see note 11)	212,595 699,097	172,289 810,875
		911,692	983,164
	Bank Interest		
	Ordinary activities	10,002	13,202

ANALYSIS OF TOTAL RES	JUKCES EAFT	MDED			
	Basis of		Governance	Year	Period 2008
	Allocation	Activities	Costs £	2009 £	2008
~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£	£	L	L	•
Costs allocated directly to activities					
Staff costs	direct	302,201	_	302,201	218,10
Premises	direct	44,964	-	44,964	43,70
General office	direct	59,492		59,492	59,71
Travel and subsistence	direct	9,958	-	9,958	7,97
Professional fees	direct	3,722	-	3,722	12,52
Audit fees	direct	•	3,450	3,450	3,00
Management group expenses	direct	-	5	5	15
Training and conference	direct	8,512	-	8,512	7,83
Depreciation	direct	11,649	-	11,649	12,76
Grants	direct	448,231	-	448,231	437,18
Project costs	direct	331,763	-	331,763	104,63
		1,220,492	3,455	1,223,947	907,5
STAFF COSTS			20		200
				£	
Wages and salaries			254,0		184,0
Employers NIC			20,:	553	13,8
Pension			26,9	973	20,1
			302,	201	218,1
			<u></u>		
	an £50,000 remu	meration.			
No employee received more th					
No employee received more the	nts employed in	the year was as t	follows:		
The average full time equivaled	nts employed in	the year was as t	follows:	9	
The average full time equivalen	nts employed in	the year was as t	follows: 	9 1	

RAPE CRISIS SCOTLAND

For	the year ended 31 March 2009		Page 14
6	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Fixtures, fittings and equipment		2009 £
	Cost		40.40
	At 1 April 2008 Additions		60,403 1,979
			·
	At 31 March 2009		62,382
	Depreciation		
	At 1 April 2008 Charge for period		23,082 11,649
	At 31 March 2009		34,731
	Net Book Value At 31 March 2009		27,651
	, 1, 3, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,		===
	At 31 March 2008		37,321
7	DEBTORS AND PREPAYMENTS	2009 £	2008 £
	Prepayments	4,304	4,463
	Other debtors	-	974
		4,304	5,437
			
8	CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS	2009	2008
		£	£
	Trade Creditors and accruals	20,472	5,866
	Tax and Social Security Advance income	3,973 81,974	6,117 -
		106,419	11,983

9	STATEMENT OF FUNDS					
		At 31.3.08	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers £	At 31.3.09
	Unrestricted funds		-	-		-
	General Reserve	85,685	224,286	(197,126)	(5,871)	106,974
	Designated Reserve	35,509	-	(582)	(32,927)	2,000
	Restricted funds					
	Total Restricted funds	357,505	699,097	(1,026,821)	38,798	68,579
	Total Funds	478,699	923,383	(1,224,529)	-	177,553
10	DESIGNATED FUNDS					
		At 31.3.08	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers £	At 31.3.09
	Rape awareness campaign	30,000	-	-	(30,000)	_
	Legal research	2,000	-	-	-	2,000
	Oral history project	3,509	-	(582)	(2,927)	-
						
		35,509	-	(582)	(32,927)	2,000

11 RESTRICTED FUNDS					
	At 31.3.08	Income	Expenditure	Transfers	At 31.3.09
	£	£	£	£	£
Capital grant	4,125	-	-	-	4,125
Existing centres:					,
Aberdeen	-	48,231	(48,231)	-	-
Dundee	_	50,000	(50,000)	-	-
Edinburgh	-	50,000	(50,000)	-	_
Glasgow	-	50,000	(50,000)	-	_
Lanarkshire	-	50,000	(50,000)	-	_
Western Isles	-	50,000	(50,000)	-	_
Argyll & Bute	-	50,000	(50,000)	_	_
Perth	-	50,000	(50,000)	=	_
Kilmarnock	_	50,000	(50,000)	-	-
Compensation fund for RCC's	5,650	_	-	_	5,650
National helpline	100,590	204,272	(271,083)	(10,000)	23,779
Rape Crisis Network Europe	6,725	-	(2,748)	-	3,977
SE Grant for premises	23,989		(5,997)	_	17,992
SE – Rape Awareness Campaign	194,965	28,305	(272,068)	48,798	-
South Ayrshire Council - Rape			` , ,	•	
Awareness Campaign	7,000	-	(7,000)	-	_
Oral History Project	1,500	_	(1,500)	_	-
SE Database	12,961	18,289	(18,194)	-	13,056
	357,505	699,097	(1,026,821)	-	68,579
					=====

The capital grant is being released over the same period of time as the related assets are depreciated.

12 SUMMARY OF NET ASSETS BY FUND

	Unrestricted £	Designated £	Restricted £	Total £
Fixed assets Net Current Assets	1,484 105,490	2,000	26,167 42,412	27,651 149,902
				
	106,974	2,000	68,579	177,553
				

Notes to the Accounts (cont'd) For the year ended 31 March 2009

Page 17

13 SHARE CAPITAL

As the company is Limited by Guarantee there is no share capital. The guarantee by members is restricted to an amount not exceeding £1 per member.

14 PENSION SCHEME

Rape Crisis Scotland participates in the SCVO Pension Scheme. The SCVO Pension Scheme is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme. The Scheme is funded and is contracted out of the state scheme.

The Scheme operated a single benefit structure, final salary with a $^{1}/_{60}^{th}$ accrual rate to September 2007. From October 2007 there are two benefit structures available. These are final salary with a $^{1}/_{60}^{th}$ accrual rate and final salary with a $^{1}/_{80}^{th}$ accrual rate.

Rape Crisis Scotland has decided to continue to offer the ¹/₆₀th accrual benefit structure to employees from October 2007.

The Trustee commissions an actuarial valuation of the Scheme every 3 years. The main purpose of the valuation is to determine the financial position of the Scheme in order to determine the level of future contributions required so that the Scheme can meet its pension obligations as they fall due.

The actuarial valuation assesses whether the Scheme's assets at the valuation date are likely to be sufficient to pay the pension benefits accrued by members as at the valuation date. Asset values are calculated by reference to market levels. Accrued pension benefits are valued by discounting expected future benefit payments using a discount rate calculated by reference to the expected future investment returns.

During the accounting period Rape Crisis Scotland paid contributions at the rate of 15.2%. Member contributions were 7.5%.

As at the Balance Sheet date there were 3 active members of the Scheme employed by Rape Crisis Scotland. The annual pensionable payroll in respect of these members was £93,073. Rape Crisis Scotland continues to offer membership of the Scheme to its employees.

It is not possible in the normal course of events to identify on a consistent and reasonable basis the share of underlying assets and liabilities belonging to individual participating employers. This is because the scheme is a multi-employer scheme assets are co-mingled for investment purposes and benefits are paid from total scheme assets. Accordingly, due to the nature of the Plan, the accounting charge for the period under FRS17 represents the employer contribution payable.

14 PENSION SCHEME (cont'd)

The last formal valuation of the Scheme was performed as at 30 September 2005. Preliminary results of the formal valuation as at 30 September 2008 have been calculated by a professionally qualified actuary using the "projected unit credit" method. The market value of the Scheme's assets at 30 September 2008 was £45.1 million. The valuation revealed a shortfall of assets compared with the value of liabilities of £20.438 million (equivalent to a past service funding level of 68.8%).

The financial assumptions underlying the valuation as at 30 September 2005 were as follows:

•	Investment return pre retirement Investment return post retirement	% pa 6.8 4.6
•	Rate of salary increases	4.2 for five years and 4.7 per annum thereafter
•	Rate of pension increases: o For pensionable service pre 6 April 200: o For pensionable service post 5 April 200 Rate of price inflation	

The long term joint contribution rates required from employers and members to meet the cost of future benefit accrual were assessed at:

Benefit structure	Long term joint contribution rate (% of pensionable salaries)
Final salary ¹ / ₆₀ th accrual rate	20.0% Comprising employer contributions of 12.5% and member contributions of 7.5%
Final salary ¹ / ₈₀ th accrual rate	15.3% Comprising employer contributions of 9.3% and member contributions of 6.0%

If an actuarial valuation reveals a shortfall of assets compared to liabilities the Trustee must prepare a recovery plan setting out the steps to be taken to make up the shortfall.

14 PENSION SCHEME (cont'd)

In view of the past service shortfall it was agreed that the joint contribution rates, including the deficit contribution of 2.7%, shown in the table below would be payable with effect from 1 October 2007.

Benefit structure	Joint contribution rate (% of pensionable salaries)
Final salary 1/60 th accrual rate	22.7% Comprising employer contributions of 15.2% and member contributions of 7.5%
Final salary ¹ / ₈₀ th accrual rate	18.0% Comprising employer contributions of 12.0% and member contributions of 6.0%

New employers joining the Scheme, including Rape Crisis Scotland, pay contributions at the ongoing employer future service contribution rate. This rate applies from the date the employer joins the Scheme to the date of the second actuarial valuation of the Scheme following the date of joining. Rape Crisis Scotland will start paying the standard contribution rate, including the deficit contributions, from October 2008.

New employers also pay an additional age loading if the average age of their members is higher than the average age of the Scheme membership. This loading applies from the date the employer joins the Scheme to the date of the second actuarial valuation of the Scheme following the date of joining, or such earlier date as agreed between the SCVO Pensions Committee and the Scheme Actuary. Rape Crisis Scotland does not pay an age loading.

Employers that have closed the Scheme to new entrants and are required to pay an additional contribution loading to reflect the higher costs of a closed arrangement. This loading is based on actuarial advice and is subject to change from time to time. The loading is currently 3.5%.

If the valuation assumptions are borne out in practice this pattern of contributions should be sufficient to eliminate the past service deficit, or an ongoing funding basis, by 31 March 2022.

A copy of the recovery plan must be sent to the Pensions Regulator. The Regulator has the power under Part 3 of the Pensions Act 2004 to issue scheme funding directions where it believes that the actuarial valuation assumptions and/or recovery plan are inappropriate. For example the Regulator could require that the Trustee strengthens the actuarial assumptions (which would increase the scheme liabilities and hence impact on the recovery plan) or impose a schedule of contributions on the Scheme (which would effectively amend the terms of the recovery plan).

Notes to the Accounts (cont'd) For the year ended 31 March 2009

Page 20

14 PENSION SCHEME (cont'd)

The recovery plan from the 2008 valuation will be submitted to the Pensions Regulator in due course.

The next actuarial valuation of the Scheme will be carried out as at 30 September 2011.

Following a change in legislation in September 2005 there is a potential debt on the employer that could be levied by the Trustee of the Scheme. The debt is due in the event of the employer ceasing to participate in the Scheme or the Scheme winding up.

The debt for the Scheme as a whole is calculated by comparing the liabilities for the Scheme (calculated on a buy-out basis, i.e. the cost of securing benefits by purchasing annuity policies from an insurer, plus an allowance for expenses) with the assets of the Scheme. If the liabilities exceed assets there is a buy-out debt.

The leaving employer's share of the buy-out debt is the proportion of the Scheme's liability attributable to employment with the leaving employer compared to the total amount of the Scheme's liabilities (relating to employment with all the currently participating employers). The leaving employer's debt therefore includes a share of any 'orphan' liabilities in respect of previously participating employers. The amount of the debt therefore depends on many factors including total Scheme liabilities, Scheme investment performance, the liabilities in respect of current and former employees of the employer, financial conditions at the time of the cessation event and the insurance buy-out market. The amounts of debt can therefore be volatile over time.

Rape Crisis Scotland has been notified by the Pensions Trust of the estimated employer debt on withdrawal from the Plan based on the financial position of the Scheme as at 30 September 2008. As of this date the estimated employer debt for Rape Crisis Scotland was £100,000.