JADE PALACE TRADING LIMITED ABBREVIATED UNAUDITED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2012

Whitelaw Wells **Chartered Accountants** 9 Royal Crescent Glasgow G3 7SP

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11/01/2013 COMPANIES HOUSE

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JADE PALACE TRADING LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2012

DIRECTORS:

Robert Yuk Kin Leung

Peter Yuk Sang Leung

SECRETARY:

Peter Yuk Sang Leung

REGISTERED OFFICE:

9 Royal Crescent

Glasgow G3 7SP

REGISTERED NUMBER:

SC247605 (Scotland)

ACCOUNTANTS:

Whitelaw Wells

Chartered Accountants

9 Royal Crescent

Glasgow G3 7SP

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET 31 JULY 2012

		2012	2	2011	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	2		1		81
Investment property	3		200,000		200,000
			200,001		200,081
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		4,349		75,182	
Cash at bank and in hand		16,656		28,848	
		21,005		104,030	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year		99,164		132,060	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(78,159)		(28,030)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	Γ LIABILI	ries -	121,842		172,051
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	4		10,000		10,000
Revaluation reserve			(171,689)		(171,689)
Profit and loss account			283,531		333,740
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			121,842		172,051
					

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 July 2012.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2012 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET - continued 31 JULY 2012

The abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the specimens. Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.	ecial provisions of	Part 15 of	the
The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on were signed on its behalf by:	2-1-	- /3	and
Robert Yuk Kin Leung - Director			

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover and Revenue Recognition

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents the value of rental income receivable during the year. Income is recognised on the basis of rent due for the period.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Equipment and Fittings - 15% on cost

Investment property

Investment properties are shown at their open market value. The surplus or deficit arising from the annual revaluation is transferred to the investment revaluation reserve unless a deficit, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year.

This is in accordance with the FRSSE which, unlike the Companies Act 2006, does not require depreciation of investment properties. Investment properties are held for their investment potential and not for use by the company and so their current value is of prime importance. The departure from the provisions of the Act is required in order to give a true and fair view.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2012

2.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASS	ETS			
					Total £
	COST At 1 August 2011 and 31 July 2012				72,390
	DEPRECIATION At 1 August 2011 Charge for year				72,309
	At 31 July 2012				72,389
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 July 2012				1
	At 31 July 2011				81
3.	INVESTMENT PROPER	RTY			Total
	COST OR VALUATION At 1 August 2011 and 31 July 2012				£ 200,000
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 July 2012				200,000
	At 31 July 2011				200,000
4.	CALLED UP SHARE CA	APITAL			
	Allotted, issued and fully p	oaid:	XY , ,	2012	2011
	Number: Class:		Nominal value:	2012 £	2011 £
	10,000 Ordinary		£1	10,000	10,000

5. TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS

During the year the director borrowed various sums of money from the company resulting in a loan balance at the year end amounting to £22 (2011: £74 creditor).

The loan will be repaid in full within 9 months of the year end.