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Company Registration No. SC243125 (Scotland)

ELGIN HEALTH (EASTER ROSS) HOLDINGS LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

MA Donn

JS Gordon FD Laing P K Johnstone

(Appointed 1 November 2022)

Secretary

Resolis Limited

Company number

SC243125

Registered office

Exchange Tower

11th Floor

19 Canning Street

Edinburgh Scotland EH3 8EG

Auditor

Johnston Carmichael LLP

7 - 11 Melville Street

Edinburgh EH3 7PE

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The directors present their annual report and financial statements of Elgin Health (Easter Ross) Holdings Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of a Holding Company to Elgin Heath (Easter Ross) Limited.

Results and dividends

The profit for the financial year, after taxation, amounted to £79,727 (2021: £110,493).

The profit for the financial year will be transferred to reserves.

The directors are satisfied with the overall performance of the company and do not foresee any significant change in the company's activities in the coming financial year.

Ordinary dividends were paid amounting to £79,727. The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend. As set out in note 5. Following the year end the company paid a dividend of £134,017.

Key Performance Indicators

In its role as a holding company there are no key performance indicators for the directors to monitor. However, from a group point of view the performance of the investment is assessed every six months by testing the cash resources against the bank lending covenants. The key indicator being the debt service cover ratio. The investment has been compliant with the covenants laid out in the Group loan agreement.

Going Concern

Cash flow forecasts are prepared for the underlying investment looking over the expected life of the asset and so including the 12 month period from the date the financial statements are signed. In drawing up these forecasts, the directors have made assumptions based upon their view of the current and future economic conditions, including the impact of Covid-19, that will prevail over the forecast period. The Company's cash flows are dependent on the performance of its investment. After reviewing the performance of the investment, which is done on a regular basis, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. In light of this, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Company's annual financial statements.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

MA Donn

JS Gordon

FD Laing

GM Steven

(Appointed 1 July 2021 and resigned 28 September 2022)

P K Johnstone

(Appointed 1 November 2022)

R Christie

(Resigned 1 July 2022)

Directors' insurance

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors during the year. These provisions remain in force at the reporting date.

Auditor

The auditor, Johnston Carmichael LLP, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Small companies exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Michael d Vonn	
MA Donn	
Director	
20-12-22	
Date:	

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Annual Report and financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF ELGIN HEALTH (EASTER ROSS) HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Elgin Health (Easter Ross) Holdings Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the statement of income and retained earnings, the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF ELGIN HEALTH (EASTER ROSS) HOLDINGS LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

We assessed whether the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations by considering their experience, past performance and support available.

All engagement team members were briefed on relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks at the planning stage of the audit. Engagement team members were reminded to remain alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Company and the sector in which it operates, focusing on those provisions that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The most relevant frameworks we identified include:

- · Companies Act 2006;
- · UK Accounting Standards, including FRS 102; and
- · UK corporation taxes legislation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF ELGIN HEALTH (EASTER ROSS) HOLDINGS LIMITED

We gained an understanding of how the Company is complying with these laws and regulations by making enquiries of management and those charged with governance. We corroborated these enquiries through our review of any relevant correspondence with regulatory bodies and group board meeting minutes.

We assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, by meeting with management and those charged with governance to understand where it was considered there was susceptibility to fraud. This evaluation also considered how management and those charged with governance were remunerated and whether this provided an incentive for fraudulent activity. We considered the overall control environment and how management and those charged with governance oversee the implementation and operation of controls. In areas of the financial statements where the risks were considered to be higher, we performed procedures to address each identified risk.

In addition to the above, the following procedures were performed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free of material fraud or error:

- Reviewing group minutes of meetings of those charged with governance for reference to: breaches of laws and regulation or for any indication of any potential litigation and claims; and events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud;
- Reviewing the level of and reasoning behind the Company's procurement of legal and professional services:
- Performing audit work procedures over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of
 journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of
 significant transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing judgements made by
 management in their calculation of accounting estimates for potential management bias; and
- Agreement of the financial statement disclosures to supporting documentation.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Johnson Carnichael Wil

Allison Dalton (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Johnston Carmichael LLP

23 December 2022 Date:

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

7 - 11 Melville Street Edinburgh EH3 7PE

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

•		2022	2021
	Notes	£	£
Income from shares in group undertakings	5	79,727	110,493
Interest receivable from group undertakings	5 _	113,000	114,350
Interest payable and similar expenses	6	(113,000)	(114,350)
Profit before taxation		79,727	110,493
Tax on profit		. <u>-</u>	-
Profit for the financial year		79,727	110,493
Retained earnings brought forward		-	-
Dividends	7	(79,727)	(110,493)
Retained earnings carried forward		-	-

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	8		100,000		100,000
Current assets					
Debtors falling due after more than one					
year	10	806,103		806,103	
Debtors falling due within one year	10	28,415		28,415	
		834,518		834,518	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(28,416)		(28,416)	
Net current assets			806,102		806,102
Total assets less current liabilities			906,102		906,102
Creditors: amounts falling due after			(000 400)		(000 400
more than one year	. 12		(806,102)		(806,102
Net assets			100,000		100,000
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	13		1,000		1,000
Share premium account			99,000		99,000
Total equity			100,000		100,000
• •				•	

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Michael a Donn

MA Donn

Director

Company Registration No. SC243125

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Elgin Health (Easter Ross) Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is Exchange Tower, 11th Floor, 19 Canning Street, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 8EG.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The entity has taken advantage of the option not to prepare consolidated financial statements contained in section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 on the basis that the entity and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group.

1.2 Going concern

Cash flow forecasts are prepared for the underlying investment looking over the expected life of the asset and so including the 12 month period from the date the financial statements are signed. In drawing up these forecasts, the directors have made assumptions based upon their view of the current and future economic conditions, including the impact of Covid-19, that will prevail over the forecast period. The Company's cash flows are dependent on the performance of its investment. After reviewing the performance of the investment, which is done on a regular basis, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. In light of this, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Company's annual financial statements.

1.3 Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

1.4 Financial instruments

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

(Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows.

Impairment of assets

The carrying value of those assets recorded in the Company's Statement of Financial Position, at amortised cost, could be materially reduced where circumstances exist which might indicate that an asset has been impaired and an impairment review is performed. Impairment reviews consider the fair value and or value in use of the potentially impaired asset or assets and compares that with the carrying value of the asset or assets in the Statement of Financial Position. Any reduction in value arising from such a review would be recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Impairment reviews involve the significant use of assumptions. Consideration has to be given as to the price that could be obtained for the asset or assets, or in relation to a consideration of value in use, estimates of the future cash flows that could be generated by the potentially impaired asset or assets, together with a consideration of an appropriate discount rate to apply to those cash flows.

3 Auditor's remuneration

The audit fee of £1,080 (2021: £1,030) was borne by the subsidiary company Elgin Health (Easter Ross) Limited. Auditor's remuneration is payable to Johnston Carmichael LLP.

4 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was nil (2021: nil)

5 Interest receivable and similar income

	·	2022	2021
		£	£
	Interest receivable and similar income includes the following:		
	Income from shares in group undertakings	79,727	110,493
	Interest receivable from group companies	113,000	114,350
			====
6	Interest payable and similar expenses		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:		
	Interest payable to group undertakings	56,803	57,367
	Suboridnared debt interest payable	56,197	56,983
		113,000	114,350
		·	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Amounts owed by group undertakings

Total debtors

	Dividends		•		
		2022	2021	2022	2021
		Per share	Per share	Total	Total
	Ordinantahara	Pence	Pence	£	£
	Ordinary shares Interim paid	79.73	110.49	79,727	110,493
	monii paid				
8	Fixed asset investments				
				2022 £	2021 £
	Shares in group undertakings and	d participating interests		100,000	100,000
9	Subsidiaries				
J	Subsidiaries				
	Details of the company's subsidia	ries at 31 March 2022 are as f	follows:		
	Name of undertaking	Registered office		Class of	% Held
				shares held	Direct
					5551
	Elgin Health (Easter Ross) Limited	Scotland		Ordinary	
	Elgin Health (Easter Ross) Limited The aggregate capital and reser follows:		ar of the subsic	•	100.00
	The aggregate capital and reser		ar of the subsic	•	100.00
	The aggregate capital and reser follows:		ar of the subsic	liaries noted at	100.00
	The aggregate capital and reser follows:		ar of the subsic	liaries noted at Capital and Reserves	100.00 bove was as Profit/(Loss)
	The aggregate capital and reser follows: Name of undertaking	ves and the result for the ye	ections and have	Capital and Reserves £ 1,249,799	100.00 pove was as Profit/(Loss) £ 24,279 e expectation
10	The aggregate capital and reser follows: Name of undertaking Elgin Health (Easter Ross) Limited The directors have reviewed the that no impairment indicators e	ves and the result for the ye	ections and have	Capital and Reserves £ 1,249,799 e a reasonable erational existe	100.00 bove was as Profit/(Loss) £ 24,279 e expectation ence for the
10	The aggregate capital and reser follows: Name of undertaking Elgin Health (Easter Ross) Limited The directors have reviewed the that no impairment indicators e foreseeable future.	ves and the result for the ye investment forecasts and proje xist and the investment will	ections and have	Capital and Reserves £ 1,249,799	100.00 bove was as Profit/(Loss) £ 24,279 expectation ence for the
10	The aggregate capital and reser follows: Name of undertaking Elgin Health (Easter Ross) Limited The directors have reviewed the that no impairment indicators e foreseeable future. Debtors	ves and the result for the ye investment forecasts and projection and the investment will year:	ections and have	Capital and Reserves £ 1,249,799 e a reasonable erational existe	100.00 bove was as Profit/(Loss) £ 24,279 e expectation ence for the 2021 £
10	The aggregate capital and reser follows: Name of undertaking Elgin Health (Easter Ross) Limited The directors have reviewed the that no impairment indicators e foreseeable future. Debtors Amounts falling due within one	ves and the result for the ye investment forecasts and projection and the investment will year:	ections and have	Capital and Reserves £ 1,249,799 e a reasonable erational existe	100.00 bove was as Profit/(Loss) £ 24,279 e expectation ence for the

806,103 806,103

834,518 834,518

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

11	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	14,208	14,208
	Other creditors	14,208	14,208
		28,416	28,416
12	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	·	2022	2021
		£	£
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	405,212	403,051
	Other creditors	400,890	403,051
		806,102	806,102

In May 2004 the Company borrowed £806,102 in Subordinated debt provided by Elgin Infrastructure Limited (50.3%) and Aberdeen Infrastructure Limited (49.7%) the interest rate of the loan is 14.1% per annum with the capital element being repaid by a one off payment in the year 2029. The Coupon on the principal accrues daily and is payable quarterly. The investment sum was advanced under a subordinated loan agreement and is therefore unsecured, and would rank alongside ordinary creditors in the case of a winding up.

13 Called up share capital

	2022	2021	2022	2021
Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary shares of 1p each	100,000	100,000	1,000	1,000

14 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

The company has granted a guarantee supported by a debenture incorporation fixed and floating charges over its assets and undertaking, in security of its wholly owned subsidiary's term loan from Bank of Scotland plc. Senior debt due to Bank of Scotland plc at the year end was £3,609,217 (2021: £4,067,994).

15 Related party transactions

During the year interest of £56,803 (2021: £57,367) was paid to Elgin Infrastructure Limited. During the year interest of £56,197 (2021: £56,983) was paid to Aberdeen Infrastructure Limited.

16 Parent company

The company is owned 50% by Elgin Infrastructure Limited, which is jointly owned between Cobalt Project Investment Limited and Ednaston Project Investments Limited, and 50% by Aberdeen Infrastructure (No.3) Limited. There is no ultimate controlling party.