FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 December 2010

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Ochil Developments (UK) Limited OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

M. Al Tajir D. King

SECRETARY

A. G. McIntosh

REGISTERED OFFICE

Burnside of Balhaldie Dunblane Perthshire FK15 0NB

AUDITOR

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP Chartered Accountants Breckenridge House 274 Sauchiehall Street Glasgow G2 3EH

BANKERS

Bank of Scotland The Mound Edinburgh EH1 1YZ

Ochil Developments (UK) Limited DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and financial statements of Ochil Developments (UK) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the year was the development of land for housing and leisure purposes.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

M. Al Tajir

D. King

I. Valder (resigned 10 May 2011)

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed, as far as they are aware, that there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor.

AUDITOR

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP has indicated its willingness to continue in office.

SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

By order of the board

A. G. McIntosh

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Ochil Developments (UK) Limited DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF OCHIL DEVELOPMENTS (UK) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 11. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As more fully explained in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its loss for the year then ended;

 have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities; and

- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or

the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or

- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or

- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report.

ALAN AITCHISON (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of BAKER TILLY UK AUDIT LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants Breckenridge House 274 Sauchiehall Street Glasgow G2 3EH

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Ochil Developments (UK) Limited PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Notes	2010 £	2009 £
TURNOVER	110163	- -	<u>~</u>
Administrative expenses		27,693	530,208
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(27,693)	(530,208)
Taxation	2	_	279,720
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	10	(27,693)	(809,928)

BALANCE SHEET
31 December 2010

	Notes	2010 £	2009 £
FIXED ASSETS	110163	-	~
Tangible assets	3	44,864,672	40,213,761
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	4	644,975	667,843
Cash at bank and in hand		93	129
		645,068	667,972
CREDITORS	5	20 572 002	25 017 992
Amounts falling due within one year	3	30,573,083	25,917,883
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(29,928,015)	(25,249,911)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		14,936,657	14,963,850
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	6	15,000,500	15,000,000
Deferred taxation	7	1,136,911	1,136,911
		(1,200,754)	(1,173,061)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	9	1	1
Profit and loss account	10	(1,200,755)	(1,173,062)
DEFICIT		(1,200,754)	(1,173,061)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

M: Al Tajir Director

Ochil Developments (UK) Limited ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

FIXED ASSETS

Property held for development is stated at cost including, where appropriate, gross capitalised interest less provision for any known or anticipated loss.

DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of a tangible fixed asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

25% Reducing balance

Motor Vehicles

- 25% Reducing balance

Computer Equipment

33.33% Reducing balance

HIRE PURCHASE AGREEMENTS

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

GOING CONCERN

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as, after making enquiries, the Directors have the reasonable expectation that the Company will secure the adequate resources to continue for the foreseeable future. The Company's Bankers have agreed to provide an appropriate banking facility to support the requirements of the Company.

Ochil Developments (UK) Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2010

1	OPERATING LOSS		
	Operating loss is stated after charging:		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Depreciation of owned fixed assets Depreciation of assets held under hire purchase agreements Auditor's fees	7,000	(10,141) 10,141 7,472
2	TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	Analysis of charge in the year		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Deferred tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences (note 7) Losses Other	148,075 (148,075)	- 279,720
	Total deferred tax (note 7)		279,720
	Factors affecting current tax charge		
	The tax assessed on the loss on ordinary activities for the year is the same as the tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%), as explained below	ne standard rate o	f corporation
		2010 £	2009 £
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(27,693)	(530,208)
	Loss on ordinary activities by rate of tax	(7,754)	(148,458)
	Effects of:	4 977	20.200
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	4,877 (14,186)	20,280 (279,720)
	Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation Group relief surrendered prior to payment	251,186	431,809
	Capitalised expenses deductible for tax purposes	(234,123)	751,009
	Sundry tax adjusting items	(237,123)	(23,911)
	Sunding the most supporting the most supportin		(23,711)
	Total current tax	-	

Ochil Developments (UK) Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2010

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Development in Progress £	Plant & Machinery £	Motor Vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 January 2010	39,948,009	321,447	43,796	39,886	40,353,138
Additions	4,717,747	875	_	1,050	4,719,672
At 31 December 2010	44,665,756	322,322	43,796	40,936	45,072,810
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2010	_	97,880	25,319	16,178	139,377
Charge for the year	_	56,092	4,620	8,049	68,761
At 31 December 2010		153,972	29,939	24,227	208,138
Net book value					
At 31 December 2010	44,665,756	168,350	13,857	16,709	44,864,672
At 31 December 2009	39,948,009	223,567	18,477	23,708	40,213,761

During the year the company capitalised finance costs of £981,066 (2008: £1,356,913).

Hire purchase agreements

Included within the net book value of £44,864,672 is £Nil (2009 - £38,606) relating to assets held under hire purchase agreements. The depreciation charged to the financial statements in the year in respect of such assets amounted to £Nil (2009 - £10,141).

DEBTORS

		2010	2009
		£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	644,975	644,975
	VAT recoverable	_	22,868
		644,975	667,843
5	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
•	orassar oras ramounto taming and within one year		
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Bank overdrafts	30,179,220	25,594,910
	Other taxation and social security costs	280,025	12,251
	Obligations under hire purchase agreements	_	13,359
	Other creditors	113,838	297,363
		30,573,083	25,917,883
	-		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2010

5 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year (continue	5	CREDITORS:	Amounts falli	ng due within	one year (continued
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The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

	2010	2009
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	30,179,220	25,594,910

The Bank of Scotland hold a standard security and floating charge over the property and assets of the company.

6 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2010	2009
	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors	15,000,000 500	15,000,000
	15,000,500	15,000,000

7 DEFERRED TAXATION

The movement in the deferred taxation provision during the year was:

	2010	2009
	£	£
Provision brought forward	1,136,911	857,191
Profit and loss account movement arising during the year		279,720
Provision carried forward	1,136,911	1,136,911

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	2010	2009
	£	£
Tax losses available	-	(148,075)
Other timing differences	1,136,911	1,284,986
	1,136,911	1,136,911

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2010

8 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The companies related party transactions during the year are summarised as follows:-

Related Party	Relationship T	ransactions	Amount	Balance due (to)/
			£	from at 31/12/10 £
King Farms Limited	Common Director	Management charges (131,64') Other purchases	7) (2,150)	nil
Blackford Farms Limited	Common Director	Management charges (120,000 Land purchase	(75,000)	nil
King Contractors (Perth) Limited	Common Director	Purchases	(162,929)	nil
SHARE CAPITAL				
			2010 £	2009 £
Allotted, called up and a 1 Ordinary shares of £1			1	1
PROFIT AND LOSS A	CCOUNT			
At the beginning of the Loss for the financial year.			2010 £ (1,173,062) (27,693)	2009 £ (363,134) (809,928)

11 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

At the end of the year

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The directors regard Park Tower Holdings Establishment, which is registered in Liechtenstein, to be the ultimate parent company. The immediate parent undertaking is Ochil Developments Limited, which is registered in Gibraltar.

(1,200,755)

(1,173,062)