Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

25 July 2014

Company Number SC229817

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014

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Directors

Colin Loudon Roslynn Mackay Allan McLaughlin John Radford Graham Oxburgh

Secretary and registered office

Allan McLaughlin, Cartside Mills, Kilbarchan, Renfrewshire, PA10 2AF

Company number

SC229817

Auditors

BDO LLP, 4 Atlantic Quay, 70 York Street, Glasgow, G2 8JX

Bankers

Bank of Scotland, 110 St Vincent Street, Glasgow, G2 5ER

Solicitors

Morton Fraser LLP, Quartermile Two, 2 Lister Square, Edinburgh, EH3 9GL

Strategic report for the year ended 25 July 2014

The directors present their strategic report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014.

Review of business

The financial year 2013/14 saw a growth in turnover of 6% to a high of £27.4m with some of the highest growth rates coming from our European markets where our niche, higher margin products continue to attract new customers.

Gross Profit declined by 0.2% reflecting the turbulent pressures in the UK market where an over-supply of capacity and increased competition resulted in some of the larger manufacturers dropping prices to protect market share.

Trading levels in 2014/15 have continued around the same level as in 2013/14 however a focus on higher margin products and a company-wide cost saving program means that at the end of March we are ahead of last year's profit levels.

As noted in last year's accounts, in October 2013 there was a buy-out of some shareholders with the end result being that the business is now completely owned by the directors. The dividends which are recorded in these accounts are the mechanism of paying fair value to the exiting shareholders.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The continued fluctuations in the performances of UK and European economies creates a degree of uncertainty within which we have to operate, however we have proved over the past decade that we can trade profitably at any level of turnover and our ability to react quickly to changes gives us the confidence that there are currently no unmanageable risks facing the business.

Key performance indicators

The key performance indicators measured by the business include:

Turnover – increased in the year by 6% to £27.4m

Output – the volume of output was 61,804 sq m, up 5% on the previous year

Gross Margin – declined by 0.2% in 2013/14 and has improved by 2% in the year to date 2014/15

Overheads – increased by 0.1% of Turnover and has reduced by 2% in in the year to date 2014/15

Future developments

The ever changing nature of consumer demand, combined with design led change and technological advances, means that there are a steady stream of opportunities to work with our customers and end users to introduce new products to a wide range of sectors.

We are currently working on specific market segments which are moving to pressure sensitive self-adhesive labels; we are working with OEM's and customers to develop digital printing solutions for technically demanding environments; we are re-engineering some existing product lines to provide better quality products at competitive prices.

In summary, despite the continuing challenges at a macro-economic level we are confident of continuing to develop and prosper.

By order of the board

Allan McLaughlin Secretary 20 April 2015

Report of the directors for the year ended 25 July 2014

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 6 and shows the profit for the year.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of speciality coating and converting of paper products.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no events since the balance sheet date which materially affect the position of the company.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were:

Ronald Easton (resigned 19 December 2014)
Colin Loudon
Roslynn Mackay
Allan McLaughlin
John Radford
Graham Oxburgh (appointed 21 February 2014)
Brendan Murphy (resigned 21 February 2014)

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 25 July 2014 (continued)

Auditors

The current directors have taken all the steps they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP were appointed as auditors during the year and are deemed to be re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

By order of the board

Allan McLaughlin - Secretary

20 April 2015

Independent auditor's report

To the member of Smith and McLaurin Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Smith and McLaurin Limited for the year ended 25 July 2014 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's member in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's member those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's member, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 25 July 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the strategic report and directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

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Neil Craig (senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor Glasgow United Kingdom

20 April 2015

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Profit and loss account for the year ended 25 July 2014

	Note	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Turnover	2	27,406	25,947
Cost of sales		21,723	20,250
Gross profit		5,683	5,697
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		2,279 2,940	2,077 2,836
Operating profit	·3	464	784
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(97)	(49)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		367	735
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7	28	131
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		339	604

All amounts relate to continuing activities.
All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account.

Balance sheet at 25 July 2014

Company number SC229817	Note	2014 £'000	2014 £'000	2013 £'000	2013 £'000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9		1,415		1,407
Fixed asset investments	10		<u> 4</u>		4
			1,419		1,411
Current assets					
Stocks	11	2,734		3,222	
Debtors - due within one year	12	5,345		5,227	
Debtors - due after more than one year	12	1,661		1,661	
				···	
Total debtors		7,006		6,888	
Cash at bank and in hand		223		78	
		9,963		10,188	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	13	9,257		7,599	
Net current assets			706		2,589
Total assets less current liabilities			2,125		4,000
Creditors: amounts falling due after					
more than one year	14	37	•	-	
Provisions for liabilities	15	120 ———		110	
			157		110
			1,968 		3,890
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	17		50		50
Share premium account	18		22		22
Profit and loss account	18		1,896		3,818
Shareholder's funds	19		1,968		3,890
	. •		.,		

The notes on pages 9 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 25 July 2014 (continued)

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 April 2015.

Allan McLaughlin

Director

Graham Oxburgh

Director

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)' not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within the group headed by Smith & McLaurin Holdings Limited and the company is included in consolidated financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts derived from the provision of goods and services which fall within the company's principal activities, which are stated net of VAT and trade discounts.

Research and development

Research expenditure is written off to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred. Development expenditure is written off in the same way unless the directors are satisfied as to the technical, commercial and financial viability of individual projects. In this situation, the expenditure is deferred and amortised over the period during which the company is expected to benefit.

Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Tenant's improvements Plant and machinery

- 10 years straight line

- 2 to 10 years straight line

Stocks

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes materials, direct labour and production overheads appropriate to the relevant stage of production. Net reaslisable value is based on estimated selling price less all further costs to completion and relevant marketing, selling and distribution costs.

Pension costs

The company contributes to personal pension schemes maintained for each eligible employee. Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they become payable.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full on all timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more than likely than not they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets or liabilities are not discounted.

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into sterling at the rates ruling when they occurred. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet dates. Any differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Valuation of investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less any provision for impairment.

Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable over the term of the lease. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account over the shorter of estimated useful economic life and the period of the lease.

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components so that the interest element of the payment is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and is calculated so that it represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lessor.

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2 Turnover

Analysis by geographical market:	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
United Kingdom Europe Other	18,073 9,322 11	18,120 7,823 4
	27,406	25,947

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014 (continued)

3	Operating profit		
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	This is arrived at after charging/(crediting):		
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases Hire of other assets - operating leases Fees payable to the company's auditor for the auditing of the	263 102 160	231 93 160
	company's annual accounts Exchange differences	21 (280)	17 229
4	Employees		
	Staff costs (including directors) consist of:		
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Wages and salaries	2,911	2,776
	Social security costs Other pension costs	307 152	294 125
		3,370	3,195
	The average number of employees (including directors) during the year was as follows:	ows:	
		2014 Number	2013 Number
	Production	60	59
	Selling and distribution Administration	6 25	6 26 ———
		91	91

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014 (continued)

5	Directors' remuneration		
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	606 40	508 46

There were 3 directors in the company's defined contribution pension scheme during the year (2013 - 4).

The total amount payable to the highest paid director in respect of emoluments was £142,000 (2013 - £112,000). Company pension contributions of £14,000 (2013 - £11,000) were made to a money purchase scheme on their behalf.

6 Interest payable and similar charges

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Bank loans and overdrafts Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	92 5	49 -
		
	97	49

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014 (continued)

7	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities		
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	UK Corporation tax		
	Current tax on profits of the year Adjustment in respect of previous periods	28 (10)	111
	Total current tax	18	111
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of previous periods	24 (14)	24 (4)
	Movement in deferred tax provision	10	20
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	28	131
	The tax assessed for the year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax before tax. The differences are explained below:	in the UK applie	ed to profit
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	367	735
	Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK		
	of 22.33% (2013 - 23.15%) Effect of:	82	170
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	7	20
	Capital allowances for period in (excess)/deficit of depreciation Prior year adjustment	(17) (10)	11
	R&D Tax credit Group relief	(10) (31) (13)	(90)
	Current tax charge for the year	18	111

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014 (continued)

8	Dividends			
			2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Ordinary shares Interim paid of £45.22 (2013 - £16.50) per share		2,261	825
	The dividend in both years was the mechanism of payin	g fair value to exiting :	shareholders.	
9	Tangible fixed assets			
		Leasehold land and buildings £'000	Plant and machinery £'000	Total £'000
	Cost At 27 July 2013 Additions	481 46	3,098 225	3,579 271
	At 25 July 2014	527	3,323	3,850
	Depreciation At 27 July 2013 Provided for the year	214 50	1,958 213 ———	2,172 263
	At 25 July 2014	264	2,171	2,435
	Net book value At 25 July 2014	263	1,152	1,415
	At 27 July 2013	267	1,140	1,407

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014 (continued)

10 Fixed asset investments

Shares in participating interests £'000

Cost or valuation
At 27 July 2013 and 25 July 2014

4

The shares in participating interests represent 25% of the subscribed share capital of Progress B.V., a company registered in the Netherlands.

11 Stocks

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Raw materials and consumables Work in progress Finished goods and goods for resale	1,425 574 735	1,479 851 892
	2,734	3,222

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the amounts stated above.

12 Debtors

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Amounts receivable within one year		
Trade debtors	5,050	5,154
Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	232	- 17
Prepayments and accrued income	63	56
•		
	5,345	5,227
Amounts receivable after more than one year	•	
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,661	1,661
Total debtors	7,006	6,888

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014 (continued)

13	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
	,			2014	2013
				£'000	£'000
	Bank loans and overdrafts (secured)			3,270	1,500
	Trade creditors			4,891	5,152
	Corporation tax			28	11.
	Other taxation and social security			369	429
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase of	contracts		143	
	Other creditors			102	35
	Accruals and deferred income			454	372
				0.257	7.500
				9,257	7,599
	Included within bank loans and overdrafts is an amount invoice discounting facility. Bank loans and over the entire property and undertakings of the company	drafts are sec			
4		drafts are sec			
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ı	an invoice discounting facility. Bank loans and over the entire property and undertakings of the company. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than of the company of the company. Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase of the company of the com	drafts are sec	ured by a bo	2014 £'000 37	2013 £'000

£'000

3,270

In one year or less, or on demand

two years

In more than one year but not more than

£'000

1,500

£'000

143

37

£'000

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014 (continued)

15 Provisions for liabilities

		Deferred taxation £'000
At 27 July 2013 Utilised in year		110 10
At 25 July 2014		120
Deferred taxation		
	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Accelerated capital allowances Sundry timing differences	125 (5)	115 (5)
	120	110

16 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge amounted to £152,000 (2013 - £125,000). Contributions amounting to £27,000 (2013 - £23,000) were payable to the fund and are included in creditors.

17 Share capital

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
32,500 A Ordinary shares of £1 each 17,500 B Ordinary shares of £1 each	33 17	33 17
	50	50

A and B class shares confer the same rights upon holders and rank pari passu in all respects, save that the directors may declare a different dividend for each class of share. In addition, there are different preemption rights for each class of share.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014 (continued)

18	Reserves		
		Share premium account £'000	Profit and loss account £'000
	At 27 July 2013 Profit for the year Dividends	22 - -	3,818 339 (2,261)
	At 25 July 2014	22	1,896
19	Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds		
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Profit for the year Dividends	339 (2,261)	604 (825)
	Net deductions from shareholder's funds	(1,922)	(221)
	Opening shareholder's funds	3,890	4,111
	Closing shareholder's funds	1,968	3,890

20 Contingent liabilities

At 25 July 2014, the company has an outstanding HMRC bond with a maximum potential liability of £20,000.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014 (continued)

21 Commitments under operating leases

The company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

Land and buildings 2014 £'000	Other 2014 £'000	Land and buildings 2013 £'000	Other 2013 £'000
<u>-</u>	7 74	<u>-</u>	11 30
160	-	160	-
160	81	160	41
	buildings 2014 £'000 - - 160	buildings Other 2014 2014 £'000 £'000 - 7 - 74 160 -	buildings

22 Related party disclosures

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Smith & McLaurin Holdings Limited and has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related party disclosures' not to disclose transactions with Smith & McLaurin Holdings Limited or other wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

	Purchases from related parties £'000	Amounts owed to related parties £'000
2014		
Symphony Corporate Limited	79	6
ACM & Co	-	-
IDM & Co	102	-
Progress B.V.	133	10
CSS Group Pension Scheme	63	-
2013		
Symphony Corporate Limited	29	-
ACM & Co	14	-
IDM & Co	110	-
Progress B.V.	103	15
CSS Group Pension Scheme	79	-

Allan McLaughlin is a director of Symphony Corporate Limited. Allan McLaughlin is also a partner in ACM & Co. Allan McLaughlin is also a trustee of the CSS Group Pension Scheme.

Roslynn Mackay is a partner in IDM & Co.

Smith & McLaurin Ltd owns 25% of the issued share capital of Progress B.V., a company registered in the Netherlands.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 25 July 2014 (continued)

23 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Smith & McLaurin Holdings Limited, incorporated in Scotland. The consolidated accounts of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from its registered office. No other group accounts include the results of the company.