## UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 March 2010

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31/03/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE 42

# UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET At 31 March 2010

FIXED ASSETS	Notes	2010 £	2009 £
Intangible assets	1	236,180	150,786
Tangible assets		51,614 287,794	58,758 209,544
CURRENT ASSETS		12,000	7 400
Stocks Debtors		13,000 201,019	7,800 196,762
Cash at bank and in hand		3	53
		214,022	204,615
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year		(323,646)	(239,428)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(109,624)	(34,813)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		178,170	174,731
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year		(10,099)	(17,032)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		(13,500)	(17,796)
NET ASSETS		154,571	139,903
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	2	31,999	31,999
Share premium account		47,129 75,443	47,129
Profit and loss account			60,775
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS		154,571	139,903

For the year ending 31 March 2010 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies and its members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements on pages 1 to 4 were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 30 March 2011 and are signed on their behalf by:

R Henderson, Director

30 March 2011

# ACCOUNTING POLICIES USED IN THE UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS For the year ended 31 March 2010

#### BASIS OF PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The company meets its working capital requirements through an overdraft facility, which is repayable on demand, and through the continued support of the company directors and shareholders. The company expects to operate within the bank facility currently agreed and to be agreed for the future at the next annual renewal. Accordingly the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from a withdrawal of these financial resources.

#### ACCOUNTING CONVENTION

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007)

#### **TURNOVER**

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for sale of goods and services in the ordinary nature of the business. Turnover is shown net of Value Added Tax, of goods sold and services provided to customers.

#### TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land at rates calculated to write each asset down to its estimated residual value over its expected useful life. The rates or periods generally applicable are:-

Plant and Machinery - 20% straight line Fixtures and Fittings - 20% straight line Computer Equipment - 20% straight line

#### STOCKS

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all direct expenditure and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### **DEFERRED TAX**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

#### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development expenditure is written off as incurred, except that development expenditure incurred on an individual project is carried forward when its future recoverability can reasonably be regarded as assured. Any expenditure carried forward is amortised in line with the expected future sales from the related project.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES USED IN THE UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS For the year ended 31 March 2010  $\,$ 

### **OPERATING LEASES**

The annual rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 March 2010

1	FIXED ASSETS			
		Tangible	Intangible	
		fixed	fixed	
		assets	assets	Total
	Cost	£	£	£
	At 1 April 2009	125,329	181,540	306,869
	Additions	32,831	113,349	146,180
	At 31 March 2010	158,160	294,889	453,049
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2009	66,571	30,754	97,325
	Charge for the year	39,975	27,955	67,930
	At 31 March 2010	106,546	58,709	165,255
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2010	51,614	236,180	287,794
	At 31 March 2009	<u>58,758</u>	150,786	209,544
2	SHARE CAPITAL		2010	2009
	Authorised:		£	2009 £
	100,000 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each		100,000	100,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:			
	31,999 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each		31,999	31,999