Company Registration No. SC201695 (Scotland)
ERRADALE PROPERTIES LTD. UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR
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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Mrs Lorna McCandlish

Mr Ross McCandlish

Secretary

Company number SC201695

Registered office 1 Tullibody Road

Alloa

Clackmannanshire United Kingdom FK10 2LL

Accountants French Duncan LLP

Macfarlane Gray House Castlecraig Business Park

Springbank Road

Stirling Scotland FK7 7WT

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

		201	7	2010	5
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		83,300		83,300
Investment properties	3		511,500		528,905
			594,800		612,205
Current assets					
Debtors	4	3,500		3,502	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,759		6,026	
		9,259		9,528	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(162,427)		(143,210)	
Net current liabilities			(153,168)		(133,682)
Total assets less current liabilities			441,632		478,523
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(317,553)		(352,808)
Net assets			124,079		125,715
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		1,000		1,000
Profit and loss reserves	•		123,079		124,715
Total equity			124,079		125,715

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 September 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 April 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mrs Lorna McCandlish **Director**

Company Registration No. SC201695

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Erradale Properties Ltd. is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is 1 Tullibody Road, Alloa, Clackmannanshire, United Kingdom, FK10 2LL.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017 are the first financial statements of Erradale Properties Ltd. prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 October 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold property not provided

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Where fair value cannot be achieved without undue cost or effort, investment property is accounted for as tangible fixed assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. Any impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtor and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.10 Investment property

Investment property is shown at the most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in market value is transferred to a revaluation reserve.

Tangible fixed assets

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

·	Freehold property £
Cost	
At 1 October 2016 and 30 September 2017	85,000
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 October 2016 and 30 September 2017	1,700
Carrying amount	
At 30 September 2017	83,300
At 30 September 2016	83,300
Investment property	
	2017

Fair value

528,905 (17,405)

£

At 30 September 2017

At 1 October 2016

Revaluations

511,500

Investment property comprises of 6 residential properties. The fair value of the investment property has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at the year end by the directors. The valuation was made on an open market value basis by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

4 Debtors

3

Amounts falling due within one year:	2017 £	2016 £
Other debtors	3,500	3,502

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2017	2016
		Notes	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		32,308	29,361
	Trade creditors		2,496	2,448
	Corporation tax		3,819	4,362
	Other taxation and social security		17,035	1,550
	Other creditors		104,294	102,998
	Accruals and deferred income		2,475	2,491
			162,427	143,210
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		2017 £	2016 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts		317,553	352,808
7	Called up share capital			
-			2017	2016
			£	£
	Ordinary share capital			
	Issued and fully paid			
	776 Ordinary A of £1 each		776	776
	224 Ordinary B of £1 each		224	224
			1,000	1,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.