| Company registration number SC183528 (Scotland)                     |
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| DALLET LOCISTICS LIMITED  |
| PALLET LOGISTICS LIMITED  |
| UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 |
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# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Director** Mr A Milne (Appointed 31 May 2023)

Company number SC183528

Registered office Unit 7

Halbeath Interchange Business Park

Kingseat Road Halbeath Dunfermline United Kingdom KY11 8RY

Accountants Azets

Titanium 1 King's Inch Place Renfrew Renfrewshire United Kingdom PA4 8WF

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# **BALANCE SHEET**

## AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

|                         |       | 2022 |     | 2021 |     |
|-------------------------|-------|------|-----|------|-----|
|                         | Notes | £    | £   | £    | £   |
|                         |       |      |     |      |     |
| Current assets          |       |      |     |      |     |
| Debtors                 | 3     | 100  |     | 100  |     |
|                         |       |      |     |      |     |
| Net current assets      |       |      | 100 |      | 100 |
|                         |       |      | _   |      | _   |
| Capital and reserves    |       |      | -   |      | _   |
| Called up share capital | 4     |      | 100 |      | 100 |
| ·                       |       |      |     |      | _   |

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 September 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr A Milne **Director** 

Company Registration No. SC183528

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Pallet Logistics Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is Unit 7, Halbeath Interchange Business Park, Kingseat Road, Halbeath, Dunfermline, United Kingdom, KY11 8RY.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Profit and loss account

The company has not traded during the year or the preceding financial period. During this time, the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore no Profit and loss account is presented in these financial statements.

#### 1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

## 1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### 3 Debtors

|   | Amounts falling due within one year: |        |        | 2022<br>£ | 2021<br>£ |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|
|   | Amounts owed by group undertakings   |        |        | 100       | 100       |
|   |                                      |        |        |           | _         |
| 4 | Called up share capital              |        |        |           |           |
|   |                                      | 2022   | 2021   | 2022      | 2021      |
|   | Ordinary share capital               | Number | Number | £         | £         |
|   | Issued and fully paid                |        |        |           |           |
|   | Ordinary of £1 each                  | 100    | 100    | 100       | 100       |
|   |                                      |        |        |           |           |

#### 5 Related party transactions

## Transactions with related parties

The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided by Paragraph 33.1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 and accordingly has not disclosed any transactions with group undertakings.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

## 6 Parent company

As at 31 December 2022, the ultimate controlling party was Binder Beteiligungs AG, a company registered in Austria.

On 30 November 2022, 100% of the issued share capital of Scott Group Investments Limited, was acquired by BSW Timber Limited, a company registered in Scotland. Prior to this date, the ultimate controlling party was J C Scott by virtue of his majority shareholding in Scott Group Investments Limited.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.