Company number: 176949

HAMLYNS OF SCOTLAND LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2005



HAMLYNS OF SCOTLAND LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors J E Lea

A B Castle A W Baxter A Meikle D Warr

Secretary D Warr

Company Number 176949

Auditors PKF (UK) LLP

PKF (UK) LLP Regent House Clinton Avenue Nottingham NG5 1AZ

HAMLYNS OF SCOTLAND LIMITED

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HAMLYNS OF SCOTLAND LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2005

The directors submit their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2005.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £342,334 (2004: £70,119).

The directors consider the result to be satisfactory and are confident of future prospects.

Principal activity and review of business

The principal activity of the company was that of milling oats.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

J E Lea A B Castle A W Baxter A Meikle D Warr

None of the directors had any interest in the share capital of the company during the year.

Their interest in the share capital of the parent company is disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of that company.

By order of the board

D Warr Secretary

3 November 2005.

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HAMLYNS OF SCOTLAND LIMITED STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the directors' report is prepared in accordance with company law in the United Kingdom.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HAMLYNS OF SCOTLAND LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Hamlyns of Scotland Limited for the year ended 31 July 2005 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies as set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with the relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 July 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PKF (UK) LLP Registered Auditors

RF LOW YELD

Nottingham

10/11/2005

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2005

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2005</u> £	<u>2004</u> £
TURNOVER Cost of sales	2	9,928,311 (8,678,368)	7,231,615 (6,543,092)
GROSS PROFIT		1,249,943	688,523
Distribution costs Administrative expenses	-	(130,387) (622,146)	(81,370) (515,609)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	497,410	91,544
INTEREST PAYABLE		(12)	-
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	-	497,398	91,544
TAXATION	5	(155,064)	(21,425)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	-	342,334	70,119
	_		

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains or losses other than those included in the profit and loss account.

HAMLYNS OF SCOTLAND LIMITED BALANCE SHEET 31 JULY 2005

		<u>200</u> :	5	2004	,
	<u>Notes</u>	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible	6		595,427		547,340
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7 8	788,544 992,300 3,685		562,421 897,795 200	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due Within one year	9	1,784,529 (1,873,494)		1,460,416 (1,111,197)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			(88,965)		349,219
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	s		506,462		896,559
CREDITORS: amounts falling due After more than one year	10		(42,781)		(775,212)
NET ASSETS			463,681		121,347
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account	11 12		2 463,679		2 121,345
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	13		463,681		121,347

The financial statements were approved by the board on 3 November 2005.

Signed on behalf of the board of directors

Director -

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

(b) Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of goods and services supplied by the company, net of value added tax and trade discounts.

(c) Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold buildings
Plant, machinery and motor vehicles

- over 30 years

- over 4 to 6 years

Freehold land is not depreciated.

(d) Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(e) Deferred Taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences, arising from the different treatment of items for accounting and taxation purposes, which are expected to reverse in the future, calculated at the rates at which it is expected that tax will arise.

(f) Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge in the profit and loss account represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

2 TURNOVER

Turnover is attributable to one class of business.

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

3 OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging:

<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
£	£
42,224	38,756
3,750	3,750
840	840
	£ 42,224 3,750

No director received any emoluments (2004: £NIL)

4 STAFF COSTS

Staff costs were as follows:

	Staff costs were as follows:		
		2005 £	2004 £
	Wages and salaries	959,526	718,845
	Social security costs	60,209	52,323
	Other pension costs	22,616	20,661
	·	1,042,351	791,829
	The average monthly number of employees, including execut		
	Administration and Calca	Nui 2	nber
	Administration and Sales Production	29 29	2 26
	Production	31	28
5	TAXATION		
	(a) Analysis of charge in year	2005 £	2004 £
	UK corporation tax		
	Current tax on income for the year	139,500	6,000
	Deferred taxation	16,000	19,000
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(436)	(3,575)
	Total UK taxation	155,064	21,425
	(b) Factors affecting tax charge for year		
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standar Reconciling items are explained below:	rd rate of corporation	n tax in the UK.
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	497,398	91,544
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2004: 19%) Effects of:	149,219	17,393
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	(16,373)	(12,049)
	Disallowable expenses	6,357	(12,070)
	Other timing differences	297	656
	Current tax charge	139,500	6,000

6 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

7

	Freehold land & buildings £	Plant & machinery £	Total £
Cost At 1 August 2004 Additions	546,933 -	1,713,544 90,311	2,260,477 90,311
Disposals At 31 July 2005	546,933	1,803,855	2,350,788
Depreciation At 1 August 2004 Charge for the year	38,941 7,135	1,674,196 35,089	1,713,137 42,224
On disposals At 31 July 2005	46,076	1,709,285	1,755,361
Net book amount			
At 31 July 2005	500,857	94,570	595,427
At 31 July 2004	507,992	39,348	547,340
STOCKS			
		2005 £	2004 £
Raw materials and finished goods		788,544	562,421
DEBTORS			
		2005 £	2004 £
Due within one year		-	~
Trade debtors		915,447	783,318
Other debtors		10,515	33,477
Prepayments & accrued income Deferred taxation		1,338 65,000	- 81,000
Deletter raxation		992,300	897,795

Deferred taxation may not be fully recoverable within one year.

9	CREDITORS			
	Amounts falling due within one year		2005 £	<u>2004</u> £
	Bank overdraft Trade creditors Amounts owed to parent undertaking Corporation tax Accruals and deferred income		210,775 265,976 1,153,061 139,500 104,182 1,873,494	69,937 250,077 656,540 6,000 128,643 1,111,197
10	CREDITORS			
	Amounts falling due after more than one	year	2005 £	2004 £
	Amounts owed to parent undertaking		42,781	775,212
	The loan is repayable within five years. balance.	No interest is curre	ently charged on the	outstanding
11	SHARE CAPITAL			
	!	Authorised £	Allotted, called ι No.	ıp and fully paid £
	At 1 August 2004 and 31 July 2005 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	2	2
12	RESERVES			
	Profit and loss account			
	At 1 August 2004 Profit for the year At 31 July 2005			£ 121,345 342,334 463,679
13	SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			
	Shareholders' funds at 1 August 2004 Profit for the year Shareholders' funds at 31 July 2005			£ 121,347 342,334 463,681

14 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from disclosing transactions with other group companies, as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary.

15 PENSION COSTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme, the assets of which are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge for the year is £22,616 (2004: £20,661).

16 PARENT UNDERTAKINGS AND CONTROLLING PARTIES

The parent undertaking of the largest and smallest groups for which consolidated accounts are prepared is Morning Foods Limited. Consolidated accounts are available from Companies House, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ.

In the opinion of the directors this is the company's ultimate parent company.