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COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER SC174692

CLYDE BROADCAST PRODUCTS LIMITED

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31ST MAY 2006



RUSSELL & CALLANDER LIMITED

Chartered Accountants 4 Royal Crescent

Glasgow G3 7SL

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2006

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ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF CLYDE BROADCAST PRODUCTS LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2006

As described on the balance sheet, the directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 31st May 2006, set out on pages 2 to 9

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 1985

In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these unaudited abbreviated accounts in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and information and explanations supplied to us

RUSSELL & CALLANDER LIMITED

Chartered Accountants

4 Royal Crescent Glasgow G3 7SL

18th March 2007

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31ST MAY 2006

	2006		2005 (restated)		
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Intangible assets			365,926		503,926
Tangible assets Investments			247,828		254,655
investments			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
			613,755		758,582
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		160,222		125,350	
Debtors		669,035		528,596	
Cash at bank and in hand		499		92,593	
		829,756		746,539	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year	3	471,378		499,465	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			358,378		247,074
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIA	ABILITIE	ES	972,133		1,005,656
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
after more than one year	4		263,130		297,096
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES ANI	D CHARC	GES	10,921		8,874
GOVERNMENT GRANTS	5		(88,542)		(121,934)
			609,540		577,752
			<u> </u>		
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up equity share capital	7		11,183		11,183
Share premium account			98,817		98,817
Revaluation reserve			69,966		69,966
Profit and loss account			429,574		397,786
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			609,540		577,752

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31ST MAY 2006

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (1) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors on 2 March 2007 and are signed on their behalf by

P COLLINS

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

Changes in accounting policies

In preparing the financial statements for the current year, the company has adopted the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

The majority of the accounting requirements of FRSSE (2005) are the same as the previous version of the FRSSE, which it supersedes. The amendments which have any material effect are the disclosure of non equity share capital and dividends paid.

In adopting FRSSE (2005) the company has now included dividends paid on non equity shares as interest payable and similar charges

Following the adoption of FRSSE (2005) non equity share capital is now included in creditors amounts falling due after more than one year. In view of this change in accounting policy the comparative figures have been restated. The effect is to remove preference shares of £90,000 from share capital for the year ended 31st May, 2005 and include in creditors thereby reducing shareholders funds by £90,000 to £577,752

Consolidation

In the opinion of the directors, the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemption provided by Section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare group accounts.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the value of work carried out during the year

In respect of long term contracts and contracts for on going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long term contracts and contracts for on going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Research & development

Development expenditure on clearly defined projects whose outcome can be assessed with reasonable certainty is capitalised and amortisation is commenced in the year the product is released. Amortisation is calculated by reference to the expected value and period of sales of the product. All other research and development expenditure is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Research and development Refer to note 10

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost unless revalued

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Freehold property none

Plant & machinery 10% 33% straight line Fixtures & fittings 10% straight line Motor vehicles 18% 25% straight line Other assets 10% 25% straight line

Freehold property is now subject to a policy of revaluation and its carrying value in the financial statements is its current value at the balance sheet date. In view of this no depreciation is charged on freehold property

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of raw materials and goods for resale is the purchase price on a first in, first out basis. The cost of work in progress and finished goods comprises materials, direct labour and attributable overheads. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price less all further costs to completion and disposal.

Work in progress

Profit on contracting activities is taken as work progresses. Unless a more conservative approach is necessary, the percentage margin on each individual contract is the lower of margin earned to date and that forecast at completion. Full provision is made for all known or expected losses at completion immediately such losses are forecast on each contract.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included with creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Pension costs

Contributions to the company pension schemes are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the scheme rules

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the company's financial statements. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date at the average tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based on current tax rates and laws

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Government grants

Grants of a revenue nature are credited to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate

Deferred government grants

Deferred government grants in respect of capital expenditure are treated as deferred income and are credited to the profit and loss account over the estimated useful life of the assets to which they relate

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2006

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible Assets £	Tangible Assets £	Investments £	Total £
COST OR VALUATION				
At 1st June 2005	557,926	333,718	1	891,645
Additions	-	1,512	_	1,512
At 31st May 2006	557,926	335,230	1	893,157
DEPRECIATION				
At 1st June 2005	54,000	79,063	_	133,063
Charge for year	138,000	8,339	_	146,339
At 31st May 2006	192,000	87,402		279,402
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31st May 2006	365,926	247,828	1	613,755
At 31st May 2005	503,926	254,655	1	758,582

The company owns 100% of the ordinary share capital of Impact Audiomedia Limited, who design, install and deliver audio systems and content. The company which is registered in Scotland, sold its business and ceased trading on the 18th September, 2006.

	2006	2005 (restated)	
	£	£	
Aggregate capital and reserves Impact Audiomedia Limited	(84,555)	(32,696)	
Profit and (loss) for the year Impact Audiomedia Limited	(51,859)	(32,159)	

Under the provision of section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 the company is exempt from preparing consolidated accounts and has not done so, therefore the accounts show information about the company as an individual entity

3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company

3	J	2006	200 (rest	
		£	£	,
Bank loans and overdrafts		71,561	19,5	600

4 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company

•	2006	2005
		(restated)
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	139,742	148,500

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2006

5. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

	(restated)
£	£
135,000	135,000
(46,458)	(13,066)
88,542	121,934
	(46,458)

6. SECURED ASSETS

There is a bond and floating charge over the property and assets of the company to secure any future sums and obligations due or to become due from time to time by the company to The Royal Bank of Scotland

7. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

	2006	2005
		(restated)
	£	£
11,183 Ordinary shares of £1 each	11,183	11,183
50,000 4 8% Preference A shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
40,000 4 8% Preference B shares of £1 each	40,000	40,000
	101,183	101,183

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2006		2005 (restated)	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	11,183	11,183	11,183	11,183
4 8% Preference A shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
4 8% Preference B shares of £1 each	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000
	101,183	101,183	101,183	101,183
			2006	2005 (restated)
Amounts presented in equity:			£	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each			11,183	11,183
Amounts presented in liabilities:				
4 8% Preference A shares of £1 each			50,000	50,000
4 8% Preference B shares of £1 each			40,000	40,000
			90,000	90,000

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2006

8. PREFERENCE SHARES

A proportion of the preference shares are subject to early redemption and are redeemable within the following provisions

A preference shares

16,667 shares on 1st October, 2007 at a price of £1 15 per share Redemption provisions for the remaining 33,333 shares have yet to be decided

B preference shares

13,334 shares on 1st October, 2007 at a price of £1 15 per share Redemption provisions for the remaining 26,666 shares have yet to be decided

The above are inclusive of a cash premium of £0 15 which is to be treated as a distribution for tax purposes