# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 MARCH 2008

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SCT 12/07/2008 1349
COMPANIES HOUSE

# **BILL SMITH**

Accountant
Suite 4
Braehead Way Shopping Centre
Braehead Way
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Aberdeen

# ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

# 31 MARCH 2008

		2008		2007	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2		400.000		06.101
Tangible assets			130,972		25,171
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		142,652		178,619	
Debtors		980,742		693,916	
Cash at bank and in hand		11,645		10,314	
		1,135,039		882,849	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due		, ,		·	
within one year		990,618		840,033	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			144,421	<del></del>	42,816
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			<del></del>		
LIABILITIES			275,393		67,987
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due	after				
more than one year			1,706		6,974
DRAVICIONE FOR LIABILITIES			10.053		
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			10,952		
			262,735		61,013
GADIMAL AND DEGEDATES					
Called up agusty share constal	•		152 500		152 500
Called up equity share capital Profit and loss account	3		152,599 110,136		152,599 (91,586)
			<del></del>		
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			262,735		61,013

The Balance sheet continues on the following page The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts

## ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

## 31 MARCH 2008

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 8 July 2008, and are signed on their behalf by

MR G WHYTE

MRS S AITKEN Sylwa Guthen.

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

## YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007)

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

In respect of long term contracts and contracts for on going services turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long term contracts and contracts for on going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Plant & Machinery 20% straight line
Computer Equipment 33% straight line
Office Equipment 25% straight line

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

#### Work in progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

## Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

## YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

# 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

## Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

## YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

2.	FIXED ASSETS				
					Tangible Assets £
	COST At 1 April 2007 Additions				45,886 116,396
	At 31 March 2008				162,282
	DEPRECIATION At 1 April 2007 Charge for year At 31 March 2008				20,715 10,595 31,310
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2008 At 31 March 2007				130,972 25,171
3	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Authorised share capital:				
	152,599 Ordinary shares of £1 each		2008 £ 152,599		2007 £ 152,599
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	2008 No 152,599	£ 152,599	2007 No 152,599	£ 152,599

# 4 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

AVS2 Limited a company incorporated in Scotland owns 100% of the shares of Aberdeen Valve Supplies Limited This is a non-trading holding company. Therefore the directors have taken advantage of the exemption from preparing group accounts on the basis that the group is small