Company no: SC137325

SEA CONTAINERS FERRIES SCOTLAND LIMITED REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2002



REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2002

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002.

1. **ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the company is acting as a selling agent on behalf of Hoverspeed (1981) Limited.

2. REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

A loss of £91,000 (2001: £82,000 loss) has been made by the company during the year.

The directors do not recommend a dividend for the year (2001: £nil).

The directors anticipate that the company will continue its activity in the future.

3. **DIRECTORS**

The directors who served during the year and to the date of these accounts were as follows:

D J O'Sullivan (resigned 1 April 2003) D G Benson

M V Scawn (resigned 30 April 2002)

P A Calvert

HAC Ross (resigned 11 July 2003) P A Clark (appointed 11 July 2003)

None of the directors had any notifiable interests in the shares of the company or of other group companies during the year (2001: none).

AUDITORS 4.

On 1 August 2003 Deloitte & Touche, the company's auditors, transferred their business to Deloitte & Touche LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated under the Limited Liability Partnerships Act 2000. The company's consent has been given to treating the appointment of Deloitte & Touche as extending to Deloitte & Touche LLP with effect from 1 August 2003 under the provisions of section 26(5) of the Companies Act 1989. A resolution to reappoint Deloitte & Touche LLP as the company's auditor will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board

P A Clark

Director

Seacat Terminal

Harbour Road

Troon

Ayrshire

KA10 6DX

Date: 1 odder 2003

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SEA CONTAINERS FERRIES SCOTLAND LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Sea Containers Ferries Scotland Limited for the year ended 31 December 2002 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the reconciliation of movements in shareholders' deficit, the statement of total recognised gains and losses and the related notes 1 to 14. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company and other members of the group is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2002 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Delatte e Tauche LCP

London

Date: (odder 2002

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Year ended 31 December 2002

	Note	2002 £000	2001 restated (see note 13) £000
Turnover	l(b)	309	357
Administrative expenses		(430)	(265)
Operating (loss)/profit	4	(121)	92
Finance lease interest payable and similar charge	ges	(29)	(42)
(Loss)/Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(150)	50
Tax credit/(charge) on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	5	59	(50)
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation and for the financial year		(91)	-
Retained loss brought forward		(22)	(22)
Retained loss carried forward		(113)	(22)

All activities derive from continuing operations.

BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2002

	Note	£000	2002 £000	£000£	2001 restated (see note 13) £000
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	6		2,689		2,634
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	7	679		691	
Debtors	8	313		1,077	
Cash at bank and in hand		166		400	
		1,158		2,168	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(2,398)		(2,177)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(1,240)		(9)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			1,449		2,625
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(1,562)		(2,647)
TOTAL NET LIABILITIES		-	(113)	•	(22)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account	12		(113)		(22)
Equity Shareholders' deficit			(113)		(22)

These financial statements were approved at a meeting of the Board of Directors held on (UTAL 2003).

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

P A CLARK

Director

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT

Year ended 31 December 2002

	Note	2002 £000	2001 restated (see note 13) £000
Opening shareholders' deficit as previously stated		(94)	(144)
Prior year adjustment - adoption of FRS 19	13	72	122
Opening shareholders' deficit as restated		(22)	(22)
Loss for the year		(91)	
Closing shareholders' deficit		(113)	(22)

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

	Note	2002 £000	2001 restated (see note 13) £000
Loss for the year		<u>(91)</u>	
Total losses) recognised relating to the year		(91)	<u>-</u>
Prior year adjustment – adoption of FRS 19	13	72	
Total losses recognised since the last annual report		(19)	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Year ended 31 December 2002

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

(a) Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

(b) Turnover

Turnover principally comprises commissions in respect of ticket sales. All turnover is derived from the United Kingdom.

(c) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are included in the balance sheet at historical cost. Cost includes own work and where appropriate it is capitalised.

Depreciation is provided on the cost of the assets in use on the straight line method so as to write off the assets over their useful economic lives. The principal rates used are set out below:

Short leasehold buildings Plant and office machinery

over the life of the lease

10% to 20% (per annum)

Depreciation is not provided on the cost of freehold land.

(d) Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(e) Leased assets

The capital cost of assets leased for substantially the whole of their estimated useful lives (including assets under construction where a leasing agreement has been made) is included in tangible fixed assets with a corresponding liability within loans and leasing liabilities.

The excess of the lease payments over the recorded liability is treated as interest charges, which are amortised to give a constant rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligation.

(f) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full on all timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Year ended 31 December 2002

2. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The immediate parent company is Sea Containers Ferries Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The smallest group for which consolidated financial statements are prepared is Ferry and Port Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. Copies of its accounts can be obtained from the company's registered office at 20 Upper Ground, London, SE1 9PF.

The parent company of the largest United Kingdom group which includes the company and for which consolidated financial statements are prepared is Sea Containers UK Limited. Copies of its accounts can be obtained from the Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

The ultimate parent and controlling company and the largest group for which consolidated financial statements are prepared is Sea Containers Ltd, a company incorporated in Bermuda. Copies of its accounts can be obtained from its registered office at 41 Cedar Avenue, Hamilton, Bermuda.

3. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

No payments were made to the directors for their services to the company for the year (2001: £nil).

The company has no employees (2001: none).

4. OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT

The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting).		
	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Depreciation on : owned assets	299	181
leased assets	78	71
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(8)	(8)

The audit fee in the current year is borne by Sea Containers U.K. Limited. The audit fee in the prior year was borne by Sea Containers Ltd, the ultimate parent company.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Year ended 31 December 2002

5. TAX ON (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The tax credit/(charge) comprises:

	2002 £000	2001 restated (see note 13) £000
Current taxation: UK corporation tax 30% (2001: 30%) Current year Adjustment in respect of prior years	53 17	-
Deferred tax	70 (11)	(50)
	59_	(50)
TTL- 1200		

The differences between the current tax credit shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows:

	2002 £000	2001 £000
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(150)	50
Tax credit/(charge) on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	45	(15)
Factors affecting the credit/(charge for the period)		
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Other expenses deductible for tax purposes Adjustments to tax credit/(charge) in respect	12 (4)	38 (6)
of prior periods Loss surrender between group companies for nil	17	-
Consideration		(17)
Total amounts of current tax	70	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Year ended 31 December 2002

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Total	000 J	4,174	4,606	1 540	377	1,917	2,689	2,634
buildings	Short Leasehold	000F	2,448	2,448	744	26	770	1,678	1,704
Land and buildings	Freehold	€000	75	75		-	1	75	75
	nachinery Leased	000 3	620	620	71	78	149	471	549
	Plant and machinery Owned Lease	000Э	439	510	362	102	464	46	77
	Office machinery	000 J	592	953	363	171	534	419	229
			Cost at 1 January 2002 Additions	Cost at 31 December 2002	Accumulated depreciation at 1 January 2002	Charge for the year	Accumulated depreciation at 31 December 2002	Net book value at 31 December 2002	Net book value at 31 December 2001

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Year ended 31 December 2002

7.	STOCKS			
			2002	2001
			£000	£000
	Materials and consumables		679	691
8,	DEBTORS			
				2001 restated (see
			2002 £000	note 13) £000
	Other debtors		56	674
	Prepayments and accrued income Deferred tax asset	Note 11	196 61	331 72
			313	1,077
9,	CREDITORS : AMOUNTS FALLING D	OUE WITHIN ONE YEA	AR	
			2002	2001
			£000	£000
	Trade creditors		1,512	1,467
	Obligations under finance leases Accruals and deferred income		81 805	75 635
			2,398	2,177

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Year ended 31 December 2002

10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Obligations under finance leases Amounts owed to immediate	393	475
parent and fellow subsidiaries	1,169	2,122
Accruals and deferred income		50
<u>-</u>	1,562	2,647

The amounts owed to the parent company and fellow subsidiaries are regarded by all parties concerned as long term with no fixed repayment dates, interest free and are subordinated to other creditors in certain circumstances.

(a) Obligations under finance leases

	2002 £000	2001 £000
Total liabilities repayable within:		
One year	115	80
Two to five years	458	396
Over five years	<u> </u>	110
Total liabilities to end of leasing terms	573	586
Less: interest chargeable to future periods	(99)	(36)
	474	550
Less: amounts repayable within one year (note 9)		(75)
Amounts repayable after more than one year	393	475

11. DEFERRED TAXATION

The amounts of deferred tax provided in the accounts are:

	2001
	restated
	(see
2002	note 13)
£000	£000
72	122
(11)	(50)
61	72
	£000 72 (11)

There is no unprovided potential deferred tax liability.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Year ended 31 December 2002

12. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2002 £	2001 £
Authorised: 10,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid: 2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

13. RESTATEMENT OF COMPARATIVES

The adoption of FRS 19 "Deferred Tax" has required a change in accounting policy for deferred tax and the prior year figures have been restated accordingly as shown below:

a) Profit and loss account	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation £000	Taxation £000	Loss on ordinary activities after taxation
As previously reported for the year ended 31 December 2001	50	-	50
Adoption of FRS 19 for the year ended 31 December 2001		(50)	
As restated for the year ended 31 December 2001	50	(50)	-
b) Balance sheet			
		Debtor – deferred tax asset £000	Profit and loss reserve £000
As previously reported as at 31 December 2001		-	(94)
Adoption of FRS 19 as at 31 December 2001		72	72
As restated as at 31 December 2001		72	(22)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Year ended 31 December 2002

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage conferred by paragraph 3 (c) of Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related Party Disclosures" not to disclose transactions with group entities or investees of the group qualifying as related parties.