UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Mr William Carson

Mrs Elinor Carson

Secretary

Mrs Elinor Carson

Company number

SC135927

Registered office

7 Miller Gardens

Newmachar ABERDEEN AB21 ONX

Accountants

Johnston Carmichael LLP

Axis Business Centre

Thainstone INVERURIE AB51 5TB

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

<u>-</u>	-				
		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		725	W	750
Current assets	٩		•		
Debtors	4	6,026	•	386	
Cash at bank and in hand		30,678		125,539	
•		36,704		125,925	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(1,574)		(19,842)	
Net current assets			35,130		106,083
Total assets less current liabilities			35,855		106,833
Provisions for liabilities			-		(127)
Net assets			35,855		106,706
			====		
Capital and reserves			,		
Called up share capital	6		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			35,755		106,606
Total equity			35,855		106,706
					====

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

Mr William Carson

Director

Company Registration No. SC135927

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January 2016	100	143,780	143,880
Year ended 31 December 2016:		,	
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	32,826	32,826
Dividends	-	(70,000)	(70,000)
- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		400.000	400 700
Balance at 31 December 2016	100	106,606	106,706
Year ended 31 December 2017:	,		
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	-	(24,419)	(24,419)
Dividends	-	(46,432)	(46,432)
Balance at 31 December 2017	100	35,755	35,855
	=		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

A.C.A. Technical Services Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office and principal place of business is 7 Miller Gardens, Newmachar, ABERDEEN, AB21 ONX.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for engineering services net of VAT and trade discounts. Turnover is recognised on an accruals basis dependent on when the services are provided.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Computer equipment

50% on reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include deposits held at call with banks.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into specific categories. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and are determined at the time of recognition.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include bank balances, are measured at transaction price including transaction costs.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, that are classified as debt, are recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.10 Retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2016 - 2).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

3	Tangible fixed assets		
		Plant and machin	nery etc £
	Cost		
	At 1 January 2017		11,618
	Additions		698
	At 31 December 2017		12,316
-	Depreciation and impairment	•	
	At 1 January 2017		10,868
	Depreciation charged in the year		723
	At 31 December 2017		11,591
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 December 2017		725
٠	At 31 December 2016		750
4	Debtors		
		2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Corporation tax recoverable	6,026	_
	Other debtors	-	386
		6,026	386
_			
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
		£	2016 £
		~	~
	Corporation tax	-	8,464
	Other taxation and social security	24	
	Other creditors	1,550 ———	11,378
		1,574	19,842
			====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

6	Called up share capital			
			2017	2016
		•	£	£
	Ordinary share capital			•
	Issued and fully paid	•	*	
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	•	100	100
			<u> </u>	

7 Related party transactions

Dividends totalling £46,432 (2016 - £70,000) were paid in the year in respect of shares held by the company's directors.

8 Directors' transactions

The amount owed to the company was interest free and had no fixed terms of repayment.

Description		% Rate	Opening balance £	Amounts repaid £	Closing balance £
Loan		-	9,828	(9,828)	. -
	•		9,828	(9,828)	-
			===		