COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: SC124810

Bradstone Lighting Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 October 2019

Bradstone Lighting Limited Statement of Financial Position

31 October 2019

		2019	2018	
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	5		205,330	241,535
Current assets				
Stocks		137,780		162,805
Debtors	6	506,660		435,527
Cash at bank and in hand		53,500		132,400
		697,940		730,732
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	269,854		264,925
Net current assets			428,086	465,807
Total assets less current liabilities			633,416	707,342
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than or	ne			
year		8	45,858 39,	
Provisions				
Taxation including deferred tax			34,071	42,799
Net assets			553,487	
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			50	50
Share premium account			50	50
Profit and loss account			553,387	624,789
Shareholders funds			553,487	624,889

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 October 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Bradstone Lighting Limited

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 October 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 July 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R Wilson

Director

Company registration number: SC124810

Bradstone Lighting Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 October 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The address of the registered office is 127 Hawthorn Street, Glasgow, G22 6HY.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. No significant judgements or estimates were necessary in the preparation of the financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold property - 4% straight line

Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance

Fixture and fittings - 4% straight line

Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 11 (2018: 13).

5. Tangible assets

o. rangible descis						
	Land and	Plant and	Fixtures and			
	buildings	machinery	•	fotor vehicles	Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Cost						
At 1 Nov 2018	120,616	37,964	82,654	213,087	11,623	465,944
Additions	-	213	1,712	25,737	4,730	32,392
Disposals	-	(898)		(42,047) 	(2,957)	(45,902)
At 31 Oct 2019	120,616	37,279	84,366	196,777	13,396	452,434
Depreciation						
At 1 Nov 2018	33,774	34,823	70,715	75,885	9,212	224,409
Charge for the year	4,825	820	2,055	34,822	2,350	44,872
Disposals	_	(825)	-	(18,397)	(2,955)	(22,177)
At 31 Oct 2019	38,599	34,818	72,770	92,310	8,607 	247,104
Carrying amount						
At 31 Oct 2019	82,017	2,461	11,596	104,467	4,789	205,330
At 31 Oct 2018	86,842	3,141	11,939	137,202	2,411	241,535
6. Debtors						
					2019	2018
					£	£
Trade debtors					271,863	201,481
Amounts owed by group	-	ınd undertaking	s in which the co	mpany	229,999	229,999
has a participating inter- Other debtors	esi				4,798	4,047
Other debtors						
					506,660	435,527
7. Creditors: amounts	falling due witl	nin one year				
				2019	2018	
				£	£	
Trade creditors				76,889	53,226	
Corporation tax				7,654	12,094	
Social security and other	er taxes			39,886	48,477	
Other creditors				145,425	151,128	
				269,854	264,925	
8. Creditors: amounts	falling due afte	er more than o	ne year			
				2019	2018	
				£	£	
Other creditors				45,858	39,654	

9. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	Advances/					
	Balance	(credits) to the	Balance			
	brought forward	director	outstanding			
	£	£	£			
Mr R Wilson	(103,950)	(4,278)	(108,228)			
	2018					
		Advances/				
	Balance brought	(credits) to the	Balance			
	forward	director	outstanding			
	£	£	£			
Mr R Wilson	(42,284)	(61,666)	(103,950)			

10. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mr R Wilson throughout the current and previous year. Mr R Wilson is the managing director. Bradstone Lighting Limited is 100% owned by Bradstone Holdings (Glasgow) Limited. The company also paid dividends to Bradstone Holdings (Glasgow) Limited of £75,000 (2018 - £100,000) in the year. Included within other debtors due within one year is a balance from Bradstone Holdings (Glasgow) Limited of £229,999 (2018 - £229,999). During the year the company paid rent of £NIL (2018 - £12,250) to Bradstone SSAS Limited, the company pension scheme, in respect of rent.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.