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## **A & P CHAMBERS LIMITED**

## **UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

10/04/2020

COMPANIES HOUSE

## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** A R M Chambers

P L Chambers

Secretary P L Chambers

Company number SC100998

Registered office Kaluna House

Nairnside INVERNESS IV2 5BU

Accountants Johnston Carmichael LLP

Clava House

Cradlehall Business Park

INVERNESS IV2 5GH

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## **BALANCE SHEET**

## AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		151,238		156,086
Current assets					
Stocks		74,027		63,094	
Debtors	4	52,787	•	13,656	
Cash at bank and in hand		412,539		353,547	
		539,353		430,297	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(85,166)		(81,990)	
Net current assets			454,187		348,307
Total assets less current liabilities			605,425		504,393
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax liability		4,983		5,140	
·		<del></del>	(4,983)		(5,140)
Net assets			600,442		499,253
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		10,002	•	10,002
Profit and loss reserves			590,440		489,251
Total equity			600,442		499,253
· •			<del></del>		·

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

### **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

#### AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

For the financial year ended 30 September 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on  $\frac{23}{03}/\frac{20}{20}$  and are signed on its behalf by:

ARM Chambers

**Director** 

Company Registration No. SC100998

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

A & P Chambers Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is Kaluna House, Nairnside, INVERNESS, IV2 5BU.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services and services net of VAT and trade discounts and is recognised on an accruals basis.

#### 1.3 Research and development expenditure

Research expenditure is written off against profits in the year in which it is incurred. Identifiable development expenditure is capitalised to the extent that the technical, commercial and financial feasibility can be demonstrated.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold property

2% straight line

Plant and machinery

33% straight line & 25% reducing balance

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

20% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss.

#### 1.6 Stocks

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash at bank and in hand.

#### 1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised recognised at transaction price and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

#### 1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account.

#### 1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

#### 1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.13 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 6 (2018 - 5).

#### 3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Total
	£	£	· £
Cost			
At 1 October 2018	188,384	74,477	262,861
Additions	•	1,622	1,622
At 30 September 2019	188,384	76,099	264,483
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 October 2018	40,986	65,789	106,775
Depreciation charged in the year	3,329	3,141	6,470
. At 30 September 2019	44,315	68,930	113,245
Carrying amount			
At 30 September 2019	144,069	7,169	151,238
At 30 September 2018	<del>======</del> 147,398	8,688	156,086
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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

	Dahtana		
4	Debtors	2019	2018
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	47,752	11,462
	Other debtors	5,035	2,194
	•	52,787	13,656
		<del></del>	
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade creditors	7,528	6,395
	Corporation tax	38,071	31,317
	Other taxation and social security	12,354	4,228
	Other creditors	27,213	40,050
		85,166	81,990
6	Called up share capital	•	
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid	40.000	40.000
	10,002 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,002	10,002