

HIGHLAND CLEARANCE LIMITED
ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
31ST MARCH 2005



RITSONS
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HIGHLAND CLEARANCE LIMITED

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31ST MARCH 2005

	Note	2005 £	2004 £
FIXED ASSETS	2		
Tangible assets		229,923	119,295
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	21,000	15,000	
Debtors	16,545	21,269	
Cash at bank and in hand	-	23,250	
	37,545	59,519	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	73,836	48,433	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS		(36,291)	11,086
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		193,632	130,381
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year		17,500	-
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES		12,672	5,585
		163,460	124,796
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up equity share capital	3	2	2
Profit and loss account		163,458	124,794
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		163,460	124,796

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibility for:

- ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director on 20th March, 2006.


MR J MACKENZIE

The notes on pages 2 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

HIGHLAND CLEARANCE LIMITED
NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2005

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and equipment	-	10% straight line
Motor vehicles	-	25% on the reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

HIGHLAND CLEARANCE LIMITED
NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2005

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST	
At 1st April 2004	141,736
Additions	135,900
Disposals	(3,048)
At 31st March 2005	<u><u>274,588</u></u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 1st April 2004	22,441
Charge for year	23,323
On disposals	(1,099)
At 31st March 2005	<u><u>44,665</u></u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31st March 2005	<u><u>229,923</u></u>
At 31st March 2004	<u><u>119,295</u></u>

HIGHLAND CLEARANCE LIMITED
NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2005

3. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

	2005	2004
	£	£
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2005		2004	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>