Registration number: SC78553

Lawrie (Demolition) Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

WEDNESDAY

SCT

30/09/2015 COMPANIES HOUSE #290

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 52 - 54 Queen's Road Aberdeen AB15 4YE

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	
Abbreviated Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts	3 to 6

Independent Auditor's Report to Lawrie (Demolition) Limited Under section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 6 together with the financial statements of Lawrie (Demolition) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you.

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company for the purpose of section 449 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section.

Cameron Bruce (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 52 - 54 Queen's Road Aberdeen AB15 4YE

Date: 25 Systember 2515

(Registration number: SC78553)

Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets	2	220,534	265,030
Current assets			
Debtors		1,663,634	1,568,881
Cash at bank and in hand		158,903	183,444
•		1,822,537	1,752,325
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	3	(397,983)	(389,095)
Net current assets		1,424,554	1,363,230
Total assets less current liabilities Creditors: Amounts falling due after		1,645,088	1,628,260
more than one year	3	(65,913)	(113,749)
Net assets	•	1,579,175	1,514,511
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4	100	100
Profit and loss account		1,579,075	1,514,411
Shareholders' funds		1,579,175	1,514,511

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 15/09115 and signed on its behalf by:

I A Leith Director

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008).

The directors are satisfied with the results this year and forecast that trading will continue to be profitable for the foreseeable future. The directors consider that the company has built up sufficient reserves to cover any unforeseeable losses, consequently they continue to adopt the going concern basis.

Turnover

Turnover represents revenue recognised in the accounts. Revenue is recognised when the company fulfils its contractual obligations to customers by supplying goods and services and excludes value added tax.

Turnover in respect of long-term contracts is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Asset class

Plant & Machinery Motor Vehicles

Depreciation method and rate

10% - 20% straight line 25% straight line

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by the FRSSE.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

..... continued

Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease agreement in proportion to the capital element outstanding.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Pensions

Leiths (Scotland) Limited operates a defined contribution pension scheme available to employees of this company. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

..... continued

2 Fixed assets

	Tangible assets £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 January 2014	1,077,934	1,077,934
Additions	33,523	33,523
Disposals -	(166,025)	(166,025)
At 31 December 2014	945,432	945,432
Depreciation		
At 1 January 2014	812,904	812,904
Charge for the year	78,019	78,019
Eliminated on disposals	(166,025)	(166,025)
At 31 December 2014	724,898	724,898
Net book value		
At 31 December 2014	220,534	220,534
At 31 December 2013	265,030	265,030

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

..... continued

3 Creditors

Creditors includes the following liabilities, on which security has been given by the company:

	2014 £	2013 £	
	*		
Amounts falling due within one year	47,835	62,835	
Amounts falling due after more than one year	65,913	113,749	
Total secured creditors	113,748	176,584	

4 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2014	2014		
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100

5 Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent company is Leiths (Scotland) Limited, a company incorporated in Scotland.