

Registered number: SC65346

Director's Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 January 2010

WEDNESDAY

29/09/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE 485

Company Information

Director

R H Miller

Secretary

D H Miller

Registered office

Fordel Lauder Road Dalkeith EH22 2PH

Registered number

SC65346

Auditors

Scott-Moncrieff Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Exchange Place 3 Semple Street Edinburgh

Principal banker

Bank of Scotland The Mound Edinburgh EH1 1YZ

Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 January 2010

Contents	Page
Director's Report	1
Independent Auditors' Report	3
Profit and Loss Account	5
Balance Sheet	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7 - 12

Report of the Director

The director presents his report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2010.

Principal activity

The principal activity and core business of the company continued to be petrol retailing and the provision of other leisure activities.

Directors

The director during the year was Mr R H Miller.

Statement of director's responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Standards and applicable law). Under that law the director must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

To the knowledge and belief of the director, there is no relevant information that the company's auditors are not aware of, and the director has taken all the steps necessary to ensure the director is aware of any relevant information, and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of the information.

Small company exemptions

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Report of the Director

For the year ended 31 January 2010

Auditors

The auditors, Scott-Moncrieff, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487 (2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board,

R H Miller Director

Approved by the board on.....

Report of the independent auditors to the shareholders of R.H.Miller (Leisure) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of R.H.Miller (Leisure) Limited for the year ended 31 January 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, balance sheet and related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the director's responsibilities statement set out on page 1, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We have undertaken the audit in accordance with the requirements of APB Ethical Standards including the "APB Ethical Standard - Provisions Available for Smaller Entities (revised)", in the circumstances set out in note 19 to the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2010 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Report of the independent auditors to the shareholders of R.H.Miller (Leisure) Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Inved Frank

Donald Forsyth (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Scott-Moncrieff, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
Exchange Place 3
Semple Street
Edinburgh
EH3 8BL

Date: 20 Syttember 2018

Profit and Loss Account

For the year ended 31 January 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover		7,081,943	9,240,306
Cost of sales		(6,041,789)	(7,915,868)
Gross profit		1,040,154	1,324,438
Administrative expenses		(1,086,749)	(1,263,353)
Other operating income	2	14,471	8,012
Operating (loss)/profit	3	(32,124)	69,097
Interest receivable		-	8,784
Interest payable and similar charges		(39,872)	(53,108)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	on	(71,996)	24,773
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(14,482)	(5,830)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities after taxation	13	(86,478)	18,943

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet

At 31 January 2010

		201		200	
Fixed assets	Note	£	£	£	£
Tangible assets	6		157,826		122,381
Current assets					
Stocks	7	573,092		735,165	
Debtors	8	1,985,298		1,918,665	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,776		1,841	
		2,560,166		2,655,671	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(1,997,810)		(2,583,373)	
Net current assets			562,356		72,298
Total asset less current liabilities		-	720,182	-	194,679
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(622,276)		(18,862)
Provisions for liabilities and charges					
Deferred taxation	11		(10,910)		(2,343)
Net assets		- -	86,996	=	173,474
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		90,000		90,000
Profit and loss account	13		(3,004)		83,474
Shareholders' funds		•	86,996	. =	173,474

The director has taken advantage of the special provisions of part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies in the preparation of the accounts and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

R H Miller Director

Company Registration No: SC65346

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 January 2010

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Cash Flow

The financial statements do not include a cash flow statement because the company, as a small reporting entity, is exempt from the requirements to prepare such a statement under the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover is the value of goods and services supplied by the company, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculate to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment

- 10% - 33.3% straight line

Motor vehicles

- 25% straight line

Finance leases

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Finance lease are those where substantially all of the benefit and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Operating leases

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less further costs to completion and disposal.

Deferred tax

Provision is made in full for all taxation deferred in respect of timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except for gains on disposal of fixed assets which will be rolled over into replacement assets. No provision is made for taxation on permanent differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is more likely than not that they will be recovered.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution scheme in respect of its employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The pension cost charge represents the amount of the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 January 2010

2 Other operating income

	2010 £	2009 £
Rent receivable Sundry income Commissions received	5,000 6,624 2,847	6,625 1,387
	14,471	8,012
Operating (loss)/profit		
Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:	2010 £	2009 £
Depreciation of tangible assets Auditors' remuneration	31,758 10,500	32,324 10,500

4 Director's emoluments

Pension costs

The director did not receive any emoluments during the year.

During the year there were no retirement benefits accruing to the director in respect of money purchase pension schemes.

2,436

2,197

5 Taxation

3

	2010 £	2009 £
UK corporation tax - current year	-	3,968
UK corporation tax - adjustment to prior years Deferred taxation	5,915 8,567	1,862
	14,482	5,830

There were no factors that affected the tax charge for the year which has been calculated on the profit on ordinary activities before tax at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK.

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 January 2010

6 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost At 1 February 2009 Additions	643,086 49,043	16,872 18,160	659,958 67,203
At 31 January 2010	692,129	35,032	727,161
Depreciation At 1 February 2009 Depreciation for the year At 31 January 2010	530,999 28,290 559,289	6,578 3,468 10,046	537,577 31,758 569,335
Net book value			
At 31 January 2010	132,840	24,986	157,826
At 31 January 2009	112,087	10,294	122,381

Included within fixed assets are assets held under finance lease and hire purchase agreements with a net book value of £101,489 (2009: £77,478). Depreciation charged on these assets during the year was £14,655 (2009: £16,321).

7 Stocks

		2010 £	2009 £
	Stocks	573,092	735,165
8	Debtors	2010 £	2009 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	98,830 1,735,028 39,001 112,439 1,985,298	94,676 1,764,556 2,091 57,342 1,918,665

Included within amounts owed by group undertakings is £1,572,490 (2009: £1,325,448) due by R.H. Miller (Agricultural) Limited and £162,538 (2009: £439,108) due by R.H. Miller (Group) Limited.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 January 2010

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2010 £	2009 £
Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Finance lease and hire purchase Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	1,384,164 482,962 - 10,994 31,259 - 88,431	1,952,745 458,232 3,968 29,845 29,810 12,185 96,588
	1,997,810	2,583,373

Bank loans and overdrafts totalling £1,984,164 (2009: £1,952,745) are secured by a bond and floating charge over all the assets of the company. The bank loans and overdrafts are also secured by a cross company guarantee between the company, R.H. Miller (Group) Limited and R.H. Miller (Agricultural) Limited.

10 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2010 £	200 9 £
Bank loans Finance lease and hire purchase	600,000 22,276	18,862
	622,276	18,862
Amounts are due within the following periods:		
Between one and two years Between two and five years In five years or more	50,152 207,490 364,634	18,862
	622,276	18,862

Details of security granted to the bank are provided in note 9.

11 Deferred taxation

	2010 £	2009 £
At 31 January 2009	2,343	481
Movement in the year	8,567	1,862
At 31 January 2010	10,910	2,343
The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
	2010 £	2009 £
Accelerated capital allowances	10,910	2,343

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 January 2010

12 Share capital

		2010 £	2009 £
	Authorised		
	100,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	90,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	90,000	90,000
13	Reserves		Profit and loss account £
	At 1 February 2009 Retained profit for the year		83,474 (86,478)
	At 31 January 2010		(3,004)

14 Operating lease commitments

At 31 January 2010 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2010		2009	
	Land & buildings £	Other leases £	Land & buildings £	Other leases £
Within one year Between two and five years	17,500 8,000	540	10,000 7,500	2,160
	25,500	540	17,500	2,160

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 January 2010

15 Pension commitments

The company operates a money purchase (defined contribution) pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £2,436 (2009: £2,197).

The pension scheme is approved as a stakeholder scheme by HM Revenue and Customs.

16 Cross Guarantee

The company has a cross guarantee arrangement with the other group companies under which each company guarantees the obligations of the others to the group bankers without limit.

At 31 January 2010 group obligations amounted to £334,236 (2009: £1,370,697).

17 Related parties

The company is under the control of Mr R H Miller, the managing director and sole shareholder of R H Miller (Group) Limited. R H Miller (Group) Limited own 100% of the issued share capital of R H Miller (Leisure) Limited and R H Miller (Agricultural) Limited.

During the year the company paid rent and management charges to R H Miller (Group) Limited of £175,865 (2009: £175,789) and £34,921 (2009: £35,261) respectively.

At the year end, the balance due from R H Miller (Group) Limited was £162,538 (2009: £439,108).

At the year end, the balance due from R H Miller (Agricultural) Limited was £1,572,490 (2009: £1,325,448).

The amounts due from both companies are interest free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

The company rents premises from R H Miller (Agricultural) Limited Directors' Pension Scheme. During the year rent of £25,500 (2009: £17,500) was paid to the pension scheme. At the year end there were no amounts outstanding.

At the year end the company owed Mr Miller £Nil (2009: £5,560) for expenses incurred on behalf of the company.

18 Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is Mr R H Miller.

The ultimate parent company is R H Miller (Group) Limited, a company registered in Scotland.

19 Non-audit services

In common with many other companies of our size and nature we use our auditors to prepare and submit returns to the tax authorities and assist with the preparation of the financial statements.