(Company Registration Number: \$\infty\$38385)

REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

PILKINGTON



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

The directors present their annual report and the audited accounts of the company for the year ended 31 March 2004.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company are as follows:

- (a) To carry on business as inventor, developer, acquirer, disposer, controller, manager, licensor and licensee of all kinds of technology, and as an owner, acquirer, disposer, controller, manager, licensor and licensee of all kinds of intellectual and industrial property rights;
- (b) To carry on business as a receiver, user and provider of all kinds of technological assistance and as an acquirer, user and supplier of equipment and services in connection with any technology owned, controlled, managed or licensed to or from third parties by the Company or Pilkington plc or any subsidiary or associate company of Pilkington plc;
- (c) To engage in any form of exploitation or use of all kinds of technology and all kinds of intellectual and industrial property rights.

Review of business and future developments

Both the level of business and the year end financial position remain satisfactory and the directors expect that the present level of activity will at least be sustained for the foreseeable future.

Results and dividend

The profit for the year on ordinary activities before taxation amounted to £11,405,000 (2003 £7,985,000, taxation thereon amounted to £1,654,000 (2003 £3,406,000), leaving a profit after taxation amounting to £9,751,000 (2003 £4,579,000). The directors recommend the payment of a dividend of £5,000,000 (2003 £Nil). After payment of the dividend, the retained profit for the financial year of £4,751,000 will be transferred to reserves.

Research and development

Research and Development work is carried out by the company for the Pilkington Group's Flat & Safety operations worldwide. Expenditure during the year amounted to £17.5million (2003 £16.9 million).

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

Directors

The following were directors of the company during the year:

Mr I P Lough

Dr D N Wilkinson (Resigned 31st March 2004)

Mr J McKenna

Mr M J Lyons

Mr R N Pike

Mr V de Leonibus (Appointed 14th November 2004)

Directors' interests

None of the directors has an interest in any contract of a material nature with the company.

None of the directors has an interest in the shares of the company or its subsidiary companies, either at the beginning or end of the financial year.

The undermentioned directors, who are not also directors of the ultimate holding company, Pilkington plc, had the following beneficial interests in the ordinary shares and in options to acquire shares in that company:

| | Piikingu | on pic |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Ordinary | shares |
| | of 50p | each |
| | 31.3.2004 | 31.3.2003 |
| Dr D N Wilkinson | 127,601 | 148,107 |
| Mr J McKenna | 86,12 | 81,402 |
| Mr M J Lyons | 54,18 | 46,044 |
| Mr R N Pike | 22,17 | - |
| Mr V de Leonibus | 347,119 | 341,600* |
| * At date of appointment | | |

| | | Sh | ares under op | tion | |
|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | At 1.4.2003 | Options granted | Options lapsed | Options exercised | At 31.3.2004 |
| Mr R N Pike | 181,965 | - | - | - | 181,965 |
| Dr D N Wilkinson | 344,267 | - | - | - | 344,267 |
| Mr J McKenna | 270,904 | 8,409 | - | - | 279,313 |
| Mr M J Lyons | 228,178 | 14,015 | 10,439 | - | 231,754 |
| Mr V de Leonibus | 154,911* | - | - | - | 154,911 |
| * At date of appointment | | | | | |

Mr I P Lough is a director of Pilkington plc and his share and option holdings are disclosed in the accounts of that company.

In addition to the above disclosure of shares under option, Messrs Wilkinson, Lyons, De Leonibus and McKenna participate in Pilkington's deferred bonus plan, under which certain senior executives in the Pilkington Group are entitled to invest half or all of their performance-related bonus, after tax, in Pilkington plc's shares which, if deposited with the trustees of the plan for a minimum period of three years, would be matched by Pilkington. The plan matches the shares purchased on a two-for one basis at the net level (equivalent to 1.2-for-one at the gross level). Pilkington funds the trustees of the plan to enable them to purchase the matching shares.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

The following directors held options to acquire, at no additional cost, the following number of matching shares under the plan:

| | Options held at 1.4.03 | Exercised during year | Granted during Year | Options held at 31.3.04 |
|------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Dr D N Wilkinson | 216,762 | 89,494 | 87,499 | 214,767 |
| Mr J McKenna | 91,605 | 20,494 | - | 71,111 |
| Mr M J Lyons | 72,106 | 18,292 | - | 53,814 |

The company operates a long-term incentive scheme known as the Leadership Equity Award Plan (LEAP). Participants in LEAP are invited to invest a proportion of their annual bonus (after tax) in Pilkington plc's shares. If they remain in employment and those shares are retained for three years, Pilkington plc will match their investment with additional shares. The matching by Pilkington plc is made up of a 'core award' and a 'performance award'. The 'core award' consists of shares to the value of one times the participant's gross annual bonus deferred. The extent of the 'performance award' will depend upon the achievement of stretching performance targets for the Pilkington Group over the three year period (measured as aggregate earnings per share), set by the Group Remuneration Committee. If these demanding targets are met in full, the match will be two and a half times the gross annual bonus deferred.

The number of shares in the 'core award' is shown in the table.

| | Core award shares held at 1.4.03 | Granted during Year | Core award shares held at 31.3.04 |
|------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Dr D N Wilkinson | 127,268 | 87,499 | 214,767 |
| Mr M J Lyons | - | 46,373 | 46,373 |
| Mr V de Leonibus | 134,161 | - | 134,161 |
| Mr R N Pike | - | 37,328 | 37,328 |

Employee involvement

The company encourages employee involvement through communication and consultation on a wide range of issues. Planned regular communications take place through briefing meetings, newspapers and bulletins, which keep employees aware of the financial and economic factors affecting the Pilkington Group.

The company encourages participation in decision making at all levels in the business and has a comprehensive training programme for all employee sectors.

Certain senior executives participate in the Pilkington Senior Executives' Share Option Scheme and the employees are able to participate in the Savings Related Share Option Scheme. Both schemes are seen as a valuable method of encouraging employee commitment and involvement with the company.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

Disabled persons

The company's objective is to maintain, or exceed, in its employment the statutory number of disabled persons under the Disabled Persons (Employment) Act. It endeavours to integrate disabled persons with other employees and their training, career development and promotion is handled under the company's general policy covering these activities.

Where an employee becomes disabled, every effort is made to ensure continuity of employment and provide appropriate training.

Payments policy

The company's policy in relation to the payments of its suppliers is to settle its terms of payment with each supplier when agreeing the terms of each business transaction. The supplier is made aware of the terms which are detailed on the company's purchase orders. It is company practice to abide by the agreed terms of payments.

Trade creditors amounting to £9,633,000 reported in note 10 to the accounts, represent 45 days (2003 45 days) of average daily purchases.

Taxation status

The company was not a close company within the provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 and this position has not changed since the end of the financial year.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the Board

S E LENNON

Secretary

// June 2004

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PILKINGTON TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT LIMITED

We have audited the accounts which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the reconciliation of the movement in shareholders' funds and the related notes.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the accounts in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or in to whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 March 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS LLP

Vrendobus Caperri 2 U

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Manchester

11 June 2004

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

| | Note | 2004 £000 | 2003 £000 |
|--|------|------------------|---------------|
| Turnover | | | |
| Continuing operations | 2 | 74,498 | 90,320 |
| Operating profit from continuing operations | 2 | 11,932 | 8,269 |
| Net interest payable and similar charges | 3 | (527) | (284) |
| Profit on ordinary activities before taxation | · | 11,405 | 7,985 |
| Taxation on profit on ordinary activities | 4 | (1,654) | (3,406) |
| Profit for the financial year Dividend Paid | - | 9,751 (5,000) | 4, 579 |
| Retained profit/(loss) for the year | 13 | 4,751 | 4,579 |
| | = | | |

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

There were no material total recognised gains and losses for the year other than the profit/(loss) for the year.

NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

There were no material differences between the reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the historical cost profit for the year. Similarly, there are no such adjustments in respect of 2003.

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

| | 2004 £000 | 2003 £000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Profit for the year attributable to shareholders | 4,751 | 4,579 |
| Net increase in shareholders' funds for the year Shareholders' funds at beginning of year | 4,751 443,471 | 4,579 438,892 |
| Shareholders' funds at end of year | 448,222 | 443,471 |

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2004

| ASSETS EMPLOYED | Note | 2004 £000 | 2003 £000 |
|---|------|--------------|-----------------|
| Fixed assets | | | |
| Tangible assets | 7 | 24,631 | 26,481 |
| Total fixed assets | | 24,631 | 26,481 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Stocks | 8 | 17,547 | 9,477 |
| Debtors | 9 | 429,919 | 430,876 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 8,278 | 8,448 |
| | | 455,744 | 448,801 |
| Creditors - amounts falling due within one year | 10 | (27,633) | (26,512) |
| Net current assets/(liabilities) | | 428,111 | 422,289 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 452,742 | 448,770 |
| FINANCED BY | | | 2 12 |
| Provision for liabilities and charges | 11 | 4,520 | 5,299 |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Share capital | 12 | 441,320 | 441,320 |
| Profit and loss account | 13 | 6,902 | 2,151 |
| Equity shareholders' funds | | 448,222 | 443,471 |
| Total shareholders' funds | | 452,742 | 448,770 |
| | : | · | |

The accounts on pages 7 to 22 were approved by the Board of Directors on ______ June 2004 and were signed on its behalf by:

_____ Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

1 Principal accounting policies

The accounts are prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and applicable accounting standards.

A summary of the major accounting policies, which have been consistently applied, is set out below.

Turnover

Turnover is based on the invoiced value of all goods despatched and services provided prior to the year end, excluding VAT and other sales based taxes and net of trade discounts. Turnover also includes the proportion of the sales value of long-term contracts (principally the construction of float lines for glass manufacture) based on their state of completion.

Research and development

Expenditure on pure or applied research and development expenditure using existing know-how to produce new or substantially improved products or to install new processes prior to the commencement of commercial production or to improve substantially those products or processes already in commercial production is written off the profit and loss account as incurred.

Expenditure on research laboratories, equipment and plant is capitalised as tangible fixed assets and written off over its expected future life.

Pension costs

Pension costs have been accounted for in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standard No 24 - Accounting for Pension Costs. The pension cost relates to defined contribution schemes and is the amount of contribution payable in the respective financial year.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost. Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset and the costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Gross interest costs relating to major tangible fixed assets under construction are included in the cost of such assets and are depreciated as part of the total cost. Capitalisation of such costs ceases when the asset is commissioned.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

1 Principal accounting policies (cont'd)

Freehold land is not depreciated. Depreciation is charged on all other categories of tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost by equal annual instalments over the expected useful economic lives of the assets at the following rates:

| • | Freehold buildings | 2% to 5% per annum |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| • | Leasehold buildings | 2% to 5% per annum |
| • | Short leasehold buildings | Over the life of the lease |
| • | Other plant and machinery | 5% to 20% per annum |
| • | Vehicles | 20% per annum |

The company reviews its depreciation rates regularly to take account of technological changes, intensity of use over the life of the asset and market requirements.

Finance leases

Assets held under finance leases are included in tangible fixed assets at cost and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or their useful life. Obligations relating to finance leases, net of finance changes in respect of future periods, are included as appropriate under creditors due within or after one year. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the lease term to reflect a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the obligation.

Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the year end. Exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Exchange differences on the translation of the net assets of overseas subsidiary undertakings, and on the translation of overseas borrowings for investment abroad, are taken to reserves.

Stocks, work in progress and long-term contracts

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all direct expenditure and works overhead expenditure incurred in bringing goods to their current state under normal operating conditions. Net realisable value is based on anticipated selling price less the cost of selling such goods and any sales incentives. Provisions for slow moving and obsolete items are made where appropriate.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

1 Principal accounting policies (cont'd)

The company does not account for any profit arising from long-term contracts, principally in relation to the building of new float line projects, until they are at least 75% complete. The profit is calculated by applying the percentage completion at the balance sheet date to the expected contract profit. If losses on long term contracts are envisaged then these would be provided as soon as the loss is identified.

Group accounts

The company has taken advantage in Section 228 (1) (a) of the Companies Act 1985 under which group accounts need not be prepared where the company is itself a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of another company.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its accounting profits arising from gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are regarded as recoverable and recognised in the financial statements when, on the basis of available evidence, it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the timing differences can be deducted. The recoverability of tax losses is assessed by reference to the forecasts which have been prepared and approved by the Board.

No timing differences are recognised in respect of:

- Fair value adjustments to acquired tangible fixed assets where there is no commitment to sell the asset
- Gains on the sale of assets where those assets have been rolled over into replacement assets, and
- Additional tax which would arise if the profits of overseas subsidiary undertakings, joint ventures and associates were distributed, in excess of those dividends that have been accrued

The deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

1 Principal accounting policies (cont'd)

Debtors

Provisions against the non-recovery of debtors are made specifically against identified doubtful debtors. Additionally, a general provision is made against all trade debts excluding those already specifically provided, those that are insured, those which are covered by confirmed irrevocable letters of credit and those with major vehicle manufacturers or Government departments (unless a specific provision is deemed necessary).

Where trade debtors, which are the subject of factoring arrangements are discounted, whereby 75% or 90% of the outstanding balance is discounted without recourse by banks in the ordinary course of business, the non-returnable amount of the factoring arrangement is deducted from the trade debtors concerned. The debt factoring charge in the year is included as part of net interest payable and similar charges within the profit and loss account.

Provisions

Provisions in respect of liabilities are made in accordance with FRS 12 and are discounted where the effect is material. Specifically:

- Where the company guarantees or warrants a product from defect at the time of sale, a warranty provision is set up to cover the likely costs of potential claims, calculated by reference to historic experience and the duration of the warranty period.
- Provisions for redundancies and restructuring costs are made once a detailed formal plan
 has been prepared and approved and the company is irrevocably committed to
 implementing the plan.

Cash flow

In accordance with paragraph 5 (a) of FRS 1 (revised), the company is not required to publish a cash flow statement

Related parties

As the company is a subsidiary undertaking, where 90% or more of its voting rights are controlled within the Pilkington Group, it has taken advantage of the exemption permitted by FRS 8 not to disclose any transactions or balances with entities that are part of the Pilkington Group

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

2 Statutory information

3

Geographical analysis of turnover by markets

| | 2004 | | 200 | 03 |
|---|---|---------------------|---|--|
| | £000 | % | £000 | % |
| United Kingdom Europe (excluding UK) Rest of the World | 5,567 42,559 26,372 | 7.5 57.1 35.4 | 11,915 42,059 36,346 | 13.2 46.6 40.2 |
| | 74,498 | 100 | 90,320 | 100 |
| Turnover including Licen Administration expenses | sing Income and Te | echnical Fees | 2004 £000 74,498 (62,566) | 2003 £000 90,320 (82,051) |
| Operating profit | | | 11,932 | 8,269 |
| Operating profit is after concentration of intangible of the Profit on disposal of tanger of the Operating lease costs - planditors' remuneration - Management charge/(cred | at expenditure the fixed assets fixed assets - owned ble fixed assets ant and machinery audit other non-audit ser | i vices | 17,522 2,562 (13) 454 13 27 932 | 16,920 3,082 1,930 (2) 486 9 45 1,071 |
| Net interest payable/(rec | eivable) | | 2004 | 2003 |
| Interest payable to Group Interest payable on bank o | • | | £000 - 688 | £000 - 356 |
| Less interest receivable | - others | | 688 (161) | 356 (72) |
| Net interest payable | | - | 527 | 284 |

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

4 Taxation

| | 2004 | 2003 |
|--|-------|-------|
| | £000 | £000 |
| Current tax | | |
| United Kingdom corporation tax at 30% | 962 | 969 |
| Overseas taxation | 986 | 1,446 |
| Adjustment in respect of previous periods | | (84) |
| | 1,948 | 2,331 |
| Deferred taxation | | |
| Origination and reversal of timing differences | (453) | (13) |
| Adjustment in respect of previous periods | 159 | 1,088 |
| | (294) | 1,075 |
| Total Tax on Profits on Ordinary Activites | 1,654 | 3,406 |

The tax assessed for the period is higher/lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%). The differences are explained below:

| | 2004 | 2003 |
|---|---------|---------|
| | £000 | £000 |
| Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax | 11,405 | 7,985 |
| Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate | | |
| of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2002: 30%) | 3,421 | 2,396 |
| Effects of: | | |
| Non-taxable dividend income | | |
| Expenses not deductible for tax purposes including amortisation and non qualifying depreciation | 425 | 1,025 |
| Research and development credits | (469) | (225) |
| Depreciation in excess of capital allowances | 185 | (112) |
| Movement on other timing differences | 269 | 125 |
| Losses surrendered by way of group relief for which no | | |
| payment will be made | (2,580) | (1,806) |
| Withholding taxes suffered | 697 | 1,012 |
| Prior year overprovision of corporation tax | - | (84) |
| Current tax charge for the year | 1,948 | 2,331 |

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

5 Employee pay and numbers (including directors)

| | 2004 £000 | 2003 £000 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Employment costs: | | |
| Wages and salaries | 13,901 | 14,028 |
| Social security costs | 1,190 | 1,039 |
| Pension costs | 1,161 | 1,115 |
| | 16,252 | 16,182 |
| Average number of employees | 2004 | 2003 |
| Trongo number or employees | No | No |
| United Kingdom | 360 | 354 |
| Number employed at 31 March | 363 | 369 |
| Directors Emoluments | | |
| | 2004 £ | 2003 £ |
| Aggregate emoluments and benefits | 630,604 | 242,919 |
| Pension scheme contributions | 31,216 | 24,566 |
| | 661,820 | 267,485 |

Retirement benefits are accruing to four (2003: four) directors under the company's defined contribution scheme.

Highest paid director

6

| | 2004 | 2003 |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------|
| | £ | £ |
| Aggregate emoluments and benefits | 630,604 | 242,919 |
| Pension scheme contributions | 31,216 | 24,566 |
| | 661,820 | 267,485 |
| | *************************************** | |

The emoluments of Messrs J McKenna, M J Lyons and R N Pike were paid by the ultimate parent company. Mr J McKenna's, Mr M J Lyons' an Mr R N Pike's services to the company and to a number of fellow subsidiaries were of a non-executive nature and their emoluments are deemed to be wholly attributable to their services to the ultimate parent company. Accordingly, the above details include no emoluments in respect of Mr J McKenna, Mr M J Lyons and Mr R N Pike.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

7 Tangible assets

| | Land and buildings | Plant, machinery and vehicles | Total |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------|
| | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| At cost or valuation | | | |
| At 1 April 2003 | 11,492 | 36,046 | 47,538 |
| Additions | 106 | 1,276 | 1,382 |
| Disposals | (15) | (3,572) | (3,587) |
| Transfers (to)/from Group undertaking | - | (559) | (559) |
| Revaluation | - | - | - |
| At 31 March 2004 | 11,583 | 33,191 | 44,774 |
| Accumulated depreciation | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| At 1 April 2003 | (866) | (20,191) | (21,057) |
| Charge for the year | (287) | (2,275) | (2,562) |
| Disposals | 11 | 3,378 | 3,389 |
| Transfers to/(from) Group undertaking | <u>.</u> | 87 | 87 |
| At 31 March 2004 | (1,142) | (19,001) | (20,143) |
| Written down value at 31 March 2004 | 10,441 | 14,190 | 24,631 |
| | 10.525 | | * 4 4 0 4 |
| Written down value at 31 March 2003 | 10,626 | 15,855 | 26,481 |

Tangible assets include the cost of assets in the course of construction and payments on account amounting to £837,000 (2003 £963,000)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

| 8 | Stocks |
|---|--------|
| 0 | STUCKS |

| | 2004 £000 | 2003 £000 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Stores | 456 | 485 |
| Work in progress | 17,091 | 8,992 |
| , | 17,547 | 9,477 |
| Debtors | | |
| Amounts falling due within one year | 2004 | 2003 |
| • | £000 | £000 |
| Trade debtors | 822 | 4,515 |
| Amounts owed by Group undertakings | | |
| - Parent company and fellow subsidiaries | 422,325 | 423,901 |
| Other debtors | 5,557 | 1,227 |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 94 | 195 |
| | 428,798 | 429,838 |
| Amounts falling due after more than one year | | |
| Other debtors | 1,121 | 1,038 |
| | 428,755 | 430,876 |

The amounts due from Group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed repayment date.

10 Creditors - amounts falling due within one year

| | 2004 | 2003 |
|--|--------|--------|
| | £000 | £000 |
| Bank overdrafts | 13,133 | 12,208 |
| Trade creditors | 9,633 | 1,749 |
| Amounts owed to Group undertakings | ŕ | ŕ |
| - Parent company and fellow subsidiaries | 1,660 | 6,451 |
| Other creditors | 322 | 261 |
| Payments received on account | 1,135 | 1,552 |
| Accruals | 1,750 | 4,284 |
| Other taxation and social security | - | 7 |
| | 27,633 | 26,512 |

The amounts due to Group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed repayment date.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

11 Provision for liabilities and charges

| | Cumulative leave | Restructuring | Redundancy | Deferred Tax | Total |
|---|---------------------|---------------|------------|-----------------|-------|
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| At 1 April 2003 | 1,055 | 400 | 450 | 3,394 | 5,299 |
| Charged to profit and loss account | 42 | | 200 | | (52) |
| Transfer to current taxation Utilised during year | (52) | (225) | (450) | (294) | (727) |
| At 31 March 2004 | 1045 | 175 | 200 | 3100 | 4520 |
| Maturity profile of provisions | | | | | |
| Within 1 year | 52 | 175 | 200 | - | 427 |
| Between 1 and 2 years | 52 | - | - | 3100 | 3152 |
| Between 2 and 5 years | 156 | - | - | - | 156 |
| Over 5 years | 785 | - | - | - | 785 |
| - | 1045 | 175 | 200 | 3100 | 4520 |

Cumulative Leave

Relates to a scheme which allowed employees to bank unused annual holidays entitlement and receive a cash equivalent upon leaving employment based on salary at date of leaving. The scheme was closed to existing and new employees from March 2002

Redundancy

Provision relates to employees made redundant in prior periods for payments made by the company to the Pilkington Superannuation Scheme as a pension make up until the ex employee reaches normal retirement age

Restructuring

A decision to close two overseas branches in Germany and N. America and integrate part of the businesses into existing divisions was announced in November 2002. This restructuring will result in the loss of jobs within the division. The provision is expected to be fully utilised by 31st March 2005

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

Deferred taxation

The balances included in provisions relate to:

| | 1 | | |
|----|--|-----------|-----------------|
| | | 2004 | 2003 |
| | | £000 | £000 |
| | Accelerated capital allowances | 2,878 | 2,942 |
| | Other timing differences | 222 | 452 |
| | Total provision for deferred tax | 3,100 | 3,394 |
| 12 | Share capital | | |
| | | 2004 | 2003 |
| | | £000 | £000 |
| | Authorised | | |
| | 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| | Allotted, called up and fully paid | | |
| | 441,320,007 ordinary shares of £1 each | 441,320 | 441,320 |
| 13 | Reserves | · | |
| | | | Profit and |
| | | | loss |
| | | | account £000 |
| | At 1 April 2003 | | 2,151 |
| | Retained profit for the year | | 4,751 |
| | At 31 March 2004 | | 6,902 |
| | | | |

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

14 Commitments

| (a) Capital expenditure | 2004 £000 | 2003 £000 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Contracts placed but not provided for in the financial statements | 339 | 77 |
| | 2004 £000 | 2003 £000 |
| (b) Operating lease commitments | | |
| The company's operating lease commitments for the following financial year which relate entirely to Plant and Machinery are as follows: For leases expiring | | |
| Within one year | 114 | 122 |
| Between two and five years | 340 | 364 |
| | 454 | 486 |

15 Guarantee

The company is party to a guarantee under a Pilkington group banking arrangement whereby it guarantees certain bank overdrafts of the Parent company and fellow subsidiaries. The guarantee is limited to the cash balance held.

16 Pensions and similar obligations

The company's employees are members of the Pilkington Superannuation Scheme (PSS) which, for the purposes of accounting under SSAP 24, is in the nature of a defined contribution scheme. The pension cost charge for the year amounted to £1,161,000 (2003 £1,115,000).

For the purposes of the required disclosures under FRS 17, the contributions paid by the company are accounted for as a defined contribution scheme as the company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities in the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis.

At 31 March 2003, the surplus on the PSS amounted to £nil million (2002: £xxx million). Under the scheme rules, the surplus cannot be recovered by the company and contributions will remain at 10.5% of pensionable salaries in the future.

Further details of the PSS are noted in the accounts of the ultimate holding company, Pilkington plc.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

17 Ultimate and immediate parent undertakings

The immediate parent undertaking and controlling party is Pilkington Brothers Limited, registered in England and Wales.

This company has not prepared consolidated financial statements as the directors regard the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party to be Pilkington plc, a company registered in England and Wales. Pilkington plc has prepared consolidated financial statements for the whole of the Pilkington Group, a copy of which can be obtained from the Company Secretary, Pilkington plc, Prescot Road, St Helens, WA10 3TT.