Mackays Stores Limited
Directors' report and financial statements
21 April 1995

Registered number 36368





# Directors' report and financial statements

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### Directors' report

The directors present their annual report, together with the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 21 April 1995.

#### **Activities**

The company operates as a multiple retailer of clothing with branches throughout the United Kingdom.

### Review of the business and future developments

The directors are pleased to report satisfactory growth in the results for the year to 21 April 1995.

The group continued with its strategy of modest expansion and improvement in quality of existing stores.

The directors would like to thank all members of staff for their hard work, loyalty and support during the year.

### Summary of trading results

The company's trading results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 4 and in note 2 to the financial statements.

#### Dividends

The directors approved the payment during the year of a dividend of £4,653,000 representing £9.40 per ordinary share.

The directors approved the payment during the year of a dividend of £280 representing 5.6p per cumulative preference share.

#### Fixed tangible assets

The movements in fixed tangible assets are set out in note 10 to the financial statements.

### Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

PD Stevenson LC McGeoch IW McGeoch A Roberts J O'Hara JA Lawrie



Directors' report (continued)

### Directors and directors' interests (continued)

In accordance with the Articles of Association, L C McGeoch and A Roberts retire at the annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The beneficial interests of PD Stevenson, LC and IW McGeoch and JA Lawrie in the shares of the ultimate parent undertaking, Mackays Stores (Holdings) PLC, are shown in the financial statements of that company.

Disclosure of directors' interests as required by the Companies Act 1985 is dealt with in note 22 to the financial statements.

### Charitable and political contributions

Charitable contributions made by the company during the year amounted to £7,507 (1994: £8,366). There were no political contributions.

#### Close company

The company is a close company within the meaning of section 414 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

#### Employee involvement

The company has channels of communication with employees on business development, company performance and matters of general concern.

### Employment of disabled persons

The company which gives a full and fair consideration to applications for employment made by disabled persons, has continued whenever possible the employment of persons who became disabled while they were with the company and has ensured continuing training, career development and opportunities for the promotion of disabled persons employed by it.

#### Auditors

On 6 February 1995 our auditors changed the name under which they practise to KPMG and, accordingly, have signed their report in their new name. In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

By order of the board

M McKimmie

Secretary

Paisley

26 September 1995



## Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to (a) select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently, (b) make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, (c) state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and (d) prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



Report of the auditors to the members of Mackays Stores Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 19.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described above the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 21 April 1995 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Kling

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

24 Blythswood Square Glasgow G2 4QS

12 October 1995



Profit and loss account for the 52 weeks ended 21 April 1995

	Note	1995 52 weeks £000	1994 53 weeks £000
Sales Cost of sales	2	126,169 (100,898)	115,141 (91,938)
Gross profit Administrative expenses Other operating income	3	25,271 (13,376) 3,728	23,203 (13,001) 3,465
Operating profit Interest Dividend from subsidiary	4 7	15,623 2 4,675	13,667 (214)
Profit on ordinary activities before tax Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	20,300 (4,677)	13,453 (4,109)
Profit on ordinary activities after tax Dividends	9	15,623 (4,653)	9,344 (495)
Transferred to reserves		10,970	8,849

A statement of movements on reserves is given in note 20.

There were no recognised gains or losses in either year other than the above retained profits.

Note of historical cost profits and losses for the 52 weeks ended 21 April 1995

	1995 52 weeks £000	1994 53 weeks £000
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	20,300	13,453
Difference between historical cost depreciation charge and the actual depreciation charge for the year calculated on the revalued amount	95	95
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	20,395	13,548
Historical cost profit for the year retained after taxation and dividends	11,065	8,944

# Balance sheet at 21 April 1995

•	Note	£000	1995 £000	£000	1994 £000
Fixed assets Tangible assets Investments	10 11		33,583		30,978
			33,583		30,978
Current assets Stocks Debtors	12 13 14	19,060 3,907 1,000		16,176 4,818	
Investments Cash at bank and in hand	1,	10,603		5,553	
		34,570		26,547	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	(29,604)		(27,966)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			4,966		(1,419)
Total assets less current liabilities			38,549		29,559
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	16		-		(2,925)
Provisions for liabilities and charges Deferred income	17 18		(255) (690)		<u>-</u>
			37,604		26,634
			<del></del>		
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Revaluation reserve Revenue reserve	19 20 20		500 5,879 31,225		500 5,974 20,160
			37,604		26,634
			<del> </del>		

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 26 September 1995 and were signed on its behalf by:

LC McGeoch Director

IW McGeoch
Director

KPMG

#### Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost accounting rules modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

### Financial Reporting Standard Number 1

Mackays Stores (Holdings) PLC, of which the company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking, has adopted Financial Reporting Standard Number 1 in its consolidated financial statements for the year ended 21 April 1995. Accordingly, the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement.

#### Consolidation

In view of the fact that consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the company's parent undertaking, Mackays Stores (Holdings) PLC, the company has not prepared consolidated financial statements as permitted by Section 228 of Companies Act 1985.

### Transactions of UK companies in foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are converted into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the transaction date.

Balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates ruling at the balance sheet date.

Realised exchange gains or losses on settled trading transactions, and unrealised gains or losses on unsettled short term monetary trading items resulting from restatement to closing rates of exchange are dealt with through the profit and loss account. Exchange gains or losses arising from financing arrangements are charged as finance costs in the profit and loss account.

#### Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value. Cost is computed by deducting the appropriate composite trading margin from selling price.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided on timing differences which are anticipated to increase taxation liabilities in the foreseeable future.



Notes (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Depreciation

With the exception of land and assets in the course of construction, fixed tangible assets are depreciated as follows:

- freehold properties evenly over 50 years;
- leasehold properties evenly over the term of their respective leases or 50 years whichever is the shorter period; the portion of leasehold premiums applicable to rent evenly over the period to the first rent review;
- all other fixed tangible assets evenly over their estimated useful lives on annual rates ranging as follows:

Plant and machinery, fixtures, fittings and equipment	15% - 33%
Motor vehicles	25%

#### Deferred income

Inducements to enter into lease agreements in respect of property are treated as deferred income. The income is credited to profit evenly over the remaining term of the lease.

### Finance leases and hire purchase

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recorded as fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or lease terms. Obligations under such arrangements, net of finance charges, are included in creditors.

Finance charges are allocated to profit so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligation.

#### Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to profit as they fall due under the terms of the agreements.

#### Pensions

Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account in accordance with actuarial recommendations so as to spread the cost of pensions over the employees' expected remaining service lives with the company.



Notes (continued)

### 2 Sales and profit

All sales and profit on ordinary activities before tax arise from retailing within the United Kingdom. Further details of sales are as follows:

	Further details of sales are as follows:	1995 52 weeks £000	1994 53 weeks £000
	Sales including value added tax Value added tax	138,699 (12,530)	126,634 (11,493)
		126,169	115,141
	Operating profit Interest and dividend from subsidiary	15,623 4,677	13,667 (214)
		20,300	13,453
3	Other operating income	1995 <b>52 weeks</b> £000	1994 53 weeks £000
•	Property rentals and similar income Discounts received Loss on sale of fixed tangible assets Other income	1,108 2,229 (245) 636 ——————————————————————————————————	1,262 2,301 (128) 30 ————————3,465
4	Operating profit	1995 52 weeks £000	1994 53 weeks £000
	Operating profit is stated after charging		
	Depreciation: - Fixed tangible assets Auditors' remuneration: - Audit	3,742 35	3,304
	<ul> <li>Other services</li> <li>Hire of equipment</li> <li>Pension paid to a former director</li> <li>Payments made in exchange for the surrender of</li> </ul>	51 (8) 1	66 241 1
	share options	<u>-</u>	149



Notes (continued)

#### 5

Directors' emoluments	1995 52 weeks £000	1994 53 weeks £000
Directors' emoluments including pension contributions	2,472	1,857

The services of the chairman, Mr Peter Stevenson, are provided by The Stevenson Partnership Limited. That company is entitled to a performance fee based on the results of the financial year ended 16 April 1993 and the two succeeding years, and payable in two tranches in October 1994 and October 1995. A provision of £750,000 in respect of this fee was made against the profits for the year ended 16 April 1993 and a further provision of £750,000 was made against the profits for the year ended 22 April 1994 and the balance of £236,113 charged against the profits for the year ending 21 April 1995.

The first payment of performance fee in October 1994 amounted to £752,500 and was included in the 1994 figures for directors' remuneration; the payment due in October 1995 amounting to £983,613 has been included in directors' remuneration for 1995.

The Stevenson Partnership Limited has an obligation to remit 60% of any such performance fee payments to EFT Group plc, a company of which Mr Stevenson was formerly executive chairman.

Directors' emoluments, excluding pension contributions, were:

Directors' emoluments, excluding pension controlloudons, were.	1995 52 weeks £000	1994 53 weeks £000
Chairman (highest paid director) - salary - performance fee	79 984	65 752
•		
	1,063	817
	<del>====</del>	==

The Stevenson Partnership Limited has an obligation to remit £590,168 (1994 £451,500) of the above performance fee to EFT Group plc.

411 -1'			Number of	directors
All directors			1995	1994
£80,001	-	£85,000	1	-
£85,001	_	£90,000	1	-
£105,001	-	£110,000	1	-
£125,001	_	£130,000	•	1
£130,001	-	£135,000	-	1
£140,001	_	£145,000	•	l
£330,001	-	£335,000	-	1
£375,001	_	£380,000	•	I
£535,001	-	£540,000	2	-
£815,001	_	£820,000	•	i
£1,060,001	-	£1,065,000	1	-
			• =	=



#### Notes (continued)

#### 6 Employees and remuneration

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year was as follows:

	1995 £000	1994 £000
Retailing	2,445	2,389
	<del></del>	
The aggregate payroli costs of these persons were as follows:	1995 52 weeks £000	1994 53 weeks £000
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	18,545 1,172 400	17,185 1,125 430
	20,117	18,740
	=====	

#### Pensions

Mackays Stores Limited operates a funded defined benefit pension scheme for group employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group in funds administered by trustees independently of the group. The contributions are determined by an independent qualified actuary using the projected unit method. The most recent actuarial valuation was at 30 April 1994. The assumption which has the most significant effect on the results of the valuation is the excess of the rate of return on investments over the rate of increase in pensionable salary, which was assumed to be 2% per annum.

The market value of the scheme assets at the valuation date was £9,085,000 and the valuation showed that the actuarial value of the scheme's assets was more than sufficient to cover the value of the benefits that had accrued to members at the valuation date, after allowing for expected future increases in salaries.

The net pension charge for the year, based on the advice of the independent qualified actuary, was the same as the contribution rates actually payable to the scheme.

The next actuarial valuation is due to be carried out at 30 April 1997.

#### 7 Interest

Interest	1995	1994
	52 weeks	53 weeks
	000£	£000
On bank loans and overdrafts	(708)	(468)
Bank interest receivable	690	254
Interest from fixed asset investment	20	-
	<del></del>	
	2	(214)
	<del></del>	===



Notes (continued)

8	Tax	1995 52 weeks		19 53 wee	994 eks
		£000	£000	£000	£000
	Corporation tax Charge for the year at 33% (1994: 33%) on the profit for the year on ordinary activities Prior years adjustments	(5,542) 773		(4,963) 574	
			(4,769)	<del></del>	(4,389)
	Deferred tax Release for the year		92		280
			(4,677)		(4,109)
			<del></del>		

The company experiences effective rates of tax (calculated by reference to profits excluding dividends from subsidiaries which are not taxable) that are higher than the rate of corporation tax, due to costs, mainly depreciation, on those items of capital expenditure which are ineligible for tax purposes.

9	Dividends	1995 52 weeks £000	1994 53 weeks £000
	<i>Ordinary shares</i> Paid	(4,653)	(495)
	`	<del></del>	<del></del>



Notes (continued)

10	Fixed	tangible	assets

Fixed tangible assets			Fixtures	
		nd buildings	fittings and	Total
	Freehold	Leasehold £000	equipment £000	£000
Cost or valuation At beginning of year Additions Disposals Inter company transfer	£000 16,064 689 (21)	11,744 1,928 (228)	25,008 4,071 (962) 374	52,816 6,688 (1,211) 374
At end of year	16,732	13,444	28,491	58,667
Depreciation At beginning of year Charge for year Disposals Inter company transfer	(848) (236) 7	(3,766) (587) 74	(17,224) (2,919) 771 (356)	(21,838) (3,742) 852 (356)
At end of year	(1,077)	(4,279)	(19,728)	(25,084)
Net book amount At 21 April 1995	15,655	9,165	8,763	33,583
At 22 April 1994	15,216	7,978	7,784	30,978
	=	====		

The company's freehold properties were valued as at 30 April 1990.

The equivalent amounts for freehold properties calculated under historical cost accounting rules are as follows:

	1995		1994	
	Valuation £000	Cost £000	Valuation £000	Cost £000
Cost or valuation Depreciation	15,025 (1,103)	10,346 (2,303)	15,025 (862)	10,346 (2,157)
	<del></del>			
Net book amount	13,922	8,043	14,163	8,189
	***************************************	=====	<del>****</del>	



Notes (continued)

10	Fixed tangibl	e assets (continued)				
					1995 £000	1994 £000
		ount of land included a	in		4,803	4,803
	neenoid prop	crues amounts co.			<del></del>	===
	The net book and buildings	amount of leasehold l comprises:	and			
	Long leasehol Short leaseho				456 8,709	401 7,577
					9,165	7,978
					<del></del>	
11	Fixed asset in	nvestments				£000
	Shares in subsidiary undertakings:					
	Cost:	At 22 April 1994 Disposals				12 (2)
		. 24 4 31 1000				10
		At 21 April 1995				=
	Provision:	At 22 April 1994 Applied				(12) 2
		At 21 April 1995				(10) =
	The principa	l subsidiary undertaki	ngs are as follows:			
			Country of registration	Direct holding (ordinary shares)	Nature	of business
	Mackays Sto Limited	ores (Far East)	Hong Kong	100%	buying s	rchandising services and ed activities
	Kilbin Limit Grandwear	ed (formerly Textiles Limited)	Scotland	100%	Textile ma	nufacturers



Notes (continued)

12	Stocks	1995 £000	1994 £000
	Finished goods and goods for resale	19,060	16,176
			<del></del>
13	Debtors	1995	1994
		€000	£000
	Amounts due within one year	151	154
	Trade debtors  Amounts owed by subsidiary undertaking	735	599
	Other debtors	15	193
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,975	1,829
		<del></del>	
		2,876	2,775
		<del></del>	
	Amounts due in more than one year	1,325	2,929
	Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	1,325 (294)	(1,073)
	Less: provisions	( <b>-</b> > 1)	
		1,031	1,856
		1,051	
		<del></del>	
	Deferred tax recoverable (note 17)	-	187
	Total debtors	3,907	4,818
	Tour Goods		
14	Investments	1995	1994
		£000	£000
	UK Treasury Stock at cost	1,000	-
	•	<del></del>	<del></del>

The market value of these investments at 21 April 1995 was £1,049,191.



Notes (continued)

15	Creditors:	amounts	falling	due	within	one year
13	CI cuitois.	dilloring	TOTITIE	444	********	0

Of control of the con	1995	1994
	£000	£000
Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Bills of exchange payable	1,044 4,224 6,253	4,191 4,202 4,903
Corporation tax ACT payable	5,522	6,088 124
Other tax and social security Other creditors and accruals	533 6,391 211	311 5,475 2,662
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings Amounts owed to ultimate parent undertaking	5,426	10
	29,604	27,966
	<del></del>	

The company, in common with other group companies, has entered into cross guarantees in respect of bank loans and overdrafts due by the group.

### 16 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	1995 £000	1994 £000
Repayable within five years: Other creditors	-	750 2,175
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings		<u></u>
	-	2,925
	<del></del>	



Notes (continued)

17	Provisions for liabilities and charges	1995 £000	1994 £000
	Deferred tax At 22 April 1994 Transfer to profit and loss account Transfer from corporation tax payable	(187) (92) 534	94 (281) -
	At 21 April 1995	255	(187)*
	*Included in debtors (note 13).	—	_
	Amounts provided  Excess capital allowances and other timing differences at 33% (1994: 33%)	255	(187)

Disposal of the freehold properties at the valuation incorporated in the financial statements would not, in aggregate, give rise to any tax charge as capital losses estimated to arise on disposal of some properties would offset capital gains arising on others.

The unprovided liability in respect of capital gains rolled over amounts to £860,000 (1994: £858,000).

In addition there are capital losses potentially available within the group.

### 18 Deferred income

		1995 £000	1994 £000
	Balance remaining of landlords inducements	690	•
		<del></del>	<del></del>
19	Share capital	1995 £000	1994 £000
	Authorised, allotted, issued and fully paid 495,000 ordinary shares of £1 each 5,000 cumulative 5.6% (plus tax credit) preference shares of £1 each	495 5	495 5
	-	<del></del>	
		500	500
		==	



Notes (continued)

20	Reserves	Revaluation reserve £000	Revenue reserve £000
	At 22 April 1994 Transfer of depreciation on revalued fixed assets Retained profit for year	5,974 (95)	20,160 95 10,970
	At 21 April 1995	5,879	31,225
	All revenue reserves are distributable.		
21	Commitments	1995 £000	1994 £000
	Capital Contracted but not provided Authorised but not contracted	373 2,395	898 3,912
	Other		
	The rental charges incurred by the company under non-cancellable	operating leases wer	e:
		1995 £000	1994 £000
	Land and buildings Other	8,715 13	7,645 267
		<del></del>	<del></del>
	In 1995/96 these charges are estimated to amount to		£000
	Land and buildings Other		9,077 13
	Oute		

#### 22 Directors' interests

Mackays Stores Limited purchased goods under normal trade terms from PEL PLC, a company in which LC McGeoch and IW McGeoch have an interest. The value of the transactions entered into with PEL PLC during the year was £712,179 (1994: £1,699,000). During the year advances amounting to £34,061 were made to and repaid by LC McGeoch.



Notes (continued)

#### 23 Ultimate parent undertaking

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Mackays Stores (Holdings) PLC which is registered in Scotland

The only group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Mackays Stores (Holdings) PLC.

### 24 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' fund

Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' fund	1995 £000	1994 £000
Profit for the financial year	15,623	9,344
Dividends	(4,653)	(495)
Net addition to shareholders' funds	10,970	8,849
Opening shareholders' funds	26,634	17,785
Closing shareholders' funds	37,604	26,634

