Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 October 2022

<u>for</u>

Denis Cadzow and Company Limited

Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2022

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

Denis Cadzow and Company Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 October 2022

DIRECTORS:J M Cadzow
T S Young

I Young

SECRETARY: A H & Co Ltd

REGISTERED OFFICE: The Farm House

Duncrahill Pencaitland

Tranent East Lothian EH34 5ER

REGISTERED NUMBER: SC033996 (Scotland)

ACCOUNTANTS: A H & Co Ltd

Chartered Accountants

6 Logie Mill Edinburgh Lothian EH7 4HG

BANKERS: Weatherbys Bank Ltd

Sanders Road Wellingborough Northamptonshire

NN84BX

Balance Sheet 31 October 2022

	Notes	£	31.10.22 ₤	£	31.10.21 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		9,816,134		7,008,085
Investments	5		294,270		305,870
			10,110,404		7,313,955
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	6	305,347		251,271	
Debtors	7	27,524		20,046	
Cash at bank and in hand		814		814	
		333,685		272,131	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	359,186		348,094	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(25,501)		(75,963)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			10,084,903		7,237,992
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(788,432)		(753,231)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	11		(935,633)		(402,028)
NET ASSETS			8,360,838		6,082,733
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	12		42,000		42,000
Revaluation reserve			8,173,406		6,020,993
Fair value transfer			377,607		361,660
Retained earnings			(232,175)		(341,920)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			8,360,838		6,082,733

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 October 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Balance Sheet - continued 31 October 2022

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 12 June 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

I Young - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Denis Cadzow and Company Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis, the acceptability of which is dependant on the continuing support of the company's directors and bankers.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover is stated net of VAT and trade discounts and is recognised when the significant risks and rewards are considered to have been transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the supply of goods is recognised when the goods are physically delivered to the customer. Turnover from the supply of services represents the value of services provided under contracts to the extent that there is a right to consideration and is recorded at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold property

Long leasehold

Improvements to property

Plant and machinery

Fixtures and fittings

Motor vehicles

Computer equipment

- 0% on cost

- 2% on cost

- 20% on cost

- 20% on cost

- 20% on cost

- 33% on cost

Residual value represents the estimated amount which would currently be obtained from disposal of an asset, after deducting estimated costs of disposal, if the asset were already of the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to sell, which is equivalent to the net realisable value. Crops are valued at cost of growing and fertilising. Horses are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value or director valuation.

Financial instruments

The company only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Page 4 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 October 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets held under finance leases, hire purchase contracts and other similar arrangements, which confer rights and obligations similar to those attached to owned assets, are capitalised as tangible fixed assets at the fair value of the leased asset (or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments as determined at the inception of the lease) and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and their useful lives. The capital elements of future lease obligations are recorded as liabilities, while the interest elements are charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the leases to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term, even if the payments are not made on such a basis. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are similarly spread on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Investments

Unquoted investments are valued at fair value. Provision is made for any permanent diminution in value.

Within investments there is livestock which has been measured at fair value. Fair value has been calculated based on the evidence available from an active market, taking into account the expected selling price less estimated costs to sell.

Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement

Exemption has been taken from preparing a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company qualifies as a small company.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 4 (2021 - 4).

Page 5 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 October 2022

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

TANGIDDE FIXED ASSETS	Freehold	Tomo	Tues and a second country	Plant and
		Long	Improvements	
	property	leasehold	to property	machinery
COST OR VALUATION	£	£	£	£
COST OR VALUATION	5 (47 7 (4	1.560.245	14.007	441.027
At 1 November 2021	5,647,764	1,560,345	14,986	441,827
Additions	-	-	-	182,206
Disposals	(3,150)	-	-	-
Revaluations	2,188,597	196,444		-
At 31 October 2022	7,833,211	1,756,789	14,986	624,033
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 November 2021	-	336,162	300	322,247
Charge for year	-	-	299	90,974
Eliminated on disposal	-	=	=	-
Revaluation adjustments	<u>-</u>	(336,162)	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
At 31 October 2022	-	_	599	413,221
NET BOOK VALUE				<u> </u>
At 31 October 2022	7,833,211	1,756,789	14,387	210,812
At 31 October 2021	5,647,764	1,224,183	14,686	119,580
71.31 30.0301 2021		1,22 1,102	11,500	117,300
	Fixtures			
	and	Motor	Computer	
	fittings	vehicles	equipment	Totals
	fungs £	£	£	£
COST OR VALUATION	r	£	ı.	r
	10.526	124 247	5.042	7 914 647
At 1 November 2021	19,536	124,247	5,942	7,814,647
Additions	-	- ((1.447)	-	182,206
Disposals	-	(61,447)	=	(64,597)
Revaluations		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2,385,041
At 31 October 2022	19,536	62,800	5,942	10,317,297
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 November 2021	18,448	124,247	5,158	806,562
Charge for year	544	-	393	92,210
Eliminated on disposal	-	(61,447)	-	(61,447)
Revaluation adjustments		=	=	(336,162)
At 31 October 2022	18,992	62,800	5,551	501,163
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 October 2022	544	_	391	9,816,134
At 31 October 2021	1,088	_	784	7,008,085
11,51 00,0001 2021			, , , ,	7,000,000

Included in cost or valuation of land and buildings is freehold land of £ 7,831,987 (2021 - £ 5,646,540) which is not depreciated.

Page 6 continued...

$\frac{Notes \ to \ the \ Financial \ Statements - continued}{for \ the \ Year \ Ended \ 31 \ October \ 2022}$

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Cost or valuation at 31 October 2022 is represented by:

	Freehold	Long	Improvements	Plant and
	property	leasehold	to property	machinery
	£	£	£	£
Valuation in 1987	1,541,810	327,376	-	-
Valuation in 2002	80,000	419,244	-	-
Valuation in 2008	1,566,768	770,285	_	-
Valuation in 2013	2,406,540	35,697	_	-
Valuation in 2022	2,188,597	196,444	-	-
Cost	49,496	7,743	14,986	624,033
	7,833,211	1,756,789	14,986	624,033
	Fixtures			
	and	Motor	Computer	
	fittings	vehicles	equipment	Totals
	£	£	£	£
Valuation in 1987	-	-	-	1,869,186
Valuation in 2002	-	-	-	499,244
Valuation in 2008	-	-	-	2,337,053
Valuation in 2013	-	-	-	2,442,237
Valuation in 2022	-	-	_	2,385,041
Cost	19,536	62,800	5,942	784,536
	19,536	62,800	5,942	10,317,297
If land and buildings had not been revalued they would	l have been included at th	he following histo	rical cost:	
The same same and the second to the same they from				
			21 10 22	21 10 21

	31.10.22	31.10.21
	£	£
Cost	<u> 185,431</u>	<u> 185,431</u>
Aggregate depreciation	51,727	48,018
Value of land in freehold land and buildings	51,422	51,422

Land and buildings were valued on an open market basis on 31 October 2022 by Davidson & Robertson, Chartered Surveyor .

On transition to FRS 102 the company took advantage of the transitional relief to use a previous valuation as deemed cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 October 2022

5. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Investments were as follows: Unlisted Investments						10.22 € 220	31.10.21 £ 220
	Herd						94,050 294,270	305,650 305,870
							.54,270	303,870
	Reconciliation of the carrying amounts	of biological ass	ets:					
		Bulls	Cows	Heifers	Gimmers	Rams	Ewes	Total
	D-1	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
	Balance at 1st November 2021	35,000	228,000	39,000	2,750	900	-	305,650
	Purchases	5,200	-	8,400	2,200	-	-	15,800
	Sales	(15.600)	(45,000)	(15.600)	2 950	-	1.750	(45,000)
	Transferred	(15,600)	34,500	(15,600)	3,850	-	1,750	8,900
	Change in fair value less selling							
	cost	1,400	-	7,800	-	(500)	-	8,700
	Balance at 31st October 2022	26,000	217,500	39,600	8,800	400	1,750	294,050
				·				
6.	STOCKS					31.1	0.22	31.10.21
						21.1	£	£
	Stocks					305	,347	<u>251,271</u>
7.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING	DUF WITHIN C	NE VEAR					
<i>,</i> .	DEDTORS, AMOUNTS PADELING	DOE WITHIN	IL ILAK			31.1	0.22	31.10.21
							£	£
	Trade debtors Other debtors					27	- 7,524	1,130 18,916
	Other debtors						<u>,524</u> ,524	20,046
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLIN	G DUE WITHI	N ONE YEAR	2		21.1	0.22	21 10 21
						31.1	0.22 £	31.10.21 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts						,289	307,964
	Hire purchase contracts						,358	26,655
	Trade creditors Taxation and social security						,931 ,562	74 2,475
	Other creditors						,302 ,046	10,926
	omer creations						.186	348,094
	CDEDITORS AND INTO PART IN	C DUE (FEED	MODERNIA	N ONE VE	-			
9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLIN	G DUE AFTER	MORE THA	N ONE YEA	K	31.1	0.22	31.10.21
						ا.۱.	£	£
	Bank loans						,980	713,546
	Hire purchase contracts						,512	34,127
	Other creditors						,940	5,558
						788	<u>,432</u>	753,231

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 October 2022

10. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	31.10.22	31.10.21
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	243,289	307,964
Bank loans	699,980	713,546
	943,269	1,021,510

The bank overdraft and loan are secured by a first ranked standard security over Duncrahill Farm which is owned by the company and a bond and floating charge over all assets and undertakings of the company.

11. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	31.10.22	31.10.21
	£	£
Deferred tax		
Accelerated capital allowances	41,107	24,165
Other timing differences	894,526	377,863
	935,633	402,028
		Deferred tax
		£
Balance at 1 November 2021		402,028
Provided during year		533,605
Balance at 31 October 2022		935,633

12. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted	icenad	and fully	naid.
Amoneu.	ISSUEG	and Juliv	Daid:

Number:	Class:	Nominal	31.10.22	31.10.21
		value:	£	£
21,840	A Ordinary	£1	21,840	21,840
10,080	B Ordinary	£1	10,080	10,080
10,080	C Ordinary	£1	10,080	10,080
			42,000	42,000

13. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

At 31 October 2022 the company owed the directors £7,908 (2021: £7,908).

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

There were no related party transactions during the year (2021: none).

15. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is J M Cadzow.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.