BRITISH STEEL HOLDINGS LIMITED REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 3 APRIL 1999

Registered No. 29016

SCT S230ANHB 0315 COMPANIES HOUSE 27/01/00

=4M

Directors

Mr G H Craine Mr R J Reeves Mr N Chatterton Mr R D Thomas

Secretary

Mrs A L Scandrett

Registered office

Ravenscraig Works Motherwell Lanarkshire ML1 1SW Scotland

Directors' Report for the year ended 3 April 1999

The directors present their report and the audited accounts for the year ended 3 April 1999.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Company is that of a property dealing and development Company.

No change in the Company's activities in the foreseeable future is envisaged.

Directors & directors' interests

The directors of the company at 3 April 1999, are listed on page 1. Mr G H Craine and Mr R J Reeves were appointed directors on 1 February 1999 replacing Mr D N Bright and Mr W J Cain who resigned on 1 February 1999. Mr M D Bayne resigned as director on 2 April 1998.

The interest of the directors at 3 April 1999 in the ordinary shares of British Steel plc, the company's ultimate holding company, were:

	Ordinary	Shares	Op	tions
	3 April	28 March	3 April	28 March
	1999	1998 (or	1999	1998 (or
	A	Appointment		Appointment
	,	Date)		Date)
	Number	Number	Number	Number
Mr G H Craine	0	0	5,176	5,176
Mr R J Reeves	32,211	32,211	125,328	125,328
Mr N Chatterton	2,750	0	13,931	21,181
Mr R D Thomas	27,942	13,442	25,641	40,141

	Options	
	Granted	Exercise
	during year	during year
	Number	Number
Mr G H Craine	0	0
Mr R J Reeves	. 0	0
Mr N Chatterton	0	7,250
Mr R D Thomas	0	14,500

The directors had no interest, as defined by the Companies Act 1985, in the shares of any other member of the group during the year covered by these financial statements.

Directors' Report for the year ended 3 April 1999

Results and Dividends

The profit for the year after taxation amounted to £2,591,000 (1998: £6,066,000).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

EMU and Year 2000

The parent company, British Steel plc, on a group basis, is addressing the EMU and Year 2000. A project has been undertaken to ensure all businesses will be able to trade in the Euro with customers and suppliers. The company recognises the risks arising from the Year 2000 date change and is carrying out a comprehensive programme with a view to renovating or replacing essential systems and equipment. Further detailed disclosure was made of the issues and the steps taken to address these items in the group accounts.

As at the date of this report, monitoring has not identified any significant adverse impact from the year 2000 problem on the Company.

Close Company Provisions

The close company provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 do not apply to the Company. There has been no change in this respect since the end of the financial year.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint PricewaterhouseCoopers as auditors to the company will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board

A LScandrett

A L Scandrett Secretary

20 January 2000

15 Marylebone Road London NW1 5JD

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities
In Relation to Financial Statements

The following statement, which should be read in conjunction with the statement of auditors' responsibilities set out on page 6 is made with a view to distinguishing for shareholders the respective responsibilities of the directors and of the auditors in relation to the financial statements.

The directors are required by the Companies Act 1985 to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year, and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

The directors consider that in preparing the financial statements on pages 7 to 14 which have been prepared on a going concern basis, the Company has used appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, and that all accounting standards which they consider to be applicable have been followed.

The directors have responsibility for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with Companies Act 1985.

The directors have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the Board

H LScadrett

A.L. Scandrett Secretary

20 January 2000

Valuation Report

To The Directors of British Steel Holdings Limited

In accordance with your instructions we have reviewed, for the purposes of valuation, the properties owned by British Steel Holdings Limited.

In our opinion the aggregate open market value in the ordinary course of business of the properties held at 3 April 1999 is £4,167,651.

N. Chatterton BSc FRICS

A. Pickford BSc ARICS

18 January 2000

Report of the Auditors to the members of British Steel Holdings Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 7 to 14 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on pages 9 to 10.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report and Accounts including the financial statements as described on page 4. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs at 3 April 1999 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

LONDON, 26 Sammy 2000

Pricer thank Cogys

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 3 April 1999

	Notes	1999 £000	1998 £000
Turnover	1 (ii)	1,315	8,250
Operating costs	2	<u>(438)</u>	(992)
Operating profit		877	7,258
Release by subsidiary undertaking of amounts owing		-	240
Loss on disposal of subsidiary undertakings	4	-	(5)
Investments struck off		(180)	-
Amounts provided against investments		<u> 180</u>	(180)
Profit on ordinary activities before interest and taxation		877	7,313
Interest receivable	5	-	6
Dividends received from subsidiary undertakings		=	<u>999</u>
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		877	8,318
Taxation	6	<u>1,714</u>	(2,252)
Retained profit for the year		<u>2,591</u>	<u>6,066</u>
Retained profit at the beginning of the year		<u>30,664</u>	<u>24,598</u>
Retained profit at the end of the year		<u>33,255</u>	<u>30,664</u>

The Company has no gains or losses other than as above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit for the year stated above, and the historical cost equivalents.

Turnover and operating profit derive entirely from continuing activities.

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these accounts.

Balance Sheet as at 3 April 1999

	Notes	1999 £000	1998 £000
Fixed Assets			
Investments:			
Investments in group undertakings	7	-	862
Investments in associate undertakings	8		<u>600</u>
			1,462
Current Assets			
Stock	9	1,548	2,013
Debtors	10	<u>32,280</u>	<u>30,082</u>
		33,828	32,095
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	<u>(323</u>)	(2,643)
Net current assets		<u>33,505</u>	<u>29,452</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		33,505	30,914
Net Assets		<u>33,505</u>	<u>30,914</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	250	250
Profit and loss account		<u>33,255</u>	<u>30,664</u>
Shareholders funds	13	<u>33,505</u>	<u>30,914</u>

These accounts were approved by the Board on 2000.

and Temp

G H Craine Director

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these accounts.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 3 April 1999

1. Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the UK. The more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, are set out below.

i. Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention. Group financial statements have not been prepared as the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of British Steel plc.

ii. Turnover

Turnover represents the gross proceeds from the properties sold.

iii Taxation

Corporation tax is provided on the profits for the year at the rate of taxation ruling during the year.

iv. Properties acquired for resale and development

The properties and developments are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all direct costs of acquisition and development, but does not include interest. The net realisable value of properties is the open market value, based on a professional valuation by a Director of British Steel Holdings Limited and a member of staff of British Steel plc which has been reviewed by all the Directors.

v. Acquisition and disposal of properties

Acquisitions and disposals of properties are considered to have taken place where, by the end of the accounting period, there is a legally binding, unconditional and irrevocable contract.

In determining the profits or loss upon the disposal of property all costs of acquisition and development, less grants receivable and any amounts written off, are included in the cost of the property sold.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 3 April 1999

v. cont'd

Where part of the property is sold the allocation of a proportion of the total cost of the whole property to the part being sold is made upon the most appropriate basis which will normally be on a pro rata basis by reference to the total cost of the whole property, or by estimating the actual costs of the part being sold where the unit cost of that area differs from the unit cost of other areas of the property.

vi. Interest received

Interest is earned on monies outstanding from the date of completion of certain sales and is accounted for as it is received.

vii. Cash Flow Statement

In accordance with the exemption allowed by paragraph 5(a) of Financial Reporting Standard 1, a cash flow statement for the Company has not been provided.

viii. Related Party Disclosures

In accordance with the exemption allowed by paragraph 3(c) of Financial Reporting Standard 8, no disclosure is made of transactions with other member companies of the British Steel Group or investees of the Group qualifying as related parties.

2. Operating costs

	1999	1998
	£000	£000
Cost of sales	466	881
Net rental income	(34)	(52)
Exchange (profit)/loss on loans	(32)	33
Other operating charges	_38	<u>130</u>
,	<u>438</u>	<u>992</u>

Auditors' remuneration of £2,000 (1998:£2,000) is included in other operating charges.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 3 April 1999

3. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the directors.

4. Loss on disposal of subsidiary undertaking

The prior year loss relates to the sale of shares in Colormetall Vertrieb GmbH, Profiel 2000 BV and DSRM International Stahlhandel GmbH. These shares were acquired and sold during the course of the prior financial year.

5	Interest receivable Interest receivable from group undertak Other interest receivable	cings	1999 £000 - 	1998 £000 5 -1 -6
6	Taxation		1999 £000	1998 £000
	Corporation tax at 31% (1998:31%)		270	2,252
	Prior year credit		(1,984)	-
	11101 your 010010		$\frac{(1.714)}{(1.714)}$	2,252
7	Investments in group undertakings	Shares in group undertakings	Loans to group undertakings £000	Total £000
	Cost	2000	2000	2000
	At 28 March 1998	180	862	1,042
	Exchange movements	-	32	32
	Disposals	-	(894)	(894)
	Investments struck off	<u>(180)</u>		<u>(180)</u>
	At 3 April 1999			

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 3 April 1999

7 Investments in group undertakings (ctd)

	Shares in group undertakings £000	Loans to group undertakings £000	Total £000
Provisions			
At 28 March 1998	(180)	•	(180)
Investments struck off	180	-	180
At 3 April 1999	_=	<u>-</u>	-
Net book value at 3 April 1999	-	-	-
Net book value at 28 March 1998	-	862	862

The company owned 100% of the issued share capital of The British Steam Shipping Company Limited, registered in England. It should be noted that this company was struck off during the period.

8	Investments - Associated Undertakings	Shares in associated undertakings unlisted £000
	Cost and Net Book Value	
	At 28 March 1998	600
	Disposals	(600)
	At 3 April 1999	-

During the period, the company sold a 14.9% interest in EP Malaysia Limited.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 3 April 1999

9	Stock	1999 £000	1998 £000
	Properties for resale	784	784
	Development properties	<u>_764</u>	<u>1,229</u>
		<u>1,548</u>	<u>2,013</u>
10	Debtors	1999 £000	1998 £000
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
	Trade debtors	1,417	992
	Corporation Tax	1,720	-
	Other debtors	-	5
	Amounts owed by parent undertaking	<u>27,722</u>	<u> 26,248</u>
		<u>30,859</u>	<u>27,245</u>
	Amounts falling due after one year:		
	Trade debtors	1,417	2,833
	Other debtors	4	4
		<u>1,421</u>	2,837
		<u>32,280</u>	<u>30,082</u>

The amounts falling due from the parent company are free of interest and no date has been fixed for the discharge of the debt.

11	Creditors amounts falling due within one year	1999 £000	1998 £000
	Short term loans and overdrafts	-	8
	Trade creditors	121	199
	Other creditors	202	184
	Corporation tax	<u>_</u> =	2.252
	-	<u>323</u>	<u>2,643</u>

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 3 April 1999

12	Called up share capital	1999 £000	1998 £000
	Authorised and allotted:		
	500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>500</u>	<u>500</u>
	Called up and fully paid up:		
	2 ordinary shares of £1 each	-	-
	499,998 ordinary shares of £1 each (50p paid)	<u>250</u>	<u>250</u>
		<u>250</u>	<u>250</u>
13.	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds		
		1999 £000	1998 £000
	Opening shareholders' funds	30,914	24,848
	Profit for the year	2,591	<u>6,066</u>
	Closing shareholders' funds	<u>33,505</u>	<u>30,914</u>

14. Directors' emoluments

No Director received any remuneration during the period in respect of their services to the company. (1998: Nil)

15. Ultimate holding company

The Company is a subsidiary of British Steel plc which is registered in England and Wales. Copies of British Steel plc's consolidated report and accounts may be obtained from The Secretary, British Steel plc, 15 Marylebone Road, London NW1 5JD.

Subsequent to the financial year end the ultimate parent company, British Steel plc, was acquired by Corus Group plc (formerly BSKH plc) pursuant to a scheme of arrangement of British Steel plc under section 425 of the Companies Act. Consequently, the ultimate parent company is now Corus Group plc.