Registered number: SC019950

JOHN NAIRN & SON (HOUSE FURNISHERS) LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

CONTENTS

	Page
Balance sheet	1 - 2
Statement of changes in equity	3
Notes to the financial statements	4 - 9

JOHN NAIRN & SON (HOUSE FURNISHERS) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: SC019950

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 AUGUST 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		303,516		319,565
Investments	5		5,793,072		5,178,446
Investment property	6		1,262,500		1,262,500
		-	7,359,088	-	6,760,511
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	12,944		3,836	
Cash at bank and in hand		98,409		86,926	
	-	111,353	-	90,762	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(994,105)		(1,042,310)	
Net current liabilities	-		(882,752)		(951,548)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	6,476,336	-	5,808,963
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	9	(36,573)		-	
	-		(36,573)		-
Net assets		-	6,439,763	-	5,808,963
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			165,000		165,000
Capital redemption reserve	10		207,602		207,602
Other reserves	10		754,052		598,571
Profit and loss account	10		5,313,109		4,837,790
		-	6,439,763	-	5,808,963

JOHN NAIRN & SON (HOUSE FURNISHERS) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: SC019950

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 AUGUST 2022

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 19 May 2023.

B D Brown Director

The notes on pages 4 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

	Called up share capital	Capital redemption reserve	Other reserves	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 September 2020	165,000	207,602	1 ,385,813	4,788,959	6,547,374
Comprehensive income for the year					
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(638,943)	(638,943)
Dividends: Equity capital				(99,468)	(99,468)
Transfer of realised loss	-	-	(915,412)	915,412	-
Deferred tax movement	-		173,931	(173,931)	_
Fair value movement	-	-	(45,761)	45,761	-
At 1 September 2021	165,000	207,602	598,571	4,837,790	5,808,963
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	730,268	730,268
Dividends: Equity capital		-		(99,468)	(99,468)
Deferred tax movement	-	-	(36,573)	36,573	-
Fair value movement	-	-	192,054	(192,054)	-
At 31 August 2022	165,000	207,602	754,052	5,313,109	6,439,763

The notes on pages 4 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

1. General information

John Nairn & Son (House Furnishers) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office address is Box 494, 145-149 Kilmarnock Road, Shawlands, Glasgow, G41 3JA.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.3 Revenue recognition

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover represents rental income from investment properties and amounts received for the sale of

lease extensions. Turnover on rental income is recognised in proportion to the lease agreement with

full provision made for all foreseeable costs.

2.4 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Current and deferred taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model, other than investment properties, are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Freehold property - 2.5% straight line
Fixtures and fittings - 20% reducing balance

2.7 Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value determined annually and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Valuation of investments

Investments in listed company shares are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss for the period.

Investments in Bonds are measured at cost less impairment. The impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date. At the year end, Investments in Bonds are translated using the closing rate.

2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective method, less any impairment.

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

2.11 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

2.12 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Profit and loss account.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.13 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 3 (2021 - 3).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

4.	Tangible fixed assets	

5.

	Freehold property	Fixtures and fittings	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 September 2021	628,363	15,698	644,061
At 31 August 2022	628,363	15,698	644,061
Depreciation			
At 1 September 2021	310,497	13,999	324,496
Charge for the year on owned assets	15,709	340	16,049
At 31 August 2022	326,206	14,339	340,545
Net book value			
At 31 August 2022	302,157	1,359	303,516
At 31 August 2021	317,866	1,699	319,565
Fixed asset investments			
	Listed investments (at	Listed Bonds	
	fair value)	at cost	Total
	£	£	£
Valuation	0.447.057	0.000.500	5 470 440
At 1 September 2021	2,117,857	3,060,589	5,178,446
Additions Disposals	28,268	852,625 (875,326)	880,893 (875,326)
Disposals Foreign exchange movement	<u>-</u>	417,005	417,005
Revaluations	192,054	-11,000	192,054
At 31 August 2022	2,338,179	3,454,893	5,793,072
ALUT AUGUST 2022			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

6.

Investment property

u.	investment property		
			Freehold investment property £
	Valuation		
	At 1 September 2021		1,262,500
	At 31 August 2022		1,262,500
	The 2022 valuations were made by the directors, on an open market value for existing use b	asis.	
7.	Debtors		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Other debtors	1,633	977
	Prepayments and accrued income	11,311	2,859
		12,944	3,836
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Trade creditors	2,623	2,089
	Other creditors	979,242	1,028,821
	Accruals and deferred income	12,240	11,400
		994,105	1,042,310

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

9. Deferred taxation

	2022	2021
	£	£
At beginning of year	_	173,931
Charged to profit or loss	36,573	(173,931)
At end of year	36,573	_
The deferred taxation balance is made up as follows:		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Fair value adjustments on listed investments	36,573	

10. Reserves

Capital redemption reserve

A non-distributable reserve into which amounts are transferred following the redemption or purchase of a company's own shares. The provisions relating to the capital redemption reserve are set out in section 733 of the Companies Act 2006.

Other reserves

The Other reserves comprises the revaluations relating to the investment property and other investments net of deferred tax on the gain.

Profit and loss account

The profit and loss account comprises the balance of profits accumulated over the life of the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.