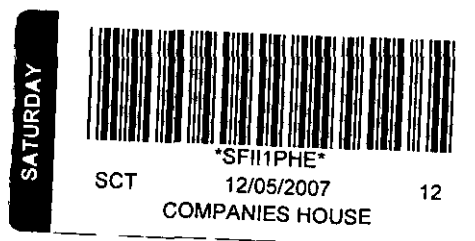


A COMMUNITY MEDIA COMPANY >>> JOHNSTON PRESS - A COMMUNITY MEDIA COMPANY >>> JOHNSTON PRESS

DELIVERY OF LOCAL NEWS >>> MULTI-PLATFORM DELIVERY OF LOCAL NEWS >>> MULTI-PLATFORM DELIVERY OF



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A Community Media Company >

Our aim is to serve local communities by meeting their needs for local news, information and advertising services through a range of media including print and digital channels which together achieve unparalleled levels of market reach.

309 newspaper
publications

PRINTING
FROM 12
REGIONAL
PRINT
CENTRES

PRINT TITLES

DAILY - 18
WEEKLY 164
WEEKLY FREE 127

reaching over
13 million
readers

317 local
websites

EXTENDING AUDIENCE REACH

PAGE IMPRESSIONS
57.2 MILLION PER MONTH

UNIQUE USERS
6.6 MILLION PER MONTH

Financial Highlights >

- > **TURNOVER UP 16%**
- > **DIGITAL REVENUES UP 36%**
- > **OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE NON RECURRING ITEMS UP 4%***
- > **LIKE-FOR LIKE OPERATING MARGIN 33.2% IN 2006***
- > **ACQUISITIONS IN 2005 AND 2006 EARNINGS ACCRETIVE**
- > **LIKE-FOR-LIKE COST REDUCTIONS £14 MILLION***
- > **DIVIDEND PER SHARE UP 11%**

Turnover	Operating Profit before non recurring items*	Underlying EPS note 13
£602.2 _m	£186.8 _m	36.66 _p

* See pages 28 and 64

Operational Highlights >

- > ACQUISITION OF THE SCOTSMAN PUBLICATIONS LTD
- > RECORD NUMBER OF NEW PUBLICATIONS AND SUPPLEMENTS LAUNCHED
- > GROWING AUDIENCE WITH UNIQUE USERS +63% AND PAGE IMPRESSIONS +53%
- > DIGITAL NEWSROOM PROJECT BEING ROLLED OUT ACROSS THE GROUP
- > DINNINGTON PRESS SITE OPENED AHEAD OF SCHEDULE AND WITHIN BUDGET
- > CONTINUED INVESTMENT FOR OPERATIONAL AND COST EFFICIENCY

Dividends

9.3_p

Operating Profit
Margin before
non recurring
items*

31.0%

Digital
Revenues

£11.3_m

Chairman's Statement >

As shown in the Income Statement on page 64 Johnston Press achieved a profit before tax and non recurring items of £147 million in 2006. This was 6% below 2005 and mainly reflects a downturn in the advertising cycle which affected all advertising categories other than property and was experienced to varying degrees across our entire geographic footprint. Recruitment advertising was worst affected, in part a result of the reduction in spending by local Government which itself is a reflection of Government policy.

The Group remains committed to a strategy of optimising local coverage and advertising reach through a range of media in local communities and to this end during 2006 we focussed heavily on both developing websites and launching new print titles. We also invested more than £60 million in new printing facilities and modern IT systems to improve our efficiency and customer service.

Johnston Press owns more than 250 strong local media franchises and we are developing these rapidly to meet the changing needs of our customers and to respond to the opportunities presented by digital media.

THE GROUP REMAINS COMMITTED TO A STRATEGY OF OPTIMISING LOCAL COVERAGE AND ADVERTISING REACH THROUGH A RANGE OF MEDIA IN LOCAL COMMUNITIES

Results

Total revenues for the year were £602 million, 16% up on 2005 due to the acquisitions in the second half of 2005 and The Scotsman Publications Ltd early in 2006. Again due to the benefit of these acquisitions, operating profit before non recurring items was £187 million, an increase of £7 million or 4%. Underlying earnings per share were 36.66p compared to 38.72p in 2005, a reduction of 5%, reflecting the difficult trading conditions.

Non recurring items amounted to £15 million.

The new press investment programme is already exceeding expectations and this has allowed us to bring forward our printing consolidation plans and has resulted in an accelerated depreciation charge of £9 million which estimates the shortfall in sale proceeds from redundant equipment compared to current book values. The remaining £6 million relates to the cost of restructuring the existing businesses, and those acquired in 2005 and 2006, offset by the profit on sale of three properties.

Dividend

The Board proposes a final dividend of 6.2p per share, making a total of 9.3p per share for the year. This represents a 11% increase and we believe this further above inflation rise of dividend is appropriate as it provides consistent dividend growth while maintaining a realistic but prudent level of cover.

Our Business

Johnston Press serves the local media needs of numerous communities in the UK and Ireland. We aim to be, and in the vast majority of cases are, the principal source of local news, information, entertainment and comment in those communities.

WE OPERATE 317 LOCAL WEBSITES TO EXTEND THE CONTENT AND REACH OF OUR PRINT PRODUCTS. THESE WEBSITES REACH AN ESTIMATED MONTHLY AUDIENCE OF ABOUT 6.6 MILLION.

IN 2006 WE LAUNCHED A TOTAL OF 150 NEW PUBLICATIONS OF WHICH 60 WERE MONTHLY FREE DISTRIBUTION COMMUNITY NEWSLETTERS.

We currently provide our services through 18 daily newspapers, 291 weekly newspapers and a huge range of related specialist, locally focussed, print publications. We operate 317 local websites to extend the content and reach of our print products. These websites reach an estimated monthly audience of about 6.6 million.

Our main source of income is advertising from providers of local goods and services wanting to reach our audiences. Johnston Press offers such advertisers a highly effective means of reaching local consumers through our print and digital publications, a combination which is capable of delivering unparalleled levels of household penetration and advertiser response.

At the start of 2006, we extended our business by completing the acquisition of The Scotsman Publications Limited (TSPL). We launched a total of 150 new publications of which 60 were monthly free distribution community newsletters.

Our pilot project of a fully integrated digital newsroom in Preston, Lancashire has been very successful and attracted considerable interest from within the industry and the wider media sector. Based on the knowledge gained in Preston the digital newsroom model is being rolled out to all of our primary publishing locations during 2007. This approach will enable us to offer our audiences a continuous news service through a combination of digital and print channels 24 hours a day with audio visual content as well as text and pictures.

Chairman's Statement - continued

**WE TAKE THE VIEW THAT
LOCALLY FOCUSED WEBSITES
ARE NOT SIMPLY WEB VERSIONS
OF NEWSPAPERS BUT ARE
LOCAL MEDIA IN THEIR OWN
RIGHT.**

**OUR APPROACH IS TO
PROVIDE TRAINING AND
CLEAR DIRECTION TO MAKE
ALL OF OUR PUBLISHING
CENTRES JUST AS SUCCESSFUL
ONLINE AS THEY CONTINUE TO
BE IN PRINT.**

2006 saw one of our UK competitors Daily Mail & General Trust plc (DMGT) offer for sale its local newspaper business, Northcliffe Newspapers (Northcliffe), and then abandon the sale process. At the end of the year, Trinity Mirror conducted and publicly reported a detailed strategic review which also envisages the sale of some of their regional newspapers. In the USA, a number of significant ownership changes took place or are being contemplated, most notably, the sale of Knight Ridder to McClatchy. These developments highlight the widespread state of flux in the regional newspaper industry which, we anticipate, will result in further consolidation opportunities both here in the UK and in Ireland over the longer term.

Our Strategy

Over the past few years we have continued to observe and build a better understanding of the huge changes going on in the way that people in the UK, Europe and America use local media. As broadband connections take the internet, potentially, into every home in the UK and Ireland, the nature of websites and the way that they are used as part of normal everyday life is undergoing dramatic change. A technology that less than 10 years ago was a novelty in Northern California is now a fundamental part of most people's home as well as working lives. This social revolution throws up huge challenges and opportunities for a local media company like Johnston Press.

We take the view that locally focussed websites are not simply web versions of newspapers but are local media in their own right. We also believe that these burgeoning media require new and different skills but that many of our staff can make, and indeed have made, the transition so that they contribute to both our print and online media offerings. Our approach is to provide training and clear direction to make all of our publishing centres just as successful online as they continue to be in print. To give added impetus to this aspect of our business, we will increase expenditure on our digital operations in 2007 by £5 million.

During 2006 we commissioned a major new printing facility at Dinnington near Sheffield, with a similar installation due to be completed in Portsmouth this year. These investments will ensure that we remain at the leading edge of print technology, able to offer our readers

and advertisers the quality of reproduction they demand. In parallel with this we have also invested heavily in our digital activities to ensure that they too achieve best of class operating standards.

As we move forward we expect to grow by extending the reach of the Group into new communities through the selective acquisition of existing local operators and by providing a growing range of digital services. We will also invest in the equipment, systems and skills to continue to improve our operating efficiency.

The Board is fully aware of the competitive pressures on print as a local medium but the evidence before us suggests that the changes will be slow and that, whilst local communities will turn in greater numbers to digital media for their needs, the fundamental requirement for local content and advertising channels will not change. We believe we are well positioned to remain the principal local content provider and thereby to continue to offer advertisers the best means available of achieving high reach and response in local communities.

Board

During 2006 there were no changes to the Board. However, after the year end we welcomed Ian Russell as a Non Executive Director. He was previously CEO of Scottish Power plc having joined as Finance Director in 1994 following a number of financial roles in the UK and Hong Kong. He joined the Board on 9 January and was also immediately appointed to the Audit Committee. Two of our longest serving Non Executive Directors, Harry Johnston and Jimmy Gordon, have decided to step down at the forthcoming AGM.

Harry Johnston joined the Board in 1971 and was a former Managing Director of Johnston (Falkirk) Ltd. Harry, as well as being a significant shareholder in the Group, has been a key member of the Board through the development of the Group from a small private business to the substantial publicly quoted company we are today. I would like to thank him on behalf of the Board for his considerable contributions over the last 36 years.

Jimmy Gordon has been a much valued member of the Johnston Press Board for 10 years, and from his background as one of the pioneers of commercial radio

in the UK, has given us an extraordinary insight into the development of local media. On behalf of the Board I extend to him all best wishes for his (very active) retirement and thanks for his invaluable contribution to the growth and development of Johnston Press.

Corporate Issues

Throughout 2006, we have complied with the provisions of the 2003 Combined Code on Corporate Governance and the revised Turnbull guidance. In addition, we have in place all the processes necessary to comply with the provisions of the 2006 Combined Code which became effective from 1 January 2007.

Prospects

In the early weeks of 2007 income from advertising in print products is slightly down on the levels of the same period last year which reflects continued growth in property but further declines in motors, recruitment and display. However, the rate of decline is reducing and accordingly the Board believes that we will continue to see an improvement in the year on year performance over the coming months. Although migration of classified advertising to websites, both ours and competitors, remains small in proportion to total print revenues, it is clearly a factor which our strategy addresses. Our online revenue continues to grow rapidly but from a small base. In the broader context, we believe the main issues relating to advertising volumes are linked to overall economic conditions rather than online migration.

The investments in our new print operations and ongoing enhancements to our operating systems will bring benefits during 2007 but overall we expect revenues to be at a similar level to 2006. With newsprint and other underlying costs rising, our efforts will continue to be focussed on maximising the efficiency of the business and pursuing initiatives to drive new revenue growth both in print and online.

Roger Parry

Chairman

7 March 2007

Multi-platform delivery >

THE AIM OF THE COMMUNITY MEDIA
COMPANY SHOULD BE TO PROVIDE ITS
AUDIENCE WITH ITS DESIRED CONTENT
THROUGH THE CHANNEL OF ITS CHOICE.

>>> FLEXIBLE, FAST AND EFFICIENT >>> FLEXIBLE, FAST AND EFFICIENT >>> FLEXIBLE, FAST AND EFFICIENT >>>

THROUGH THE DIGITAL
NEWSROOM PROJECT
OUR NEWS CONTENT IS
GATHERED IN A MEDIA
NEUTRAL FORM AND
THEN EDITED IN A
MANNER APPROPRIATE
TO ITS CHANNEL OF
DELIVERY, WHETHER
THAT IS IN PRINT, ONLINE
OR VIA MOBILE
PLATFORMS.

FAST AND EFFICIENT >>> FLEXIBLE, FAST AND EFFICIENT >>> FLEXIBLE, FAST AND EFFICIENT >>> FLEXIBLE, FAS

RAPIDLY GROWING
ONLINE USAGE
DEMONSTRATES OUR
SUCCESS IN REACHING
A NEW AUDIENCE

**WITH OUR RANGE
OF PRINT AND
DIGITAL CHANNELS
OUR AUDIENCES
CAN NOW ACCESS A
CONTINUOUS NEWS
SERVICE 24 HOURS
A DAY.**

• FLEXIBLE, FAST AND EFFICIENT >>> FLEXIBLE, FAST AND EFFICIENT >>> FLEXIBLE, FAST AND EFFICIENT >>> FL

**IN 2007 WE
WILL INCREASE
OUR ANNUAL
EXPENDITURE ON
DIGITAL ACTIVITIES
BY £5 MILLION.**

T AND EFFICIENT >>> FLEXIBLE, FAST AND EFFICIENT >>> FLEXIBLE, FAST AND EFFICIENT >>> FLEXIBLE, FAST A

**WITH THE DEEPENING
PENETRATION OF
BROADBAND TECHNOLOGY
INTO OUR COMMUNITIES THE
ATTRACTIVENESS OF AUDIO
AND VISUAL CONTENT ON
OUR WEBSITES IS EVER
INCREASING. JOHNSTON
PRESS IS AT THE FOREFRONT
OF THIS DEVELOPMENT IN
THE REGIONAL PRESS.**

From left to right.

Tim Bowdler Chief Executive Officer

Stuart Paterson Chief Financial Officer

Danny Cammiade Chief Operating Officer

Business Review >

Our Marketplace:

The focus of our business is on meeting the wide ranging information needs of numerous local communities across many parts of the UK and Ireland. By maintaining the position we generally hold of being the market leading provider of such information in the communities we serve, we also offer advertisers the primary means of reaching those communities to promote their goods and services. Through our portfolios of related print and digital publications, we achieve extremely high levels of household penetration, thereby providing advertisers with unparalleled levels of market access.

From our origins as a publisher of local newspapers, Johnston Press now offers an increasingly wide range of channels which encompass both print and digital media. In a typical Johnston Press marketplace we publish a range of local newspapers, usually comprising both paid for and free formats, sometimes daily as well as weekly, with the market leading title heading our portfolio. Our companies also publish a number of related print publications including free distribution community newsletters, lifestyle magazines, advertising only publications covering jobs, property, motor vehicles and general items for sale and special interest publications aimed at target groups such as the student population or particular activities like angling.

**THROUGH OUR PORTFOLIOS OF
RELATED PRINT AND DIGITAL
PUBLICATIONS, WE ACHIEVE
EXTREMELY HIGH LEVELS OF
HOUSEHOLD PENETRATION,
THEREBY PROVIDING ADVERTISERS
WITH UNPARALLELED LEVELS OF
MARKET ACCESS.**

Our digital operations comprise 317 local websites which cover the entire geographic spread of our print publications. These websites, whilst reflecting the brands and content of our local newspapers, offer a far greater range of regularly updated local news and information in text, pictures and increasingly audio visual formats. Embedded within these sites are our classified advertising websites operating under our "Today" brands which are used consistently throughout the Group, both online and in print. The range of our digital services extends much further than this to include commonly branded local directories, auction services, personal announcements, communities of common interest, blogs (user generated web content) and chatrooms. Additionally, we are making growing use of mobile communications to further extend the range of digital services we offer.

The marketplaces in which we operate vary considerably in their size and structure but, with very few exceptions, they have a well defined local geographic focus. We publish in numerous local communities throughout the UK and Ireland ranging from rural areas and small towns to larger urban and metropolitan centres. The common thread in all these cases is our ability to reach all parts of the local community through the range of publishing channels we offer, irrespective of age or demographic. Apart from 305 daily evening, weekly paid for and free newspapers targeted at such local communities, we also own The Scotsman, Scotland on Sunday, the Yorkshire Post and the (Belfast) News Letter, all paid for morning newspapers. These are based out of three of our key local publishing centres but reach a much wider geographic audience with a distinct appeal to particular demographics and interest groups within their coverage area.

The Market Environment

As outlined above, our local publishing operations generally hold market leading positions in terms of the provision of local news and information and also in enabling advertisers to achieve high levels of local market reach. However competition for our audience and our advertisers has been

Development and investment >

ONLY THROUGH CONTINUALLY INVESTING
IN NEW TECHNOLOGIES AND SYSTEMS CAN
WE MAINTAIN OUR POSITION OF DELIVERING
INDUSTRY LEADING MARGINS.

>>> INCREASING CUSTOMER DEMAND >>> MORE CHOICE >>> INCREASING CUSTOMER DEMAND >>> MORE CHOICE

OUR INVESTMENT OF
£60M IN THE NEW PRESS
FACILITIES AT DINNINGTON
CLEARLY DEMONSTRATES
THAT COMMITMENT.
THIS FIRST TRIPLE WIDTH
WEB PRESS IN THE UK
FACILITATED THE
CLOSURE OF 5 OLD,
INEFFICIENT AND COLOUR
LIMITED PRESSES.

GREATER SPEED >>> WIDER ACCESS >>> GREATER SPEED >>> WIDER ACCESS >>> GREATER SPEED >>> WIDER ACC

OUR INVESTMENT IN
NEW SYSTEMS HAS
ALLOWED THE
CONSOLIDATION OF
PRE PRESS AND
CREDIT CONTROL INTO
REGIONAL CENTRES
OF EXCELLENCE

Business Review - continued

a consistent theme within our markets for many years and comes in an increasing variety of forms

In some of our markets we face direct competition from another established regional newspaper publishing group. In a small number of such cases, we are the secondary publisher in the market but, in the main, our publications occupy the market leading position. In a number of markets we face competition from independent newspaper publishers, usually, though not invariably, of free newspapers, some of which are relatively well established although others were only launched more recently. With low barriers to entry, such start ups have not been uncommon in the history of our business and some have become

established players in the market. Despite the impact of these competitors, we have in all such cases retained market leadership. Competition in the form of other print publications has been widespread for some years with numerous examples of advertising only publications aimed at the various classified advertising categories, lifestyle magazines and very local publications such as parish magazines. Although many of these publications are individually owned, some are part of larger media organisations. The presence of these publications has in part expanded the total market for advertising revenues, whilst also exerting competitive pressure.

Newsroom of the future >

**THE NEW EDITORIAL ONLINE TEMPLATE
PIONEERED AT THE LANCASHIRE EVENING POST
HAS SEEN SIGNIFICANTLY INCREASED CONTENT
RESULTING IN A QUADRUPLING OF UNIQUE
USERS AND PAGE IMPRESSIONS.**

PRESTON >>> THE NEWSROOM OF THE FUTURE >>> PRESTON >>> THE NEWSROOM OF THE FUTURE >>> PRESTON

**AS WELL AS THE
INCREASED STORY COUNT
AUDIO VISUAL CONTENT
IS ROUTINELY AVAILABLE
WITH POPULAR FEATURES
BEING THE LEP.TV NEWS
REPORTS AND CCTV
FOOTAGE OF LOCAL
INCIDENTS.**

More recently, and with increasing intensity, the emergence of the internet and various websites carrying news, information and advertising has been an increasing challenge. From a news content standpoint, our focus on very local markets coupled with our first rate journalistic resource has enabled us to maintain a strong position, despite growing competition at the local level from a variety of sources including the BBC. Of greater concern is the threat posed by websites aimed at our key advertising categories, particularly major online brands seeking classified advertising content, not least, Google. Through the regular monitoring of market share movements against these online competitors as well as those in print, the available evidence does not suggest widespread migration of advertising

content to the web although we are working hard to build an equivalent online capability of our own and to promote this as part of a unique local print and online package so that our advertisers can reach the largest possible local audience. The concept of total audience, combining our various online and print platforms, is now deeply embedded in our commercial and marketing processes.

In a wider context, the lack of hard evidence illustrating a major movement from our print based advertising to the web and the clearly evident cyclical changes in our markets points strongly to the principal cause of the advertising downturn witnessed in 2006 being the economic environment. The main factors which have impacted

**IN 2007 THE
"NEWSROOM OF
THE FUTURE"
PROJECT WILL
BE ROLLED OUT
ACROSS THE
GROUP.**

>>> THE NEWSROOM OF THE FUTURE >>> PRESTON >>> THE NEWSROOM OF THE FUTURE >>> PRESTON >>> THI

**OUR STAFF HAVE
BEEN TRAINED TO
IMPROVE THEIR
UNDERSTANDING
OF DIGITAL SALES,
PARTICULARLY
FOR THE
PROPERTY,
MOTORS AND
JOBS MARKETS.**

Business Review - continued

employment advertising volumes, the worst affected advertising category, include rising unemployment exacerbated by the influx of immigrant workers and both public and private sector employers regarding vacancies as an opportunity to reduce headcount. The public sector in particular has witnessed a sharp reversal in its expansionary growth of recent years. The geographic variations in our employment advertising also suggest a cyclical rather than structural effect, with the south of England suffering much earlier than the north and latterly exhibiting signs of stabilisation whilst the north still remains more subdued. Elsewhere, new car sales have been down for the third year in succession and consumer confidence fell during the course of 2006 with some parts of the retail sector badly affected and as a consequence, reducing advertising spend.

Advertising Performance

In this Review, reference to like for like compares the Group businesses excluding the acquisitions in the second half of 2005 and TSPL in 2006. It reflects the businesses that traded in the Group throughout the whole of 2005 and 2006.

As indicated above, performance across England and Scotland did not follow a consistent pattern in the employment advertising category which in overall terms was down by 17% on a like for like basis. In the south of England, the overall decline was 9% with the performance year on year much improved in the latter months. The north of England did not experience any real improvement as the year progressed and ended 22% down. On a like for like basis, Scotland performed much better, being down only 1%. However at TSPL, the pattern was more closely aligned to our larger metropolitan centres in the north of England. Whilst there was no clear evidence of strong migration away from print to the web, online employment advertising did grow strongly overall and there is a risk that the benefits of any upturn in performance could be taken disproportionately by the internet. However, the fact that a large element of our employment advertising relates to very local jobs, which are primarily aimed at the lower demographic groupings, does offer a degree of resilience in the face of any online threat, as does our own differentiated offering which packages print and online thereby providing unparalleled levels of local market penetration.

Property advertising was the one category which experienced growth across all divisions with increases ranging from 4% in the north to 14% in the north west of England. The overall like for like increase of 7% reflects a marketplace in which transaction volumes have remained healthy but where vendors have had to work harder to sell their properties than was the case a year or two ago.

Consistent with that theme, the house builders also advertised more heavily during the period. With print advertising volumes now at record highs, the year on year comparatives will make it much more difficult to achieve continued growth in 2007. However, in overall terms, market conditions remain satisfactory and we have made a positive start to the year. Our Property Today website continues to be well supported by many estate agents with both unique users and page impressions growing strongly, especially since its relaunch during 2006. Our experience suggests that estate agents continue to value newspaper advertising.

An overall like for like decline of 15% reflected continued difficulties in the motors market throughout 2006. With growth of 1%, Scotland was the only market to be ahead of the previous year. South of the Border, decreases ranged from 12% to 21% reflecting the challenging market conditions faced by motor dealers with new car sales continuing to reduce and exacerbated by continuing dealer consolidation. The expectations are for industry restructuring to continue into 2007 and for the market to remain difficult. Our Motors Today website was also relaunched during the year and continues to carry more cars than its rivals in many of our local markets. Our commercial strategy is based on working closely with local motor dealers, offering a combination of platforms including print and online.

The "others" category of advertising, which was down by 6% like for like, suffered in the second half of 2006 due to the unrepeatable public notice revenues in the corresponding prior year period as a result of the introduction of new licensing laws in England. With the remaining components of this category remaining relatively stable, overall performance ranged from declines of 2% to 9% with no discernable geographic pattern other than that associated with the licensing law change. Although parts of the entertainments advertising component have experienced some online migration, particularly cinema advertising, this is not on a scale to suggest a major structural challenge. The entry of Google into local search is a more significant development and one to which we are responding with our own searchable online directory initiative, described more fully on page 25 of this report.

Display advertising suffered a difficult year across the board with an overall like for like decline of 8% and performances in each of the divisions being very close to that figure. Difficult High Street trading for a number of our key advertisers, including some furniture retailers, was an important factor behind the decline. Reduced Government advertising through the Central Office of Information was a further feature. Performance was poorer from the major

national advertising agencies, with a decline of 10% than it was locally, which fell by 7%. Around three quarters of our display advertising is generated by our local sales teams who attribute the revenue shortfall to cutbacks by our retail customers rather than a switch of spending to other media. 2007 will be measured against weaker comparatives but a positive change in consumer sentiment and in the performance of some of our key retail advertisers will be required if a real improvement is to be achieved.

The overall decline in advertising of 8% can be broken down into a 1% reduction in volumes and a 7% reduction in the average yield. The reduction in yield is mainly due to the mix of advertising where the growth in the lower yielding property and the decrease in higher yielding recruitment categories have distorted the year on year average comparison.

In overall terms, advertising performance in Northern Ireland was better than the rest of the UK being down by 3.2%, but the lack of a reliable historic breakdown by advertising category, due to outdated systems, means that a detailed analysis of year on year performance is not

possible. In terms of current challenges, apart from the ongoing integration programmes, one of our principal concerns is the review of advertising expenditure being carried out by the Northern Ireland Executive in an effort to cut costs. Whilst the final outcome is not expected for some months, this could well have a negative effect on their overall newspaper advertising spend. Similarly in the Republic of Ireland, we do not have historic data at the category level but in overall terms this marketplace has remained buoyant with overall year on year growth of 7.5%. Forecasts suggest that the Irish economy should remain strong with the challenges we face being more concerned with the integration process, the introduction of new systems and managing a series of new product launches to maximise our market position.

Table 1 below provides a divisional analysis of advertising revenue movements by category. This compares 2006 with the previous year excluding the effect of acquisitions made during those two years to provide meaningful like for like comparisons. Table 2 breaks down the advertising revenue by category between the two half years.

Table 1 Advertising Revenue by category by division Like for like

	Employment			Property			Motors			Other Classified			Display			Total		
	2006 £'m	2005 £'m	%	2006 £'m	2005 £'m	%	2006 £'m	2005 £'m	%	2006 £'m	2005 £'m	%	2006 £'m	2005 £'m	%	2006 £'m	2005 £'m	%
Scotland	2.8	2.8	(1)	3.2	3.0	5	1.8	1.8	1	3.9	4.0	(3)	5.9	6.3	(7)	17.6	17.9	(2)
North	35.7	46.0	(22)	26.0	24.9	4	16.3	19.6	(17)	25.8	27.4	(6)	44.6	48.4	(8)	148.4	166.3	(11)
Northwest	8.8	10.1	(13)	7.3	6.4	14	4.7	5.9	(21)	9.2	10.1	(9)	14.2	15.3	(7)	44.2	47.8	(7)
Midlands	23.1	27.4	(16)	22.0	20.2	9	10.4	11.8	(12)	14.9	15.3	(2)	21.7	23.7	(8)	92.1	98.4	(6)
South	9.6	10.7	(9)	9.2	8.8	5	5.0	6.0	(17)	6.3	6.9	(9)	12.7	14.1	(10)	42.8	46.5	(8)
Total	80.0	97.0	(17)	67.7	63.3	7	38.2	45.1	(15)	60.1	63.7	(6)	99.1	107.8	(8)	345.1	376.9	(8)

Table 2 Advertising Revenue by category between the two half years

	Half year to 31 December			Half year to 30 June		
	2006 £'m	2005 £'m	Change %	2006 £'m	2005 £'m	Change %
Employment	35.9	40.8	(12)	44.1	56.2	(22)
Property	31.8	29.8	6	35.9	33.5	7
Motors	17.8	20.9	(15)	20.4	24.2	(16)
Other Classified	28.9	31.7	(9)	31.2	32.0	(3)
Total Classified	114.4	123.2	(7)	131.6	145.9	(10)
Display	48.4	52.9	(8)	50.7	54.9	(8)
	162.8	176.1	(8)	182.3	200.8	(9)

Business Review - continued

Audience Reach

The growing importance of our digital publishing activities was clearly evident from the substantial like for like increases we achieved in page impressions +53% and unique users +63% from our 317 local websites. It is now standard practice for our sales teams to offer advertisers a package of publications which comprise both print based and online platforms. This recognises the fact that our audience now extends well beyond the readers of our newspapers and, indeed, where we have research the increase in total audience in a daily evening centre can be as high as 50%.

The "newsroom of the future" project in Preston has completely restructured the way in which that centre gathers, processes and disseminates news and related content, transforming it into a genuine multi media news operation. The results have been hugely encouraging with a fourfold increase in unique visitors to their local website. Based on this success, the Preston template will be rolled out across all of the Group's core news operations during 2007 with the objective of achieving further rapid growth in the number of people attracted to our local websites. The Preston experience also suggests that far from damaging newspaper sales, there can be a positive benefit from the much increased interaction between newspaper and website. The rate of decline in the sale of the Lancashire Evening Post fell from 8.1% in the first half to 6.4% in the second half of 2006, despite the substantially increased size of their online audience.

The continued rapid growth we are experiencing in unique users and page impressions underlines the increasing

THE "NEWSROOM OF THE FUTURE" PROJECT IN PRESTON HAS COMPLETELY RESTRUCTURED THE WAY IN WHICH THAT CENTRE GATHERS, PROCESSES AND DISSEMINATES NEWS.

importance of the internet to our communities as a news medium and communications platform, an opportunity which we are determined to capitalise upon. At the same time, we have experienced a continued modest decline in the circulation of our paid for newspapers with our dailies down by 6.5% and 6.4% in the first and second halves respectively and our weeklies by 2.5% and 2.8%, over the same period. A number of factors lie behind these declines, including the weaker advertising environment (advertising content is important to readers), distribution challenges (the closure of

>>> THE UNIVERSITY OF CENTRAL LANCASHIRE >>> TRAINING TOMORROW'S JOURNALISTS >>> THE UNIVERSITY OF

University of Central Lancashire>

JOHNSTON PRESS HAS DEMONSTRATED ITS CLEAR COMMITMENT TO THE FUTURE OF COMMUNITY MEDIA BY ESTABLISHING THE CHAIR OF DIGITAL JOURNALISM AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CENTRAL LANCASHIRE.

newsagents and a decline in the number of people willing to deliver newspapers), changes in people's shopping habits (particularly the growing importance of the major supermarkets), and to an extent the growth of internet usage. However, the most important factor by far is changing lifestyles which have impacted most on the daily titles with frequency of purchase during the week diminishing at a significantly faster rate than the complete loss of readers. Despite this, we remain totally confident that the newspaper will remain a central and durable part of the local media mix, reflecting its ongoing attraction to readers and continuing value to advertisers seeking to reach local communities. However, we also recognise the vital importance of building a linked digital capability to extend and supplement the reach and content of our print publications.

It is important to emphasise that many of our newspapers, daily as well as weekly, continue to achieve high levels of household penetration, delivering an excellent response to advertisers. Additionally, during the year and in prior periods, we have launched a large number of other print publications providing advertisers with extended audience reach when packaged with our principal newspaper publications and, of course, further enhancements can be achieved by adding our rapidly growing access to the online community.

The appointment of a Newspaper Sales and Marketing Director at the beginning of the year has done a great deal to focus efforts more closely on circulation performance and measures which can be adopted across the Group to bring about improvements.

Reflecting the benefits of a progressive cover price increase strategy and despite modest circulation declines, overall like for like circulation revenues were up by 1.4% for the year with gains of 1.9% and 0.9% for the first and second halves. Our experience suggests that regular cover price increases do not have a significantly adverse effect on newspaper sales, provided the quality and depth of content appeals to the target audience.

Other Revenues:

The largest source of non publishing revenue comes from contract printing which accounts for 5% of total Group turnover. This percentage only takes account of external printing revenues of £27 million but, in addition there is a further amount of £69 million of inter group print revenue not reflected in the Group's turnover. Our contract print businesses include several of the UK's national newspapers, a number of regional newspapers and a range of specialist newspaper format magazine publications. A number of these jobs are covered by long term agreements, in total accounting for around 60% of our total contract print revenue. This percentage will grow over the next two years as we increase the volumes on the long term contracts we have secured to print the Sun and News of the World at Dinnington in South Yorkshire and at Portsmouth. These contracts were won as a direct consequence of our decision to invest in major state of the art print works in these locations.

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**A SIGNIFICANT
INVESTMENT IN
TRAINING HAS
TAKEN PLACE IN
PARTNERSHIP
WITH UCLAN**

Business Review - continued

The market for contract printing is expected to become more competitive as a result of a number of new investments being made across the industry. From a Johnston Press perspective, contract printing accounts for only 21% of our total capacity utilisation and if the work which is contracted on a long term basis is removed, this figure falls to just 8%. Since our capacity has broadly been configured to meet our own printing requirements, the Group is not unduly exposed to short term commercial pressures in the contract printing market.

Our publishing centres are involved in a range of activities which utilise the strengths of our local brands and operational infrastructure as well as being complementary to our main stream community media businesses. The largest of these activities, much of which is managed by a specialist subsidiary known as Letterbox Direct, is the delivery of leaflets and inserts utilising our newspaper distribution capability. Total revenues of £12 million represent a like for like reduction of 6% from 2005, reflecting the general downturn in advertising revenues. Delivery volumes have not been helped by the fact that our distribution of free newspapers has fallen by 4% in the year resulting in less coverage. This reduction is the result of a conscious decision, in part to reduce costs, especially of newsprint. Leaflet distribution is a relatively mature activity and, whilst there are alternative distribution channels, no major variations in performance are anticipated.

The second largest of these activities is Reader Holidays which accounts for more than £2 million of revenues and makes a strong profit contribution. Promoted through the pages of our newspapers, these are holidays and events which are operated by third parties on our behalf. Given the growth in the broad leisure market and a programme which is aimed at bringing best of class performance to all parts of the Group by process standardisation, utilisation of our websites and better coordination, we expect this activity to grow. With revenues of around £1.5 million, Premium Lines is the next largest such area and is primarily aimed at assisting users in making social contacts but increasingly include voting lines and the provision of added value services such as text alerts. Again, these services utilise the pages of our newspapers for promotional purposes. The print based dating services, which are operated by a third party on our behalf, appear at best to have reached a plateau, however there is scope for developing related online revenues by utilising our websites.

Sponsorship is an area of good growth, increasing by 7% like for like in 2006 to produce over £1.3 million revenue. This involves the sponsorship of specific sections of our newspapers, related supplements or events by various third parties. The success achieved by some of our companies

suggests that this is an activity which can achieve further growth for the Group as a whole. The organisation of local events and exhibitions produced around £1.2 million revenue in the year though this was down by 11% on the previous period, partly due to lost share to a new competitor in one of our larger markets but mainly due to lower exhibition revenues from Outbound Publishing. Typical activities include Job Fairs, Fashion Shows, Wedding Fairs, and Motor Shows and, in general, we believe that there is scope for growth, in part by utilising the experience of our better performing centres as a template for others to follow.

The syndication of our journalistic copy produced over £900k revenue in the year. This performance is a direct result of negotiating Group arrangements with a limited number of news agencies and, by that means, extending the service across all of our titles. Further growth should be possible now that the mechanisms are in place and working well.

Apart from the various activities mentioned above, there are a number of similar initiatives contributing lesser amounts to overall turnover and thus very small in relation to the Group as a whole. In addition, we have several specialist publishing businesses and the largest of these, with total revenues of more than £3 million, publishes the weekly *Trials* and *Motor Cross News* and the monthly *Dirt Bike Rider*. Together these titles occupy the market leading position in the specialist off road biking sector and produce a valuable profit contribution. The brands are extremely well established and highly respected in their industry, providing a solid foundation for future performance which should be enhanced by the development of a web based offering.

Outbound Publishing, mentioned above, has a range of specialist newspapers aimed at potential emigrants to a number of foreign countries, mainly ex Commonwealth, and two publications which focus on overseas properties together with a series of related exhibitions. The business has a turnover of more than £2 million and also makes a good profit contribution. Outbound is the leading publisher in the emigration market which, in turn, is greatly influenced by the immigration policies of the countries concerned. Due to several such adverse policy changes, this resulted in a revenue reduction in the year and suggests that significant growth will be difficult to achieve. The recent launch of our *Emigrate2* website is designed to enhance performance and initial results are encouraging. The overseas property market is highly fragmented and very competitive. Outbound is not one of the leading players and our strategy for growth is based on the development of a related online listings service with the promotional benefit of a connection to our *Property Today* website.

Generating new income >

DURING THE YEAR WE LAUNCHED 60 NEW COMMUNITY NEWSLETTERS TARGETING ADVERTISERS AT THE ULTRA LOCAL LEVEL.

>>> INCREASING CUSTOMER DEMAND >>> MORE CHOICE >>> INCREASING CUSTOMER DEMAND >>> MORE CHOICE

ALTHOUGH PREMIUM LINE REVENUES FOR DATING SERVICES HAVE BEEN DECLINING AS USERS MIGRATE TO ONLINE PROVIDERS WE HAVE BEEN REPLACING IT WITH REVENUES FOR TEXT VOTING, TEXT ALERTS AND OTHER VALUE ADDED SERVICES.

GREATER SPEED >>> WIDER ACCESS >>> GREATER SPEED >>> WIDER ACCESS >>> GREATER SPEED >>> WIDER ACC

WE HAVE ENLARGED OUR FREE NEWSPAPER PORTFOLIO, WITH THE LAUNCH OF 14 NEW TITLES.

Group Strategy >

The essence of Johnston Press' corporate strategy lies in the definition of our business as a community media company. Our long held company slogan "Life is Local" indicates very clearly that we concentrate on meeting the news, content, information and advertising needs of local communities. Our entire strategy is built on the premise that local communities will continue to demand locally focussed media services. Based on our very clear and deep understanding of local media markets, our central objective is to deliver best of class multi media services to those communities we serve and to be the pre eminent community media company, producing financial results which are commensurate with that

Multi Media Publishing:

During the past twelve months, Johnston Press has made very considerable advances in the development of a genuine multi media offering to the numerous local communities in which we publish. The rationale for pursuing this approach is to ensure that our portfolio of publications and services meets the changing needs of consumers and advertisers. Whilst newspaper readership, which continues in modest decline as outlined above, remains strong with high household penetrations being achieved in very many of our local markets, there is no doubt that consumers are increasingly turning to the internet for a range of information and services. In order to preserve our position of being able to offer advertisers the

most effective means of achieving unparalleled market reach and high levels of response in local communities, it is essential that the Group harnesses the opportunities which digital publishing channels provide. Indeed by doing so in an effective manner we will be able to achieve even higher levels of household penetration than hitherto.

This objective can be achieved in two distinct ways which, in turn, should not be regarded as mutually exclusive. These are by organic development of the required capability or by acquiring existing internet businesses which operate in the same marketplace. Whilst not dismissing the future possibility of such acquisitions, the Johnston Press strategy is firmly dependent upon the organic development route. The reasons for this are several:

- The transition from newspaper publisher to community media company needs to happen in each and every one of our publishing centres, however small. The new opportunities and channels must be embraced by the entire organisation. This requires a major cultural shift which is underway but it can only be achieved by strong leadership and an extensive training programme. It will not happen by simply grafting on an acquired business which anyway could be stifled if not given the freedom to develop in a manner which suits it best.
- Given adequate investment and a clear vision of what needs to be achieved, the organic development route can be delivered with much greater certainty than the necessarily haphazard nature of an acquisition led

>>> EDITORIAL EXCELLENCE >>> EDITORIAL EXCELLENCE >>> EDITORIAL EXCELLENCE >>> EDITORIAL EXCEL

Campaigning journalism >

FROM TOPICAL ISSUES SUCH AS CAMPAIGNING TO MAINTAIN THE PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES OUTSIDE THE MAIN METROPOLITAN AREAS TO PROVIDING OUR 254TH GUIDE DOG FOR THE BLIND SINCE 1966 IN MANSFIELD, OUR PAPERS NEVER STOP CHAMPIONING WHAT IS IMPORTANT TO THE LOCAL COMMUNITIES WE SERVE.

approach. With clear milestones and close management, progress can be carefully monitored and when required, remedial action taken.

- Whilst some acquisitions in this space may prove to be successful, many carry the real risk of destroying shareholder value. Acquisition multiples are typically daunting and the target businesses generally immature with untested brand loyalty or resilience. With low barriers to entry, there is a constant stream of new start up internet businesses which, in turn, could easily challenge existing online players and seriously undermine their performance and value. A well judged organic development route will require significantly less cash to deliver and is more likely to create sustainable long term shareholder value.
- Our organic approach is aimed at creating a differentiated business model which exploits our trusted brands as well as the unique relationship between our print and digital activities thereby producing a more resilient and robust outcome than would be possible in the online only world.

In pursuit of this objective, we have significantly increased the scale of our digital publishing operation in Peterborough where the principal design, development and maintenance of our websites takes place. We have upgraded and relaunched our key classified websites, consistent with our aim for these to represent best of class in their respective sectors. We have successfully restructured our newsroom at the Lancashire Evening Post which is now a multi media operation capable

of audio visual as well as text and picture news gathering. This template with its new generation website is being rolled out across the entire Group during 2007. We have launched and are developing a variety of new web offerings and enhancements to our existing services in an ongoing process to ensure that our local digital offerings are regarded as the first choice destination for the range of local content which we carry. And to sustain this continuing programme, we have rolled out a comprehensive Group wide training initiative in conjunction with the Department of Journalism at the University of Central Lancashire (UCLan). The achievements during the past year give us confidence that we are well placed to deliver the business transformation which this strategy envisages. To accelerate progress in 2007, we will increase annual expenditure on our digital activities by £5 million which will be split between enhanced site development, more sales resource and greater marketing activity.

Market Layering:

As indicated above, paid for daily newspaper circulations have been in modest decline for some years and although the weeklies have fared rather better, the long term trend is also downwards. That said, in very many instances, local newspapers continue to achieve high household penetrations. Johnston Press has pursued a strategy of layering our local markets with a range of print publications which extend the reach achieved by our principal titles. By layering the market in this way and packaging a combination of these publications, advertisers can be assured of continuing high market penetration and commensurate response, a position which has recently

.LENCE >>> EDITORIAL EXCELLENCE >>> EDITORIAL EXCELLENCE >>> EDITORIAL EXCELLENCE >>> EDITORIAL EXCELLENCE

**WE ALSO
HABITUALLY
BREAK THE BIG
"LOCAL"
STORIES FIRST
AND CAN OFFER
COVERAGE AND
INSIGHT IN AN
UNRIVALLED
WAY.**

Group Strategy - continued

been further strengthened by the addition of our growing digital capability

Operational Efficiency.

A major element of the strategy which has enabled Johnston Press to produce consistent industry leading performance has been a willingness to invest in modern IT systems and production capability coupled with the determination and a clear plan to maximise the related opportunities which such investments afford. This approach remains a consistent and fundamental part of the Johnston Press business approach.

2006 was an especially important year for the Group in terms of the evolution of our printing strategy which has seen the progressive retirement of older, less capable colour limited presses and their replacement by fewer, larger modern print centres with full colour capability. The Dinnington investment and developments elsewhere have resulted in a total of 7 of our older print centres closing during the year. The resultant improvements in quality, waste, reliability, speed and colour availability have been of considerable benefit to the Group as a whole as well as assisting us in meeting our objectives in terms of increased efficiency and energy consumption.

Equally important is our continuing strategy of upgrading our IT systems infrastructure and, through that process, achieving standardisation across the Group. Systems advances have also enabled us to make it easier for advertisers to prepare and transmit their own advertising copy, improving accuracy and reducing errors whilst at the same time enabling later deadlines. There are considerable opportunities for more progress in this aspect of our business.

As we look ahead, there is no doubt whatsoever that a critical element in making further improvements in performance will be the extent to which we continue to exploit the advantages which modern IT systems and production capability provide. Based on what we have achieved to date, we remain confident in our ability to do this.

Our Employees:

The rapid transformation of our business and our ability to successfully grasp the opportunities which are offered by the new digital channels and advances in IT systems is entirely dependent upon our employees. To ensure that our staff are equipped with the necessary skills and are well motivated, a high priority has been placed on a range of related initiatives which form part of a clear strategic HR programme.

Central to this, is good communications. We continue to improve the way in which our Employee Forums operate and to take a variety of additional steps to ensure that the Group's strategy is well understood and that there are open lines of communication on the full range of issues which are of interest and relevance to our staff. Training is equally important and, in addition to the wide ranging suite of skill based courses which have operated within the Group for some time, we have developed a training programme in conjunction with UCLan which is being used to help all of our companies embrace the digital publishing initiatives which are in the process of being rolled out. In that connection, Jane Singer, previously Associate Professor in the School of Journalism and Mass Communication at the University of Iowa, has now taken up her appointment to the Johnston Press Chair in Digital Journalism at UCLan and will be a valuable additional resource in helping to drive the transitional process.

During the year, we have made continued progress with the full implementation and consistent use of the programmes we have for personal development. We have taken further steps to address the perennial problem of advertising sales staff turnover. We continue to encourage employee share ownership through our various share schemes, the Group's Share Incentive Plan paid out for the third year in succession, albeit at a reduced rate, reflecting the impact of the more difficult trading conditions on the outcome for the year. We continue to pay close attention to ensuring that our remuneration levels are set fairly and that we have attractive and appropriate bonus arrangements in place. In overall terms, we remain acutely conscious of the need to ensure that we have a clear HR strategy which recognises the need to enable our employees to reach their potential and to contribute in a positive manner to the overall objectives we have set ourselves. That we have achieved so much in a difficult year, speaks volumes for the dedication and commitment which our staff have demonstrated.

Organisational Structure

The management philosophy of Johnston Press is to maintain a flat, lean structure in which lines of communication are kept as short as possible. The Executive Directors are actively involved in the Group's daily operations, travelling extensively around the operating centres and reviewing each of the Group's 55 businesses formally at least twice a year. Informal communications are strong and authority levels are clearly defined with a culture of openness and rapid decision making.

The fundamental management structure of the Group has remained broadly unchanged following the recent expansion through the acquisitions made in 2005 and 2006. The Head Office team has remained constant throughout the period and works closely across the full range of business issues. The Group Management Board meets formally on a monthly basis and follows a fixed agenda to review overall performance. After the end of the year, Nigel Eccles joined the Group Management Board in the Business Development Manager role replacing Simon Kennedy who had earlier moved to Northamptonshire Newspapers as General Manager.

As a result of the acquisition of TSPL, the Scottish divisional management structure has been strengthened and is now based in Edinburgh. Several new senior management appointments have been made to the management teams in our two Irish divisions. In total we have seven publishing divisions. These are supported by four senior functional heads responsible for HR, IT, Digital Publishing and Newspapers Sales & Marketing. Divisional meetings chaired by the Chief Operating Officer take place monthly. Each publishing division comprises a number of individual publishing companies with a managing director and functional reports.

Acquisitive Growth

Over a number of years through the pages of our Annual Reports and elsewhere, we have consistently stated our view that industry consolidation is set to continue and the shape of the UK's regional press should not be regarded as being in its final form. That view was fully vindicated by various events of 2006, with the ultimately abortive sale of Northcliffe by DMGT and the results of the Trinity Mirror strategic review which envisages the disposal of significant parts of their regional newspaper portfolio. We continue to believe that further industry consolidation is inevitable and positive for readers and advertisers alike. Given our clear focus on being a successful community media company, we remain interested in any opportunities for judicious growth. Thus we will examine carefully all developments in our sector but pursue only those which make good operational and financial sense, focussing very clearly on the need for any acquisition to create additional shareholder value.

In identifying the most attractive acquisition targets, we must be convinced of the quality of the business to be acquired and the sustainability of its revenues, we must be able to see how we can reliably improve the business to meet our investment hurdles.

Whilst competition rules will continue to exert constraints, with only around 15% UK market share by number of copies sold or distributed, there will be future potential acquisitions which ought not to present difficulties with the regulator. Indeed, over time, we would expect an easing of the regulatory view on market definition and the range of relevant competition, reflecting a better understanding of the competitive environment in which regional and local newspapers operate.

Although we would not preclude venturing outside our existing boundaries of the UK and Ireland, this is not something which falls within our current strategic plans. Nor, as indicated above, are we planning to acquire an internet business, but, again, we do not rule out this possibility in the event that we were to identify a target which would enhance our existing operations and represent a sensible use of our resources.

Subsequent to the year end we have agreed to purchase eight Scottish titles from Archant, subject to clearance from the regulatory authorities. The turnover multiple is less than two times with a consideration price of £11.2 million.

Operational Review >

Print Publications*

In pursuit of our policy of layering markets to extend advertisers' reach and grow our revenue, we launched 150 new publications during 2006. These included 60 community newsletters, 4 lifestyle magazines, 14 new free newspapers and 72 targeted publications covering specific subjects such as weddings, gardening and home improvements.

Community newsletters are generally aimed at groups of around 4,000-6,000 homes in rural, urban and metropolitan areas where distinct geographic communities can be identified and these publications provide local High Street advertisers with the opportunity to reach a very local audience in an extremely cost effective manner. Typical launch areas in 2006 were in Oundle near Peterborough, Kirkham in Lancashire and urban districts in Sheffield such as Dore, Totley and Bradway. Our programme of providing these smaller communities with very localised news will continue during 2007 and newsletters have already been launched in a number of markets including the Bruntsfield and Morningside areas of Edinburgh. We anticipate having around 180 such publications by the end of 2007. Each is monitored to ensure that it continues to make a positive contribution to profit.

Typical lifestyle magazines include *Image* in Northampton, *Lancashire Design and Living* in the Northwest of England, *Exclusive* in the Midlands and 'Etc' in the South. These publications create a high quality environment for advertisers, typically for up market and luxury items which would not normally be found in the pages of our newspapers. Lifestyle magazines extend our reach by featuring content which attracts an audience that such advertisers are keen to target.

During the year we also launched 14 free newspapers, including 10 titles in the Republic of Ireland under the Weekender brand and 2 in the Northern Ireland division. A free weekly was added to our paid for weekly and related print portfolio in Market Harborough, and in Aylesbury the Commuter Herald was introduced for travellers to London, being distributed at railway stations in the area. The latter has been particularly well received and provides a template for other centres to follow.

Our focus on revenue growth has been assisted by regular meetings of senior advertising directors to ensure that new ideas and best practice are disseminated quickly around the Group. Our Ads4U database, with more than 4,500

entries, enables our sales teams to provide a more professional service and to up sell by having access to an extensive database of high quality and creative advertising copy. We also continued with our strategy of producing a number of common advertising platforms such as Food & Drink, Travel, Parent & Child, 50+ and an additional supplement for the 2006 World Cup. These were inserted in a number of our newspapers around the UK and have created an opportunity for national brand advertising including, for example, Kellogg's, which we would not normally carry in our mainstream titles.

During the year, the sales structures, bonus arrangements and overall remuneration packages of our advertising staff were reviewed and improved in order to ensure that our sales people are clearly focussed on revenue growth for our increasing range of print and digital publications.

Digital Publishing.

Total expenditure in the year at our central Digital Publishing operation in Peterborough was £3 million, and staff was increased by 31% to a total of 38. Additionally, a number of new positions were created around the Group to give greater impetus to our digital publishing activities. Specific training courses have been designed, and the majority of our sales staff have benefited from seminars to improve their understanding of digital sales and, in particular, the impact of the internet on the property, motors and jobs markets.

Our relationship with UCLan has been invaluable in helping to create new multi media newsrooms capable of providing content both online and in print. The digital "newsroom of the future project", which was successfully trialled in Preston, is now being rolled out across the Group and will be largely completed by the middle of 2007 with more than 50 newsrooms equipped with this new capability. The key features of the newsroom are the ability to provide breaking news online, the opportunity to use video and audio to add another dimension to our local news offering as well as online only services covering topics not normally included in our local newspapers. Numerous examples of these services include breaking stories such as the East Sussex firework factory fire which was extensively covered by our Lewes website and coverage of the helicopter disaster in the Northwest which was extensively reported on all our websites in the region.

We have established a new digital only sales operation in London directed at obtaining new online revenues from recruitment agencies. Mediaforce, our established independently owned national sales operation, has also created an online only sales team and our local centres

have introduced sales units focussed on capturing new online revenues from advertisers who do not traditionally use our newspapers. In terms of measurable milestones on a monthly basis we now reach 6.6 million unique users with over 57 million page impressions. Encouragingly, our digital revenues grew by 36% with the benefit of scotsman.com. The greatest increase came from new services such as CV matching and Local Pages, the former growing by 80% year on year.

Our CV matching service, which was launched in 2005, achieved revenues in excess of £2 million and we now have 80,000 registered users and 9,200 active CVs on our database. This is proving to be extremely popular with advertisers and our sales systems automatically provide advertising staff with information on the number of relevant CVs to facilitate easier sale of the service to customers. We plan further improvements during 2007, for example with jobseekers being able to upload their CVs electronically as opposed to inputting the relevant data.

Following its launch in January 2006, the online directory service Local Pages achieved revenues of £1.2 million. We have signed an agreement with Miva to enhance this service by incorporating a contextual search capability to generate pay click revenues from advertisers. This will be part of a portfolio of directory services which will include a common print format across the Group, an online local directory and the ability to search locally for services and associated advertising.

We have an extensive programme of digital developments in 2007, including the further enhancement of our jobs site, in part to ensure that we have fully structured data from all advertisers to enable comprehensive online searching. A number of other developments are under way, including all of our local websites changing to an improved format, integration of dating services (print, mobile and online), further developments for motors and property sites (introducing new homes), and providing more services on mobile platforms such as job alerts.

Albeit from a low level, digital revenues have been growing strongly for several years and given the increasing level of commitment across the Group, we anticipate further rapid growth.

Audience Delivery*

2006 saw a radical shift in the way in which the Group is addressing local audiences, fundamentally as a direct result of the increasing success and growth of our websites. As a result of this, the total audience we reach is growing at a rapid rate. Whilst there is some duplication between

newspaper readers and the users of the websites, our digital capability has enabled us to reach an entirely new audience.

We naturally continue to place considerable emphasis on newspaper sales both of our weekly and daily titles. A number of initiatives have been introduced as a direct consequence of the appointment of our Newspaper Sales & Marketing Director, including the establishment of best practice groups for daily and weekly newspaper sales, greater emphasis on high value reader offers and competitions and improved market research. Amongst these initiatives, the increased professionalism and use of market research is having a significant beneficial impact on our newspapers, as is the growing interaction between print and digital platforms. We have also seen benefits from the growth of user generated content and the development of citizen journalism. All this activity enables editors to identify which stories have been of most interest to our readers, creating the opportunity to build upon this both in paper and online. An important initiative has been building databases of our audience to enable us to target our publications better and stay close to changing media consumption habits.

In addition to the growing importance of our websites, we are also making increasing use of mobile technology. This enables us to send text alerts to inform our customers of forthcoming content as well as providing them with a further opportunity to give us feedback and contribute to the stories and features we have been running.

IT Systems

Continued progress is being made on the use of modern IT systems to improve the efficiency of our operations and the services we offer to readers and advertisers. During 2006, we made substantial progress in the introduction of a common advertising front end system across the entire Group and this exercise will be completed in 2007. The benefits include improved service levels to advertisers such as the ability to see instant examples of their proposed advertisements, the client's history being immediately available at the point of contact providing more information for our sales staff, and reduced costs for the Group with common training and system management now possible.

A number of other key IT projects have been completed or are under way. The introduction of a common newspaper sales system has greatly improved the management of the newspaper sales function and enabled best practice to be established across the Group. We have consolidated the IT functions for both traditional and digital publishing to ensure that the digital function is an integrated part of our

Operational Review - continued

business and the introduction of a single Group helpdesk has removed duplication and improved internal management

The roll out of Voiceover IP Telephony will also be virtually complete by the end of 2007 allowing the Group to take advantage of the latest internet phone technology which both reduces costs and creates the opportunity over time for further improvements to voice and data transfer. One of the principal benefits of our IT investment has been the consolidation of various backroom activities, including the closure of a number of pre press departments, the centralisation of credit control at a divisional level, a common approach to the planning of our newspapers and the benefit of a single knowledge base for the technology that we use. As a direct result of these improvements there has been a headcount reduction in 2006 of over 300 in these areas.

With the increasing emphasis on consolidation of infrastructure and the need to provide a robust platform for a rapidly expanding digital presence, all subsidiary companies' plans to meet any disruption to business were reviewed during the year. In 2007, the Group will invest substantially at the hosting centres where data is stored to improve resilience and further enhancements will be made to the Group network allowing greater mobility of data both internally and online.

Installation of equipment to enable our journalists to work in sound and video to provide multi media reports for our websites was completed for the daily centres by the end of 2006. All daily publications now have a digital newsroom which is fully integrated into our editorial publishing systems and IT staff have been trained to support the new initiative.

THE INTEGRATION OF ACQUISITIONS MADE DURING 2005 AND AT THE BEGINNING OF 2006 HAS MADE EXCELLENT PROGRESS, AND EACH BUSINESS HAS ACHIEVED THE OBJECTIVES SET OUT PRIOR TO ACQUISITION.

Acquisition Integration

The integration of acquisitions made during 2005 and at the beginning of 2006 has made excellent progress, and each business has achieved the objectives set out prior to acquisition.

TSPL has been established as the hub of our enlarged divisional activities in Scotland. Among the key changes are the appointment of a new divisional management team, the creation of a central function for IT, the separation of publishing and printing, the transfer of national advertising sales to the Group sales house, Mediaforce, and the integration of the award winning scotsman.com website into the Group's digital publishing activities. As a result of these changes, total headcount reduced by approximately 20%.

In Northern Ireland, the consolidation of Morton Newspapers Limited, Century Newspapers Limited and the Derry Journal Limited has been completed, and the Group approach to common systems fully implemented in the first year of ownership. Belfast News Letter journalists have been moved to a new city centre office and centralised backroom facilities relocated to Carn, the former base of Morton Newspapers allowing the closure of the Century Newspapers site on the outskirts of Belfast. New free newspapers have been launched by the Derry Journal Ltd and Donegal Democrat Ltd and the organisational structure has been simplified with the formation of two operating companies.

In the Republic of Ireland, the disparate operating companies acquired from Score Press and the Leinster Leader have been consolidated into three regional operating units with new management introduced at both senior and regional level. New products and websites have been launched including a range of free newspapers which will complement the newspapers of record in each of the local communities served by our companies. The websites include search engines for jobs, property and motors and whilst these are embryonic they have already proved successful in winning new business, particularly in Limerick, where Property Today has become the market leader for property advertising in print and online. During 2007, we will introduce new advertising, editorial and accounting systems with the latter already integrated into the Group's central accounting function. Good progress is also under way to introduce further new products with lifestyle magazines and niche publications planned for 2007.

Printing

2006 was a major year for our Printing Division with the completion of the new £60 million press investment at Dinnington, the largest ever project undertaken by the Group, which came in ahead of schedule and under budget. It is now fully operational, printing 68 titles and 3 external contracts, including Times Educational Supplement and titles for News International. The new installation can print a maximum of 224 pages in colour at speeds of 40,000 copies per hour, or 120 pages in full colour at 86,000 copies per hour from each of its folders. The versatility of a press with three folders means that a combination of newspapers can be printed at the same time. Other major benefits include an increase in operating efficiency, with a productivity gain of 50%, and a very significant improvement in print quality. In addition, inserting facilities with stitching and trimming provide opportunities for further revenue growth and the production of higher added value publications.

As a result of this new installation and other work across the Group, we have been able to close five older and less capable pressrooms in Scarborough, Forfar, Wakefield, Hartlepool and Sheffield.

A similar installation at Portsmouth will be completed during 2007, which will enhance our printing capability to the point where 90% of our total pages will be printed in full colour.

In Northern Ireland, the ageing pressrooms, which came with acquisitions in 2005, in Belfast and at the Derry Journal were closed and plans to enhance our printing facilities in Carr are under way.

During the year we improved the downstream publishing facilities at Leeds and also increased the colour capacity on the new full colour press at Peterborough by 32 to 160 pages through two additional colour towers. The publishing area there was also refurbished, providing inserting, stitching and trimming capability for all products printed in the Midlands. Work began at Caledonian Offset (Edinburgh) to increase colour capacity within the newly acquired press hall which will lead to additional revenue opportunities as well as further efficiencies.

2006 WAS A MAJOR YEAR FOR OUR PRINTING DIVISION WITH THE COMPLETION OF THE NEW £60 MILLION PRESS INVESTMENT AT DINNINGTON, THE LARGEST EVER PROJECT UNDERTAKEN BY THE GROUP, WHICH CAME IN AHEAD OF SCHEDULE AND UNDER BUDGET.

Staff Development and Welfare.

Our focus on health and safety is given the highest priority and this has resulted in a 26% reduction in the annual accident rate, a 37% reduction in RIDDOR reportable accidents and a decline of 38% in working days lost.

The development and training of our staff continues to play a vital part in our Human Resource strategy. During the year we delivered 86 different courses to more than 4,000 staff, involving in excess of 12,000 training days. Our training courses cover all aspects of our business, including Advertising Sales, Editorial, Newspaper Sales, Digital Media, Leadership & Management, Finance, Health & Safety, IT and HR. The Group has introduced new Policies and Procedures and training to ensure that we comply with the new Age Discrimination legislation and initial steps have been taken towards the creation of a European Works Council as well as preparing for the introduction of new smoking restrictions in England and Northern Ireland in 2007.

Performance Review >

In what has been an extremely challenging trading environment, the business has responded well and has managed to mitigate substantially the impact on our profit margins of the reduction in advertising revenues in the existing businesses which were part of the Group throughout 2005 and 2006. At the same time the businesses we acquired in 2005 and 2006 have all been earnings accretive. The turnover by division of the enlarged group is shown in Table 3

Table 3
Turnover 2006 by Division

In order to assess the underlying like-for like performance of the Group, Table 4 summarises the businesses operating at the beginning of 2005, with additional columns for both 2005 and 2006 showing the acquisitions in those years adding to the reported total figure.

Table 4 Summary of 2006 and 2005 results on a like for like basis

	2006				2005		
	Total	Acquisitions			Total	Acquisitions	
	£'m	2006 £'m	2005 £'m	Like-for like £'m	£'m	2005 £'m	Like for like £'m
Advertising revenues	430.5	40.9	44.5	345.1	387.5	10.6	376.9
Newspaper sales	102.2	14.6	17.1	70.5	73.6	3.9	69.7
Contract printing	27.3	0.1	8.3	18.9	21.1	2.3	18.8
Digital	11.3	1.3	0.1	9.9	8.3	0.1	8.2
Other revenues	30.9	3.6	1.4	25.9	29.7	0.4	29.3
Total revenues	602.2	60.5	71.4	470.3	520.2	17.3	502.9
Costs	415.4	49.7	51.6	314.1	340.0	12.0	328.0
Operating profit*	186.8	10.8	19.8	156.2	180.2	5.3	174.9
Operating margin*	31.0%	17.9%	27.7%	33.2%	34.6%	30.6%	34.8%

*Pre non recurring items

In the like for like performance, the existing Johnston Press businesses managed to deliver cost reductions of £13.9m in the last year. Although some of these cost savings relate to the reduced trading volumes, a significant proportion are "permanent" savings and reflect costs that have been removed from the business and will not return even with increased volumes. Specific points to note are:

- The mitigation of increased newsprint costs. The cost of newsprint increased by around 7.0% on the levels charged in 2005 but this has been offset by reductions in the weight and web width of paper used along with reduced wastage levels by closing older less efficient printing presses.
- The reduction in the production costs of £6.2m not only reflects the reduced volumes but also the fruits of the ongoing investment programmes which the Group has undertaken over recent years. The opening of our new "state of the art" printing and distribution operation at Dinnington has facilitated older press closures, delivering labour savings of around £2.0m per annum. The ongoing investment in production and operating systems has allowed the Group to continue with its streamlining and centralising of pre-press operations whilst at the same time offering improved services to our advertisers.

- c) Overhead cost savings of £7.7m have been made despite inflationary pressures. Reductions in headcount reflecting reduced advertising volumes have been further augmented by increased efficiencies in our back room activities. Like most other industries we have had to contend with significantly increased utility costs and, despite the consolidation of our printing operations into more efficient presses referred to above, this is an increased cost the business has been forced to absorb. The overall operating margin in the existing businesses has decreased by 1.6% points to 33.2%.

The businesses acquired in 2005 and 2006 performed well during 2006. Due to the influence of the Republic of Ireland, where advertising revenues grew by 7.5%, the pressure on the top line was not as great as in the existing businesses. The proforma operating margin of these combined businesses prior to their acquisition was 22.4% and over the last year we have managed to increase this to 23.2% through benefits of being part of a larger group, better procurement, the introduction of new systems and the consolidation of back room activities. This increase in margin has been achieved notwithstanding a decrease in total revenues.

The acquisition of TSPL was completed on 4 January 2006 and in the period ended 31 December 2006 the business achieved an operating profit of £10.8m, a margin of 17.9%, compared to the profit of £8m achieved in 2005 at a margin of 12.5%. These improvements have been made possible because of the speed of integration into our Scottish Division, with TSPL becoming the central hub of that enlarged business. There have also been significant savings related to the consolidation of the back room activities within the enlarged Group.

The above clearly demonstrates a very creditable performance in what have been extremely challenging market conditions across the sector. The margins achieved by the Group are still the benchmark for the rest of the industry and have largely been protected despite the significant reductions in like for like turnover.

The acquisitions have all exceeded the investment criteria which the Group has consistently applied, namely an acquisition should be earnings enhancing in its first full year, before any restructuring and integration costs, and, that any acquisition should be value enhancing by the end of the third full year such that the rate of return on the investment should exceed our weighted average cost of capital (WACC). In the year ended 31 December 2006, the first full year for the acquisitions, the incremental interest

cost that the business incurred was £25.6m, £5m lower than the incremental operating profit generated by the acquired businesses.

Looking forward the performance of the Group will be dependent on a number of factors:

- a) The advertising cycle and our ability to ensure that we maintain our market leadership at a local level.
- b) Our ability to grow new revenue streams in our existing markets. This will certainly include digital media through our ever increasing internet based presence but will also include new print and related revenue streams through exploiting our penetration of local markets with well established and trusted brands.
- c) Our ability to find further acquisition opportunities within our current areas of operation which can add value to the Group and which can be suitably financed.
- d) Our ability to continue to improve the efficient operation of our business through appropriate investment in technology which improves both customer service and our methods of operation.
- e) Our ability to adapt to our consumers' needs in terms of how they wish to access and address their local media information needs in such a way that we continue to offer our advertisers an unparalleled penetration in the local market.

Non Recurring Items

The Group incurred non recurring net costs in the year of £15.1m pre-tax. These came from structural changes in four different aspects of the business:

- i) With the successful opening and ramp up of our new printing press at Dinnington, we have managed to accelerate ahead of our expectation the closure of some of our older presses. This, together with the assumption that we can replicate this performance at our other new press investment in Portsmouth, has led the Directors to shorten their estimate of the remaining useful life of certain of our presses as well as reducing the net book value of those presses closer to their potential realisable value in the secondhand market. This has led to a one off, non cash, incremental depreciation charge of £9.0m.
- ii) There have been one off costs associated with the closure of the older presses as well as structural changes in the existing business which have contributed to the cost savings disclosed above. The total of these non recurring redundancy and reorganisation costs in the existing business was £5.0m.

Performance Review - continued

- iii) During 2006 we also incurred a significant level of non recurring costs associated with the reorganisation and integration of the businesses acquired in 2005/06. The total costs associated with these changes, which in turn have led to the structural improvement in these businesses is £3.8m with a future benefit to operating margins. This process of reorganisation and integration will continue into 2007 and we would expect a further cost associated with these changes of £3.4m in the coming year.
- iv) Finally, the business disposed of three freehold properties which were excess to requirements having historically housed old presses which have closed. These disposals resulted in gains of approximately £2.7m which partially offset the costs detailed above.

Finance Income/Costs

Net finance income was £3.4m as the expected return on our pension fund assets exceeded the interest cost on our pension liabilities by that amount. The level of expected return as detailed in note 23 has proved prudent in the last year with actual returns being £7.8m higher and these are recognised in the Group Statement of Recognised Income and Expense. Finance costs in the year were £44.1m with a blended effective rate of 5.8%.

Tax Rate

The Group tax rate for the year was 27.3% with the UK tax rate of 30% being reduced proportionately by the businesses in the Isle of Man and Republic of Ireland where the corporation tax rates are considerably lower, the Isle of Man rate now being zero. The Group rate has also benefited because no tax has been provided on the profit on sale of properties because rollover relief will be claimed. A significant element of this tax charge is in deferred tax as the capital allowances on our recent press investment programme are in excess of depreciation.

Earnings per Share/Dividends

Basic earnings per share at 33.24p were well down on 2005 because of the significantly higher level of non recurring items detailed above. Excluding those non recurring items, the earnings per share at the basic level was 36.66p down 5.3% on 2005 reflecting the difficult market environment experienced by the sector over the course of 2006. Subject to approval at the Annual General Meeting on 27 April 2007, the total dividend for the year will be 9.3p, an increase of 11%. This increase will continue the move made last year to reduce the level of dividend cover which had grown to levels which the Board considered to be unnecessarily prudent.

Investment Strategy

As mentioned above when reviewing the performance of our acquisitions, the Board has clearly defined criteria when evaluating such investments. As well as considering the returns criteria (noted above) the Board also takes account of the alternative opportunities available when making any investment including the potential buy back of our own shares. When looking at capital investment proposals, with the exception of those that represent replacement/maintenance capital, the Board consistently examines the payback period as well as the earnings impact and cash flows associated with any capital investment in excess of £250k. All investments in excess of this are routinely reappraised one year after completion both locally and at Board level to ensure that the expected outcomes have been delivered.

Finance Strategy/Net Debt

Group policy has been historically, and continues to be where possible, to finance all investments through debt. This strategy has been followed because of the strong levels of cash generation within the business. Periodically the Group does re-examine lease versus buy options, especially where these have associated tax related benefits, to determine if there is any sustainable advantage to be gained. The Group's policy continues to be that borrowings should be arranged at the lowest possible cost and with covenants within which it can comfortably operate. The policy requires that a minimum of 50% of the debt should be hedged against potential movements in interest rates whilst the balance is kept under constant review. At 31 December 2006, £440m of the debt was hedged or fixed for an average of 4 years. The only other significant financial risk the Group faces is in relation to its investments in the Republic of Ireland which are obviously Euro denominated. The debt drawn down to finance the acquisition of The Leinster Leader Group in December 2005 was in Euros, and this provides a natural hedge, whilst at the same time minimising our borrowing costs.

In terms of working capital, the Group's largest investment is in Trade Debtors. The management of Trade Debtors is therefore seen as a key task which is subject to both Executive reviews and forms part of local management incentive arrangements.

Net debt at the end of the year, allowing for the fixed rate of our currency hedges, was £746m, a reduction of £37m from the peak debt of £783m immediately after the acquisition of The Scotsman Publications Limited on 4 January 2006. This reduction was achieved despite the

higher than normal levels of capital expenditure in the year. The acquisition was financed by a combination of an extension of our existing 5 year bank facilities and a new private placement loan note issue of £83m with terms varying between 8 and 10 years.

Financial Reporting

There have been no significant changes in the Financial Reporting regulations which have materially impacted the Group this year, other than the format of this report. We have endeavoured to comply with best practice through early adoption, in terms of content and structure, of the Business Review as outlined in the Companies Act.

This is our second Annual Report and Accounts under International Financial Reporting Standards and therefore the year on year impact of any changes is limited. As mentioned last year, under the requirements of International Accounting Standard 12 (IAS 12) the Group is required to provide for deferred tax on the value of the intangible assets (publishing titles) acquired. The acquisition of TSPL increased the Group's intangible assets by £143.3m which necessitates an increase in our deferred tax balance of £43.0m with the offset in goodwill. This increases the deferred tax balance related to the value attributed to Publishing titles acquired to £397.4m. As mentioned in last year's report, the Board believes it is important to communicate to shareholders and to the wider investment and financial community that we do not agree with the logic of this adjustment and the Board would ensure that, other than any enforced disposals, any titles sold would be within a company structure. This would result in no tax being payable.

As permitted under the relevant accounting standard, the Group has taken the opportunity to re-state certain of the fair value entries made in regard of the acquisition of Score Press Limited and Local Press Limited. At the time of last year's accounts, the value of publishing titles acquired had not been broken down to an individual title level. Now that this exercise has been completed the deferred tax position as noted above in relation to IAS 12 requires to be re-stated at the date of acquisition for those titles in the Republic of Ireland where the tax rates applicable are lower. The adjustment made is purely between deferred tax and the offsetting goodwill adjustment with no impact on net assets or net income in the period.

Pensions

Aided by improved market conditions, the steps taken by the Group in recent years to address the pension fund deficit continue to bear fruit and, allowing for taking on the deficit of £6.0m in The Scotsman Pension Plan, the overall pension deficit has reduced by £15.8m in the year.

Control Processes

As discussed in the Directors' report the Group operates what it views as rigorous internal control processes which assist in the efficient operation of our business. With all the General Ledgers, Fixed Asset Registers, Expenses, Payables Systems and Payrolls being controlled through our shared service centre in Peterborough, we can ensure a consistently high level of control right across our geographically spread operations. This is further augmented by our recent moves to consolidate our credit control and cash processing into larger regional centres of excellence.

Group Management Board >

From left to right:

Richard Cooper Company Secretary
Stuart Paterson Chief Financial Officer
Tim Bowdler Chief Executive Officer
Danny Cammiade Chief Operating Officer
Malcolm Vickers Director of Human Resources
Nigel Eccles Business Development Manager
Alex Green Director of Digital Publishing

Divisional Managing Directors >

From left to right:

Nick Mills Midlands
Margaret Hilton Northwest
Chris Pennock Newspaper Sales and Marketing
Barry Brennan Republic of Ireland
John Bradshaw Digital Publishing
Michael Johnston Scotland
David Crow Printing
Chris Green North
Jean Long Northern Ireland
Gary Fearon South
Roger Davies IT

Board of Directors >

From left to right:

H C M Johnston Non Executive (60)

Joined the Board in 1971 Former Managing Director
Johnston (Falkirk) Ltd
hjohnston@johnstonpress.co.uk

S J Waugh Non Executive (49)

Joined the Board in 2003 Chairman of Remuneration
Committee Member of Audit Committee Group Chief
Executive of AWD plc Director of ISBA, Life Fellow of
Marketing Society and Institute of Direct Marketing
swaugh@johnstonpress.co.uk

P E B Cawdron Non Executive (63)

Joined the Board in 1998 Senior Independent Director
Chairman of Audit Committee Member of Remuneration and
Nomination Committees Former Group Strategy Development
Director of Grand Metropolitan PLC Chairman of GCap Media
plc and Punch Taverns plc Non Executive Director of Capita
Group plc and Prostrakan Group plc
pcawdron@johnstonpress.co.uk

R G Parry Non Executive Chairman (53)

Joined the Board in 1997 Chairman of Nomination Committee
Non Executive Chairman of Future plc, Mobile Streams plc and
YouGov plc Chairman at Shakespeare's Globe Trust
rparry@johnstonpress.co.uk

F P M Johnston, CBE Non Executive (71)

Joined the Board in 1959 Former Managing Director and
Chairman of the Group Former Non Executive Director of the
Scottish Mortgage Investment Trust plc and Lloyds TSB Scotland
plc Former President of the Newspaper Society
fjohnston@johnstonpress.co.uk

P R Cooper, ACA Company Secretary (50)

Appointed Company Secretary in 1996 Chartered Accountant Former
Finance Director of Yorkshire Weekly Newspaper Group Limited
rcooper@johnstonpress.co.uk

Lord Gordon of Strathblane, CBE Non-Executive (70)

Joined the Board in 1996 Member of Nomination Committee
Former Chairman of Scottish Radio Holdings plc Non
Executive Director of Active Capital Trust plc Former Chairman
of the Scottish Tourist Board and a member of the Scottish
Development Agency
lgordon@johnstonpress.co.uk

L F Hinton Non Executive (63)

Joined the Board in 2005. Executive Chairman of News International Ltd. Member of the News Corporation Executive Committee. Director of the Press Association in Britain and Chairman of the Newspaper and Magazine Publishing Industry's Code of Practice Committee.
lhinton@johnstonpress.co.uk

D Cammiade Chief Operating Officer (46)

Joined the Board in 2005. Joined the Group in 1992 through its acquisition of TR Beckett Ltd. Appointed Managing Director of West Sussex County Times Ltd in 1994 and held various Divisional Managing Director roles until appointed Director of Operations in 2001. Chairman of the Newspaper Society Marketing Committee.
dcammiade@johnstonpress.co.uk

T J Bowdler, CBE, BSc, MBA Chief Executive Officer (59)

Joined the Board in 1994. Former Managing Director of Cape Architectural & Building Products Ltd, a division of Cape plc. Non-Executive Director of The Miller Group Ltd and The Press Association Ltd. Chairman of the Press Standards Board of Finance. Former President of the Newspaper Society.
tbowdler@johnstonpress.co.uk

I S M Russell, CBE, Non Executive (54)

Joined the Board in 2007. Member of the Audit Committee. Former Chief Executive and Finance Director of Scottish Power plc. Director of JP Morgan Fleming Mercantile Trust plc and Business in the Community Ltd. Chair of Remploy.
irussell@johnstonpress.co.uk

S R Paterson, MA, CA Chief Financial Officer (49)

Joined the Board in 2001. Chartered Accountant. Former Finance Director of Aggreko plc. Non-Executive Director of Devro plc and Mirago plc.
spaterson@johnstonpress.co.uk

M A King Non Executive (46)

Joined the Board in 2003. Member of the Remuneration and Audit Committees. Former Managing Director, Country Operations Europe, at Yahoo! UK Ltd. Non-Executive Director of Capita Group plc, IMD plc and Prince's Trust Trading Board. Chairman of Radio Advertising Bureau.
mking@johnstonpress.co.uk

Group's Newspaper Titles >

Scotland		Circulation	North	Circulation
Johnston Falkirk			Northeast	
The Falkirk Herald	Weekly	30,849	Sunderland Echo	Evening 43,496
Falkirk, Linlithgow & Grangemouth Advertiser	Free	54,358	Sunderland Star	Free 35,521
Cumbernauld News			Shields Gazette	Evening 19,899
& Kilsyth Chronicle	Weekly	11,981	Washington Star	Free 17,336
Cumbernauld & Kilsyth Advertiser	Free	17,978	Seaham Star	Free 8,986
Kirkintilloch & Bishopbriggs Herald	Weekly	11,911	Peterlee Star	Free 17,517
Strathkelvin Advertiser	Free	22,486	Hartlepool Mail	Evening 19,199
Linlithgowshire Journal & Gazette	Weekly	8,843	Hartlepool Star	Free 25,585
Carlisle & Lanark Gazette	Weekly	12,348	Northumberland Gazette	Weekly 11,090
Glasgow East News	Free	7,277	News Post Leader	Free 67,461
Milngavie & Bearsden Herald	Weekly	6,794	North Shields	
Motherwell Times & Bellshill Speaker	Weekly	14,266	& Whitley Bay News Guardian	Free 59,965
			South Tyne Star	Free 26,439
			Morpeth Herald	Weekly 3,080
			Houghton Star	Free 11,056
Strachan & Livingston			Yorkshire Post	
Fife Free Press	Weekly	18,530	Yorkshire Post	Morning 45,069
Fife Leader South	Free	44,956	Leeds Weekly News	Free 129,919
Fife Leader North	Free	20,477	Yorkshire Evening Post	Evening 59,206
Fife Herald & Post	Free	45,942	Wharfe Valley Times	Free 41,985
East Fife Mail	Weekly	11,117	The Yeller	Weekly 5,138
Glenrothes Gazette	Weekly	6,188	Pudsey Times	Free 21,912
Fife Herald & St Andrews Citizen	Weekly	13,503	Yorkshire Sport	Weekly 6,304
Tweeddale			Ackrill Newspapers	
Southern Reporter	Weekly	18,570	Harrogate Advertiser	Weekly 16,821
Berwick Gazette	Free	10,000	Harrogate Herald	Free 41,405
Berwick Advertiser	Weekly	7,971	North Yorkshire News	Free 31,574
East Lothian Times, Peebles Times & Midlothian Times	Free	48,904	Ripon Gazette	Weekly 6,339
Berwickshire News			Wetherby News	Weekly 5,340
& East Lothian Herald	Weekly	5,774	Knaresborough Post	Weekly 3,594
Hawick News			Pateley Bridge & Nidderdale Herald	Weekly 1,922
& Scottish Border Chronicle	Weekly	5,227	Northallerton, Thirsk & Bedale Times	Weekly 584
Selkirk Weekend Advertiser	Weekly	1,844		
Midlothian Advertiser	Weekly	7,009	The Halifax Courier	
East Lothian News Series	Weekly	4,205	Halifax Evening Courier	Evening 22,244
Angus County Press			Calderdale News	Free 28,560
Brechin Advertiser	Weekly	3,051	Brighouse Echo	Weekly 6,721
The Buteman	Weekly	3,139	Todmorden News & Advertiser	Weekly 4,271
Deeside / Doniside Piper			Hebden Bridge Times	Weekly 3,447
& Inverurie Herald	Weekly	8,892		
Forfar Dispatch & Kirriemuir Herald	Weekly	5,962	Yorkshire Weekly Newspaper Group	
Kincardineshire Observer	Weekly	1,112	Wakefield Express	Weekly 32,389
Mearns Leader	Weekly	4,486	The Weekly Advertiser	Free 40,926
Car Mart	Free	14,000	Pontefract & Castleford Express	Weekly 24,512
Montrose Review	Weekly	5,247	Wakefield Extra Series	Free 44,749
The Arbroath Herald	Weekly	10,063	(inc Rothwell and Oulton Extra)	
Galloway Gazette			Hemsworth & South Elmsall Express	Free 16,397
Carrick Gazette	Weekly	3,294	Selby Times	Weekly 9,309
Galloway Gazette	Weekly	6,621	Pontefract & Castleford Extra	Free 39,277
Stornoway Gazette			Dewsbury Reporter	Weekly 12,451
Stornoway Gazette			Selby Chronicle	Free 13,240
& West Coast Advertiser	Weekly	12,658	Batley News	Weekly 8,974
The Scotsman Publications			Morley Observer & Advertiser	Weekly 5,307
Edinburgh Evening News	Evening	56,503	Ossett & Horbury Observer	Free 11,748
Edinburgh Herald & Post	Free	134,281	Spenborough Guardian	Weekly 8,135
Scotland on Sunday	Sunday	68,632		
The Scotsman	Morning	57,468	Yorkshire Regional Newspapers	
West Lothian Herald & Post	Free	42,246	Scarborough Evening News	Evening 14,431
			Malton & Pickering Mercury	Weekly 3,000
			Filey & Hunmanby Mercury	Weekly 2,915
			Whitby Gazette	Weekly 18,095
			Beverley Guardian	Free 19,434
			Bridlington Gazette & Herald	Free 13,785

The circulation figures relate to the half year ending 31 December 2006. Most of these circulations have been audited.

Trader & Weekly News	Free	32,256	Wigan Observer	Weekly	17,735
Bridlington Free Press	Weekly	15,505	Ashton News	Free	10,500
Dnfield Times	Weekly	5,191	Standish Village News	Free	9,603
Dnfield Post	Weekly	4,771			
Pocklington Post	Weekly	4,364			
Sheffield Newspapers			Blackpool Gazette & Herald		
Sheffield Weekly Gazette	Free	102,602	The Blackpool Gazette	Evening	31,509
Sheffield & Doncaster Star	Evening	59,852	The Blackpool Reporter	Free	63,987
Angling Star	Weekly	10,221	Lytham St Annes Express	Weekly	9,873
Sheffield Telegraph	Weekly	23,814	Fleetwood Weekly News	Weekly	5,940
Sheffield Journal	Free	56,249			
Wilfred Edmunds			Lancaster & Morecambe Newspapers		
Chesterfield Express	Free	35,258	Lakeland Echo	Free	13,000
Derbyshire Times	Weekly	41,076	Lancaster & Morecambe Reporter	Free	45,640
Buxton Advertiser	Weekly	13,030	Lancaster Guardian	Weekly	17,171
Ripley & Heanor News	Weekly	10,852	Morecambe Visitor Series	Weekly	13,939
Eastwood & Kimberley Advertiser	Weekly	4,190			
Chesterfield Advertiser	Free	53,710	Offroad Portfolio		
Alfreton & Ripley Echo	Free	13,461	Trials and Motorcross News	Weekly	21,005
Dronfield Advertiser	Free	10,214			
Bolsover Advertiser	Free	11,259	East Lancashire Newspapers		
High Peak Courier	Free	20,846	Burnley Express	Weekly	30,917
Ilkeston Shopper	Free	15,372	Clitheroe Advertiser & Times	Weekly	9,294
Eastwood Shopper	Free	11,942	Nelson Leader Series	Weekly	15,683
Belper News	Weekly	3,937	The Reporter Series	Free	58,385
Ilkeston Advertiser	Weekly	8,421			
Matlock Mercury	Weekly	8,161	Isle of Man Newspapers		
Peak Times	Free	12,963	Isle of Man Courier	Free	36,366
Mansfield Chad	Weekly	47,383	Isle of Man Examiner	Weekly	13,767
Mansfield & Ashfield Observer	Free	55,933	Manx Independent	Weekly	12,667
Alfreton Chad	Free	15,730			
Eckington Leader	Free	21,405	Best Asian Media		
Buxton Times	Free	5,500	Asian Leader	Fortnightly	23,750
Hucknall & Bulwell Dispatch	Weekly	8,560			
South Yorkshire Newspapers			Midlands		Circulation
Worksop Trader	Free	29,388	East Midlands Newspapers		
Retford & Bantrey Trader Guardian	Free	22,802	Peterborough Evening Telegraph	Evening	19,272
Dinnington & Maltby Trader	Free	20,771	Peterborough Citizen	Free	51,705
Worksop & Dinnington Guardian	Weekly	17,984	Peterborough on Sunday	Sunday	6,830
Doncaster Free Press	Weekly	34,722	Fenland Citizen	Free	41,165
Doncaster Advertiser Series			Lynn News	Weekly	50,013
(Including Deane Advertiser)	Free	79,940	Norfolk Citizen	Free	39,881
South Yorkshire Times	Weekly	6,071	Rutland Times	Weekly	1,500
Goole, Thorne & Howden Courier	Free	15,588	Bourne Local	Weekly	1,500
Epworth Bells	Weekly	3,087	Stamford, Bourne		
Gainsborough Standard	Weekly	4,175	& The Deepings Citizen	Free	11,116
Gainsborough News	Free	14,364	Rutland & Stamford Mercury	Weekly	21,243
Thorne Gazette	Free	14,846	Spalding Guardian	Weekly	15,181
Entertainer	Free	9,765	Lincs Free Press	Weekly	18,876
Northwest		Circulation	Lincolnshire Newspapers		
Lancashire Evening Post			Lincolnshire Citizen	Free	52,154
Lancashire Evening Post	Evening	33,461	Boston Standard	Weekly	11,855
Wigan Evening Post	Evening	9,695	Louth Leader	Weekly	10,300
Chorley Guardian	Weekly	13,787	Sleaford Standard	Weekly	4,129
Preston & Leyland Reporter	Free	63,716	Skegness Standard	Weekly	11,051
Garstang Courier	Weekly	5,130	Market Rasen Mail	Weekly	4,569
Longridge News	Weekly	3,390	Horncastle News	Weekly	5,678
			Melton Times	Weekly	13,378
			Grantham Journal	Weekly	21,110
			Melton Citizen	Free	9,528
			Grantham Citizen	Free	14,913
Lancashire Publications					
St Helens, Prescott					
& Knowsley Reporter	Free	78,978			
Wigan Reporter & Property Scene	Free	61,720			
Leigh Reporter	Free	60,915			

Group's Newspaper Titles - continued

			Circulation				Circulation
Anglia Newspapers				Chichester, Bognor Regis and			
Bury Free Press	Weekly	28,483		Midhurst & Petworth Observer	Weekly	36,865	
Suffolk Free Press	Weekly	9,937		Ems Valley Gazette	Free	4,342	
Diss Express	Weekly	8,709		West Sussex Gazette			
Bury Citizen	Free	24,626		& South of England Advertiser	Weekly	9,437	
Newmarket Journal	Weekly	10,657		Worthing Advertiser	Free	68,125	
Haverhill Echo	Weekly	5,203		Shoreham Herald	Weekly	4,178	
Northampton Newspapers				Worthing Guardian	Free	35,435	
Chronicle & Echo	Evening	21,827		Littlehampton Gazette	Weekly	9,897	
Northants Evening Telegraph	Evening	24,018		Worthing Herald	Weekly	17,739	
Northants Citizen Group	Free	48,656		Northern Ireland			
Northants Mercury	Free	48,615		Mortons Newspapers			
Northants on Sunday	Free	66,134		Belfast News Letter	Evening	26,668	
Harborough Mail	Weekly	13,122		Belfast News	Free	50,466	
Harborough Citizen	Free	6,704		Portadown Times	Weekly	10,486	
Premier Newspapers				Lurgan Mail	Weekly	8,614	
Mid Beds Times & Citizen	Free	18,872		Dromore Leader	Weekly	1,714	
Milton Keynes Citizen	Free	102,496		Banbridge Leader	Weekly	1,841	
Milton Keynes Review	Free	10,550		Ulster Star	Weekly	10,245	
Leighton Buzzard & Linslade Citizen	Free	15,287		Mid Ulster Mail	Weekly	11,076	
Leighton Buzzard Observer	Weekly	7,660		Tyrone Times	Weekly	3,346	
Tuesday Citizen	Free	87,120		Ballymena & Antrim Times	Weekly	4,590	
Luton & Dunstable Herald & Post	Free	90,526		Larne, Carrick & Newtonabbey Times	Weekly	10,722	
Luton News Kempston	Weekly	10,303		Londonderry & Roe Valley Sentinel	Weekly	5,141	
Bedfordshire Times & Citizen	Free	58,583		Coleraine & Ballymoney Times	Weekly	7,619	
Biggleswade Chronicle	Weekly	10,397		Craigavon Echo	Free	18,596	
Dunstable Gazette	Weekly	4,523		Lisburn Echo	Free	22,523	
Town Crier West Cambridgeshire Series	Free	44,302		Mid Ulster Echo	Free	11,469	
Central Counties Newspapers				East Antrim Advertiser	Free	18,142	
Bucks Herald	Weekly	19,620		North West Echo	Free	33,359	
Buckingham & Winslow Advertiser	Weekly	10,151		Banbridge & District Weekender	Free	9,807	
Hemel Hempstead Gazette	Weekly	14,781		Derry Journal			
Bucks Advertiser/Thane Gazette	Free	42,209		Derry Journal	Weekly	41,961	
Bicester Review	Free	9,221		Foyle News	Weekly	2,663	
Hemel Herald Express	Free	53,358		Coleraine Journal	Weekly	773	
Banbury Citizen	Free	34,155		Sunday Journal			
Leamington Review	Free	39,029		(Incorporating Donegal on Sunday)	Weekly	6,503	
Banbury & District Review	Free	33,382		City News	Free	34,933	
Banbury Guardian	Weekly	17,988		Donegal Democrat			
Rugby Advertiser	Weekly	11,477		Donegal Democrat	Weekly	24,987	
Daventry Express	Weekly	9,475		Letterkenny People	Free	5,000	
Leamington Courier Series	Weekly	14,247		Letterkenny Weekender	Free	8,792	
Kenilworth Weekly News	Weekly	4,012		Republic of Ireland			
Commuter Herald	Free	4,800		Midlands & South Leinster			
South				Leinster Leader	Weekly	13,200	
Portsmouth Publishing & Printing				Leinster Leader Weekender	Free	14,000	
The Portsmouth News	Evening	55,444		Kilkenny People	Weekly	17,204	
Hayling Islander	Free	12,400		Kilkenny People Weekender	Free	13,500	
Portsmouth Journal Series	Free	136,755		Leinster Express	Weekly	12,800	
Petersfield & Bordon Post	Weekly	8,298		Leinster Express Weekender	Free	10,000	
T R Beckett				Offaly Express	Weekly	3,200	
Hastings Observer	Weekly	21,042		Offaly Express Weekender	Free	6,000	
Bexhill Observer	Weekly	9,580		Munster			
Rye & Battle Observer	Weekly	6,614		Limerick Leader	Weekly	28,617	
Eastbourne Herald	Weekly	25,697		Limerick Leader Weekender	Free	25,000	
Eastbourne Gazette	Weekly	11,939		The Nationalist	Weekly	14,636	
(Including Hailsham and Seaford Gazettes)				The Nationalist Weekender	Free	8,000	
Hastings & Bexhill News	Free	46,157		Tipperary Star	Weekly	9,681	
Eastbourne Advertiser	Free	44,287		Tipperary Star Weekender	Free	5,000	
Sussex Newspapers				Northern			
West Sussex County Times	Weekly	22,323		Longford Leader	Weekly	9,650	
Mid Sussex Times	Weekly	12,847		Longford Leader Weekender	Free	6,000	
Crawley Observer	Weekly	8,993		Lertrim Observer	Weekly	9,350	
Horsham Advertiser	Free	20,976		Leitrim Observer Weekender	Free	6,000	
Mid Sussex Citizen	Free	25,291		Dundalk Democrat	Weekly	7,000	
Weekend Herald	Free	36,078		Dundalk Life	Free	11,000	
Sussex Express & County Herald	Weekly	15,178		Tallaght Echo	Weekly	10,798	
Bognor Regis Guardian Series	Free	36,592					

Websites by Division >

Johnston Newspapers (Scotland)

www.arbroathtoday.co.uk
www.bearsdentoday.co.uk
www.bellshilltoday.co.uk
www.berwickshiretoday.co.uk
www.berwicktoday.co.uk
www.bonesstoday.co.uk
www.borderlifetoday.co.uk
www.brechintoday.co.uk
www.butemantoday.co.uk
www.carluketoday.co.uk
www.carnoustietoday.co.uk
www.carricktoday.co.uk
www.cumbernauldtoday.co.uk
www.deesidetoday.co.uk
www.donsidetoday.co.uk
www.dundalktoday.com
www.eastlothiantoday.co.uk
www.edinburghnews.com
www.falkirkherald.co.uk
www.fifetoday.co.uk
www.forfartoday.co.uk
www.gallowaytoday.co.uk
www.hawicktoday.co.uk
www.inverunetoday.co.uk
www.isleofbutetoday.co.uk
www.isleoflewistoday.co.uk
www.kilsythtoday.co.uk
www.kincardineshiretoday.co.uk
www.kirkintillochtoday.co.uk
www.kirriemuirtoday.co.uk
www.lanarktoday.co.uk
www.linlithgowtoday.co.uk
www.mearnstoday.co.uk
www.midlothiantoday.co.uk
www.milingavietoday.co.uk
www.montrosetoday.co.uk
www.motherwelltoday.co.uk
www.queensferrytoday.co.uk
www.scotsman.com
www.stornowaytoday.co.uk
www.thesouthernreporter.co.uk
www.westernislestoday.co.uk

Johnston Newspapers (North)

www.alwoodleytoday.co.uk
www.armleytoday.co.uk
www.ashfieldtoday.co.uk
www.aytontoday.co.uk
www.bakewelltoday.co.uk
www.barnsleytoday.co.uk
www.batleytoday.co.uk
www.beestontoday.co.uk
www.belpernews.co.uk
www.berkhamstedtoday.co.uk
www.beverleytoday.co.uk
www.birstalltoday.co.uk
www.brackleyandtowcestertoday.co.uk
www.bramleytoday.co.uk
www.bridlingtontoday.co.uk
www.brighousetoday.co.uk
www.burnistontoday.co.uk

www.buxtontoday.co.uk
www.calverleytoday.co.uk
www.chapelallertontoday.co.uk
www.chesterfieldtoday.co.uk
www.cloughtontoday.co.uk
www.cookridgetoday.co.uk
www.crossgatestoday.co.uk
www.dewsburytoday.co.uk
www.dinningtontoday.co.uk
www.doncasterfreepress.co.uk
www.driffieldtoday.co.uk
www.eastfieldtoday.co.uk
www.eastwoodadvertiser.co.uk
www.eskvalleytoday.co.uk
www.farminginyorkshire.co.uk
www.fileytoday.co.uk
www.flamboroughtoday.co.uk
www.garforthtoday.co.uk
www.goolecounser.co.uk
www.guiseleytoday.co.uk
www.halifaxcounser.co.uk
www.harehilltoday.co.uk
www.harrogatetoday.co.uk
www.hartlepoolmail.co.uk
www.headingleytoday.co.uk
www.hebdenbridgetoday.co.uk
www.helmsleytoday.co.uk
www.hemsworthandsouthhelmsallday.co.uk
www.horsforthtoday.co.uk
www.hucknalltoday.co.uk
www.hunmanbytoday.co.uk
www.huttoncranswicktoday.co.uk
www.ilkestonadvertiser.co.uk
www.ilkleytoday.co.uk
www.kippaxtoday.co.uk
www.kirkbymoorsidetoday.co.uk
www.kirkstalltoday.co.uk
www.knaresboroughtoday.co.uk
www.levenandbrandesburtontoday.co.uk
www.locallifetoday.co.uk
www.lutterworthmail.co.uk
www.maltontoday.co.uk
www.mansfieldtoday.co.uk
www.marketweightontoday.net
www.matlockmercury.co.uk
www.meanwoodtoday.co.uk
www.middletontoday.co.uk
www.mirfieldtoday.co.uk
www.moortowntoday.co.uk
www.morleytoday.co.uk
www.morpethherald.co.uk
www.naffertontoday.co.uk
www.newfarnleytoday.co.uk
www.newsguardian.co.uk
www.newspostleader.co.uk
www.nidderdaletoday.co.uk
www.northallertontoday.co.uk
www.northtynesidetoday.co.uk
www.northumberlandgazette.co.uk
www.nortontoday.co.uk
www.ollertontoday.co.uk
www.peterleetoday.co.uk

www.pickenngtoday.co.uk
www.pocklingtontoday.co.uk
www.pontefractandcastlefordtoday.co.uk
www.retfordtoday.co.uk
www.ripleytoday.co.uk
www.ripontoday.co.uk
www.robinhoodsbaytoday.co.uk
www.roevalleytoday.co.uk
www.rotherhamtoday.co.uk
www.rothwelltoday.co.uk
www.roundhaytoday.co.uk
www.scarborougheveningnews.co.uk
www.seacrofttoday.co.uk
www.selbytoday.co.uk
www.shieldsgazette.co.uk
www.shoestyleuk.com
www.sleightstoday.co.uk
www.southtyorkshiretimes.co.uk
www.spenboroughtoday.co.uk
www.staithesandhinderwelltoday.co.uk
www.stamfordbridgetoday.co.uk
www.sunderlandecho.co.uk
www.thestar.co.uk
www.thornegazette.co.uk
www.thornton-le-daletoday.co.uk
www.todmordentoday.co.uk
www.trngtoday.co.uk
www.wakefieldexpress.co.uk
www.wetherbytoday.co.uk
www.whitbytoday.co.uk
www.woodhousestoday.co.uk
www.woodlesfordtoday.co.uk
www.worksoptoday.co.uk
www.wortleytoday.co.uk
www.yeadontoday.co.uk
www.yellerfreeads.co.uk
www.yorkshireeveningpost.co.uk
www.yorkshirepost.co.uk

Johnston Newspapers (North West)

www.asianleader.co.uk
www.blackpoolgazette.co.uk
www.burnleyexpress.net
www.chorleytoday.co.uk
www.clitheroetoday.co.uk
www.fleetwoodtoday.co.uk
www.garstangtoday.co.uk
www.gotoblackpooltoday.co.uk
www.iomtoday.co.uk
www.lakelandtoday.co.uk
www.lancasterguardian.co.uk
www.leightoday.co.uk
www.lep.co.uk
www.leylandtoday.co.uk
www.longridgetoday.co.uk
www.lythamtoday.co.uk
www.pendietoday.co.uk
www.sthelenstoday.net
www.thevisitor.co.uk
www.wigantoday.net

Websites by Division - continued

Johnston Newspapers (Midlands)

www.bucksheald.co.uk
www.banburytoday.co.uk
www.bedfordtoday.co.uk
www.bicestertoday.co.uk
www.biggleswadedtoday.co.uk
www.bostontoday.co.uk
www.bournetoday.co.uk
www.brackleyandtowcestertoday.co.uk
www.buckinghamtoday.co.uk
www.buryfreepress.co.uk
www.classifiedgold.org.uk
www.commuterherald.co.uk
www.corbytoday.co.uk
www.daventrytoday.co.uk
www.disstoday.co.uk
www.dunstabletoday.co.uk
www.fenlandtoday.co.uk
www.gainsboroughstandard.co.uk
www.granthamjournal.co.uk
www.harboroughmail.co.uk
www.haverhilltoday.co.uk
www.hemelgazette.co.uk
www.horncastletoday.co.uk
www.huntingdontoday.co.uk
www.kenilworthtoday.co.uk
www.leafingtoncourier.co.uk
www.leightonbuzzardonline.co.uk
www.lincolntoday.co.uk
www.louthtoday.co.uk
www.lutontoday.co.uk
www.lynnnews.co.uk
www.marketrasentoday.co.uk
www.meltontoday.co.uk
www.miltonkeynes.co.uk
www.moretonhalltoday.co.uk
www.newmarkettoday.co.uk
www.northamptontoday.co.uk
www.northantsset.co.uk
www.otleytoday.co.uk
www.peterboroughtoday.co.uk
www.rugbytoday.co.uk
www.rushdentoday.co.uk
www.rutlandtoday.co.uk
www.skegnesstoday.co.uk
www.sleafordtoday.co.uk
www.spaldingtoday.co.uk
www.stamfordtoday.co.uk
www.stowmarkettoday.co.uk
www.sudburytoday.co.uk
www.thametoday.co.uk
www.warwicktoday.co.uk
www.wellingboughtontoday.co.uk

Johnston Newspapers (South)

www.bexhilltoday.co.uk
www.bognor.co.uk
www.chichester.co.uk
www.crawleytoday.co.uk
www.eastbournetoday.co.uk
www.hailshamtoday.co.uk
www.hastingstoday.co.uk
www.haylingislandtoday.co.uk
www.heathfieldtoday.co.uk
www.hornseatoday.co.uk
www.lewestoday.co.uk
www.littlehamptongazette.co.uk
www.midhurstandpetworth.co.uk
www.midsussextoday.co.uk
www.newhaventoday.co.uk
www.petersfieldtoday.co.uk
www.portsmouth.co.uk
www.ryeandbattletoday.co.uk
www.seafordtoday.co.uk
www.shorehamherald.co.uk
www.thepompeypages.co.uk
www.uckfieldtoday.co.uk
www.westsussextoday.co.uk
www.worthingherald.co.uk
www.wscountytimes.co.uk

Johnston Newspapers (Northern Ireland)

www.antrimtoday.co.uk
www.ballycastletoday.com
www.ballymenatoday.co.uk
www.ballymoneytoday.co.uk
www.banbridgetoday.co.uk
www.camickfergustoday.co.uk
www.camickonshannontoday.com
www.colerainetoday.co.uk
www.craigavontoday.co.uk
www.derrytoday.co.uk
www.donegaltoday.com
www.dromoretoday.co.uk
www.larnetoday.co.uk
www.letterkennytoday.com
www.limavadytoday.co.uk
www.lisburntoday.co.uk
www.londonderrytoday.co.uk
www.lurgantoday.co.uk
www.midulstertoday.co.uk
www.moyletoday.co.uk
www.newsletter.co.uk
www.newtownabbeytoday.co.uk
www.portadowntoday.co.uk
www.tyronetoday.co.uk

Johnston Newspapers (Republic of Ireland)

www.countyleitrimtoday.ie
www.dundalktoday.ie
www.kildaretoday.ie
www.kilkennytoday.ie
www.laoistoday.ie
www.limericktoday.ie
www.longfordtoday.ie
www.munstertoday.ie
www.naastoday.com
www.newbridgetoday.com
www.offalytoday.ie
www.portlaoisestoday.com
www.southdublinitoday.ie
www.tipperarytoday.ie

JP Ventures

www.daysoutuk.com
www.dirtbikerider.co.uk
www.letterboxdirect.co.uk
www.outboundpublishing.com
www.tmxnews.co.uk
www.trialsworld.co.uk

Central Sites

www.cvmatch.net
www.equestriantoday.co.uk
www.freeadstoday.co.uk
www.goingouttoday.co.uk
www.jobstoday.co.uk
www.jobstoday.ie
www.johnstonpress.co.uk
www.johnstonprinting.co.uk
www.localpagetoday.co.uk
www.lot247.co.uk
www.motorstoday.co.uk
www.motorstoday.ie
www.photostoday.co.uk
www.propertytoday.co.uk
www.studentstoday.co.uk

Corporate Governance

The Company is committed to the principles of Corporate Governance contained in the Combined Code on Corporate Governance which is appended to the Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority and for which the Board is accountable to shareholders

Statement of Compliance with The Code of Best Practice

The Company has complied throughout the year with the Provisions of The Code set out in Section 1 of the Combined Code on Corporate Governance issued by the Financial Reporting Council in July 2003 and the Revised Turnbull guidance which became effective in 2006. In addition the Company already has in place processes that comply with the provisions of the 2006 Combined Code which applies to all accounting years starting on or after 1 November 2006

Statement of Application of The Principles of Good Governance

The Company has applied The Principles of Good Governance set out in Section 1 of the 2003 Combined Code as reported above. Further explanation of how the Principles have been applied is set out below and, in connection with directors' remuneration, in the Directors' Remuneration Report

Board Effectiveness

The Board considers that it has shown its commitment to leading and controlling the Company by meeting nine times in the year, but can meet when necessary for any matters which may arise. The Remuneration Committee met on six occasions and the Audit and Nomination Committees three times.

The Board sets the strategic aims and objectives of the Group, ensuring that the Group has sufficient financial and human resources to meet its objectives. The Board also sets the Group's values and standards and ensures that its obligations to its shareholders and others are understood and met. Management are responsible for the application of the aims and objectives on a day-to-day basis, as well as monitoring the financial achievements of the business. The Board reviews the performance of management in meeting the agreed objectives and goals, plans the succession of key executives, and determines appropriate remuneration levels.

At least one Board meeting each year is wholly devoted to strategy and to the consideration of a plan for the long term growth and development of the Group. This is reviewed and discussed as

appropriate at the other Board meetings held during the year.

In addition to the normal agenda at Board meetings, which is described below, the directors consider one operational or special topic at each meeting. During the last twelve months this has included an update on the 2006 Companies Act and Corporate Governance changes, circulation and audience reach of paid for newspapers, future printing strategy, pension scheme developments, national sales, digital publishing and human resources trends and issues.

Board Meeting Agenda

The Board receives a formal schedule of matters specifically reserved to it for decision, such as future strategy, acquisitions and disposals, dividend policy, approval of the Annual Report and Accounts, capital expenditure, trading and capital budgets and Group borrowing facilities. The Board considers monthly reports from the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer and Minutes of the Board and Committees are circulated to all Board members. It has also made the Company Secretary responsible to the Board for the timeliness and quality of information.

Board Responsibilities

The Board acknowledges the division of responsibilities for running the Board and managing the Company's business with Mr R G Parry as Non Executive Chairman, Mr P E B Cawdron as Senior Independent Director and Mr T J Bowdler as the Company's Chief Executive Officer.

Mr P E B Cawdron is available to address any concerns that shareholders may have, which have not been resolved through the normal communication channels of the Chairman or Executive Directors.

The Chairman of the Remuneration, Audit and Nomination Committees are Mr S J Waugh, Mr P E B Cawdron, who is a chartered accountant, and Mr R G Parry respectively.

Board Attendance

During 2006, every director attended all meetings with the exception that Mr H C M Johnston was unable to attend the January and August meetings, Mr P E B Cawdron and Mrs M A King the April meeting and Mr F P M Johnston the June meeting. In advance of the formal Board meeting in October, led by the Senior Independent Director, the Non Executive Directors met and, as part of the agenda of that meeting, appraised the

performance of the Chairman. The Board has also met during the year without the Executive Directors and Company Secretary being present.

The meetings of the Remuneration, Audit and Nomination Committees were attended by all members either personally or by telephone.

Board Balance

Of the Company's current twelve Directors, three are Executive and the remainder Non Executive, of whom six are regarded as independent, excluding the Chairman.

Other than the Chairman, those who are regarded as non independent are Mr F P M Johnston and Mr H C M Johnston, who have significant shareholdings in the Company and have previously served the Group in an executive role. It is the view of the Board that such circumstances do not lessen the value of the contributions made by these two Non Executive Directors. Mr H C M Johnston has decided to stand down from the Board at the 2007 Annual General Meeting.

The Board determines that Lord Gordon of Strathblane is independent despite serving on the Board for more than nine years. He is highly respected for his wealth of media experience and his totally impartial and professional approach to his role. He will retire from the Board at the 2007 Annual General Meeting when he will be 70.

Mr R G Parry has served for more than nine years on the Board. The Board is unanimously of the view that he should continue to serve as a Director and Chairman. The recent Board evaluation process concluded that Mr R G Parry has all the appropriate skills and credentials to continue to lead the Company as Chairman.

Mr P E B Cawdron will have served nine years on the Board in August 2007. The unanimous view of the Board is that his experience and professional knowledge is invaluable to the Board, and that he continues to be independent. This was confirmed during the 2006 Board evaluation process.

All Directors who have served for more than nine years will retire at the Annual General Meeting and, other than Lord Gordon and Mr H C M Johnston, will be seeking re-election.

At least half the Board, excluding the Chairman, comprises Non Executive

Corporate Governance - continued

Directors determined by the Board to be independent

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee is chaired by Mr R G Parry, and also comprises Mr P E B Cawdron, Lord Gordon of Strathblane and Mr L F Hinton. Reporting to the Board, its duty is to seek suitably skilled and experienced candidates, with sufficient time to devote to the role, as Non Executive Directors and to oversee all Board appointments. Once the role of a vacancy has been determined, the Committee appoints external recruitment consultants to assist with the search.

The terms of reference of the Committee are displayed on the Company's website in the Investor Relations section.

The Board evaluation process at the end of 2005 confirmed the unanimous view of the Board that Lord Gordon should be replaced on his retirement from the Board in 2007. The Committee took account of the need to plan for a successor to chair the Audit Committee when Mr P E B Cawdron stands down from that role. The Committee prepared a detailed brief and appointed external recruitment consultants to assist in the process. Several candidates were interviewed but the unanimously preferred candidate was Mr I S M Russell, a qualified accountant, and he was appointed to the Board and the Audit Committee on 9 January 2007.

It has been decided that Mr H C M Johnston will not be replaced when he steps down as a Director at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The Committee has also commenced a consideration of succession to the Chief Executive Officer who is due to retire in 2009. In addition, the Committee has started to discuss the appropriate Board balance when Mr F P M Johnston steps down from the Board.

Information and Professional Development

The Chairman has arranged a detailed induction process for Mr I M Russell, including meetings and discussions with advisers and senior management where appropriate, together with the preparation of a full induction pack and external courses. A similar process will be undertaken when any new Non Executive Director is appointed.

All Board members have access to independent advice on any matters

relating to their responsibilities as directors and as members of the various Committees of the Board. The Company Secretary is available to all directors and he is responsible for ensuring that all Board procedures are complied with.

Board Performance Evaluation

During the last year, the Board has conducted a rigorous evaluation of its own performance. This involved the completion of an assessment questionnaire by all directors covering the performance of the Board, individual directors, the Company Secretary and Board Committees. Other topics included the conduct of meetings, the provision of information, training and the overall effectiveness of the Board. There was a further emphasis this year on a scoring system for assessing individual, Committee and Board performance together with a focus on the future strategy of the Group especially in the area of digital publishing. The completed questionnaires were submitted to the Company Secretary who prepared a summary of the conclusions which was presented to the Board meeting in January 2007. Separately, the Secretary produced a detailed report summarising any individual recommendations for the consideration of the Chairman. This was followed up by meetings as appropriate with individual directors.

Training is undertaken as required during the year. The feedback from the recent questionnaires will assist in the training plan for the forthcoming year. The Board arranges for its Non Executive Directors to visit the Group's principal locations at certain intervals to discuss the operations with local management. In addition, at least one Board meeting is held at one of the Group's centres where the Board receives a presentation from the local Managing Director and a tour of the business. Individual directors attend a range of seminars presented by professionals throughout the year.

Board Re election

It is the policy of the Board that all directors are subject to election at the first Annual General Meeting after their appointment and thereafter to re-election every three years. All directors who have served nine years or more retire annually.

The Chairman has, following the formal evaluation process described above, considered the performance of the directors subject to re election at the 2007 Annual General Meeting and is satisfied that the individuals' performance

continues to be effective and that they have demonstrated a clear commitment to the role.

Financial Reporting

The Board has shown its commitment to presenting appropriate information about the Group's financial position by complying with best practice and all standards issued by the International and UK Accounting Standards Boards relating to the disclosures which are included in this Annual Report.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements. The Directors are required to prepare financial statements for the Group in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (IFRS). Company law requires the Directors to prepare such financial statements in accordance with IFRS, the Companies Act 1985 and Article 4 of the IAS Regulation.

International Accounting Standard 1 requires that financial statements present fairly, for each financial year, the Group's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. This requires the faithful representation of the effects of transactions, other events and conditions in accordance with the definitions and recognition criteria for assets, liabilities, income and expenses set out in the International Accounting Standards Board's 'Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements'. In virtually all circumstances, a fair presentation will be achieved by compliance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards. Directors are also required to

- Properly select and apply accounting policies,
- Present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information, and
- Provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRS is insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the

financial position of the Group, for safeguarding the assets, for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities and for the preparation of a Directors' Report and Directors' Remuneration Report which comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 1985

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions

Going Concern

After making enquiries, the Directors have formed a judgement, at the time of approving the financial statements, that there is a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements

Internal Control

The Board has applied principle C 2 of the Combined Code by establishing a continuous process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks the Group faces. The Board regularly reviews the process, which has been in place from the start of the year to the date of approval of this report and which is in accordance with revised guidance on internal control published in October 2005 (the Turnbull Guidance). The Board is responsible for the Group's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. Such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

In compliance with Provision C 2.1 of the Combined Code, the Board regularly reviews the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control. The Board's monitoring covers all controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management. It is based principally on reviewing reports from management to consider whether significant risks are identified, evaluated, managed and controlled and whether any significant weaknesses are promptly remedied and indicate a need for more extensive monitoring. The Board has also performed a specific assessment for the purpose of this annual report. This

assessment considers all significant aspects of internal control arising during the period covered by the report including work of the Internal Financial Control Committee. The Audit Committee assists the Board in discharging its review responsibilities.

During the course of its review of the system of internal control, the Board has not identified nor been advised of any failings or weaknesses which it has determined to be significant. Therefore a confirmation in respect of necessary actions has not been considered appropriate. The key elements of the ongoing continuous process during the period under review have been

- Formal Board reporting on a monthly basis by the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer on the Group's performance and on any emerging risks and issues. The monthly management accounts break down the results of the Group's operations by individual business performance and all significant variations against budget and the previous year are fully examined. The day-to-day responsibility for managing each of the Group's operations rests with local experienced Senior Executives and the Group has a clear organisational structure which includes appropriate delegation of authority. The Executive Directors ensure that regular contact is maintained with all Senior Executives. The Group Management Board, comprising the Executive Directors, the Company Secretary, the Director of Human Resources, the Director of Digital Publishing and the Business Development Manager, meets every month to review financial and operational issues as well as the risks facing the Group.
- Formal Board approval for capital expenditure over £250k and for other investment decisions. Approval was granted for all acquisitions and disposals submitted after due enquiry.
- Formal Board approval of the annual budget for the forthcoming financial year. This includes detailed and comprehensive budgets covering each operating business.
- Review by the Audit Committee on a six monthly basis of the work performed by the Internal Financial Control Committee (IFCC) based on a programme of work agreed in advance.

The IFCC is chaired by the Company Secretary who is responsible for the conduct of control reviews in selected locations by members of the Committee who are independent of the location visited. The IFCC is also responsible for the review of detailed financial control checklists submitted by each operation to head office monthly. This work is strongly supported by the Group's financial accounting centre which ensures a consistent and compliant approach to the processing of transactions and ensures a uniform control process across the Group's operations.

- Review by the Audit Committee of the conclusions of the Group's external auditors in their annual audit and review of the half year results. These reviews include discussion of any control weaknesses or issues identified by the auditors.
- The conduct of risk assessment involving all senior managers of the Group's businesses in addition to the Executive Directors. A risk matrix is reviewed on a regular basis both in the local operations and by the Group Management Board. One risk is discussed at every monthly executive meeting both locally and at Group level. The results of these assessments are summarised and reported to the entire Board. These risk assessment sessions will continue at each operation and will evaluate and address the risks identified. During 2006, the Group Management Board has focused particularly on job advertising trends, customer market intelligence, disaster recovery plans in fewer, larger prepress and press centres, management succession, digital strategy, management stretch, changes to employment legislation and corporate strategy.

Steps are being taken to embed best practice into all the operations of the business and to deal with areas of improvement which come to management's and the Board's attention.

In addition, the Group Management Board has the ongoing responsibility to set policies, procedures and standards as detailed in the Group's policy guidelines. These have been reviewed and revised during the year and a tailored version released for all the businesses in the Republic of Ireland. The guidelines include policies on

Corporate Governance - continued

- Finance
- Cash/treasury controls
- Trading
- Customer service
- Commercial and competition
- Technology
- Property management
- Human resources including pension administration, disability and health and safety
- Environmental issues and energy management
- Legal and regulatory compliance
- Business continuity

The Directors at the Board meeting on 26 January 2007 reviewed the need for an internal audit department and concluded that they did not believe it necessary for the Group to maintain such a department given the very effective role played by the IFCC and the current independent review and monitoring procedures in operation

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr P E B Cawdron, a chartered accountant, and throughout 2006 has included Mrs M A King and Mr S J Waugh. Mr I M Russell joined the Committee on 9 January 2007. All are independent Non Executive Directors.

The Committee has written terms of reference that outline its authority and duties. This is displayed on the Company's website in the Investor Relations section. The terms include a review of the arrangements by which staff may, in confidence, raise concerns about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting or other areas.

The Committee meets once during the year with the Company's external auditors to discuss and agree the audit programme for the forthcoming year, together with any proposed non audit work. The planning meeting in 2006 considered in detail the Revised Turnbull provisions and the requirement of section 234ZA of the Companies Act 1985.

The two other meetings follow the interim financial review and the year-end audit. They cover a comprehensive report from the external auditors on their work and their conclusions. The Committee focuses in particular on the areas of financial judgement by the Group. It also reviews the summary of the Group's key business risks and discusses any revisions. The Committee is actively involved in the

ongoing review of internal controls by the main Board.

In addition, these two meetings consider a report on the work of the IFCC. Its work is described in the Internal Control section and, given the detail and comfort included in the report, the Committee regards this approach as the most effective way to review the financial controls in the business rather than establish an internal audit function.

The Audit Committee meetings to consider the financial results of the Group are attended by the Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary, who acts as Secretary to the Committee, with minutes being circulated to all Board members. The Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer are also invited to attend if required to do so by the Committee. Towards the close of both meetings, all Executives leave in order for the Committee to have a private discussion with the auditors. The Chairman also has a private meeting with the audit partner during the course of the year to discuss any relevant issues.

At the meeting to review the Annual Report and Accounts, the Committee formally considers the non audit services provided by the Group's external auditors and the effectiveness of the audit process. These are fully explored and discussed and the Committee is satisfied that the objectivity and independence of the external audit is safeguarded. Any material fees are discussed with the Audit Committee before being committed. During 2006 the Committee agreed the appointment of a professional firm other than the external auditors to be responsible for the taxation compliance and advisory work in the Republic of Ireland.

As explained on page 42, the Board undertook an evaluation of its performance during the year. This included a review of the effectiveness of this Committee considering its composition, chairmanship, whether it fulfilled its role as outlined in the terms of reference, its reporting and overall performance. This evaluation process was undertaken by the Committee itself as well as by all members of the Board. The results of this process were positive and confirmed the effectiveness of the Committee.

The Committee oversaw the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP in 2002 and have a primary responsibility for the appointment, re appointment and removal of auditors.

The Audit Partner at Deloitte rotates at the conclusion of the 2006 audit.

Dialogue with Institutional Shareholders

The Board encourages and seeks to build a mutual understanding of objectives between the Company and its institutional shareholders. As part of this process, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer make twice yearly presentations to institutional shareholders and meet with shareholders to discuss any issues of concern and to obtain feedback. In addition, they communicate regularly throughout the year with those shareholders who request a meeting.

The Chairman and the Senior Independent Director personally contact the leading shareholders in the Company on a yearly basis to address any concerns and discuss any issues. During 2006 this contact instigated a dialogue with a number of shareholders. The Board receives a report on any discussion with shareholders and the written feedback that follows the half yearly presentations is circulated to the Board. Brokers' reports and analysts' briefings are included in the Board papers sent to the directors every month.

The Board receives a quarterly update on the shareholder register with a summary of the main movements in shareholdings since the previous report.

Members of the Board have met with institutional shareholders during the year to consider Corporate Governance matters. All the Non Executive Directors are prepared to meet with shareholders to understand more fully their views.

Annual General Meeting

The Board seeks to encourage shareholders to attend its Annual General Meeting. Directors are present to answer any questions from shareholders. It is the policy of the Board that all Directors should attend the Annual General Meeting. It uses the Annual General Meeting to communicate with private investors and encourages their participation.

Corporate Social Responsibility

Business Ethics

The Board of Johnston Press has made a clear commitment to operating all of the Group's business activities to the highest standards of business ethics and integrity. These principles are not only contained in the Group's Corporate Social Responsibility Statement but it is also policy to include them in employment contracts.

The code of ethics specifically requires adherence to all legal requirements. It has a clear policy and procedure for addressing issues such as bribery, corruption, conflicts of interest, espionage and the giving and receiving of gifts. The Group opposes all forms of oppression and is a supporter of all human rights.

The Group's entire business is in Europe, the vast majority being in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

An acceptable use policy has been developed for all of the company's assets including but not restricted to computer equipment, email facilities and use of the Internet. This policy is required to be signed by every employee and is designed to protect both the employee and employer.

The Group has the absolute objective of always acting as a fair and reasonable employer. We also acknowledge, and are keenly aware of, our responsibilities to the many communities we serve, our readers, customers, suppliers, shareholders, and to the environment.

Because of our key role in the community, a separate section is incorporated within this report detailing some of the many community orientated activities in which the Group's companies are involved.

Board Responsibility

The Board has delegated the day to day responsibility for all matters related to Corporate Social Responsibility and social issues to the Executive Directors. They are assisted by the Company Secretary who is generally the first point of contact for any issues of this nature.

Specific responsibility for environmental issues has been delegated to the Chief Financial Officer.

Whilst recognising that the practices of recruitment, employment and training are the responsibility of all managers within the Group, responsibility for formulating, updating and ensuring adherence to Group policies and relevant legislation has been delegated to the Director of Human Resources who is responsible to the Chief Operating Officer.

Each local Managing Director has responsibility within their operation for relationships with customers, suppliers and the community. These relationships are subject to review by the Chief Operating Officer who is responsible to the Chief Executive Officer. Certain materials and services are sourced centrally such as newsprint and legal and professional services and these

arrangements are subject to review by either the Chief Operating Officer or the Chief Financial Officer, depending on the nature of the supply.

As part of the main Board's review of Corporate Governance at its January 2007 meeting, the Directors also reviewed the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy.

Health & Safety

As discussed in the Business Review, the Group has rigorous Health & Safety management and reporting processes in place. Health & Safety is at the core of our operations, with it being the first topic on all business agendas at the local, regional, group and board levels. There are health and safety committees in every Group Company and the Chief Operating Officer chairs the Group Health and Safety Committee, which undertake audit visits, monitors compliance with Group policies and spreads best practice.

With our improved and consistent reporting processes now having been in place for more than 2 years, it is possible to report some meaningful statistics and comparisons as detailed below.

As can be seen in Table 1 we have made significant improvements in every category measured and, without nationally available statistics for the publishing and printing industries, the most meaningful comparisons are with the national averages for the UK.

Table 1

	2006	2005
Total employees in Group (FTE)	7,849	6,992
Employees involved in accidents		
Publishing	5.0%	6.0%
Printing	19.0%	30.0%
Total	5.4%	7.3%
Employees with RIDDOR reportable accidents		
Publishing	0.3%	0.6%
Printing	1.9%	2.4%
Total	0.4%	0.7%
Total working days lost through accidents	538	865

Table 2

	Accident Rates per 100,000 employees	
	JP Group	National Average
Fatal accidents	0	0.7
Major accidents		
with over 3 days absence	382	562
Lost days per person	0.07	0.26

Corporate Social Responsibility - continued

The Group also has a rolling programme of independent audit visits covering property and Health & Safety risks. These visits are targeted on the locations which have the highest risk profile along with a sample of other sites. Detailed reports and recommendations are produced after each visit which require follow up and implementation by local management. This process is monitored by the Group Management Board.

Employee Involvement

It is the policy of the Group to encourage and develop all members of staff to realise their maximum potential. The Group's policy is that, wherever possible, job vacancies are advertised on the Group intranet and internal notice boards so that we maximise the number of positions filled from within the Group and create adequate opportunities for internal promotion.

The Group recognises that a diverse, involved and engaged workforce adds clear value to our employees, our business, our customers, our shareholders and the communities we serve.

The Group fully supports the principle of equal opportunity for all and opposes all forms of illegal or unfair discrimination. In 2006 a Group Diversity Manager and local Diversity Coordinators were appointed with the aim of having a workforce that reflects the communities they serve. We have already improved links with ethnic minorities and introduced a bursary scheme which aims to give financial support to those from deprived backgrounds or ethnic minorities who wish to follow a career in journalism. Discrimination on the basis of age has also been specifically addressed following the introduction of UK legislation. We have introduced a new Age Discrimination Policy, revised existing policies, delivered management training and briefed employees to ensure we meet our legal obligations.

It is also the policy of the Group to give full and fair consideration to the recruitment of disabled persons. Where disabled persons are employed, their training, including training for alternative work of employees that become

disabled, and development for promotion are encouraged and assisted. Expert advice is taken on the needs of disabled employees and special equipment is provided where appropriate.

Open and continuous communication is an important part of the engagement process and this is achieved through a variety of channels – six monthly presentations, functional meetings, workshops and conferences as well as digital and written forms of communication. Collective involvement is achieved through local forums and meetings with recognised unions.

As a result of the acquisition of companies in the Republic of Ireland in 2006, we are about to elect a Special Negotiating Body in order to establish a European level communication and consultation process.

The development of our people remains a priority and we have continued to invest heavily in off the job training programmes and side by side coaching. In 2006 we delivered 86 different courses and in excess of 12,000 training days covering all aspects of our business, including Advertising Sales, Editorial, Digital Media, Leadership & Management, Finance, Health & Safety, IT and HR. In 2006, we trebled the number of dedicated Commercial Trainers and in order to achieve our Digital Strategy committed to a significant investment in Editorial training. Each year the Group recruits and trains approximately 100 trainee journalists and places them on a 2 year training programme in order to achieve full NCTJ certification.

Leadership capability at all levels of the business is important to our future success and we continue to succession plan and develop our leadership talent in order to ensure we meet our current and future needs.

In order to measure the level of employee engagement across the Group, we have piloted an Engagement Survey and this will be rolled out in 2007. The purpose of the survey is to measure the level of employee engagement and

to identify areas for improvement at a departmental, company and Group level.

The Group continues to prioritise employee retention and in order to gain a better understanding of staff turnover in our Advertising Departments we have introduced a detailed and structured electronic exit interviewing process to gather information on a Group wide basis.

The overall staff turnover for the Group has increased marginally from 17.1% in 2005 to 17.3% in 2006.

Group personnel policies are designed to ensure that all employees are made aware on a regular basis of the Group's policies, programmes and progress. Extensive use is made of the Group intranet and notice boards with an e newsletter being published to coincide with the publication of the Annual Report and Accounts. The Company operates a number of share schemes as outlined in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 52 to 59.

Disability Access

As part of our ongoing property and Health & Safety audits we continually review the provisions made at all of our locations to ensure that we do not discriminate in terms of access against disabled customers. Solutions have been put in place involving modification, removal, avoidance or circumvention of potential barriers at all of our locations. We also ensure that any refurbishment or upgrading to our premises, where practical, takes into account the need to enhance access for all of our disabled customers. With reference to the increased importance of our digital publishing activities, the Group develops its core internet sites to W3CA Disability Standards and this is authenticated through Watchfire. All pages are developed to W3C XHTML standard. In addition to W3C standards, we avoid table layout and use CSS 2.0 to improve readability for screen readers. Every internet newspaper site has a sitemap that enables easy navigation on screen readers. The Group has a Disability Access policy which has been added to our policy and procedures manual.

Community Involvement

Readers rely on local newspapers being at the heart of their communities breaking major stories, campaigning on a wide variety of issues and spearheading fund raising initiatives. Johnston Press titles – together with their websites – are at the heart of local affairs, representing the interests of their local communities and acting as a catalyst for hundreds of charity campaigns.

The work of Johnston Press newspapers and websites in the communities they serve is epitomised by the example of the Mansfield Chad – which this year provided its 274th dog to guide a blind person. The paper set up its Guide Dogs for the Blind fund in 1963, asking readers to help it raise the £250 needed at that time to provide and train one dog. So successful was the appeal, the paper decided to keep the fund going. Since then the cost for each dog has gradually increased and now stands at £2,500. Chris Dyson, Special Projects Manager for the Guide Dogs for the Blind, said: "We would like to say a huge thank you to the Chad and its readers. The fantastic fundraising effort helped pay for the training of guide dogs – transforming the freedom, mobility and independence of many blind and partially sighted people."

Each year our newspapers get involved in a wide range of charitable fund raising campaigns, having raised millions of pounds over the years for good causes. Backed by their websites, the local publishing centres not only support good causes, they also campaign on issues on behalf of their communities standing up for the wronged and leading by example. The enormous support local newspapers give to charities was demonstrated in a letter sent to the Harrogate Advertiser from the chief executive of the local hospice on his retirement. He wrote: "Good publicity is our lifeblood and you have kept us in the public eye throughout. To my personal thanks for responding so positively and consistently, I would add those of the many patients and relatives – they are really indebted to you."

The emerging importance of websites has come to the fore with a number of them being involved in community initiatives. One example was the Preston site run by the Lancashire Evening Post being used for a news idol competition with the winner reading the news on our own channel, LEP TV.

Our larger Scottish titles have all been involved in major issues. The Scotsman launched a successful campaign to get the Scottish Executive to commit to a new River Forth Crossing and was at the heart of the Spirit of Scotland Awards which voted the then Scotland football manager Walter Smith "the Top Scot". Musician Paolo Nutini, writer Alan Spence and TV chef Gordon Ramsay were among the other winners. Scotland on Sunday ran a Backing Burns campaign to save the historic Alloway cottage. Like the Scotsman, the paper has major plans to be at the centre of this year's elections to the Scottish Parliament and, in particular, the vitally important debate over the future relationship between Scotland and England. The Edinburgh Evening News – named Scottish Newspaper of the Year at the Scottish Press awards – ran campaigns over parking costs, council playing fields and the expense of councillors' taxi bills.

Health issues provide a major source of community campaigns. The Sunderland Echo got parliamentary support for its campaign to protect 999 crews from assaults. More than 4,000 people marched in protest and 6,000 signed a petition against plans to move the National Children's Hospital in Dublin – a campaign spearheaded by the Tallaght Echo. The Hemel Gazette supported a bed push protest against cuts and the Buckingham Advertiser joined forces with sister paper the Bucks Herald to petition Health Secretary Patricia Hewitt over planned cuts. At Leamington Spa the Courier fought a proposal to close a baby unit. The Stamford Mercury also ran a successful campaign against hospital closure plans as did the Ripon Gazette. Similar campaigns were launched by our papers in West Sussex, Grantham and Burnley.

The Burnley Express also successfully fought plans to axe one of the two fire engines at Padiham. The sister title at Nelson was also instrumental in saving local fire stations from closure.

The Bedford Times & Citizen ran a campaign to ensure the continued provision of accident and emergency services at its hospital. Five Morton Newspaper titles in Northern Ireland joined forces to run a campaign for the Southern Area Hospice. The editor of the Hastings Observer was among a delegation who met Prime Minister Tony Blair expressing concerns about plans to downgrade the town's hospital. More than 40,000 people signed a petition and 7,000 attended a protest rally. Save our Services was the message from the Hartlepool Mail, out to protect services at the University Hospital in the town and backed by a 34,000 name petition. Another successful campaign against the closure of a respite centre was run by the Lancashire Evening Post.

Road issues – particularly involving safety – formed the basis for campaigns run by a number of titles. The Sheffield Star's campaign to ease the city's traffic gridlock resulted in the editor being asked to get involved in an official group drawing up an action plan. There was a change in the law as a result of the Northants Evening Telegraph's campaign to get tougher sentences on drivers who cause death by careless driving following the death of a teenage girl. The death of a schoolgirl in a road accident prompted a successful campaign by the Kilsyth Chronicle for a pedestrian crossing. Staff at the Leitrim Observer also ran a major road safety campaign as did the Fenland Citizen, the Wetherby News and the St Helens Reporter. The Suffolk Free Press was singled out for praise by a top fire officer for a similar road safety effort.

At the Kirkintilloch Herald, staff fought to save the town hall, a popular community venue which was under threat. There was support from every political group for an Ulster Star campaign to save a specialist school and The Portsmouth News – hard on the heels of winning a national Arctic Star campaign medal for war veterans – has been campaigning against possible cuts at the Portsmouth Naval base.

Corporate Social Responsibility - continued

Two tons of luxury items squeezed into 900 shoeboxes was sent out to Lancashire soldiers based in Iraq and Afghanistan over Christmas as a result of an appeal by the Blackpool Gazette in conjunction with the Royal Marine Association

Readers of the Hemel Gazette were urged to Dig Deep – supporting a campaign to fund a new hospice in Berkhamsted. So far £375,000 has been raised. A 'Light for a Life Appeal' backed by the Wigan and Leigh Reporters supported the good work of a hospice as well. The Worksop and Dinnington Guardian – the winner of two Newspaper Society circulation awards – was involved in similar action, supporting a children's hospice. The weekly Sheffield Telegraph backed an event which raised £150,000 in less than 12 weeks to safeguard the future of a local cancer care centre. This was also supported by the former Home Secretary, David Blunkett, who handed over the cash on the paper's behalf. The Bury Free Press is also involved in raising £18,000 for a hospice.

Around £60,000 was raised by the Lynn News to fund a floodlit helipad for the local air ambulance to use. Having done that the paper has embarked on another campaign, to raise £125,000 to buy a faster lifeboat for the RNLI at Hunstanton.

In Leeds, the Yorkshire Evening Post raised more than £40,000 for two hospices. And the Edinburgh Evening News helped sick children by raising £100,000 for a drop in centre. Lancaster Guardian readers helped raise £500,000 towards the building of a new cardiac unit at the Royal Lancaster Infirmary.

Two year old Kelan Cassidy from Lennoxton was born with a rare brain condition and was able to go to America for specialist treatment after Kirkintilloch Herald readers raised more than £10,000. Terminally ill Anna Cahoon (nine) got a specialised powered wheelchair as a result of a £17,000 fund raising campaign by the Larne Times and the Lurgan Mail ran a similar campaign for a local child with cerebral

palsy. The Derry Journal helped a baby in need of a life saving bone marrow transplant get to Germany for the operation.

The Luton Herald & Post's fundraising campaign for Luton and Dunstable Hospital raised £320,000. The Cumbernauld News forged a partnership with a bank to sponsor community projects with cash and The Falkirk Herald ran a youth project with Falkirk FC. In Eastbourne, the Herald led the way in helping the local MS society raise £11,000 for a new mini bus.

Many of our titles have been involved in highlighting positive issues. The Sunderland Echo ran a Wear 1 campaign to celebrate all that is good about the area. Wigan entertainment legend George Formby now has a statue in his hometown after a campaign by the Wigan Observer and the decision to end 129 years of tradition and close Blackpool's North Pier theatre provoked strong opposition by the Gazette. Scarborough's historic seafront theatre The Futurist was saved from abandonment by the local council thanks to the issue being highlighted by the Evening News, which also launched a 'Fix It' campaign backed by Sir Jimmy Savile. The Whitby Gazette, Dewsbury Reporter and Milton Keynes Citizen all ran pride in their town events. The Limerick Leader ran Limerick Person of the Year awards, Leinster Express staff celebrated the paper's 175th anniversary with People of the Year awards and the Longford Leader launched a shop front challenge with awards to the best looking properties.

Halifax Town's Shay football ground was saved from being sold after club supporters backed an Evening Courier campaign.

The Daventry Express campaigned against graffiti resulting in five arrests.

A Gardening for Gold campaign by the Garstang Courier got the town a gold medal in the Britain in Bloom competition. The Derbyshire Times supported a similar initiative.

The Yorkshire Post which fought to protect 'real' Wensleydale cheese, warning against cheap imitations, was also behind a major campaign to get a fair deal for farmers, prompting Government action.

At Doncaster a joint initiative between the Free Press and local police has involved naming and shaming kerb crawlers – a move that has won support from residents, whilst the Shields Gazette stopped the illegal use of local roads in a 'minimoto menace' campaign.

The Northampton Chronicle & Echo used a website vote to run a major community campaign to transform the town's Racecourse open space. Its sister paper, the Northants Evening Telegraph, ran a highly interactive reader campaign asking people to choose from a list of the seven worst anti social issues affecting their lives. As a result Corby Council spent £40,000 clearing away fly tipping rubbish. In Bridlington, the Free Press ran a similar campaign to 'Build a Better Brid'.

The Market Rasen Mail marked its 150th anniversary with a community hero awards and presentation ceremony.

The Wakefield Express is behind an effort to encourage reading across the city to address poor literacy levels.

The Limerick Leader was the first paper in the Republic of Ireland to start an ethnic notes page, printing stories each week in Polish, Slovakian, Chinese, Spanish, African, Romanian and French.

The Biggleswade Chronicle ran a project with schools in the run up to the World Cup finals. Isle of Man Newspapers hosted its own version of the World Cup attracting representative teams from across the world.

The plight of the victims of the Farepak Christmas saving club sparked a fund raising effort by Isle of Man Newspapers, raising more than £11,000 to provide cheer for 54 victims. The Whitby Gazette, backed by the Lions organisation, raised £30,000. The Kilkenny People organised an attempt to

hold the world's biggest carol concert and set a European record with 3,800 people attending – raising 15,000 euros for charity

The Dundalk Democrat backed a climb of Mount Kilimanjaro raising 100,000 euros for local charities. The Peterborough Evening Telegraph raised £30,000 to help quake victims in Pakistan

Johnston Press newspapers continued to be at the forefront of breaking news stories during 2006. The Newsletter in Belfast was at the heart of the political debate as the British and Irish governments struggled to restore the Northern Ireland assembly. Paramilitary Michael Stone, who staged a violent assault on the Stormont Assembly, subsequently wrote to the Newsletter from prison to justify his actions.

The Yorkshire Post was first to reveal that one of the men accused of the murder of a Bradford police officer had fled the country wearing a veil and using his sister's passport.

Websites featured prominently in the way editors broke exclusive stories during the year. One of the website successes of the year was the Lancashire site at Preston which won the Digital Innovation Award at the Newspaper Society's Advertising and Digital Media Awards. Pictures of a fireworks factory explosion in Sussex were first revealed on a website as was the Irish Sea helicopter crash tragedy which claimed six lives, including three from Lancashire. A scaffolding collapse which resulted in workers being trapped was first revealed on the Milton Keynes site. A visit by the Queen to Biggleswade got similar online treatment and was backed up in the weekly paper. Pictures of a tornado which hit a village were first shown on the Stamford site.

One of the major personal achievements of the year was completed by Belfast Newsletter feature writer Geoff Hill, who completed a 16,000 mile motorbike journey from Chile to Alaska, having written a series of articles on the way

By way of summary, the Group has facilitated fund raising campaigns that have raised £3.6m in the last year, have given free space to community or environmental campaigns to the value of £1.5m and have given discounts to charity advertisers of £0.3m.

Customer Services

It is Group policy to provide the highest standard of service to all of our customers. Each operating company has staff appointed to respond to all customer enquiries. There are strict procedures for resolving customer complaints or queries regarding service and these are carefully monitored by management.

Local management in each operation are responsible for ensuring that their companies and all their employees comply with the requirements of all customer and competition related legislation. It is Group policy that the interests of Johnston Press only ever require strict compliance and no one in the Group has authority to give any order or direction that would result in a violation of this policy. To monitor this and for training purposes, the Group undertakes mystery shopping exercises.

The Group has also developed a series of customer service related metrics which are being rolled out across the Group. We have also commissioned independent audits of our customer services in an effort to drive continual improvement. The Group Sales Charter introduced in 2004 has become enshrined in our operations to ensure that our customers and advertisers are always dealt with in a fair and equitable manner and the terms of trade are published in the Group's newspapers. Equal attention is paid to the service that we provide to our readers with each editor directly responsible for any complaints. The Editorial Review Group, a body of senior Group editors, also meets regularly to discuss editorial policy and issues related to content. The Group also conforms to the Press Complaint Commission guidelines.

Environmental Policy

The Group acknowledges that the protection of the environment is one of its key corporate responsibilities. We aim to comply with all relevant regulations and see the identification, management and control of environmental risks as being an implicit requirement for adherence to the Corporate Governance Combined Code.

Back in 2002 a scoring methodology and audit programme was developed by independent environmental risk consultants to facilitate the ongoing monitoring and control of our policies and procedures. Extensive training was carried out and a rolling programme of internal audits of environmental impacts and risks was introduced. Additionally audits by external independent consultants have continued in order to verify the findings of these internal reviews. Detailed reports are produced after each visit and the implementation of all recommendations is monitored by management.

The Group continues to benefit from its investment in more energy efficient equipment as well as the time and effort put into the monitoring and control of energy consumption. The equipment introduced for this control has enabled the Group to continue to benefit from rebates against the Climate Change Levy Tax.

2006 was a significant year for Johnston Press in terms of ongoing efforts in the field of energy management.

Looking first at electricity, the enlarged Group's annual consumption was 59.6m kWh. Of this 14.6m kWh related to those businesses acquired in the second half of 2005 and in January 2006. On a like for like basis, as can be seen in the table below, our electricity consumption decreased by 2.6%. Within that number there are two significant influences, firstly the one-off negative impact of establishing and building up volumes at our new press facility in Dinnington, inevitably this initial phase is inefficient, and secondly the ongoing benefit of closing the older inefficient presses that Dinnington replaces. We should see the full benefit of this in 2007.

Corporate Social Responsibility - continued

If we were to include the acquired businesses, the total electricity consumption in our printing centres was 40.8m kWh. During the year we processed 143.3k tonnes of newsprint through our major print centres with an average consumption of 284.8 kWh/tonne, an increase of 11.9%. This apparent increase has been caused by a number of factors.

During the course of the year we moved the majority of our printing onto 42.5gsm paper and standardised on a narrower web width. This saved approximately 7.3% of our newsprint in terms of weight but did not reduce the number of pages processed through our presses. Adjusted for this the kWh/tonne would have been 264.0, a 3.7% increase over 2005. As mentioned previously, this increase is the inevitable consequence of the inefficient start up and shut down of the presses associated with the transfer of work to Dinnington as well as the effect of limited energy efficiency programmes being in place at the acquired press centres.

Gas consumption, both on an absolute and productivity basis, decreased sharply. The closure in 2005 of the old

heatset press in Portsmouth and its replacement with the more efficient press at TSPL helped this, as did removing the inefficient services at the closed press halls. It should also be mentioned that the milder winters have contributed to this reduction.

The Group also saw significant reductions in its usage of water which is directly attributable to two developments, firstly the Group's investment in computer to plate technology, which removes the need for the "old" imaging process which was a heavy user of water, and secondly the recycling developments at Dinnington, the details of which are below. Energy consumption details are summarised in Table 3 below.

The Group continues to make excellent progress in achieving the target set out in its Energy Management Policy, which was adopted in 2003, for a 7% reduction in consumption on a like for like basis over the period to 2010. In fact, electricity consumption on that basis since 2002 is already down by 6.7%. Gas consumption in the same period is down by 36.3%. Budgets for 2007 have

been set to encompass a further 1% reduction in consumption.

Following on from 2004 when we undertook the first review of our motors fleet, progress has continued to be made in 2006. The details of this are set out in Table 4 below.

The increase in the fleet was mainly down to the acquisitions made in the year and although the fleet increased by 7.6% the CO₂ rating only increased by 5.2% as we continue where practical to purchase lower rated cars. The average CO₂ rating of the fleet decreased by 2.3% to 168.

Dinnington/New Initiatives

With the measurement and auditing of environmental impacts firmly in place, this year saw the launch of several new initiatives to actively reduce the consumption and waste generation at the Group's printing operations.

The new printing centre at Dinnington was the first employer to move onto the multi environmental award winning former coalfield site. As part of the coalfield regeneration plans, all the

Table 3 Consumption of energy on a like for like basis in 2006

	2006	2005	%	2004	%	2003	%
Electricity							
kWh total Group	44,950,859	46,141,152	2.6	46,662,532	1.1	47,558,773	1.9
print centres kWh/tonne	284.8	254.5	+11.9	258.0	1.4	274.6	-6.0
Gas							
kWh	21,651,744	29,423,242	26.4	31,564,320	6.8	33,974,515	7.1
print centres kWh/tonne	124.3	147.4	15.7	164.5	10.4	201.9	18.5
Water							
m ³	109,695	121,587	9.8	123,923	1.9	118,751	+4.4
print centres m ³ /tonne	0.55	0.59	6.8	0.61	3.3	0.66	7.6

Table 4 Motor vehicle data

	Total 2006	Acquisitions 2006	Existing 2006	2005*	%	2004	Like for like %	2003	%
Total Fleet (No of vehicles)	2,109	148	1,961	1,960	0.0	1,852	1.6	1,817	1.9
Total Fleet CO ₂ rating	355,145	25,195	329,950	337,726	2.3	325,237	3.4	325,223	—
Average CO ₂ rating	168	170	168	172	2.3	176	2.3	179	1.7

*Adjusted to include acquisitions completed in December 2005

environmental effects of 100 years of mining have been cleaned and new wildlife, leisure and industrial spaces created

The new press line at Dinnington, which was commissioned using the latest energy reducing drive technology has, as mentioned earlier, allowed five older less energy efficient press lines to be removed. The building housing the new press was designed to maximise the use of natural light and heat, and again replaces five less efficient environments

Virtually all the paper processed at Dinnington comes from 100% recycled fibre, and the old cardboard reel cores have been replaced with reusable fibre cores that are returned to the paper mill after printing. On site recycling equipment has been installed to allow water and solvents used in the printing process to be cleaned and reused. In addition bulk storage of printing materials was included within the building design which has led to reduced raw material transport requirements

Dinnington along with other Group print centres is on course to achieve a 10% reduction in oil based ink usage through the installation of the latest computer controlled pre press technology. Further investment in its mailroom activities has allowed the Group to continue to decrease its usage of plastic based packaging materials

Newsprint

As part of its ongoing commitment, as agreed with the Government, the industry, through the Newspaper Society, has continued to raise the target for the recycled content of newsprint used in the production of UK newspapers. Against a target of 67%, the actual figure achieved was 80%

Newspapers cannot be recycled indefinitely due to the process requiring some virgin fibre to maintain paper strength. All virgin fibre comes from renewable managed softwood coniferous forests, which themselves are carefully monitored and certified

Emissions to Air

The only emissions to air within the Group are associated with heatset presses. To facilitate the expansion of our Portsmouth Printing operations, an

old heatset press has been closed and that capacity within the Group has been replaced by a more modern heatset press at Caledonian Offset Limited (COL), which became part of the Group through acquisition of The Scotsman Publications Limited. COL complies with and exceeds the requirements of its permit under the Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Annual independent servicing and testing of the Katec Oxidiser used on the heatset press is carried out to ensure compliance with all regulations which are governed by the Scottish Environment Protection Agency (SEPA). SEPA also carries out regular inspections, the most recent being 28 September 2006 when no compliance issues were found and a favourable report achieved. By way of comparison, the system employed at COL is significantly more efficient than that on the press now closed at Portsmouth. It removes 99.96% of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) present in the process and VOC's emitted to air have been reduced by 36% compared to Portsmouth to 1.6mg/Nm³. This compares very favourably to the regulatory requirements of 50mg/Nm³.

The operation continues to seek ways of reducing solvent usage as part of its Solvent Management Plan, testing and substituting whenever possible low solvent and non VOC products as they become available

Waste

The Group adheres to the requirements of the Producer Responsibility Obligations (Packaging Waste) Regulations 1997. The Group employs an industry recognised recycler to handle process waste and all non paper waste is handled through them. This has been a very successful operation encompassing safe removal of waste with a transparent audit trail and an ISO 14001 accreditation

In addition, the paper based waste is now removed and recycled through a Group wide arrangement with one of our major newsprint suppliers. Companies with no printing facilities are only required to account for any packaging utilised prior to delivery to the customer

The Group is committed to ensure that its recycled newsprint goes into the

production of new newsprint and random audits confirm this position

All categories of waste are measured and monitored and systems are in operation, including an independent audit, to ensure that all waste is correctly disposed of. Initiatives to reduce waste production are constantly evaluated. Projects to re cycle press and pre press chemistry are underway, and the reduction of packaging has continued through further investment in recyclable fibre packaging and bulk raw material

Acquisitions

Recent acquisitions have been audited for energy efficiency and waste management. The necessary investment is underway to bring them in line with Group standards

Carbon Footprint

Recognising the increased awareness of climate change and every corporation's responsibility to manage its carbon footprint, the Group has established a Carbon Footprint Task Force which will operate along similar lines to the Health & Safety Committee. The remit of the Task Force will be to

- i) Establish the extent of our current carbon footprint and introduce measurement and monitoring processes going forward
- ii) Drive initiatives to reduce our carbon footprint across the Group
- iii) Investigate and implement programmes which promote the use of sustainable resources
- iv) Champion and communicate programmes to reduce energy consumption across the Group

The Committee will be chaired by the Chief Financial Officer

Shareholders

Members of the Board (Executive and Non Executive) have met a number of shareholders during the past year to discuss Corporate Social Responsibility matters and to address any questions raised by them

Directors' Remuneration Report

This report has been prepared in accordance with Schedule 7A to the Companies Act 1985. It also meets the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority and describes how the Board has applied the Principles of Good Governance relating to directors' remuneration. As required by the Act, a resolution to approve the report will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting of the Company at which the financial statements will be approved.

The Remuneration Committee

The Committee is chaired by Mr S J Waugh, an independent Non Executive Director, and in 2006 comprised two other independent Non Executive Directors, Mr P E B Cawdron and Mrs M A King. It is required to meet at least annually and as necessary. During the period it met on six occasions, four meetings being held by telephone. All its members were present for each meeting.

The Committee is charged with recommending the remuneration of the Chairman and Executive Directors as well as changes to employment conditions, the Executive Share Option Schemes, Share Incentive Plan, Long Term Incentive Plans and the Save as you Earn Scheme, together with the introduction of any new incentive or remuneration schemes. The performance measurement of the Executive Directors and the determination of their annual remuneration packages are undertaken and approved by the Committee. The Committee is consulted on, and notified of, all senior management appointments and related remuneration. It is also consulted on major organisational changes.

The remuneration of the Non Executive Directors, other than the Chairman, is determined by the Executive Directors and ratified by the Board.

None of the Committee has any personal financial interest (other than as shareholders), conflicts of interest arising from cross-directorships or day to-day involvement in running the business. The Committee makes recommendations to the Board. Other directors attend meetings when invited by the Committee and the Company Secretary acts as secretary to the Committee. No director plays a part in any discussion about his or her own remuneration.

The Committee has appointed New Bridge Street Consultants LLP (NBSC) to provide advice on structuring directors' remuneration packages. NBSC advised

the Committee on the adoption of the new Performance Share Plan and amendments to the Share Matching Plan as approved by shareholders at the 2006 AGM, but did not otherwise provide any services to the Company in 2006. NBSC also advised the Committee in connection with the changes to be made in 2007. The terms of engagement between the Company and NBSC are displayed on the Company's website in the Investor Relations section.

There is an ongoing training programme for the Committee which consists of an annual update on any changes in regulations and also best practice. In addition, each member of the Committee attends various seminars throughout the year. Other specific training is arranged as required.

As explained on page 42, the Board undertook an evaluation of its performance during the year. This included a review of the effectiveness of this Committee considering its composition, chairmanship, whether it fulfilled its role as outlined in the terms of reference, its reporting and overall performance. This evaluation process was undertaken by the Committee itself as well as by all members of the Board. The results of this process were positive and confirmed the effectiveness of the Committee.

The terms of reference of the Committee are displayed on the Company's website in the Investor Relations Section.

Remuneration Policy

Executive remuneration packages are prudently designed to attract, motivate and retain directors of the high calibre needed to maintain the Group's strong market position and to reward them for enhancing long term value to shareholders.

Throughout 2006 there were five main elements of the remuneration package for Executive Directors and senior management:

- Basic annual salary and benefits,
- Performance related bonuses,
- Performance Share Plan,
- Share Matching Plan,
- Pension arrangements

As explained below, the Share Matching Plan was suspended with effect from 1 January 2007.

The Executive Directors have a one-year rolling contract. The most recently executed contracts for Mr T J Bowdler, Mr S R Paterson and Mr D Cammiade are dated 27 June 2003, 24 May 2001 and 27 February 2006 respectively. In the event

of termination, the Executive Directors would be entitled to remuneration for the notice period, subject to mitigation.

Executive Directors' service contracts, which include details of remuneration, will be available for inspection at the Annual General Meeting.

The appointments of Non Executive Directors of the Company are terminable at will, subject to a three month notice period. It is the Committee's policy that any future Board appointments will be made on the same terms. The Non-Executive Directors have letters of appointment dated:

Mr R G Parry	27 June 2003
Mr P E B Cawdron	25 January 2002
Mr F P M Johnston	25 January 2002
Mr H C M Johnston	25 January 2002
Lord Gordon of Strathblane	25 January 2002
Mrs M A King	25 April 2003
Mr S J Waugh	25 April 2003
Mr L Hinton	16 March 2005
Mr I S M Russell	14 January 2007

A copy of the standard letter of appointment for the Chairman and Non Executive Directors is displayed on the Company's website in the Investor Relations section.

The Company's policy is that a substantial proportion of the remuneration of the Executive Directors should be performance related. As described below, Executive Directors may earn annual incentive payments together with the benefits of participation in share schemes.

Executive Directors are entitled to accept up to two Non Executive appointments outside the Company providing the Chairman's permission is obtained. The Remuneration Committee decides whether any fees are retained by the director. In addition, the Executive Directors are entitled to accept any positions connected with the newspaper industry or any businesses in which the Company holds an investment.

In 2006, Mr T J Bowdler and Mr S R Paterson held external non-executive posts and received £73k and £29k in fees respectively.

During 2005, with the assistance of NBSC, the Committee conducted a full review of the remuneration of the Executive Directors and of the incentive arrangements for all executives, taking into account the Company's

circumstances and objectives, market practice in both the media sector and in companies of similar market capitalisation, investor guidelines and changes in accounting standards. Full details of the review were provided in the Directors' Remuneration Report in the 2005 Report and Accounts. This Report was approved at last year's Annual General Meeting and fully implemented.

At the beginning of 2007 the Committee met to review the remuneration policy in the light of the difficult trading conditions facing regional newspaper groups due to the downturn in advertising revenues and its impact on the existing arrangements, which are largely based on EPS growth. The objective of this review was to ensure that the Group's incentive policy will motivate, incentivise and retain Executives going forward. While there are no plans to change the terms of the outstanding awards, the Committee wished to recognise the difficult advertising environment, the transition that the business needs to undertake in terms of investment in digital publishing whilst at the same time seeking to align the long term interests of the Executive with those of the investors in terms of required returns.

The remuneration policy in 2006 is outlined below after which there is a section that details the changes that have been made for 2007. It is important to stress that there will be no increase in the expected or target value of the remuneration packages of the Executive Directors. The Committee is satisfied that the revised targets are considered as demanding and challenging as the previously EPS related conditions were when they were first introduced.

Basic Salary

An Executive Director's basic salary is determined by the Committee prior to the beginning of each calendar year and when an individual changes position or responsibility. In deciding appropriate levels, the Committee considers the Group as a whole and relies on objective research carried out by its external consultants which gives up to-date information on comparator groups of companies. As a benchmark, it aims to pay broadly at the median level.

In addition to basic salary, the Executive Directors receive certain benefits in kind, principally a car or a cash buyout and private medical insurance.

With effect from 1 January 2007 the salaries of Mr T J Bowdler, Mr S R

Paterson and Mr D Cammiade were increased by 3% to £556,200, £350,208 and £314,160 respectively.

Performance Related Bonus

The Committee establishes the objectives that must be met for each financial year if a cash bonus is to be paid. In setting the appropriate bonus parameters the Committee, having taken advice, takes into account the Company's internal budgets and analysts' expectations for the forthcoming year. The Committee believes that this ties any incentive payments to the interests of shareholders. The structure of the bonus scheme was revised from 1 January 2006 to make the bonus potential more comparable with companies of a similar size, but with tougher targets than previously. The maximum bonus level was increased to 100% of salary. Effective from the same date, all Executive Directors are required to invest at least 40% but no more than 60% of their bonus in the Share Matching Plan.

For the 2006 calendar year, 75% of the bonus was based on a profit target, which was set by the Board on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee. The remaining 25% of the bonus was based on individual key performance targets, which were specific and clearly measurable.

Half the profit related bonus was payable on achievement of a challenging target with additional sums payable on a sliding scale up to the maximum of 75% of salary. If the target was not achieved, bonus would be lost at twice the rate of the sliding scale on the upside.

Given the projected difficult trading conditions at the beginning of the year, the target was set by the Board to maximise cost savings that would not impact the long term future of the Group. An element of non recurring costs was assumed and it was agreed that any additional costs of this nature would be excluded in assessing performance.

A proportion of the profit based element was paid, which amounted to 24.7% of salary.

The individual key performance targets varied by Executive Director. These included revenue, circulation, digital developments, performance of the acquired businesses, cost savings and cashflow, together with specific individual projects. Of the maximum 25% of salary, the following percentages were achieved by the Executives:

T J Bowdler	19.0%
S R Paterson	23.4%
D Cammiade	19.0%

The Board retains the discretion to recognise performance outside this arrangement where exceptional circumstances apply, but any such discretion is restricted to a total bonus, including the performance related element, of 25% of salary. No discretion was applied in 2006.

Share Schemes

The Company operates a number of Share Schemes and these are described below:

a) A Performance Share Plan (PSP) with awards being shown below and in note 32 to the financial statements. The first awards were made after shareholders approved the Plan at the Annual General Meeting in April 2006. The Plan replaced an Executive Share Option Scheme which has a number of share options outstanding but it is not proposed to approve any further grants under this Scheme.

Under the rules of the PSP, Performance Shares may be granted over a three year performance period to the Executive Directors and Senior Executives on an annual basis. With regard to the Executive Directors, the initial maximum value of Performance Shares awarded is 100% of salary, but the scheme rules permit 125% as a normal maximum and 150% of salary in exceptional circumstances.

50% of the initial award of Performance Shares will vest based on compound real growth in the Group's underlying earnings per share (EPS). 25% of this allocation will vest on an EPS growth of RPI plus 3% per annum up to 100% of the allocation for an EPS growth of RPI plus 8% per annum, with a sliding scale between the lower and upper limits.

The remaining 50% of the initial award of Performance Shares will vest based on TSR performance relative to the FTSE 350 Media Companies. The comparator group is specified in the rules of the Scheme and comprises the following companies, Aegis Group, British Sky Broadcasting Group, Daily Mail, Emap, EMI Group, Euromoney Institutional Investor, GCap Media, Informa, ITV, Pearson, Reed Elsevier, Reuters Group, Taylor Nelson Sofres, Trinity Mirror, United Business Media, WPP Group and Yell Group. 25% of this allocation will vest if the Group achieves

Directors' Remuneration Report - continued

the median TSR performance of the comparator group over the three year period with a 100% allocation if the Group achieves upper quartile performance and a sliding scale between the two levels

Following the vesting of any awards, a payment in shares and/or cash will be made equivalent to the dividend that would have been paid on the shares that vest during the performance period

When an award of Performance Shares is approved, the Company ensures that sufficient shares are purchased by the Johnston Press plc Employee Share Trust, administered by Lloyds TSB Offshore in Jersey, to meet the projected number of shares required at the end of the performance period

The other shares held by the Trust relate to the grant of Matching Shares referred to in c) below and the award of Restricted Shares to Mr T J Bowdler referred to in the pension arrangements section below

The number of shares held by the Trust to meet the outstanding Matching Share grants and awards of Performance Shares on 31 December 2006 was 635,594. In addition, the shares held by the Trust under the Restricted Share Award at 31 December 2006 amounted to 60,680

In the event of a change in control, all PSP awards will vest early to the extent that the performance conditions have, or would have, in the opinion of the Remuneration Committee, been satisfied up to the date of the relevant event. Awards will also be pro-rated to reflect the reduced period of time between the commencement of the performance period and the date of vesting relative to a period of three years, unless the Committee determines that a pro-rata reduction would be inappropriate in the circumstances

Options outstanding in the Executive Share Option Scheme are shown below and in note 32 to the financial statements. All options are granted for nil consideration. These options are only capable of being exercised if the compound real growth in the Group's underlying earnings per share is between 3% to 5% depending on the level of the grant. In order to exercise a grant above 0.5 times or above 1 times salary, the growth in the Group's underlying earnings per share must exceed the growth in the retail price

index by more than 4% or 5% points per annum respectively. The Committee has decided that there will be no retesting of performance on any options granted after 1 January 2004 and performance will be measured over a single three year period. For options granted prior to 31 December 2003, performance is always tested from a fixed base over a period of at least three years and may not be retested after the fifth anniversary of the option grant

The Company's policy has been to grant options at the discretion of the Committee taking into account the Group and individual performance. The grant of options to the Executive Directors and all participants in the Scheme in any year has been based on a percentage of salary for achieving the Group profit target and an individual profit target, with the allocation increasing for performance above target up to a maximum level. The maximum annual grants previously approved in this scheme were 1.5 times salary for Mr T J Bowdler and 1.2 times salary for Mr S R Paterson and Mr D Cammiade

The exercise price of the options granted under the Executive Share Option Scheme is equal to the market value of the Company's shares at the time when the options were granted

In the event of a change in control of the Company, any options granted are exercisable within one month of the option holders being notified of the change in control. In such circumstances the performance conditions will apply. However, in exceptional circumstances the Committee may, at its discretion, treat the performance condition as satisfied taking into account the underlying performance of the Company up until the relevant event

- b) A SAYE Share Option Scheme for eligible employees under which options may be granted at a discount of up to 20% of market value. Consistent with the legislation and normal practice, the SAYE Option Scheme does not require the imposition of performance conditions

The ten year term of the Johnston Press Group 1997 Savings Related Share Option Scheme has come to an end. A proposal to introduce a new ten year Scheme will be considered at the Annual General Meeting and full details are outlined in the circular to

shareholders dated 7 March 2007. The terms of the new Scheme mirror the existing scheme but updated to reflect best practice and current regulation

A Scheme was introduced during 2006 to provide employees in the Republic of Ireland with a similar benefit

- c) A Share Matching Plan which applies to the Executive Directors and certain Senior Executives. Participants must invest part of their annual bonus in buying shares in the Company and they have the prospect of receiving extra matching shares after three years, paid for by the Company. The matching ratio ranges from 0.5 times to 2 times the number of shares that could have been acquired with the pre-tax equivalent of the annual bonus invested, subject to achieving compound real growth in the Group's underlying earnings per share of between 3% to 8% per annum over a fixed three year period. The Executive Directors are currently required by the Committee to invest at least 40% but no more than 60% of their annual bonus into the Plan

Amendments to the Share Matching Plan were approved by shareholders at the 2006 AGM that permitted a payment to be made (in cash or shares) on the vesting of an award equivalent to the dividends that would have been paid on the shares that vest during the performance period

When any grant of matching shares is approved, the Company ensures that there are sufficient shares to cover the projected number of shares required to meet the maximum match for the current year, together with the number of shares required to cover previous awards based on performance to date within the vesting period and projections for the coming year. These shares are held in the Johnston Press plc Employee Share Trust. The number of shares held by the Trust relating to the Share Matching Plan on 31 December 2006 was 235,594

- d) A Share Incentive Plan (SIP) for all eligible employees. The SIP is in two parts, a Partnership Scheme, which allows employees to purchase shares in the Company on a monthly basis in a tax efficient manner. The second element is a Free Shares Scheme, which provides employees who have joined the Scheme with free shares. The shares are held in a Trust, administered by Halifax plc, and after a period of five

years the shares will be available to be held beneficially by employees free of any tax and national insurance. For Free Shares, the Committee sets a minimum Group profit target and a base fund to be utilised to purchase shares in the Company. Performance above the target generates additional amounts payable into the fund on a sliding scale up to a maximum payout. The Free Shares are allocated to employees based on hours worked and are not pro rata to salary. In 2006, the profit achievement did not meet the maximum target set by the Committee and therefore a restricted award was made.

It is not possible to invite employees based in the Republic of Ireland to participate in the SIP. A proposal to consider a scheme as close as possible to the Free Share Scheme will be considered at the Annual General Meeting. Full details are outlined in the circular to shareholders dated 7 March 2007.

The Company Secretary is responsible for ensuring the exercise criteria are met for all the Share Schemes and this is verified by the Committee. The EPS performance criteria, which applies to all Executive Directors to whom options have been granted under the Schemes (except the SAYE Share Option Scheme) and to awards granted under the Share Matching Plan and one half of an award under the Performance Share Plan, was chosen as it requires significant improvement in financial performance before options / awards can vest. The Committee will ensure that EPS is calculated on as consistent a basis as feasible. The other half of an award granted to Executive Directors under the Performance Share Plan is subject to a TSR based performance measure, which the Committee considers aligns the interests of directors with shareholders by requiring superior total shareholder return performance compared to the companies in the comparator group.

Options under b) above are satisfied by the issue of new shares. As indicated above, the Company's Employee Share Trust currently holds shares purchased in the open market sufficient to meet awards under a) and c). Shares are purchased in the open market to satisfy the Free Shares award within d).

Executive Directors are expected to retain 50% of shares which vest under executive share plans, after allowing for sufficient sales of shares to meet tax liabilities, until

a holding to the value of 100% of salary has been achieved.

At 31 December 2006 the total amount of options granted, less lapsed, over new issuable shares under all option schemes over the previous 10 years was 4.0% of the issued share capital with a maximum limit of 10%.

Pension Arrangements

Throughout 2006, the Group operated one main pension scheme for employees, the Johnston Press Pension Plan (JPPP), with defined benefit and defined contribution sections. The defined benefit section is closed to new members. Two schemes were transferred into the JPPP during the year. On 3 January 2006, following a change in regulations, the remainder of the Regional Independent Media Pension Plan, representing deferred and pensioner members, was merged into the JPPP and on 1 November 2006 The Scotsman Pension Plan was likewise merged. This latter scheme was inherited by the Group when it purchased The Scotsman Publications Ltd on 4 January 2006. The assets of the JPPP are totally separate from the assets of the Company and of the Group, and are invested by independent fund managers.

A professional independent trustee and member nominated trustees are appointed to the pension scheme. A firm of external actuaries and consultants act as advisers. Pension scheme members receive a report from the trustees and a statement of their actuarial benefits each year. The same was true of those schemes that have now merged into JPPP.

Contributions to the JPPP (defined benefit section) are at a rate of 17% for all members with the exception of the members transferred from The Scotsman Pension Plan where a rate of 15.5% applies. The executive section of the Plan provides for a retirement age of 62, a maximum pension of two thirds of salary based on either a 45th accrual rate or a full 2/3rds at retirement date, a member's contribution of 10.5% of salary with a spouse's pension of a third of pensionable salary in the event of death in service. There are no provisions for beneficial rights on early retirement. The employee and employer contributions were increased in 2005 to increase the funding level of the scheme which is currently in deficit.

Mr T J Bowdler participates in the JPPP for a pension of two thirds of the scheme specific salary limit. He also receives a

contribution which is a total cost to the Company of 50% of salary per annum including the tax cost. For the first quarter of 2006 this contribution was paid to an unapproved scheme, which after the tax cost was equivalent to a contribution of 27% of salary per annum. For the rest of the year the contribution was paid to a defined contribution scheme up to the revised pension contribution cap effective from 6 April 2006 and as a salary supplement for the contribution above that cap. These pension provisions were revised during 2002 and in order to compensate Mr Bowdler for the changes to his detriment, the Annual General Meeting in that year approved an award of 169,896 Restricted Shares to Mr Bowdler. He is entitled to acquire a proportion of these shares every six months for a cost of £1 until 2009. No performance conditions apply to the Restricted Shares as they were granted to replace reduced pension rights. Mr Cammidge is a member of the executive section of the JPPP. Mr S R Paterson does not participate in the JPPP and the Company has agreed instead to make a contribution equivalent to 20% of his basic salary into his private pension scheme. This contribution increases to 25% from his 50th birthday. With effect from 1 January 2005, the Company has also agreed to match any additional annual contribution made by Mr S R Paterson, up to a maximum of 5% of salary.

The changes to the pension regime which came into effect in April 2006 have not resulted in an increase in the overall cost of pension provision for the Group.

Following the acquisitions in 2005, there are three final salary schemes in the Republic of Ireland. Two are industry wide schemes and the third is for a small number of employees in Limerick. There are no financial implications to the Group if these schemes are terminated. The Group's obligation to these schemes is included in Long Term Provisions in note 26. The Group also inherited a number of defined contribution schemes.

During 2006 the Group received approval for a new defined contribution scheme for the Republic of Ireland and all employees in that country were invited to join.

Non Executive Directors

All Non Executive Directors have specific terms of engagement and their remuneration is determined by the Board within the limits set by the Articles of Association and based on independent surveys of fees paid to non executive directors of similar companies. The basic

Directors' Remuneration Report - continued

annual fee paid to each Non Executive Director is £35,000. The Non Executives receive further fees for additional work performed for the Company in respect of the chairing of the Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee, together with the responsibilities as Chairman and Senior Independent Director. Non Executive Directors cannot participate in the bonus plans or in any of the Company's Share Schemes and are not eligible to join the Company's pension schemes.

Senior Executives Below Board Level

The five elements of the remuneration package are described on page 52. The salaries are determined by the Executive Directors after consultation with the Remuneration Committee based on individual roles and responsibilities. The targets for the performance related bonuses are primarily profit related but also include personal performance based targets. The maximum bonus for 2006 was 75% of salary. Most of the Executives are members of the defined benefit section of the JPPP. The Company contributes a maximum of 12% of salary to those who are members of the defined contribution scheme. The Performance Share Plan and Share Matching Plan benefits are as described for the Executive Directors except the maximum level of PSP awards made in 2006 was 50% of salary. The other difference applying to Senior Executives is that a minimum of 20% and maximum of 60% of the performance related bonus must be invested in the Share Matching Plan.

Changes in 2007

As explained on page 53, following consultation with major investors, the Committee is making a number of changes to the remuneration policy for

2007. The first of the three changes is to suspend the operation of the Share Matching Plan, which is entirely EPS based and which the Committee considers will not motivate Senior Executives for the foreseeable future. The second is to increase the level of annual bonus potential for Executive Directors with an increased deferral in shares. Forfeiture provisions have been added for bad leavers. The level of bonus and compulsory deferral has been increased to 150% and 50% respectively. Of the 150% maximum bonus, for 2007, 35% of salary will be based on individual key performance targets. The remaining bonus will be profit related and less than 50% of this element will now be payable for achieving a target set by the Board on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee. The remaining 50% of the profit related bonus will be payable for above target performance and the Committee has stretched the targets for achievement of full bonus. In the current trading environment, the Committee considers that it will be easier to set meaningful relevant and robust annual targets rather than long term ones.

The other change relates to the EPS target within the Performance Share Plan. The TSR element of the PSP described above will remain. The EPS related element of the PSP will be replaced with a target based on Return on Capital Employed (ROCE). The Committee has chosen this alternative to motivate the Executives to maximise the returns from the capital invested in the business and that the financial efficiency of the business is optimised. ROCE is defined as profit net of tax but before interest divided by shareholders funds plus net debt. For the 2007 award, 25% of the ROCE related part of the award will vest if, on average

over the six half years in 2007/2009, ROCE exceeds the Company's Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC) by 2%. For full vesting, average ROCE must exceed WACC by 4%, with there being pro rata vesting for intermediate performance. In 2006 the Company's ROCE exceeded WACC by 2%.

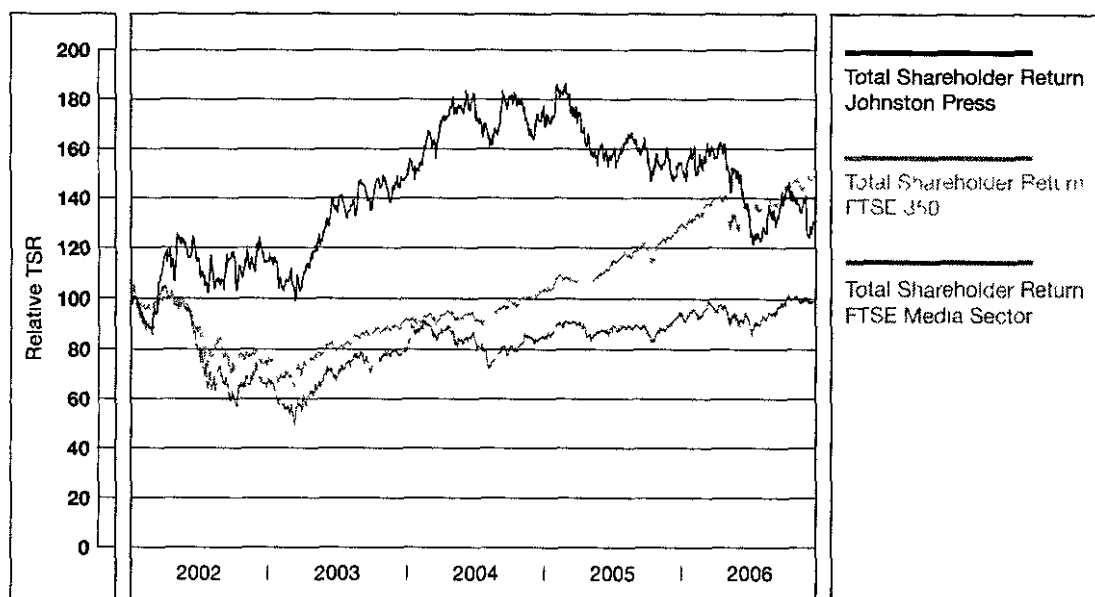
The Committee wishes to reserve the flexibility to change the ROCE targets for subsequent awards but they must be considered not materially less challenging in the circumstances than the ones set out above and will only be applied after consultation with major investors. In addition, the Committee may vary the targets applying to existing awards to take account of exceptional events, including changes to accounting standards and significant acquisitions, provided that the Committee considers that the amended targets are fair and reasonable and that the targets are not materially less challenging than the original ones would have been but for the event in question.

The structure of the ROCE based element will also apply to certain key Senior Executives and the maximum bonus and deferral for these Executives has been increased to 100% and 30% but this will depend on the level of seniority.

Performance Graph

The following graph shows the Company's performance, measured by total shareholder return, compared with the performance of the FTSE 350 and FTSE Media Sector also measured by total shareholder return. The FTSE 350 and FTSE Media Sector have been selected for this comparison because the former measures the performance of stocks in general and the latter measures the performance of companies operating in the same sector as the Group.

5 Year Return Index for Johnston Press as at 31 December 2006



Directors' Remuneration Audited Section

a) The total amounts for Directors' remuneration and other benefits were as follows

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Emoluments	2,128	1,614
Gains on exercise of share options*	722	658
Money purchase contributions	284	190
	3,134	2,462

*All of the gains on the exercise of share options were "cashless" with the gain, after taxation, being converted into increased shareholdings for the executive directors

b) Directors' Emoluments

	Salary/Fees		Taxable Benefits		Performance Related Bonus		Total Emoluments	
	2006 £'000	2005 £'000	2006 £'000	2005 £'000	2006 £'000	2005 £'000	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Chairman								
R G Parry	100	100	—	—	—	—	100	100
Executive Directors								
T J Bowdler	540	490	24	19	236	113	800	622
S R Paterson	340	300	1	1	164	69	505	370
D Cammiade appointed 16 March 2005	305	211	17	1	133	49	455	261
Non Executive Directors								
P E B Cawdron	50	50	—	—	—	—	50	50
Lord Gordon of Strathblane	35	38	—	—	—	—	35	38
L F Hinton appointed 16 March 2005	35	28	—	—	—	—	35	28
H C M Johnston	35	35	—	—	—	—	35	35
F P M Johnston	35	35	—	—	—	—	35	35
M A King	35	35	—	—	—	—	35	35
S J Waugh	43	40	—	—	—	—	43	40
	1,553	1,362	42	21	533	231	2,128	1,614

Taxable benefits include car, telephone, life insurance and health insurance

Directors' Remuneration Report - continued

c) Pension Benefits

The following Directors had accrued pension benefits under the Group's defined benefit scheme

	Years of pensionable service	Total accrued pension at 31 12 05 £'000	Increase in accrued pension during year £'000	Transfer value of increase £'000	Total accrued pension at 31 12 06 £'000	Transfer value of total accrued pension at 31 12 05 £'000	31.12.06 £'000	Increase in value of pension during year £'000
T J Bowdler	13	59	5	41	64	991	1,152	161
D Cammiade	16	103	18	196	121	1,426	1,712	286
H C M Johnston	12	17	1	4	18	285	299	14

Mr Cammiade and Mr H C M Johnston were members of the Group Pension Schemes before the introduction of the pensionable salary cap in May 1989. The pension arrangements for Mr T J Bowdler were varied in 2002 and the above figures now only represent his total final salary benefit. Further details of his pension provision are explained on page 55. In addition to the above, the Group funded £199,000 and £85,000 into defined contribution schemes for Mr T J Bowdler and Mr S R Paterson respectively. All Executive Directors have life cover of four times basic salary.

d) Share Schemes

	Number of options during the year					On exercise Gains	
	At 01 01 06	Granted/ Awarded	Exercised	At 31 12 06	Market price p	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Executive Share Option Scheme							
T J Bowdler	430,277	—	169,777	260,500	480.00	226	487
S R Paterson	187,430	—	67,242	120,188	480.00	89	62
D Cammiade	202,064	—	70,157	131,907	491.00	114	11
Savings Related Scheme							
T J Bowdler	2,355	—	—	2,355			6
S R Paterson	2,285	—	—	2,285			
D Cammiade	6,632	—	—	6,362			
Restricted Share Scheme							
T J Bowdler	84,951	—	24,271	60,680	436.00	106	92
Share Matching Plan							
T J Bowdler	72,896	8,354	27,854	53,396	453.00	131	
S R Paterson	36,026	5,115	11,819	29,322	453.00	56	
D Cammiade	22,251	4,519	—	26,770			
Performance Share Plan							
T J Bowdler	—	117,711	—	117,711			
S R Paterson	—	74,114	—	74,114			
D Cammiade	—	66,485	—	66,485			

The above options are exercisable as follows

T J Bowdler

Executive Share Option Scheme

116,883 at a price of 539.00p between 26 04 2007 and 25 04 2014
143,617 at a price of 470.00p between 30 06 2008 and 29 06 2015

Savings Related Scheme

2,355 at a price of 397.00p between 01 11 2008 and 30 04 2009

S R Paterson

Executive Share Option Scheme

55,658 at a price of 539.00p between 26 04 2007 and 25 04 2014
64,530 at a price of 470.00p between 30 06 2008 and 29 06 2015

Savings Related Scheme

2,285 at a price of 414.50p between 01 11 2007 and 30 04 2008

D Cammiade

Executive Share Option Scheme

31,539 at a price of 539.00p between 26 04 2007 and 25 04 2013
48,983 at a price of 541.00p between 17 03 2008 and 16 03 2015
51,385 at a price of 470.00p between 30 06 2008 and 29 06 2015

Savings Related Scheme

6,362 at a price of 279.00p between 01 11 2009 and 30 04 2010

d) Share Schemes (continued)

The share options within the Restricted Share Scheme are exercisable six monthly between 16 May 2003 and 16 May 2009 in equal tranches at a price of £1 on each exercise

The matching awards granted within the Share Matching Plan are exercisable for a nominal total payment of £1 as shown below

The matching factor ranges from 0.5 times to 1.5 times the number of shares granted for awards made before 2006 and from 2006 onwards the matching factor ranges from 0.5 times to 2 times. The exercises from this scheme during the year were matched at 1.5 times the number of shares granted

54,258	between 22 03 2007 and 21 03 2014	market price on grant 498.25p
37,296	between 21 03 2008 and 20 03 2015	market price on grant 540.00p
17,988	between 30 05 2009 and 29 05 2016	market price on grant 453.00p

The awards within the Performance Share Plan are exercisable at nil cost at the end of the three year vesting period as shown below

258,310	awards will vest on 06 06 09	market price on 06 06 06 458.75p
---------	------------------------------	----------------------------------

The options, matching awards and performance shares listed above, other than those in the Restricted Share Scheme, are only exercisable subject to the level of achievement of the performance criteria denoted in the Directors' Remuneration Report

The middle market price of the Ordinary Shares was as follows

On 1 January 2006	465.50p	Highest price during year 496.25p
On 31 December 2006	392.50p	Lowest price during year 370.00p

This Report was approved by the Board of Directors on 7 March 2007 and signed on its behalf by

Simon Waugh

Directors' Report

Year ended 31 December 2006

Principal Activities

The Group's main activities are the publishing of local and regional weekly, evening and morning newspapers, both paid for and free, together with associated websites, as well as specialist publications in paper, online or via SMS

Review of Business

The results for the year 2006 are set out in the Group Income Statement on page 64. The Group profit for the year before taxation was £131,554,000 (2005: £151,363,000) which results in a profit for the year of £95,655,000 (2005: £107,791,000). Details of the business activities during the year, the financial results, the financial position and the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group are set out in the Business Review on pages 10 to 31.

Dividends

The Directors recommend a final dividend of 6.2p per share making a total dividend of 9.3p per share for the year. Subject to approval by members the final dividend will be paid on 11 May 2007 to those Ordinary Shareholders on the register at 27 April 2007.

Share Capital

Details of Share Capital are shown in note 27.

Environmental Policy

The Board acknowledges that environmental protection is one of the Company's business responsibilities. It aims for a continuous improvement in the Company's environmental performance and to comply with all relevant regulations. Following an internal audit and an assessment by external advisors, the Group put in place, and there is in force, a documented environmental policy to monitor performance and to take action where appropriate. Further details of this policy are provided in the Corporate Social Responsibility statement.

Donations

Charitable donations amounted to £133,000 (2005: £119,000). There were no payments for political purposes.

Supplier Payment Policy

The Company's policy is to settle terms of payment with suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction, ensuring that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment, and to abide by the terms of payment. Trade creditors of the Group at 31 December 2006 were equivalent to 20 days purchases (2005: 16 days), based on the average daily amount invoiced by suppliers during the year.

Financing policy and derivatives

The Group's policies are set out in notes 20 to 22, together with details of financial instruments and derivatives.

Auditors

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- (1) so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- (2) the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s234ZA of the Companies Act 1985.

Directors and their Interests

Under the Company's Articles of Association, each director is subject to retirement every three years. Mr S R Paterson, Ms M A King and Mr S J Waugh are due to retire at this year's Annual General Meeting. In addition Mr F P M Johnston and Mr R G Parry retire annually due to their years of service on the Board. All being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Mr I S M Russell, who was appointed a director on 9 January 2007, retires in accordance with the Articles of Association and offers himself for election.

Lord Gordon of Strathblane and Mr H C M Johnston have both decided to step down from the Board at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The Directors during the year and their interests in the share capital of the Company were as follows

Ordinary Shares of 10p each

	31 December 2006	31 December 2005
R G Parry	113,992	113,992
T J Bowdler	504,884	433,704
S R Paterson	108,179	83,656
D Cammiade	81,928	65,516
P E B Cawdron	9,800	9,800
L Hinton	1,800	1,800
F P M Johnston	12,717,696	12,717,696
H C M Johnston	12,000,000	12,000,000
M A King	1,800	1,800
Lord Gordon of Strathblane	47,310	47,310
S J Waugh	—	—

Mr I M Russell was appointed a director on 9 January 2007

In addition to the shareholdings shown above, which are all held beneficially, Mr T J Bowdler, Mr S R Paterson and Mr D Cammiade hold an interest in 696,274 (2005 395,117) shares by virtue of their status as potential beneficiaries of the Johnston Press Employee Share Trust

Since 31 December 2006, Mr T J Bowdler, Mr S R Paterson and Mr D Cammiade have each purchased 62 shares through the Share Incentive Plan

No Director had any material interest in any contract, other than a service contract, with the Company or any subsidiary at any time during the year

Substantial Shareholdings

So far as the Directors are aware the only holders of 3% or more of the Ordinary Share Capital of the Company and any other major shareholders, other than Directors, as at the date of this report are as follows

	No of Ordinary Shares of 10p each
J C M Johnston	6,380,635
The trustees of H C M Johnston's children's trusts	11,197,460
M F Johnston	6,905,437
R T Johnston	6,959,491
FMR Corp	14,304,108
Lloyds TSB Group of Companies	10,844,243
Legal & General Group of Companies	10,152,607
The Capital Group Companies	16,964,733
Harris Associates LP	26,346,756
Sprucegrove Investment Management Ltd	17,241,731

Employee Involvement

It is the policy of the Group to encourage and develop all members of staff to realise their maximum potential. Wherever possible, vacancies are filled from within the Group and adequate opportunities for internal promotion are created. The Board is committed to a systematic training policy.

The Group supports the principle of equal opportunities in employment and opposes all forms of unlawful or unfair discrimination on the grounds of race, age, nationality, religion, ethnic or national origin, sexual orientation, gender or gender reassignment, marital status or disability.

It is also the policy of the Group, where possible, to give sympathetic consideration to disabled persons in their application for employment within the Group, and to protect the interests of existing members of the staff who are disabled.

The Group is committed to a comprehensive training and development programme creating the opportunity for employees to maintain and improve their performance and to develop their potential to a maximum level of attainment. In this way, staff will make their best possible contribution to the organisation's success.

Directors' Report

Year ended 31 December 2006 - continued

Close Company Status

So far as the Directors are aware the Company is not a close company for taxation purposes

Directors' Liability

As permitted by the Companies Act 1985, the Company has insurance cover for the Directors against liabilities in relation to the Group

Electronic voting

The Company has made provision for shareholders to vote electronically on the Resolutions to be considered at the Annual General Meeting and full instructions are included on the Form of Proxy enclosed with this Annual Report

Special Business

Five resolutions are set out under special business in the notice of this year's Annual General Meeting. The first three of these resolutions will be proposed as ordinary resolutions and the fourth and fifth as special resolutions

The purpose of the first resolution is to approve the Johnston Press 2007 Sharesave Plan. The second is to seek authority to implement a Restricted Stock Unit Scheme in the Republic of Ireland to match as closely as possible the Free Shares Scheme available to UK employees. Further information relating to these first two resolutions is to be found in the circular dated 7 March 2007 sent to shareholders with the Annual Report and Accounts

The purpose of the third of these resolutions is to renew the Directors' authority to allot shares up to a maximum nominal amount of £9,595,774 representing 33.33% of the existing issued ordinary share capital. The Directors have, however, no current intention of exercising that authority

The fourth resolution relates to the limited power given to the Directors to allot equity securities for cash representing up to 5% of the existing issued ordinary share capital, without the statutory pre-emption provisions of the Companies Act 1985 applying. This power, which accords with normal practice, expires on the date of this year's Annual General Meeting. The purpose of the resolution is to renew this power for a further year

The fifth item of special business is the renewal of the authority of the Company to purchase its own ordinary shares as permitted under its Articles of Association. This resolution will, if passed, give authority to make such purchases in the market. The Directors have no immediate intention of using such authority and would do so only when they consider it to be in the best interests of shareholders generally and an improvement in earnings per share would result. This Resolution specifies the maximum number of ordinary shares which may be purchased (representing approximately 10% of the Company's existing issued ordinary share capital) and the minimum and maximum prices at which they may be bought, reflecting the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 and the Financial Services Authority

Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company's auditors will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

By Order of the Board

P R Cooper, ACA
Secretary
53 Manor Place
Edinburgh
EH3 7EG
7 March 2007



Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Johnston Press plc

We have audited the group and parent company financial statements (the "financial statements") of Johnston Press plc for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the Group Income Statement, the Group Statement of Recognised Income and Expense, the Group and Parent Company Balance Sheets, the Group Cash Flow Statement, the Group Reconciliation of Shareholders' Equity and the related notes 1 to 43. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein. We have also audited the information in the Directors' Remuneration Report that is described as having been audited.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the group financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union, and for preparing the parent company financial statements and the Directors' Remuneration Report in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Group and Company Statements of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements and the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and whether the financial statements and the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited have been properly prepared in

accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and whether, in addition, the group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with Article 4 of the IAS Regulation. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements. The information given in the Directors' Report includes that specific information presented in the Business Review that is cross referred from the Review of Business section of the Directors' Report.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We review whether the Corporate Governance Statement reflects the company's compliance with the nine provisions of the 2003 Combined Code specified for our review by the Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority, and we report if it does not. We are not required to consider whether the board's statements on internal control cover all risks and controls, or form an opinion on the effectiveness of the group's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures.

We read the other information contained in the Annual Report as described in the contents section and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any further information outside the Annual Report.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the

accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements and the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements and the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the group financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, of the state of the group's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and Article 4 of the IAS Regulation,
- the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2006,
- the parent company financial statements and the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

Deloitte & Touche LLP
Chartered Accountants and Registered
Auditors
Edinburgh
United Kingdom
7 March 2007

Group Income Statement

For the year ended 31 December 2006

	Notes	Before non recurring items £'000	2006 Non recurring items £'000	Total £'000	Before non recurring items £'000	2005 Non recurring items £'000	Total £'000
Revenue	5	602,221	—	602,221	520,154	—	520,154
Cost of sales		(304,806)	—	(304,806)	(244,781)	—	(244,781)
Gross profit		297,415	—	297,415	275,373	—	275,373
Operating expenses	6	(110,642)	(15,143)	(125,785)	(95,163)	(2,614)	(97,777)
Operating profit	7	186,773	(15,143)	171,630	180,210	(2,614)	177,596
Investment income	9	583	—	583	371	—	371
Net finance income on pension assets/liabilities	10a	3,382	—	3,382	521	—	521
Finance costs	10b	(44,101)	—	(44,101)	(25,538)	(1,668)	(27,206)
Share of results of associates		60	—	60	81	—	81
Profit before tax		146,697	(15,143)	131,554	155,645	(4,282)	151,363
Tax	11	(41,204)	5,305	(35,899)	(44,857)	1,285	(43,572)
Profit for the year		105,493	(9,838)	95,655	110,788	(2,997)	107,791
Earnings per share (p)							
Earnings per share Basic	13	36.66	3.42	33.24	38.72	1.05	37.67
Earnings per share Diluted	13	36.54	3.41	33.13	38.47	1.04	37.43

All of the above revenue and profit is derived from continuing operations
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Group Statement of Recognised Income and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2006

	Revaluation Reserve £'000	Hedging and Translation Reserve £'000	Retained Earnings £'000	Total £'000
Profit for the year	—	—	95,655	95,655
Actuarial gain on defined benefit pension schemes (net of tax)	—	—	8,778	8,778
Revaluation adjustment	(65)	—	65	—
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	—	(374)	—	(374)
Change in fair value of financial instruments	—	9,749	—	9,749
Deferred taxation	—	(1,941)	—	(1,941)
Total recognised income and expense	(65)	7,434	104,498	111,867

For the year ended 31 December 2005

Profit for the year	—	—	107,791	107,791
Actuarial loss on defined benefit pension schemes (net of tax)	—	—	(803)	(803)
Revaluation adjustment	(249)	—	249	—
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	—	(43)	—	(43)
Change in fair value of financial instruments	—	12,990	—	12,990
Total recognised income and expense	(249)	12,947	107,237	119,935

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Group Reconciliation of Shareholders' Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2006

	Share Capital £'000	Share Premium £'000	Share based Payments Reserve £'000	Revaluation Reserve £'000	Own Shares £'000	Hedging and Translation Reserve Restated Note 21 £'000	Retained Earnings £'000	Total Restated Note 21 £'000
Opening balances as previously reported	29,772	327,437	2,770	2,587	(749)	(9,277)	123,975	476,515
Adjustment in respect of prior year note 21	—	—	—	—	—	5,955	—	5,955
Revised opening balances	29,772	327,437	2,770	2,587	(749)	(3,322)	123,975	482,470
Total recognised income and expense	—	—	—	(65)	—	7,434	104,498	111,867
Recognised directly in equity								
Dividends (note 12)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(25,113)	(25,113)
New share capital subscribed	121	3,852	—	—	—	—	—	3,973
Own shares purchased	—	—	—	—	(1,665)	—	—	(1,665)
Amounts written off	—	—	—	—	786	—	—	786
Provision for share based payments (note 32)	—	—	1,495	—	—	—	—	1,495
Net changes directly in equity	121	3,852	1,495	—	(879)	—	(25,113)	(20,524)
Total movements	121	3,852	1,495	(65)	(879)	7,434	79,385	91,343
Equity at the end of the year	29,893	331,289	4,265	2,522	(1,628)	4,112	203,360	573,813

For the year ended 31 December 2005

Opening balances pre IAS 39 adjustment	29,638	323,670	1,474	2,836	(795)	—	38,564	395,387
IAS 39 adjustment	—	—	—	—	—	(16,269)	—	(16,269)
Revised opening balances	29,638	323,670	1,474	2,836	(795)	(16,269)	38,564	379,118
Total recognised income and expense	—	—	—	(249)	—	12,947	107,237	119,935
Recognised directly in equity								
Dividends (note 12)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(21,826)	(21,826)
New share capital subscribed	134	3,767	—	—	—	—	—	3,901
Own shares purchased	—	—	—	—	(567)	—	—	(567)
Amounts written off	—	—	—	—	613	—	—	613
Provision for share based payments (note 32)	—	—	1,296	—	—	—	—	1,296
Net changes directly in equity	134	3,767	1,296	—	46	—	(21,826)	(16,583)
Total movements	134	3,767	1,296	(249)	46	12,947	85,411	103,352
Equity at the end of the year	29,772	327,437	2,770	2,587	(749)	(3,322)	123,975	482,470

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

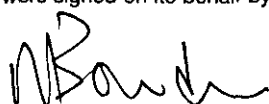
Group Balance Sheet

At 31 December 2006

		2006	2005
		£'000	Restated
	Notes		Notes 14/21
			£'000
Non current assets			
Goodwill	14	130,271	87,257
Other intangible assets	14	1,353,462	1,213,186
Property, plant and equipment	15	268,342	222,178
Available for sale investments	16	2,712	2,712
Interests in associates	17	33	48
Trade and other receivables	20	467	893
		1,755,287	1,526,274
Current assets			
Inventories	19	5,776	4,861
Trade and other receivables	20	81,877	70,204
Cash and cash equivalents		24,636	25,114
		112,289	100,179
Total assets		1,867,576	1,626,453
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	20	73,670	73,351
Tax liabilities		7,993	16,854
Obligations under finance leases	25	5	60
Retirement benefit obligation	23	4,272	4,350
Borrowings	21	2,290	47,604
		88,230	142,219
Non current liabilities			
Borrowings	21	750,753	588,821
Obligations under finance leases	25	—	12
Derivative financial instruments	22	11,539	9,234
Retirement benefit obligation	23	41,167	50,839
Deferred tax liabilities	24	399,174	347,530
Trade and other payables	20	431	2,821
Long term provisions	26	2,469	2,507
		1,205,533	1,001,764
Total liabilities		1,293,763	1,143,983
Net assets		573,813	482,470
Equity			
Share capital	27	29,893	29,772
Share premium account		331,289	327,437
Share based payments reserve		4,265	2,770
Revaluation reserve		2,522	2,587
Own shares		(1,628)	(749)
Hedging and translation reserve		4,112	(3,322)
Retained earnings		203,360	123,975
Total equity		573,813	482,470

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 7 March 2007

They were signed on its behalf by



T J Bowdler, Chief Executive Officer



S R Paterson, Chief Financial Officer

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Group Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 31 December 2006

	Notes	Year ended 2006 £'000	Year ended 2005 £'000
Cash generated from operations	30	187,140	182,055
Income tax paid		(37,489)	(44,564)
Net cash from operating activities		149,651	137,491
Investing activities			
Interest received		583	371
Dividends received from associated undertakings		75	91
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment		8,738	2,221
Proceeds on disposal of business	29	3,277	—
Proceeds on disposal of available for sale investments		—	28
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(65,040)	(63,642)
Acquisition of businesses	28	(165,535)	(308,356)
Net cash in businesses acquired	28	5,225	9,931
Net cash used in investing activities		(212,677)	(359,356)
Financing activities			
Dividends paid		(25,113)	(21,826)
Interest paid		(42,918)	(23,955)
Interest paid on finance leases		(15)	(15)
Repayments of borrowings		(29,685)	(157,679)
New borrowings		163,043	443,604
Arrangement fees on new borrowings		(548)	(1,505)
Principal payments under finance leases		(52)	(16)
Issue of shares		3,973	3,901
Purchase of own shares		(1,665)	(567)
Decrease in bank overdrafts		(4,472)	(5,082)
Net cash from financing activities		62,548	236,860
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(478)	14,995
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year		25,114	10,119
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year		24,636	25,114

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006

1. General information

Johnston Press is a company incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 1985. The address of the registered office is given on the back page. The nature of the Group's operations and its principal activities are set out in note 4 and in the Business Review on pages 10 to 31.

These financial statements are presented in pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates. Foreign operations are included in accordance with the policies set out in note 2.

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following Standards and Interpretations which have not been applied in these financial statements were in issue but not yet effective:

IFRS 7 Financial instruments: Disclosures, and the related amendment to IAS 1 on capital disclosures
IFRIC 8 Scope of IFRS 2
IFRIC 9 Reassessment of embedded derivatives
IFRIC 10 Interim reporting and impairments
IFRIC 11 IFRS 2: Group and Treasury Share Transactions
IFRIC 12 Service Concession Arrangements

The directors anticipate that the adoption of these Standards and Interpretations in future periods will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group except for additional disclosures on capital and financial instruments when the relevant standards come into effect for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2007.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) adopted for use in the European Union and therefore comply with Article 4 of the EU IAS Regulation.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of certain properties and financial instruments. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries) made up to 31 December each year. Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an investee entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the Group Income Statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Business combinations

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of the acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition under IFRS 3, including publishing titles, are recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date, except for non-current assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for resale in accordance with *IFRS 5 Non Current Assets Held for Sale and Discounted Operations*, which are recognised and measured at fair value less costs to sell.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognised as an asset and initially measured at cost, being the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised. If, after reassessment, the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceeds the cost of the business combination, the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 - continued

2 Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investments

Listed investments are shown as available for sale, initially recorded at cost in the period of acquisition and subsequently measured at fair value. Gains and losses on the fair value of available for sale investments are recognised in equity. On disposal or impairment of the investment, all relevant gains and losses are included in the Income Statement.

Other investments are shown at cost less provisions for impairment, except for investments in associates. In the Group financial statements, investments in associated undertakings are accounted for using the equity method and therefore the Group financial statements include the Group's share of the profit and net assets of associates.

Publishing titles

The Group's principal intangible assets are publishing titles. The Group does not capitalise internally generated goodwill or publishing titles. Titles separately acquired after 1 January 1989 are stated at cost and titles owned by subsidiaries acquired after 1 January 1996 are recorded at directors' valuation at the date of acquisition. These publishing titles have no finite life and consequently are not amortised. Every six months impairment tests are undertaken, as outlined with goodwill, to determine any diminution in the recoverable amount below carrying value. The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and the value in use based on the net present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the Group's pre-tax weighted average cost of capital. Any impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on consolidation represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of a subsidiary or associate at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill which is recognised as an asset is reviewed for impairment at least every six months. Any impairment is recognised immediately in profit or loss and is not subsequently reversed.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash generating units expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment every six months, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit, second to the value of publishing titles and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

On disposal of a subsidiary or associate, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

Goodwill written off to reserves under UK GAAP prior to 1998 has not been reinstated and is not included in determining any subsequent profit or loss on disposal.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes.

Advertising revenue is recognised on publication and circulation revenue is recognised at the point of sale. Printing revenue is recognised when the service is provided.

The trading for both years comprised 52 weeks.

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Foreign currencies

The individual financial statements of each Group company are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each Group company are expressed in pounds sterling, which is the functional currency of the Company and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of the individual companies, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are included in profit or loss for the period. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. For such non-monetary items, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised directly in equity.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated at exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified as equity and transferred to the Group's hedging and translation reserve. Such translation differences are recognised as income or as expenses in the period in which the operation is disposed of.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment balances are shown at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. In certain cases the amounts of previous revaluations of properties conducted in 1996 or 1997 or the fair value of the property at the date of the acquisition by the Group have been treated as the deemed cost on transition to IFRSs. Depreciation is provided on all property, plant and equipment, excluding land, at varying rates calculated to write-off cost over the useful lives. The principal rates employed are

Heritable and freehold property (excluding land)	2.5% on written down value
Leasehold land and buildings	equal annual instalments over lease term
Web offset presses (excluding press components)	5% straight line basis
Pre-press systems	20% straight line basis
Other plant and machinery	15% on written down value
	6.67%, 10%, 20%, 25% and 33% straight line basis
Motor vehicles	25% straight line basis

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value as follows:

Cost incurred in bringing materials to their present location and condition comprises, (a) raw materials and goods for resale at purchase cost on a first-in-first-out basis, and (b) work in progress at cost of direct materials, labour and certain overheads. Net realisable value comprises selling price less any further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. Assets held under the finance leases are capitalised within property, plant and equipment and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and their useful lives. The capital elements of future lease obligations are recorded as liabilities, while the interest elements are charged to the Income Statement over the period of the leases on the effective interest method. All other leases are classified as operating leases and rentals are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 - continued

2 Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Development grants

Development grants for revenue expenditure are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs and are deducted in reporting the related expense. Grants relating to property, plant and equipment are treated as deferred income and released to the Income Statement over the expected useful lives of the related assets.

Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging restructuring or other non recurring costs but before investment income, other finance income, finance costs and the share of the results of associates.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the Group's Balance Sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of that instrument.

The Group's activities and funding structure give rise to some exposure to the financial risks of changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. The Group uses interest rate swaps and cross currency interest rate swaps to hedge these exposures. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that are designated and effective as hedges of future cash flows are recognised directly in equity and the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the Income Statement. Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting, and changes in the fair value of fair value hedges, are recognised in the Income Statement as they arise.

Derivatives embedded in other financial instruments or other host contracts are treated as separate derivatives when their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of host contracts and the host contracts are not carried at fair value with unrealised gains or losses reported in the Income Statement.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate allowance for estimated irrecoverable amounts.

Trade payables

Trade payables are not interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value.

Borrowings

Interest bearing loans and bank overdrafts are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Finance charges, including premia payable on settlement or redemption and direct issue costs, are charged to the Income Statement using the effective interest method and are added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise.

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the Income Statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is measured on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax based values used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

2 Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the Income Statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

On transition to IFRS, a deferred tax liability has been recorded in respect of publishing titles and properties that do not qualify for any tax allowances that were acquired through business combinations. Given that the Group elected, under IFRS 1, not to restate pre-transition business combinations under IFRS 3, this pre-transition deferred tax element was charged against retained earnings. Any such fair value on future business combinations will form part of the goodwill on acquisition and both the goodwill and related deferred tax liability will be included in any impairment test in relation to the relevant cash generating unit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the relevant requirements of IAS 12 are satisfied.

Retirement benefit costs

The Group provides pensions to employees through various schemes.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged to the Income Statement as an expense as they fall due. Payments made to the industry wide retirement benefit schemes in the Republic of Ireland are dealt with as payments to defined contribution schemes where the Group's obligations under the schemes are equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme.

For defined benefit retirement benefit schemes, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in full in the period in which they occur. They are recognised outside the Income Statement and presented in the Statement of Recognised Income and Expense. Past service cost is recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested, and otherwise is amortised on a straight line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised past service cost, and as reduced by the fair value of scheme assets. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to past service cost, plus the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the scheme.

Share based payments

The Group issues equity settled share based benefits to certain employees. The Group has elected to apply IFRS 2 to all share based awards and options granted post 7 November 2002 but not vested at 31 December 2004. These share based payments are measured at their fair value at the date of grant and the fair value of share options is expensed to the Income Statement on a straight line basis over the vesting period. Fair value is measured by use of the Black Scholes model, as amended to take account of the Directors' best estimate of probable share vesting and exercise.

Dividends

Dividends payable to the Company's shareholders are recorded as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved. In the Company's financial statements, dividends receivable from subsidiaries are recognised as assets in the period in which the dividends are approved.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 - continued

3 Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Critical judgements in applying the group's accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 2, management has made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below)

Deferred tax balances on publishing titles and properties not eligible for tax allowances

Deferred tax amounting to £397,383,000 at 31 December 2006 (2005 restated £355,352,000), has been provided pursuant to IAS 12 (Income Taxes) on the values of the publishing titles in the Group's Balance Sheet and the value of properties that are not eligible for tax allowances. Management has considered it appropriate to provide this balance in order to comply with the technical requirements of IAS 12 despite the fact that management cannot foresee any future circumstances in which such a tax liability would arise.

Management has no intention at the present time to dispose of any of the assets concerned but, even if such a decision was to be taken at some future date, it is unlikely that the titles or properties would be sold separately from the legal entities that own the assets. As such, management is confident that this tax provision will never be required to be paid. Representations have been made to the IASB on this matter, but in the meantime the deferred tax balance has been provided in order to comply with the standard.

Valuation of publishing titles on acquisition

During the year the Group completed the acquisition and disposal described in notes 28 and 29. The Group's policies require that a fair value at the date of acquisition be attributed to the publishing titles owned by each acquired entity. The Group's management uses its judgement to determine the fair value attributable to each acquired publishing title taking into account the consideration paid, the earnings history and potential of the title, any recent similar transactions, industry statistics such as average earnings multiples and any other relevant factors. The fair values attributed to the titles acquired in 2006 are set out in note 28 and these values will be reviewed for impairment at a minimum twice annually in the future.

Valuation of share based payments

The Group estimates the expected value of share based payments and this is charged through the Income Statement over the vesting periods of the relevant payments. The cost is estimated using a Black Scholes valuation model. The Black Scholes calculations are based on a number of assumptions that are set out in note 32 and are amended to take account of estimated levels of share vesting and exercise. This method of estimating the value of the share based payments is intended to ensure that the actual value transferred to employees is provided in the share-based payments reserve by the time the payments are made.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the Balance Sheet date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

Impairment of goodwill and publishing titles

Determining whether goodwill or publishing titles are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash generating units to which these assets are allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to identify appropriate cash generating units, to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from each cash generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. The carrying amount of goodwill was £130,271,000 at 31 December 2006 and the carrying amount of publishing titles was £1,353,462,000 at the same date. No impairment losses have been identified or provided. Details of the impairment reviews that the Group performs are provided in note 14.

3. Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (continued)

Valuation of pension liabilities

The Group records in its Balance Sheet a liability equivalent to the deficit on the Group's defined benefit pension schemes. This liability is determined with advice from the Group's actuarial advisers each year and can fluctuate based on a number of factors some of which are out with the control of management. The main factors that can impact the valuation include:

- the discount rate used to discount future liabilities back to the present date. This is determined each year based on the yield on corporate bonds
- the actual returns on investments experienced as compared to the expected rates used in the previous pension scheme valuation
- the actual rates of salary and pension increase as compared to the expected rates used in the previous valuation
- mortality assumptions

Details of the assumptions used to determine the liability at 31 December 2006 are set out in note 23.

Bad debt allowance

The trade debtors balances recorded in the Group's Balance Sheet comprise large numbers of comparatively small balances. An allowance is made for the estimated irrecoverable amounts from debtors and this is determined by reference to past default experience.

4 Business and Geographical Segments

For management purposes the Group has two business segments, newspaper publishing (in print and online) and contract printing.

The business operates in two geographical segments which are the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland. Revenue, profit and the carrying value of assets in the Republic of Ireland are less than 10 per cent in both the current year and prior year and so have not been disclosed separately.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 continued

5. Segmental Analysis

a) Revenue

An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows

	Existing £'000	Acquisitions £'000	Total 2006 £'000	Total 2005 £'000
Newspaper publishing	515,757	60,384	576,141	499,041
Contract printing	25,986	94	26,080	21,113
Revenue sub total	541,743	60,478	602,221	520,154
Investment Income	452	131	583	371
Total revenue	542,195	60,609	602,804	520,525

The printing revenues excludes inter group revenue of £69 million (2005 £60 million)

b) Operating profit

An analysis of the Group's operating profit is as follows

	Existing £'000	Acquisitions £'000	Total 2006 £'000	Total 2005 £'000
Newspaper publishing	168,849	8,645	177,494	173,195
Contract printing	(5,864)	—	(5,864)	4,401
	162,985	8,645	171,630	177,596

Operating profit above is net of non-recurring items

c) Cost of sales and operating expenses

	Existing £'000	Acquisitions £'000	Total 2006 £'000	Total 2005 £'000
Cost of sales	266,358	38,448	304,806	244,781
Operating expenses				
Distribution costs	40,935	4,645	45,580	41,009
Administrative expenses before non recurring	58,431	6,631	65,062	54,154
	99,366	11,276	110,642	95,163
Non recurring administrative expenses	13,034	2,109	15,143	2,614
	112,400	13,385	125,785	97,777

5 Segmental Analysis (continued)

d) Other information

An analysis of the Balance Sheet and property, plant and equipment information by segments is as follows

	Newspaper publishing 2006 £'000	Contract printing 2006 £'000	Consolidated Total 2006 £'000	Newspaper publishing Restated Note 14/21 2005 £'000	Contract printing 2005 £'000	Consolidated Total Restated Note 14/21 2005 £'000
Additions to property, plant and equipment	16,413	44,826	61,239	14,096	59,323	73,419
Depreciation expense	12,718	17,067	29,785	11,279	8,644	19,923

Balance sheet

Assets

Intangibles	1,483,733	—	1,483,733	1,300,443	—	1,300,443
Property, plant and equipment	91,490	176,852	268,342	87,687	134,491	222,178
Interests in associates	33	—	33	48	—	48
Inventories	1,170	4,606	5,776	1,630	3,231	4,861
Trade and other receivables	77,601	4,743	82,344	68,417	2,680	71,097
Cash and cash equivalents	24,573	63	24,636	25,112	2	25,114
	1,678,600	186,264	1,864,864	1,483,337	140,404	1,623,741

Unallocated corporate assets

Available for sale investments			2,712			2,712
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Total consolidated assets			1,867,576			1,626,453
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Liabilities

Trade and other payables	65,903	8,198	74,101	64,469	11,703	76,172
Obligations under finance leases	5	—	5	72	—	72
	65,908	8,198	74,106	64,541	11,703	76,244

Unallocated corporate liabilities

Tax liabilities			7,993			16,854
Borrowings			753,043			636,425
Derivative instruments			11,539			9,234
Retirement benefit obligations			45,439			55,189
Provisions			2,469			2,507
Deferred tax liability			399,174			347,530

Total consolidated liabilities			1,293,763			1,143,983
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6 Non Recurring Items

An analysis of structural changes is as follows

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Restructuring costs of acquired businesses	2,109	591
Restructuring costs of existing business	6,717	2,925
Write down of value of presses in existing businesses	9,000	—
Profit on sale of property in existing business	(2,683)	(902)
	15,143	2,614

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 - continued

7 Operating Profit

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Operating profit is shown after charging/(crediting)		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 15)	29,785	19,923
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(3,175)	(891)
Redundancy costs	10,768	4,280
Staff costs (note 8)	205,583	169,137
Auditors' remuneration		
Audit services		
Group	40	40
Subsidiary companies	310	469
Operating lease charges		
Plant and machinery	1,266	845
Other	5,122	2,609
Net foreign exchange losses	32	119
Cost of inventories recognised as expense	62,847	50,621

Staff costs shown above included £2,798,000 (2005 £2,091,000) relating to emoluments of directors and key management personnel

In addition to the auditors' remuneration shown above, the auditors received the following fees for non audit services

	Year ended 2006 £'000	Year ended 2005 £'000
Review of Interim Financial Statements	33	31
Corporate activity	—	56
Audit of circulation and distribution figures of the Group's newspaper titles	267	220
Taxation compliance	82	85
Taxation advisory	38	23
	420	415

In addition, an amount of £22,000 (2005 £24,000) was paid to the external auditors for the audit of the Group's pension schemes

8 Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including executive directors, key management personnel and the acquired businesses on a pro rata basis, was

	Year ended 2006 No.	Year ended 2005 No.
Editorial and photographic	2,570	2,122
Sales and distribution	3,620	3,412
Production	1,742	1,621
Administration	891	779
	8,823	7,934
	£'000	£'000
Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	176,448	145,049
Social security costs	16,668	13,763
Other pension costs (note 23)	10,972	9,028
Cost of share based awards	1,495	1,297
	205,583	169,137

Full details of the Directors' emoluments, pension benefits and share options are included in the audited part of the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 52 to 59

9 Investment Income

	Year ended 2006 £'000	Year ended 2005 £'000
Income from fixed asset investments	79	265
Interest receivable	504	106
	583	371

10 Finance Costs

	Year ended 2006 £'000	Year ended 2005 £'000
a) Net finance income on pension assets/liabilities		
Interest on pension liabilities	19,217	16,505
Expected return on pension assets	(22,599)	(17,026)
	(3,382)	(521)
b) Finance costs		
Interest on bank overdrafts and loans	43,752	24,553
Interest on obligations under finance leases	15	17
Amortisation of term debt issue costs	334	968
	44,101	25,538
Non recurring		
Write off of term debt issue costs on old bank facility repaid	—	1,668
	44,101	27,206

11 Tax

	Year ended 2006 £'000	Year ended 2005 £'000
Current tax	28,528	36,806
Deferred tax (note 24)	7,371	6,766
	35,899	43,572

UK corporation tax is calculated at 30% (2005 30%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year. Taxation for other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdiction.

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit per the income statement as follows:

	Year ended 2006		Year ended 2005	
	£'000	%	£'000	%
Profit before tax	131,554	100.0	151,363	100.0
Tax at 30%	39,466	30.0	45,409	30.0
Tax effect of share of results of associate	(18)	—	(24)	—
Tax effect of expenses that are non deductible in determining taxable profit	137	0.1	102	0.1
Tax effect of investment income	(24)	—	(32)	—
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	(2,677)	(2.1)	(1,004)	(0.7)
Gain on sale of properties rolled over	(805)	(0.6)	—	—
Over provision in prior years	(180)	(0.1)	(879)	(0.6)
Tax expense for the year and effective rate	35,899	27.3	43,572	28.8

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 continued

12 Dividends

	Year ended 2006 £'000	Year ended 2005 £'000
Amounts recognised as distributions to equity holders in the period		
Final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2005 of 5 6p (2004 4 8p)	16,072	13,695
Interim dividend for the year ended 31 December 2006 of 3 1p (2005 2 8p)	8,889	7,979
Preference Dividends		
13 75% Cumulative Preference Shares	104	104
13 75% "A" Preference Shares	48	48
	25,113	21,826

The proposed dividend to be considered by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting is 6 2p per share making a total for the year of 9 3p

13 Earnings per Share

The calculation of earnings per share is based on the following profits and weighted average number of shares

	Year ended 2006 £'000	Year ended 2005 £'000
Earnings		
Profit for the year	95,655	107,791
Preference dividend	(152)	(152)
Earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share	95,503	107,639
Non recurring items (after tax)	9,838	2,997
Earnings for the purposes of underlying earnings per share	105,341	110,636
	2006	2005
Number of shares	No of shares	No of shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic earnings per share	287,327,428	285,762,958
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares share options	954,185	1,826,349
Number of shares for the purposes of diluted earnings per share	288,281,613	287,589,307
Earnings per share (p)		
Basic	33 24	37 67
Underlying	36 66	38 72
Diluted	33 13	37 43

Underlying figures are presented to show the effect of excluding non recurring items from earnings per share

As explained in note 27, the preference shares are considered to be equity under IAS 32. In line with IAS 33, the preference dividend and the number of preference shares are excluded from the calculation of earnings per share. The 2005 calculations have been amended to reflect this but the difference is immaterial.

14. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

	Goodwill Restated £'000	Publishing Titles £'000
Cost		
Opening balance as previously reported	101,635	1,213,186
Adjustment in respect of prior year – see below	(14,378)	–
Revised opening balances	87,257	1,213,186
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 28)	42,976	143,253
Disposal of business (note 29)	–	(3,277)
Adjustments	38	300
At 31 December 2006	130,271	1,353,462
Accumulated impairment losses		
At 1 January 2006 and 31 December 2006	–	–
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2006	130,271	1,353,462
At 31 December 2005	87,257	1,213,186

The adjustment in respect of the prior year reduces goodwill by £14,378,000 and relates to an amendment to the provisional fair value accounting of the overseas publishing titles acquired in 2005. Deferred taxation was provided at the UK rate of 30% until the split of the value of the publishing titles acquired was finalised. This has been completed in 2006 and the adjustment reflects the impact of the reduced rate of taxation on the value of the titles acquired in the Republic of Ireland in line with IAS 12. A corresponding adjustment has been made to the opening deferred tax balance in note 24.

The adjustment in 2006 to publishing titles and goodwill relates to a minor amendment to the fair value accounting on the acquisition of the overseas publishing titles in 2005. The adjustment increases publishing titles and goodwill by £300,000 and £38,000 respectively. There is also an impact on deferred taxation amounting to £216,000, part of the £300,000 adjustment, and £38,000 being the corresponding entry to goodwill, as shown in note 24.

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated, at acquisition, to the cash generating units (CGUs) that are expected to benefit from that business combination. The carrying value of goodwill and publishing titles by CGU is as follows:

	Goodwill		Publishing Titles	
	2006	2005 Restated	2006	2005
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Newspaper and contract printing segment CGUs				
Scotland Newspaper Division	53,530	10,554	188,175	44,922
Northeast Newspaper Division	–	–	63,812	63,812
North of England Newspaper Division	114	114	385,326	385,326
Northwest Newspaper Division	534	534	163,114	163,114
Midlands Newspaper Division	926	926	176,592	176,592
South of England Newspaper Division	–	–	132,549	132,549
Northern Ireland Newspaper Division	35,273	35,273	114,299	117,576
Republic of Ireland Newspaper Division	39,894	39,856	129,595	129,295
	130,271	87,257	1,353,462	1,213,186

The Group tests goodwill and publishing titles every six months for impairment, or more frequently if there are indications that they might be impaired.

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined from value in use calculations. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and expected changes to selling prices and direct costs during the period. Management estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. The discount rate used in 2006 was 7.83% (2005: 7.27%). The growth rates are based on industry growth forecasts. Changes in selling prices and direct costs are based on past practices and expectations of future changes in the market.

The Group prepares cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by management for the next year and extrapolates cash flows for the following 20 years based on estimated growth rates that do not exceed the average long term growth rate for the relevant markets. No residual value or perpetuity factor is currently assumed in the value of these calculations.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 - continued

15. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Freehold land and buildings £'000	Leasehold buildings £'000	Plant and machinery £'000	Motor vehicles £'000	Total £'000
Cost or valuation					
At 1 January 2005	51,999	4,656	181,600	20,961	259,216
Additions	20,327	1	49,247	3,844	73,419
Acquisitions of subsidiaries	6,210	168	6,670	241	13,289
Disposals	(997)	—	(222)	(464)	(1,683)
Exchange differences	(2)	(2)	(29)	—	(33)
At 31 December 2005	77,537	4,823	237,266	24,582	344,208
Additions	18,532	6	40,000	2,701	61,239
Acquisition of subsidiaries	6,564	—	13,838	—	20,402
Asset reclassification	(613)	601	(18)	30	—
Disposals	(4,514)	—	(1,724)	(497)	(6,735)
Exchange differences	(10)	(11)	(109)	(3)	(133)
At 31 December 2006	97,496	5,419	289,253	26,813	418,981
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2005	5,314	1,021	84,326	11,813	102,474
Disposals	(134)	—	(191)	(28)	(353)
Charge for the year	935	146	15,502	3,340	19,923
Exchange differences	(1)	(1)	(12)	—	(14)
At 31 December 2005	6,114	1,166	99,625	15,125	122,030
Disposals	(1,090)	—	(2)	(80)	(1,172)
Charge for the year	1,209	176	24,701	3,699	29,785
Exchange differences	—	(1)	(3)	—	(4)
At 31 December 2006	6,233	1,341	124,321	18,744	150,639
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2006	91,263	4,078	164,932	8,069	268,342
At 31 December 2005	71,423	3,657	137,641	9,457	222,178

Freehold land amounting to £13,149,000 (2005 £13,047,000) has not been depreciated

15. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
a) Freehold land and buildings comprise		
At valuation	31,510	36,024
At cost	65,986	41,513
	97,496	77,537

Professional valuations were carried out by members of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors on certain of the Group's buildings at 31 December 1997. Valuations were also carried out at 31 December 1996 by professional valuers on those properties acquired from Emap plc and Newsquest Media Group Ltd. The valuations were prepared on an existing use basis. The freehold properties acquired from Regional Independent Media Holdings Ltd and from the various acquisitions in 2005 and 2006 were valued by the directors following advice from a firm of Chartered Surveyors as part of the fair value accounting.

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
b) Historical cost figures for freehold buildings are		
Cost	93,281	74,382
Depreciation	(7,204)	(6,412)
	86,077	67,970

	£'000
c) Assets in the course of construction	
Plant and machinery	
At 1 January 2005	7,009
Movement in the year	30,291
At 31 December 2005	37,300
Additions	17,391
Press plant commissioned	(46,819)
At 31 December 2006	7,872

d) The Group plant additions include £7,872,000 (2005: £37,300,000) relating to progress payments in respect of new press plants. Depreciation is only charged from the date when these become available for commercial operations.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 - continued

16 Available for sale investments

The Group's available for sale investments are

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Listed investments at fair value	2	2
Unlisted investments		
Cost	4,494	4,494
Provision for impairment	(1,784)	(1,784)
Unlisted investments carrying amount	2,710	2,710
Total investments	2,712	2,712

17 Interests in associates

The Group's associated undertakings at 31 December 2006 are

Name	Place of incorporation and operation	Proportion of ownership interest	Proportion of voting power held	Method of accounting for investment
Classified Periodicals Ltd	England	50%	50%	Equity method
Free Admart Ltd	England	25%	25%	Equity method

The aggregate amounts relating to associates are

	Year ended 2006 £'000	Year ended 2005 £'000
Total assets	133	149
Total liabilities	(20)	(21)
Revenues	170	222
Profit	69	105

18. Investments in subsidiaries

A list of the significant investments in subsidiaries, including the name, country of incorporation and proportion owned, is given in note 36 to the Company's separate financial statements

19 Inventories

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Raw materials	5,483	4,572
Work in progress	2	2
Goods for resale	291	287
	5,776	4,861

20. Other Financial Assets and Liabilities

Trade and other receivables

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Current		
Trade debtors	70,494	61,014
Prepayments	5,633	4,611
Other debtors	5,750	4,579
	81,877	70,204
Non current		
Trade debtors	41	30
Prepayments	426	863
	467	893

The average credit period taken on sales is 50 days (2005 49 days) No interest is charged on the debtors. An allowance has been made for the estimated irrecoverable amounts from the sale of goods and services of £7,210,000 (2005 £7,517,000). This allowance has been determined by reference to past default experience.

The directors consider that the carrying amount of trade and other receivables approximates their fair value.

Bank balances and cash comprise cash held by the Group with an original maturity of three months or less. The carrying amount of these assets approximates their fair value.

Credit Risk

The Group's principal assets subject to credit risk are bank balances and cash, trade and other debtors and investments.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful debtors. An allowance for impairment is made where there is an identified loss event which, based on previous experience, is evidence of a reduction in the recoverability of the cash flows.

The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 - continued

20. Other Financial Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Trade and other payables

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Current		
Trade creditors and accruals	67,676	68,437
Other creditors	5,994	4,914
	73,670	73,351
Non current		
Trade and other creditors	431	2,821

Trade creditors and accruals principally comprise amounts outstanding for trade purchases and ongoing costs. The average credit period taken for trade purchases is 20 days (2005 16 days)

The directors consider that the carrying amount of trade payables approximates their fair value

21 Borrowings

	2006 £'000	2005 Restated £'000
Bank overdrafts	2,119	6,591
Bank loans	546,408	443,604
Guaranteed loan stock	8,272	60,761
2003 Private placement of 10 year senior notes	118,701	126,830
2006 Private placement of 8 and 10 year senior notes	79,118	—
	754,618	637,786

The borrowings are repayable as follows

On demand or within one year	2,686	47,892
In the second year	—	—
In the third to fifth years inclusive	554,113	463,064
After five years	197,819	126,830
	754,618	637,786
Less amount due for settlement within one year	(2,686)	(47,892)
Amount due for settlement after one year	751,932	589,894

The borrowings are shown in the balance sheet net of term debt issue costs of £1,575,000 of which £396,000 is deducted from current liabilities (2005 £1,361,000 of which £288,000 is deducted from current liabilities)

The Group's net debt is

Gross borrowings as above	754,618	637,786
Finance leases	5	72
Term debt issue costs	(1,575)	(1,361)
Cash and cash equivalents	(24,636)	(25,114)
Impact of currency hedge contracted rates	18,009	5,955
Net debt at currency hedge contracted rates	746,421	617,338

In the prior year the dollar denominated senior notes were translated at the hedge contracted rate. The opening balances for these senior notes and the related hedging translation reserve have been restated at the applicable year end rate. There is no impact on net income reported in the prior period.

21. Borrowings (continued)

Analysis of borrowings by currency

At 31 December 2006

	Total £'000	Sterling £'000	Euros £'000	US Dollars £'000
Bank overdrafts	2,119	2,119	—	—
Bank loans	546,408	439,000	107,408	—
Guaranteed loan stock	8,272	—	8,272	—
2003 Private placement of 10 year senior notes	118,701	60,000	—	58,701
2006 Private placement of 8 and 10 year senior notes	79,118	—	—	79,118
	754,618	501,119	115,680	137,819

At 31 December 2005

Bank overdrafts	6,591	6,403	188	—
Bank loans	443,604	348,215	95,389	—
Guaranteed loan stock 1996/2006	38,557	38,557	—	—
Other guaranteed loan stock	22,204	2,745	19,459	—
2003 Private placement of 10 year senior notes	126,830	60,000	—	66,830
	637,786	455,920	115,036	66,830

Interest rates

The weighted average interest rates were paid as follows

	Year ended 2006 %	Year ended 2005 %
Bank overdrafts	5.6	5.5
Bank loans	5.8	5.9
Guaranteed loan stock 1999/2006	5.3	5.8
2003 Private placement of 10 year senior notes	6.2	6.3
2006 Private placement of 8 and 10 year senior notes	5.6	—
	5.8	6.0

Borrowings of £440,000,000 (2005 £250,000,000) were arranged at fixed interest rates and expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. In May 2007 hedge arrangements totalling £100,000,000 will commence to replace expiring hedges of £190,000,000. Other borrowings are arranged at floating rates, thus exposing the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

The Group's foreign currency borrowings are retranslated at the prevailing year end exchange rate. The Group has in place cross currency swaps which are included in note 22 which hedge the fair value of the currency movement in these Group borrowings.

The floating rate overdrafts and loans bear interest at Libor plus or minus an agreed margin fixed at maturity intervals which can be monthly, quarterly or half yearly. The margin is based on the following:

- a) Overdraft 1% above Libor
- b) Loan stock 2000/2010 Libor
- c) Revolving Credit Facilities 1% above Libor with adjustments dependent on financial ratios

The hedging arrangements described in note 22 all relate to the Revolving Credit Facilities and the Private Placement of Senior Notes. They were a requirement of the Revolving Credit Facilities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 - continued

21. Borrowings (continued)

At 31 December 2006, the Group had Revolving Credit Facilities of £630 million with a number of banks maturing in 2010, together with a £30 million overdraft facility and two Private Placements of Senior Notes amounting to £216 million. The undrawn element of the Facilities at 31 December 2006 amounted to £75 million. The Guaranteed Loan Stock is part of the £630 million Revolving Credit Facilities and any redemptions over £1 million are funded from additional drawdowns from the Term Loan Facility.

The 2003 Private Placement of 10 year Senior Notes is made up of £60 million at a fixed rate of 6.3% and \$115 million at a fixed rate of 5.75%. Using hedging agreements, the latter tranche was swapped back into floating sterling to hedge the Group's exposure to dollar interest rates. The Private Placement of 2006 Senior Notes is made up of \$55 million at a fixed rate of 6.18% and \$100 million at a fixed rate of 6.28%. The total amount of \$155 million has been swapped back into fixed sterling of £40 million and floating sterling of £43 million, again to hedge the Group's exposure to dollar interest rates.

22. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Group has applied hedge accounting in accordance with the provisions of IAS 39.

	Year ended 2006 Liabilities £'000
Cross currency and other interest rate swaps - fair value	
Opening balance at 1 January 2006	(9,234)
Movement in fair value during the period	(2,305)
Closing balance at 31 December 2006	(11,539)
31 December 2006	
Current	—
Non-current	(11,539)
31 December 2005	
Current	—
Non-current	(9,234)

Currency derivatives

The Group utilises currency derivatives to hedge significant future transactions and cash flows. The Group is a party to a number of foreign currency forward contracts and options in the management of its exchange rate exposures. The instruments purchased are primarily denominated in the currencies of the Group's overseas subsidiaries and in US dollars in order to hedge the risks associated with the US dollar denominated senior loan notes. At the balance sheet date, the total notional amount of outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts that the Group has committed are as below:

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Forward foreign exchange contracts	155,828	72,785

22 Derivative Financial Instruments (continued)

The hedging arrangements are designed to address significant exchange exposures related to the senior loan notes and other commitments that exist at 31 December 2006. The arrangements are regularly reviewed and updated as required.

No amounts have been transferred to the Income Statement in respect of contracts matured during the period or in respect of changes in the fair value of non hedging currency derivatives (2005: nil).

The Group's currency derivatives are used to hedge the fair value of the exchange exposure on the US \$ denominated senior notes.

Interest rate swaps

The Group uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to interest rate movements on its bank borrowings. Contracts with nominal values of £190 million have fixed interest payments at an average rate of 5.15 per cent for periods up until 2007. Contracts with a nominal value of £100 million have fixed interest payments at an average rate of 4.59 per cent for periods up to the beginning of 2011. Contracts with nominal values of €70 million have fixed interest payments at an average rate of 3.09 per cent for periods up to 2009. In addition, at the balance sheet date, the Group had entered into further interest rate swaps with a nominal value of £100 million with fixed interest payments at an average of 4.49 per cent for the period from 2007 to 2010.

The fair value of swaps entered into at 31 December 2006 is estimated at a liability of £11,539,000 (2005: £9,234,000). These amounts are based on market values of equivalent instruments at the balance sheet date. All of these interest rate swaps are designated and effective as cash flow hedges and the fair value thereof has been recognised directly in equity.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 continued

23. Retirement Benefit Obligation

Throughout 2006 the Group operated the Johnston Press Pension Plan (JPPP), together with the following schemes for all or part of the year

- The Scotsman Publications Pension Plan was inherited with the acquisition of The Scotsman Publications Ltd on 4 January 2006. This continued as a separate scheme until it was merged with the JPPP on 1 November 2006.
- The Group received approval for a new defined contribution scheme for the Republic of Ireland, the Johnston Press (Ireland) Pension Scheme. This was launched in the Autumn and all Republic of Ireland employees were invited to join.
- Through the acquisitions in the Republic of Ireland in the second half of 2005, the Group inherited three final salary schemes. Two are industry wide schemes and the third is for a small number of employees in Limerick. There are no additional financial implications to the Group if these schemes are terminated. Consequently, the Group's obligations to these schemes is included in Long Term Provisions and the details shown below exclude these schemes.

The JPPP is in two parts, a defined contribution scheme and a defined benefit scheme. The latter is closed to new members. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group. The contributions are determined by a qualified actuary on the basis of a triennial valuation using the projected unit method. The financial information provided below relates to the defined benefit element of the JPPP.

The defined contribution schemes provide for employee contributions between 2.5% dependent on age, with higher contributions from the Group. In addition, the Group bears the majority of the administration costs and also life cover. There are also executive sections of the scheme with increased contribution rates from both the employee and employer.

The pension cost charged to the Income Statement was as follows

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Defined benefit schemes	5,194	4,161
Defined contribution schemes and Irish schemes	5,778	4,867
	10,972	9,028

Major assumptions:

	Valuation at 2006	Valuation at 2005
Discount rate	5.1%	4.7%
Expected return on scheme assets	6.9%	6.5%
Expected rate of salary increases	3.8%	3.5%
Future pension increases	2.8%	2.5%
Life expectancy		
Male	18.1 years	18.1 years
Female	21.0 years	21.0 years

Amounts recognised in the Income Statement in respect of defined benefit schemes.

	Year ended 2006 £'000	Year ended 2005 £'000
Current service cost	5,194	4,161
Interest cost	19,217	16,505
Expected return on scheme assets	(22,599)	(17,026)
	1,812	3,640

Of the current service cost for the year, £3,866,000 (2005: £3,287,000) has been included in cost of sales and £1,328,000 (2005: £874,000) has been included in operating expenses. Interest cost and expected return on scheme assets are included in finance costs. Actuarial gains and losses have been reported in the Group Statement of Recognised Income and Expense.

23 Retirement Benefit Obligation (continued)

Amounts included in the balance sheet

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Present value of defined benefit obligations	420,913	364,727
Fair value of scheme assets	375,474	309,538
Deficit in scheme	45,439	55,189
Past service cost not yet recognised in balance sheet	—	—
Total liability recognised in balance sheet	45,439	55,189
Amount included in current liabilities	(4,272)	(4,350)
Amount included in non current liabilities	41,167	50,839

Movements in the present value of defined benefit obligations

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
At 1 January	364,727	312,194
Service costs	5,194	4,161
Interest costs	19,217	16,505
Contribution from scheme members	4,504	3,830
Changes in assumptions underlying the defined benefit obligations	(2,547)	37,623
Benefits paid	(11,564)	(9,586)
Liabilities assumed in a business combination	41,382	—
At 31 December	420,913	364,727

Movements in the fair value of scheme assets

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
At 1 January	309,538	241,608
Expected return on scheme assets	22,599	17,026
Actual return less expected return on scheme assets	7,828	36,454
Contributions from the sponsoring companies	7,219	20,206
Contributions from scheme members	4,504	3,830
Benefits paid	(11,564)	(9,586)
Assets acquired in a business combination	35,350	—
At 31 December	375,474	309,538

Analysis of the scheme assets and the expected rate of return

	Expected return		Fair value of assets	
	2006 %	2005 %	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Equity instruments	7.6%	7.1%	262,832	226,341
Debt instruments	4.9%	4.5%	63,831	45,890
Property	6.1%	5.6%	30,038	28,286
Other assets	5.8%	6.1%	18,773	9,021
	6.9%	6.5%	375,474	309,538

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 continued

23 Retirement Benefit Obligation (continued)

History of experience adjustments

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
Present value of defined benefit obligations	420,913	364,727	312,194	277,800
Fair value of scheme assets	375,474	309,538	241,608	212,400
Deficit in the scheme	45,439	55,189	70,586	65,400
Experience adjustments on scheme liabilities Amount (£'000)	2,547	(37,623)	(15,202)	(13,954)
Percentage of scheme liabilities (%)	0.6%	(10.3%)	(4.9%)	(5.0%)
Experience adjustments on scheme assets Amounts (£'000)	7,828	36,454	5,073	17,831
Percentage of scheme assets (%)	2.1%	11.8%	2.1%	8.4%

The estimated amounts of contributions expected to be paid to the scheme during the current financial year is £6,900,000

24. Deferred Tax

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting period

	Accelerated tax depreciation £'000	Intangible assets Restated Note 14 £'000	Pension balances £'000	Share based payments £'000	Other timing differences £'000	Total Restated Note 14 £'000
At 1 January 2005	13,192	283,595	(24,751)	(442)	(1,022)	270,572
Charge/(credit) to income	4,378	—	3,069	(389)	(292)	6,766
Credit to equity	—	—	(325)	—	—	(325)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	(306)	86,135	(92)	—	(842)	84,895
At 31 December 2005 as previously reported	17,264	369,730	(22,099)	(831)	(2,156)	361,908
Adjustment in respect of prior year (note 14)	—	(14,378)	—	—	—	(14,378)
Revised balance at 31 December 2005	17,264	355,352	(22,099)	(831)	(2,156)	347,530
Adjustment (note 14)	216	38	—	—	—	254
Disposal of business	—	(983)	—	—	755	(228)
Charge/(credit) to income	3,163	—	3,786	422	—	7,371
Debit to equity	—	—	1,969	—	1,941	3,910
Acquisition of subsidiaries	(829)	42,976	(1,810)	—	—	40,337
At 31 December 2006	19,814	397,383	(18,154)	(409)	540	399,174

24. Deferred Tax (continued)

Certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes:

	2006 £'000	2005 Restated Note 14 £'000
Deferred tax liabilities	417,737	372,616
Deferred tax assets	(18,563)	(25,086)
	399,174	347,530

At the balance sheet date, the aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with undistributed earnings of subsidiaries for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised was £20,810,000 (2005 £11,940,000). No liability has been recognised in respect of these differences because the Group is in a position to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that such differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Temporary differences arising in connection with interests in associates are insignificant.

25. Obligations Under Finance Leases

	Present value of minimum lease payments	
	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Amounts payable under finance leases		
Within one year	5	60
In the second to fifth years inclusive	—	12
	5	72
Less amounts due for settlement within one year (shown under current liabilities)	(5)	(60)
Amount due for settlement after one year	—	12

The amount of future finance charges are not significant. All lease obligations are denominated in sterling and the above obligations are secured by the lessor's rights over the leased assets.

26. Long Term Provisions

	Unfunded pensions £'000	Post retirement health costs £'000	Obligations to industry sponsored pension schemes £'000	Total £'000
At 1 January 2006	1,220	452	835	2,507
Exchange differences	—	—	(17)	(17)
Paid during the year	—	(21)	—	(21)
At 31 December 2006	1,220	431	818	2,469

The unfunded pension provision is assessed by a qualified actuary at each year end. The post retirement health costs represent management's estimate of the liability concerned. The obligations to industry sponsored pension schemes were assessed by actuarial advisors.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 continued

27. Share Capital

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Authorised		
390,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 10p each (2005 390,000,000)	39,000	39,000
756,000 13 75% Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each (2005 756,000)	756	756
415,000 13 75% "A" Preference Shares of £1 each (2005 415,000)	415	415
	40,171	40,171
Issued		
287,873,223 Ordinary Shares of 10p each (2005 286,668,718)	28,787	28,666
756,000 13 75% Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each (2005 756,000)	756	756
349,600 13 75% "A" Preference Shares of £1 each (2005 349,600)	350	350
	29,893	29,772
During the year ended 31 December 2006, Ordinary Shares of 10p each were issued and allotted as follows		
		£'000
686,470 shares under the terms of the executive share option schemes for a consideration of £2,382,149		69
518,035 shares under the terms of the save as you earn scheme for a consideration of £1,589,566		52
Total at 31 December 2005		28,666
Total at 31 December 2006		28,787

Details of options outstanding are shown in note 32

The Company has only one class of ordinary shares which has no right to fixed income. All the preference shares carry the right, subject to the discretion of the Company to distribute profits, to a fixed dividend of 13 75% and rank in priority to the ordinary shares. Given the discretionary nature of the dividend right, the preference shares are considered to be equity under IAS 32.

28 Acquisition of Subsidiaries

The Scotsman Publications Limited

On 4 January 2006, the Group acquired 100 per cent of the issued share capital of The Scotsman Publications Limited for cash consideration of £95,008,000. The Scotsman Publications Limited is the parent company of a group of companies involved in newspaper publishing. This transaction has been accounted for by the purchase method of accounting.

	Book value £'000	Fair value adjustments £'000	Fair value £'000
Net assets acquired			
Publishing titles	97,219	46,034	143,253
Property plant and equipment	23,165	(2,763)	20,402
Inventories	851	(87)	764
Trade and other receivables	5,842	128	5,970
Cash and cash equivalents	5,225	—	5,225
Trade and other payables	(75,687)	(339)	(76,026)
Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets	1,810	829	2,639
Deferred tax liability on publishing titles	—	(42,976)	(42,976)
Retirement benefit obligation	(6,032)	—	(6,032)
	52,393	826	53,219
Goodwill			42,976
Total consideration excluding debt			96,195
Satisfied by:			
Cash			95,008
Directly attributable costs			1,187
			96,195
Net cash flows arising on acquisition			
Cash consideration including costs settled on acquisition			96,195
Net debt settled at acquisition			69,340
			165,535
Cash and cash equivalents acquired			(5,225)
Net cash flow arising on acquisition			160,310

All of The Scotsman Publications Limited's post acquisition revenue and profit before tax for the 2006 calendar year is incorporated in the results of the Group. There was no profit generated in the first four days of trading of 2006.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 - continued

29 Disposal of Business

On 18 December 2006, the Group sold the Farm Week newspaper title in Northern Ireland to a subsidiary of Irish News Ltd. It was an asset sale agreement which included all the employees associated with the title. Farm Week was originally acquired as part of the Group's acquisition of Score Press Ltd in August 2005 and its disposal followed discussions with The Office of Fair Trading.

The consideration received net of all costs and commissions was £3.3 million. A disposal of a title outside a group company is exceptionally rare but, given the circumstances of this sale, a tax liability is due on the sale. The Group has losses available in a dormant company that will cover most of the liability as shown in note 24.

30 Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Operating profit	171,630	177,596
Adjustments for		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	29,785	19,923
Currency differences	(328)	41
Own shares written off	786	613
Cost of share based payments	1,495	1,296
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(3,175)	(891)
Movement on pension provision	(1,652)	(16,566)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	198,541	182,012
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(151)	371
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	(5,405)	3,890
Decrease in payables	(5,845)	(4,218)
Cash generated by operations	187,140	182,055

Cash and cash equivalents (which are presented as a single class of assets on the face of the balance sheet) comprise cash at bank and other short term highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less.

31. Guarantees and Other Financial Commitments

a) Lease commitments

The Group has entered into non cancellable operating leases in respect of plant and machinery, the payments for which extend over a period of years. The total annual rental for 2006 was £1,266,000 (2005 £845,000). In addition, the Group leases certain land and buildings on short term and long term operating leases. The annual rental on these leases was £5,122,000 (2005 £2,609,000). The rents payable under property leases are subject to renegotiation at various intervals specified in the leases. The Group pays insurance, maintenance and repairs of these properties.

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
The total amounts payable under the foregoing leases are as follows		
Plant		
Within one year	535	378
Between two and five years	632	414
	1,167	792
Land and buildings		
Within one year	3,946	3,365
Between two and five years	13,793	11,258
After five years	24,425	16,475
	42,164	31,098
b) Capital commitments		
Contracted for but not provided	14,063	32,552

c) Bank guarantees

A guarantee is in place with the Group's bankers and Private Placement Senior Note holders which requires a specific proportion of the Group's assets and profits to be held within the guarantor group of companies.

d) Contingent liability

In March 2004, HMRC issued a tax assessment for £86 million against one of the RIM Group companies Johnston Press acquired in 2002. With interest the potential liability now exceeds £100 million. The assessment relates to the sale of the RIM companies by United Business Media Plc (UBM) in 1998. At a Special Commissioner's hearing in 2006, the Chairman ruled in favour of HMRC but this decision has been appealed. In the event of proven liability the Group holds a full tax indemnity from UBM and accordingly no provision for any liability is reflected in these financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 - continued

32. Share based Payments

Equity settled share option scheme

Options over ordinary shares are granted under the Executive's Share Option Scheme. Options are exercisable at a price equal to the closing quoted market price of the Company's shares on the day prior to the date of grant. The vesting period is 3 years. If the options remain unexercised after a period of 10 years from the date of grant, the options expire. Options are forfeited if the employee leaves the Group before the options vest.

Details of the share options outstanding during the year

	2006		2005	
	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price (in p)	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price (in p)
Outstanding at beginning of period	2,660,221	430	2,394,702	382
Granted during the period	—	—	817,336	497
Forfeited during the period	(44,438)	504	(27,502)	392
Exercised during the period	(686,470)	347	(524,315)	318
Outstanding at the end of the period	1,929,313	506	2,660,221	430
Exercisable at the end of the period	483,245	333	335,379	311

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during the period was 347p. The options outstanding at 31 December 2006 had a weighted average exercise price of 506p, and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 7.3 years. In 2006, no options were granted. In 2005, options were granted on 17 March, 27 April and 30 June and the aggregate of the estimated fair values of the options granted on that date is £1.1 million.

Inputs into the Black-Scholes model

	2006	2005
Weighted average share price	—	497p
Weighted average exercise price	—	497p
Expected volatility	—	35%
Expected life	—	3 years
Risk free rate	—	5%
Expected annual dividend yield	—	1%

Expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the Group's share price over the previous 1 year. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioural considerations.

The Group recognised total expenses of £1,495,000 and £1,296,000 related to equity settled share based payment transactions in 2006 and 2005 respectively.

32 Share based Payments (continued)

Group Savings Related Share Option Scheme

The Company operates a Group savings related share option scheme. This has been approved by the Inland Revenue and is based on eligible employees being granted options and their agreeing to save weekly or monthly in a sharesave account with Halifax plc for a period of either 3, 5 or 7 years. The right to exercise is at the discretion of the employee within six months following the end of the period of saving.

Options outstanding under savings related scheme at 31 December 2006

Option Grant Date	Number of Shares	Issue price per Share
29 09 99	11,883	278 25p
29 09 00	38,184	310 67p
27 09 01	41,340	274 65p
27 09 02	987,799	279 00p
26 09 03	302,879	345 50p
29 09 04	445,556	414 50p
29 09 05	601,481	397 00p
29 09 06	961,898	306 00p
29 09 06	159,645	311 50p

The above options were issued to employees at a price equivalent to the average mid market price for the 30 days prior to 6 September 1999, 4 September 2000, 3 September 2001, 30 August 2002, 29 August 2003, 27 August 2004, 2 September 2005 and 1 September 2006 respectively. A discount of 20% to the average mid market price was applied to the issues in 2002 and thereafter.

33. Related Party Transactions

The Group undertook transactions, all of which were on an arms' length basis, and had balances outstanding at 31 December 2006 and 2005 with related parties as shown below.

Related party	Purchases		Creditors		Sales		Debtors	
	2006 £'000	2005 £'000	2006 £'000	2005 £'000	2006 £'000	2005 £'000	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Classified								
Periodicals Ltd	58	73	1	—	43	54	2	2
Free Admart Ltd	95	101	23	24	—	—	—	—

Classified Periodicals Ltd is an associated undertaking of Johnston Press plc, which re-publishes in a separate publication classified advertisements which appear in the Group's titles and those of certain other publishers. Free Admart Ltd publishes a separate title in conjunction with other newspaper publishers. The Group provided certain administrative, distribution and production services to Classified Periodicals Ltd.

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given or received. No provisions have been made for doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties.

Company Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements. The Directors have chosen to prepare the financial statements for the Company in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period and comply with UK GAAP and the Companies Act 1985.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal controls, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Company Balance Sheet

At 31 December 2006

	Notes	2006 £'000	2005 Restated Note 42 £'000
Fixed Assets			
Tangible	35	831	904
Investments	36	1,100,698	953,563
		1,101,529	954,467
Current assets			
Stocks	37	311	299
Debtors due within one year	38	77,820	52,162
due after more than one year	38	441,642	441,981
Cash at bank and in hand		1,861	6,337
		521,634	500,779
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	39	(56,134)	(117,550)
Net current assets		465,500	383,229
Total assets less current liabilities		1,567,029	1,337,696
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	40	(760,661)	(575,365)
Provisions for liabilities	42	(1,220)	(1,220)
Net assets		805,148	761,111
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	27		
Ordinary		28,787	28,666
Preference		1,106	1,106
		29,893	29,772
Reserves	43	775,255	731,339
Shareholders' funds		805,148	761,111

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 7 March 2007 and were signed on its behalf by



T J Bowdler, Chief Executive Officer



S R Paterson, Chief Financial Officer

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Notes to the Company Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006

34. Significant Accounting Policies

The separate financial statements of the Company are presented as required by the Companies Act 1985. As permitted by that Act, the separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Applicable Accounting Standards. No profit and loss account is presented as permitted by section 230 of the Companies Act 1985. Of the Group profit for the year, £64,561,000 (2005: £96,835,000) is dealt with in the financial statements of the parent company. The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the revaluation of certain fixed assets. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed asset balances are shown at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all property, plant and equipment, excluding land, at varying rates calculated to write-off cost over the useful lives. The principal rates employed are:

Hertable and freehold property (excluding land)	2.5% on written down value
Leasehold land and buildings	equal annual instalments over lease term
Other plant and machinery	15% on written down value
Motor vehicles	6.67%, 10%, 20%, 25% and 33% straight line basis
	25% straight line basis

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less, where appropriate, provisions for impairment. Listed investments are shown at current market valuation. Upward revaluations are credited to the revaluation reserve. Downward revaluations in excess of any previous upward revaluations are taken to the Profit and Loss Account.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value as follows:

Cost incurred in bringing materials to their present location and condition comprises, (a) raw materials and goods for resale at purchase cost on a first in first-out basis, and (b) work in progress at cost of direct materials, labour and certain overheads. Net realisable value comprises selling price less any further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Borrowings

Interest bearing loans and bank overdrafts are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Finance charges, including premia payable on settlement or redemption and direct issue costs, are charged to the Profit and Loss Account using the effective interest method and are added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise.

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the Profit and Loss Account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is measured on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which such assets can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the Profit and Loss Account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Share based payments

The Company issues equity settled share-based benefits to certain employees. These share based payments are measured at their fair value at the date of grant and the fair value of expected shares is expensed to the Profit and Loss Account on a straight line basis over the vesting period. Fair value is measured by use of the Black Scholes model, as amended to take account of the Directors' best estimate of probable share vesting and exercise.

Dividends

Dividends payable to the Company's shareholders are recorded as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved. In the Company's financial statements, dividends receivable from subsidiaries are recognised as assets in the period in which the dividends are approved.

35. Tangible Fixed Assets

	Freehold buildings £'000	Leasehold buildings £'000	Plant and machinery £'000	Motor vehicles £'000	Total £'000
Cost or valuation					
At 1 January 2005	1,320	400	437	78	2,235
Additions	—	—	12	25	37
Disposals	(730)	—	(189)	(15)	(934)
At 31 December 2005	590	400	260	88	1,338
Additions	—	—	7	—	7
Transfers	—	—	—	(25)	(25)
Disposals	—	—	—	(4)	(4)
At 31 December 2006	590	400	267	59	1,316
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2005	214	65	373	33	685
Disposals	(134)	—	(189)	(6)	(329)
Charge for year	28	8	22	20	78
At 31 December 2005	108	73	206	47	434
Disposals	—	—	—	(2)	(2)
Transfers	—	—	—	(10)	(10)
Charge for year	12	8	23	20	63
At 31 December 2006	120	81	229	55	485
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2006	470	319	38	4	831
At 31 December 2005	482	327	54	41	904

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
a) Freehold land and buildings comprise		
At valuation	590	590
At cost	—	—
	590	590

Professional valuations were carried out by members of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors on certain of the Company's buildings at 31 December 1997

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
b) Historical cost figures for freehold buildings are		
Cost	542	542
Depreciation	(126)	(112)
	416	430

Notes to the Company Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 - continued

36 Investments

	Subsidiary Undertakings £'000	Unlisted investments £'000	Total £'000
Cost			
At 1 January 2006	951,821	3,526	955,347
Acquisitions	167,135	—	167,135
Group transfer	(20,000)	—	(20,000)
At 31 December 2006	1,098,956	3,526	1,102,482
Provisions for impairment			
At 1 January 2006 and 31 December 2006	—	1,784	1,784
Net book value			
At 31 December 2006	1,098,956	1,742	1,100,698
Net book value			
At 1 January 2006	951,821	1,742	953,563

Effective from 1 January 2006 the Company transferred its investment in Leinster Leader Ltd to an Irish based subsidiary for a consideration of new shares and a loan note amounting to £20 million

The company's principal subsidiary undertakings are as follows:

Name of company	Country of incorporation and operation	Proportion of ownership interest	Nature of Business
Johnston Publishing Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Johnston Press (Ireland) Ltd	Republic of Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers
Johnston (Falkirk) Ltd	Scotland	100%	Newspaper publishers and printers
Strachan & Livingston Ltd	Scotland	100%	Newspaper publishers
Wilfred Edmunds Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
North Notts Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
Yorkshire Weekly Newspaper Group Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
Sussex Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
T R Beckett Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Halifax Courier Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Isle of Man Newspapers Ltd	Isle of Man	100%	Newspaper publishers and printers
South Yorkshire Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
Yorkshire Regional Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
*East Midlands Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
Welland Valley Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
Anglia Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
Northamptonshire Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
Central Counties Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
Premier Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
Bedfordshire Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers

36 Investments (continued)

Name of company	Country of incorporation and operation	Proportion of ownership interest	Nature of Business
Peterboro' Web Ltd	England	100%	Contract printers
*Northampton Web Ltd	England	100%	Contract printers
*Portsmouth Publishing & Printing Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers and printers
*Northeast Press Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers and printers
*The Tweeddale Press Group Ltd	Scotland	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Yorkshire Post Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers and printers
*Ackrill Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
*The Reporter Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Sheffield Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers and printers
*Lancashire Evening Post Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Lancashire Publications Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Lancaster & Morecambe Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Blackpool Gazette & Herald Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
*East Lancashire Newspapers Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Best Asian Media Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Thorne Gazette Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Ashwell Associates Ltd	England	100%	Newspaper publishers
Score Press Ltd	Scotland	100%	Holding Company
*Morton Newspapers Ltd	Northern Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers and printers
*Kilkenny People Publishing Ltd	Republic of Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers and printers
*Angus County Press Ltd	Scotland	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Galloway Gazette Ltd	Scotland	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Stornoway Gazette Ltd	Scotland	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Longford Leader Ltd	Republic of Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Leitrim Observer Ltd	Republic of Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Leinster Leader Ltd	Republic of Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers and printers
*Leinster Express Ltd	Republic of Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Dundalk Democrat Ltd	Republic of Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Limerick Leader Ltd	Republic of Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers and printers
*Tallaght Publishing Ltd	Republic of Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Leader Print Ltd	Republic of Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers
Local Press Ltd	Northern Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Derry Journal Ltd	Northern Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Century Newspapers Ltd	Northern Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers
*Donegal Democrat Ltd	Republic of Ireland	100%	Newspaper publishers
The Scotsman Publications Ltd	Scotland	100%	Newspaper publishers and printers

*Held through subsidiary

There is no difference in the proportions of ownership interest shown above and the voting power held. All investments in subsidiary undertakings are held at cost, less, where appropriate, provisions for impairment.

Notes to the Company Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 continued

37. Stocks

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Raw materials	18	10
Work in progress	2	2
Goods for re-sale	291	287
	311	299

38 Debtors

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	63,242	43,684
Corporation tax recoverable	14,505	8,342
Trade and other debtors and prepayments	73	136
	77,820	52,162
Amounts falling due after more than one year		
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	440,401	440,401
Deferred tax asset note 42	1,241	1,580
	441,642	441,981

39 Creditors amounts falling due within one year

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Borrowings	10,173	48,462
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings	36,169	59,415
Other taxes and social security costs	513	432
Accruals and deferred income	9,210	9,124
Other creditors	69	117
	56,134	117,550

40 Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Borrowings	760,661	575,316
Other creditors	—	49
	760,661	575,365

41 Borrowings

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
The company's bank overdrafts and loans comprise		
Bank overdrafts (secured)	10,002	7,448
Bank loans	546,408	443,604
Guaranteed loan stock	171	41,302
2003 Private placement of 10 year senior notes	132,785	132,785
2006 Private placement of 8 and 10 year senior notes	83,043	—
	772,409	625,139

The borrowings are repayable as follows.

On demand or within one year	10,569	48,750
Within one to two years	—	—
Within two to five years	546,012	443,604
More than five years	215,828	132,785
	772,409	625,139

Less amount due for settlement within one year	(10,569)	(48,750)
Amount due for settlement after one year	761,840	576,389

The borrowings are shown in the balance sheet net of term debt issue costs of £1,575,000 of which £396,000 is deducted from current liabilities (2005 £1,361,000 of which £288,000 is deducted from current liabilities)

Other details relating to the bank overdrafts and loans are set out in note 21

Notes to the Company Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 - continued

42. Provisions for liabilities

	Deferred Tax £'000	Unfunded Pensions £'000	Total £'000
At 31 December 2005 as previously reported	(1,580)	1,220	(360)
Transfer deferred taxation to debtors	1,580	—	1,580
At 1 January 2006	—	1,220	1,220
Credit to profit	—	—	—
At 31 December 2006	—	1,220	1,220

To improve the balance sheet presentation, the deferred tax asset, which exceeds the unfunded pensions liability, has been transferred to debtors due after more than one year

The following are the major deferred tax assets recognised by the Company and movements thereon during the year see note 38

	Accelerated tax depreciation £'000	Pension balances £'000	Share based payments £'000	Other timing differences £'000	Total £'000
At 31 December 2005	(53)	(366)	(831)	(330)	(1,580)
Charge/(credit) to profit	7	—	422	(90)	339
At 31 December 2006	(46)	(366)	(409)	(420)	(1,241)

43. Reserves

	Share Premium £'000	Share-based Payments Reserve £'000	Revaluation Reserve £'000	Retained Earnings £'000	Other Reserves £'000	Own Shares £'000	Total £'000
At 1 January 2006	327,437	2,770	51	382,320	19,510	(749)	731,339
Profit for the year	—	—	—	64,561	—	—	64,561
Revaluation adjustment	—	—	(1)	1	—	—	—
Dividends	—	—	—	(25,113)	—	—	(25,113)
Share premium on new share capital subscribed	3,852	—	—	—	—	—	3,852
Own shares purchased	—	—	—	—	—	(1,665)	(1,665)
Amounts written off	—	—	—	—	—	786	786
Provision for share based payments	—	1,495	—	—	—	—	1,495
At 31 December 2006	331,289	4,265	50	421,769	19,510	(1,628)	775,255

Further details of share-based payments are shown in note 32

Group Five Year Summary

	UK GAAP		IFRS		
	2002 £'000	2003 £'000	2004 £'000	2005 £'000	2006 £'000
Income Statement					
Revenue	428,394	491,843	519,299	520,154	602,221
Operating profit on ordinary activities	131,217	163,033	178,211	180,210	186,773
Share of associates' operating profit	401	581	174	81	60
Non recurring items	(6,185)	(2,452)	(769)	(2,614)	(15,143)
Profit before interest and taxation	125,433	161,162	177,616	177,677	171,690
Net interest payable	(32,708)	(33,210)	(27,817)	(26,314)	(40,136)
Profit before taxation	92,725	127,952	149,799	151,363	131,554
Taxation	(26,861)	(38,264)	(43,187)	(43,572)	(35,899)
Profit for the year	65,864	89,688	106,612	107,791	95,655
Statistics					
Basic earnings per share	24 65p	31 57p	37 41p	37 67p	33 24
Underlying earnings per share	26 75p	32 36p	37 77p	38 72p	36 66
Operating profit to turnover	30 7%	33 3%	34 4%	34 6%	31 0%
Balance Sheet					
Intangible assets	927,557	927,557	927,557	1,300,443	1,483,733
Property, plant and equipment	154,084	156,972	156,742	222,178	268,342
Investments	4,663	3,980	2,798	2,760	2,745
Net current assets/(liabilities)	1,086,304 (46,828)	1,088,509 (64,500)	1,087,097 (84,836)	1,525,381 (41,147)	1,754,820 24,526
Total assets less current liabilities	1,039,476	1,024,009	1,002,261	1,484,234	1,779,346
Non current liabilities	(472,559)	(372,750)	(264,002)	(600,888)	(762,723)
Long term provisions	(5,952)	(16,327)	(342,872)	(400,876)	(442,810)
Net Assets	560,965	634,932	395,387	482,470	573,813
Shareholders' Funds					
Ordinary Shares	28,339	28,399	28,532	28,666	28,787
Preference Shares	1,106	1,106	1,106	1,106	1,106
Reserves	531,520	605,427	365,749	452,698	543,920
Capital Employed	560,965	634,932	395,387	482,470	573,813

The 2004 year was a 53 week period

Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the seventy eighth Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held in The Wallace Suite, The Sheraton Hotel, 1 Festival Square, Edinburgh on 27 April 2007 at 12 00 noon to transact the following business of the Company

- 1 To receive the Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2006 and the reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon
- 2 To receive the Directors' Remuneration Report for the year ended 31 December 2006
- 3 To declare a dividend
- 4 To re elect Mr RG Parry, Mr SR Paterson, Ms MA King, Mr SJ Waugh and Mr FPM Johnston as Directors of the Company and to elect Mr ISM Russell as a Director of the Company
- 5 To re appoint Deloitte & Touche LLP, Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors, as auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration

As special business, to consider and, if thought fit, pass the following Resolutions of which numbers 6 to 8 will be proposed as Ordinary Resolutions and numbers 9 and 10 will be proposed as Special Resolutions

Ordinary Resolutions

- 6 That the rules of the Johnston Press 2007 Sharesave Plan (the "Plan") referred to in the Chairman of the Board's letter to shareholders dated 7 March 2007 and produced in draft to this meeting and, for the purposes of identification, initialed by the Chairman, be approved and the Directors be authorised to
- (a) make such modifications to the Plan as they may consider appropriate to take account of the requirements of HM Revenue and Customs, best practice and for the implementation of the Plan and to adopt the Plan as so modified and to do all such other acts and things as they may consider appropriate to implement the Plan, and
- (b) establish further plans based on the Plan but modified to take account of local tax, exchange control or securities laws in overseas territories, provided that any shares made available under such further plans are treated as counting against the limits on individual or overall participation in the Plan
- 7 That the rules of the Johnston Press Restricted Stock Unit Scheme (the "RSUS") referred to in the Chairman of the Board's letter to shareholders dated 7 March 2007 and produced to this meeting and, for the purposes of identification, signed by the Chairman, be and are hereby approved and the Directors be and are hereby authorised to adopt and implement the RSUS, including making any modifications they consider appropriate to take account of best practice and any specific local considerations that apply in the Republic of Ireland
- 8 That the Directors be and are hereby generally and unconditionally authorised in accordance with Section 80 of the Companies Act 1985 ("the Act") to exercise all powers of the Company to allot relevant securities (as defined for the purpose of that section) up to a maximum nominal amount of £9,595,774. This authority shall expire on 27 April 2012 save that the Company may, before this authority expires, make an offer or agreement which would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after it expires. All previous general authorities under Section 80 of the Act shall cease to have effect

Special Resolutions

- 9 That, subject to the passing of Resolution 8 set out in the notice of this meeting, the Directors be and are hereby empowered pursuant to the provisions of Section 95 of the Companies Act 1985 ("the Act") to allot equity securities (within the meaning of Section 94 of the Act) pursuant to the authority granted by that Resolution for cash, as if sub section (1) of Section 89 of the Act did not apply to any such allotment provided that this power shall be limited
- (i) to the allotment of such equity securities in connection with a rights issue in favour of Ordinary Shareholders where the equity securities respectively attributable to the interests of all Ordinary Shareholders are proportionate (as nearly as may be) to the respective numbers of Ordinary Shares held by them subject only to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors may consider necessary or expedient to deal with fractional entitlements or legal or practical problems under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body in, any territory, and
- (ii) to the allotment (otherwise than pursuant to sub paragraph (i) above) of equity securities up to an aggregate nominal value of £1,439,366

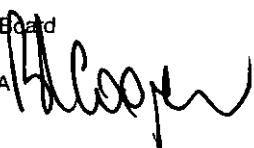
This power shall expire, unless previously revoked or varied, on the date of the Annual General Meeting of the Company held in 2008 save that the Company may before such expiry make an offer or agreement which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry and the Directors may allot equity securities in pursuance of such offer or agreement as if the power conferred hereby had not expired

10 That the Company be and is hereby generally and unconditionally authorised to make market purchases (within the meaning of Section 163(3) of the Companies Act 1985) of ordinary shares of 10p each in the Company ('Ordinary Shares') PROVIDED THAT

- (i) the maximum number of Ordinary Shares hereby authorised to be acquired is 28,000,000,
- (ii) the maximum price which may be paid for any such Ordinary Share is an amount equal to 105% of the average of the middle market quotations for an Ordinary Share as derived from The London Stock Exchange Daily Official List for the five business days immediately preceding the day on which the share is contracted to be purchased and the minimum price which may be paid for any such share is 10p (in each case exclusive of associated expenses), and
- (iii) the authority hereby conferred shall expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or 12 months from the date of the passing of this resolution, whichever is the earlier, but a contract of purchase may be made before such expiry which will or may be completed wholly or partly thereafter, and a purchase of Ordinary Shares may be made in pursuance of any such contract

By Order of the Board

P R Cooper, ACA
Secretary
53 Manor Place
Edinburgh
EH3 7EG
7 March 2007



Notes

- A In accordance with the Articles of Association, only holders of Ordinary Shares of the Company are entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting
- B An Ordinary Shareholder entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy or proxies to attend and, on a poll, vote instead of him. A proxy need not be a member of the Company
- C A form of proxy is enclosed for Ordinary Shareholders which, to be valid, must be completed in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and be lodged with the Company's Registrars not later than 48 hours before the time of the Meeting
- D The Register of Directors' interests in the share capital of the Company maintained under section 325 of the Companies Act 1985, will be available for reference at the place of the Meeting from 11 30am until its conclusion
- E Copies of all Directors' Service Contracts will be available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) from the date of this Notice until the date of the Meeting and on that date at the place of the Meeting from 11 30am until its conclusion
- F A copy of the draft rules of the Johnston Press 2007 Sharesave Plan will be available for inspection at the offices of New Bridge Street Consultants LLP, 20 Little Britain, London EC1A 7DH during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and English public holidays excluded) until the close of the Annual General Meeting and at the place of the Annual General Meeting on that date from 11 30am and during the Annual General Meeting

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