Registered number: OC400494

IRONWALL CAPITAL MANAGEMENT LLP

ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018





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INFORMATION

Designated Members

Greg Gliner Ironwall Capital Services Ltd Paul Brunsden

Members

Veronica Bourlakova Vineet Dilip Patil

LLP registered number

OC400494

Registered office

2 Conduit Street London England W1S 2XB

Independent auditor

MHA MacIntyre Hudson New Bridge Street House 30-34 New Bridge Street London EC4V 6BJ

MEMBERS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

The Members present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of Ironwall Capital Management LLP ("the LLP") for year ending 31 March 2018. The comparative period is from 1 March 2016 to 31 March 2017.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the LLP in the year ended 31 March 2018 review was the provision of investment management services. The LLP was authorised by the Financial Conduct Authority ("the FCA") on 1 March 2016.

Members

The members of the LLP during the year ending 31 March 2018 and up to the date of approval of this report were:

Designated Members

Greg Gliner Ironwall Capital Services Ltd Paul Brunsden

Members

Veronica Bourlakova Vineet Dilip Patil

Members' capital and interests

Each member's subscription to the capital of the LLP is determined by their share of the profit and is repayable following retirement from the LLP, in accordance with the Limited Liability Partnership deed dated 7 April 2016.

Members are remunerated from the profits of the LLP and are required to make their own provision for pensions and other benefits. Profits are allocated and divided between members after finalisation of the financial statements. Members draw a proportion of their profit shares monthly during the year in which it is made, with the balance of profits being distributed after the end of the financial year, subject to the cash requirements of the business.

Result and distributions

The profit for the year ending 31 March 2018, before members' remuneration and profit shares, was £297,852 (period from 1 March 2016 to 31 March 2017: £255,322). The LLP's Statement of Financial Position as detailed on page 8 shows a satisfactory position with Members' total interests amounting to £181,202 as at 31 March 2018 (2017: £248,749).

Going concern

The LLP has sufficient financial resources and ongoing arrangements for the provision of investment management services which are expected to continue for the foreseeable future. Thus the Members believe that the LLP will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of the approval of these financial statements and it is envisaged that assets under management will be maintained at such a level that the related management fee income of the LLP will continue to exceed costs.

MEMBERS' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Also the Members have undertaken to provide any funding necessary for the LLP to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The Members have assessed the going concern status of the LLP and concluded that there are no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the LLP ability to continue as a going concern.

Accordingly the financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis.

Key performance indicators

The LLP's key performance indicators relate to maintaining costs within budget, ensuring the LLP meets its regulatory requirements and the performance of the underlying funds under management and the impact that poor performance of these funds has on revenues. All of these are reviewed on an on-going basis by the Members.

Principal risk and uncertainties

The principal risks affecting the LLP relate to managing the cost level against budget, meeting regulatory requirements and the performance of the underlying funds under management and the impact that poor performance of these funds has on revenue and longer term, the ability to attract and retain investors in those funds operational risk.

The LLP is exposed to foreign exchange risks as income is received in US Dollars and expenses are incurred in Pounds Sterling; management monitor the US Dollar cash balance and covert US Dollar receipts into Pounds Sterling on a timely basis.

Other risks such as market price risk and interest rate risk, credit, liquidity, regulatory, legal and operational risks are considered to have minimal potential impact.

Members' responsibilities statement

The Members are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The Companies Act 2006 as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008 (the "2008 Regulations") made under the Limited Liability Partnership Act 2000), requires the Members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under these regulation the Members have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'). Under company law as applied to LLPs, the Members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the LLP and of the profit or loss of the LLP for the period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the LLP will continue in business.

MEMBERS' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

The Members have confirmed that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The Members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the LLP's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the LLP and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with these Regulations. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the LLP and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are Members at the time when this Members' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that Member is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the LLP's auditor is unaware, and
- that each Member has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Member in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the LLP's auditor is aware of that information.

Independent auditor

The auditors, MHA MacInty/e Hudson, have indicated willingness to continue in office. A resolution concerning their reappointment will be but to the members at the meeting approving these financial statements.

Paul Brunsden
Designated Member

Date: /1/7//8

Independent auditor's report to the Members of Ironwall Capital Management LLP

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ironwall Capital Management LLP (the "LLP") for the year ended 31 March 2018, which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of financial position, the Reconciliation of movement in Members' interests, the Statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the LLP's affairs as at 31 March 2018, and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the LLP in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Members have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
 that may cast significant doubt about the LLP's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
 basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
 statements are authorised for issue.





Independent auditor's report to the Members of Ironwall Capital Management LLP (continued)

Other information

The Members are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Members' report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of Members

As explained more fully in the Members' responsibilities statement set out on page 3, the Members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Members are responsible for assessing the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Members either intend to liquidate the LLP or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditors/audit-assurance. This description forms part of our auditor's report.



Independent auditor's report to the Members of Ironwall Capital Management LLP (continued)

Use of our Report

This report is made solely to the LLP's Members, as a body, in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, as applied by Part 12 of the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the LLP's Members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the LLP and the LLP's Members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

David King (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of MHA MacIntyre Hudson, Statutory Auditor

New Bridge Street House 30 - 34 New Bridge Street London. EC4V 6BJ

1 July 2018

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Note	2018 £	Period from 1 March 2016 to 31 March 2017 £
Turnover	4	984,819	953,532
Administrative expenses	5	(686,967)	(698,210)
Operating profit	6	297,852	255,322
Profit for the year before members' remuneration and profit shares available for discretionary division among members	:	297,852	255,322

There were no other items of comprehensive income for the current year or prior period other than those included in the Statement of Comprehensive income shown above.

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

The notes on pages 13 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

IRONWALL CAPITAL MANAGEMENT LLP REGISTERED NUMBER: OC400494

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

	Note		2018 £		Period from 1 March 2016 to 31 March 2017
Current assets					
Debtors	8	748,165		393,920	
Cash at bank	9	106,997		174,974	
	-	855,162		568,894	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(7,843)	•	(6,409)	
Net current assets	-		847,319		562,485
Total assets less current liabilities		_	847,319		562,485
Net assets		-	847,319		562,485

IRONWALL CAPITAL MANAGEMENT LLP REGISTERED NUMBER: OC400494

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

	AO AT 011	IIIANON EU IU			
	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Represented by:					
Loans and other debts due to members within one year					
Other amounts			151,683		164,701
		•	151,683	•	164,701
Members' other interests					
Members' capital classified as equity		188,000		188,000	
Other reserves classified as equity		507,636		209,784	
	-		695,636		397,784
			847,319		562,485
Total members' interests		•		•	
Amounts due from members (included in debtors)	8		(666,117)		(313,736)
Loans and other debts due to members			151,683		164,701
Members' other interests			695,636		397,784
		•	181,202		248,749
Λ		;		;	

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Members and were signed on their behalf by:

Paul Brunsden Designated Member

Date: 11/7/18

The notes on pages 13 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' INTERESTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Members Members'	EQUITY ' other inter	ests	DEBT Loans and other debts due to members less any amounts due from members in debtors		Total members' interests
	capital (classified as	Other		Other		
	equity)	reserves	Total	amounts	Total	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Amounts due to members (unaudited)				46,688	46,688	
Amounts due from members (unaudited)				(59,333)	(59,333)	
Balance at 1 March 2016 (unaudited)	186,000	(45,538)	140,462	(12,645)	(12,645)	127,817
Profit for the period available for	100,000	(45,550)	140,402	(12,043)	(12,040)	127,017
discretionary division among						
members		255,322	255,322	-	-	255,322
No. of the control of						
Members' interests after profit for the year	186,000	209,784	395,784	(12,645)	(12,645)	383,139
Amounts introduced by members	2,000	•	2,000	•	-	2,000
Drawings	-	-	-	(255,973)	(255,973)	(255,973)
Other movements	•	-	-	119,583	119,583	119,583
Amounts due to members				164,701	164,701	
Amounts due from members				(313,736)	(313,736)	
			···-			
Balance at 31 March 2017	188,000	209,784	397,784	(149,035)	(149,035)	248,749
Profit for the year available for						
discretionary division among members	_	297,852	297,852	_	_	297,852
members						
Members' interests after profit						
for the year	188,000	507,636	695,636	(149,035)	(149,035)	546,601
Drawings Other movements	-	-	-	(296,230) (69,169)	(296,230) (69,169)	(296,230) (69,169)
Amounts due to members	**************************************			151,683	151,683	
Amounts due from members				(666,117)	(666,117)	
Balance at 31 March 2018	188,000	507,636 	695,636	(514,434)	(514,434)	181,202
						

There are no existing restrictions or limitations which impact the ability of the members of the LLP to reduce the amount of Members' other interests.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

		Period from 1 March
		2016
		to 31 March
	2018	2017 £
Cash flows from operating activities	£	£
Profit for the financial year	297,852	255,322
Adjustments for:		,
Increase in debtors	(1,864)	(73,310)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	1,434	(51,315)
Net cash generated from operating activities	297,422	130,697
Cash flows from financing activities		
Members' capital contributed	· -	2,000
Drawings	(296,230)	(255,973)
Other movements	(69,169)	119,583
Net cash used in financing activities	(365,399)	(134,390)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(67,977)	(3,693)
Cash and cash equivalents 1 April 2017 / 1 March 2016	174,974	178,667
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March	106,997	174,974
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March comprise:		
Cash at bank	106,997	174,974
	106,997	174,974

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1. General information

Ironwall Capital Management LLP ("the LLP") is a Limited Liability Partnership incorporated in England. The address of its registered office and place of business is 2 Conduit Street, London, England, W1S 2XB

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006 and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships".

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the LLP's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised on an accruals basis to the extent that it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the LLP and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

2.3 Expenses

Expenses incurred have been recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Financial instruments

Financial assets

The LLP's financial assets comprise basic financial instruments, being accrued income, amounts due from members, other receivables and cash and bank balances.

Cash is represented by deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of no more than 24 hours.

Accrued income, amounts due from members and other receivables are initially measured at transaction price and thereafter at the undiscounted amount expected to be received less any impairment. Any impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are dérecognised when contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, or when substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

Impairment

An impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that the LLP would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial liabilities

The LLP's financial liabilities comprise basic financial liabilities, being trade and other payables. These are initially measured at transaction price and thereafter at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The LLP's functional and presentational currency is Pounds Sterling.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within 'administrative expenses'.

2.6 Taxation

No taxation is reflected in the accounts as tax is borne by the individual members in a personal capacity on their attributable profit shares and not the LLP.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Members' capital and profit allocations

Policies for Members' drawings, subscriptions and repayment of Members' capital are governed by the amended Limited Liability Partnership Deed dated 7 April 2016. In summary, capital is contributed by each Member upon admission to the LLP and shall be repayable only at the discretion of the Managing Member if: they cease to be a Member and their capital repayment is offset by other Members contributions; the LLP is dissolved or wound up; the LLP ceases to be authorised by the FCA or the LLP has received permission from the FCA in respect of the return of such a capital contribution. As the Members do not have the right to withdraw capital contributions without the permission of the managing Member, capital contributions are classified as equity.

Members may draw on account their share of income profits as determined by the managing Member and agreed with the Members from time to time. After the managing Member has made appropriate allowance for such amounts are required to: (i) meet anticipated current or reasonably foreseeable liabilities and expenditure of the Partnership; (ii) cover any other contingencies in accordance with general principles of prudent management; and (iii) satisfy an obligation imposed on the LLP by the FCA to maintain a required minimum level of financial resources, including the capital adequacy requirements. Income profits shall be allocated to the Members at the discretion of the managing Member.

Amounts due to Members following a discretionary division of profits are credited to Members' current accounts in the period when the allocation occurs. Unallocated profits and losses are included within other reserves and any drawings paid in respect of these unallocated profits are included within debtors.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the date and the amounts reported for revenue and expenses during the period.

Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies

The Members have not been required to apply any critical judgement in applying the accounting policies.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The LLP makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates may not equal actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

Impairment of debtors

The LLP makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade and other debtors. When assessing impairment of trade and other debtors, management considers factors including the current credit rating of the debtor, the ageing profile of debtors and historical experience. See note 8 for the net carrying amount of the debtors and associated impairment provision.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

4. Turnover

Turnover for the year ending 31 March 2018 and for the period 1 March 2016 to 31 March 2017 is stated net of VAT and arises from the provision of investment management services to the Cayman Islands from the United Kingdom.

5. Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses include premises costs, professional fees and foreign exchange gains and losses.

6. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

		Period from
		1 March
		2016
		to 31 March
·	2018	2017
	£	£
Auditor's remuneration - audit services	5,000	5,000
Foreign exchange gain	(458)	-

7. Information in relation to members

	2018 Number	Period from 1 March 2016 to 31 March 2017 Number
The average number of members during the year ending 31 March 2018		
was	5	5

The profit available for discretionary division among Members for the year ending 31 March 2018 was £255,322 (2017: £255,322).

The allocation of profits to individual partners for the year ending 31 March 2018 has yet to be decided (period from 1 March 2016 to 31 March 2017: No profit allocation has been made), hence the amount allocated to the members with the highest allocation is not yet known.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

8.	Debtors		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Other debtors	690	184
	Accrued income	81,358	80,000
	Amounts due from members	666,117	313,736
		748,165	393,920
9.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Cash at bank	106,997	174,974
		106,997	174,974
10.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Trade creditors	-	1,101
	Accruals and deferred income	7,843	5,308
		7,843	6,409

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Financial instruments		
	2018 £	2017 £
Financial assets	•	٤
Cash at bank	106,997	174,974
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	748,165	393,920
	855,162	568,894
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(159,526)	(171,110)
	(159,526)	(171,110)

Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost comprise of debtors.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise of creditors and amount due to Members.

12. Capital

11.

The LLP is regulated by the FCA and subject to the capital requirements imposed by FCA rules. For these purposes the LLP measures regulatory capital as the total of Members' other interests, less any drawings in excess of profits which amounted to £695,636 as at 31 March 2018 (2017: £397,784). As at 31 March 2018 exceeded the externally imposed capital requirements as set by FCA (2017: exceeded).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

13. Financial instrument and associated risks

The LLP's activities expose it to credit, liquidity and market risk.

a) Credit risk

The LLP's exposure to credit risk arises from its cash balances and amounts receivable. Cash balances are held at highly rated banking institutions in the UK. Receivables at the date of the Statement of Financial Position relate to amounts due from members, accrued income and other debtors.

The credit risk is mitigated by the close monitoring of the recoverability of all debtors.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the amounts at which the assets are included on the Statement of Financial Position.

b) Liquidity risk

The LLP's exposure to liquidity risk arises from its obligations to trade creditors and accruals payable. At the date of the Statement of Financial Position all amounts owed were payable on demand and the LLP had sufficient cash to pay its financial liabilities.

c) Market risk

The LLP has no indirect or direct exposure to price or interest rate risk. The LLP has exposure to foreign exchange risk as it receives fee income in US dollars and pays expenses in Pounds Sterling. Management mitigate this foreign exchange risk by monitoring the US dollars cash balance and converting US dollars receipts into Pounds Sterling on a timely basis.

14. Loans and other debts due to Members

	2018 £	2017 £
Other amounts due to Members	(151,683)	(164,701)
	(151,683)	(164,701)
Loans and other debts due to Members may be further analysed as follows:		_
	2018 £	2017 £
Falling due within one year	(151,683)	(164,701)
	(151,683)	(164,701)

Loans and other debts due to Members rank equally with debts due to ordinary creditors in the event of a winding up.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

15. Related party transactions

Ironwall Capital Services Ltd is a related party of the LLP as it is a member of the LLP.

During the year ending 31 March 2018, the LLP had expenses amounting to £6,790 (period ending 1 March 2016 to 31 March 2017: £22,040) paid on its behalf by Ironwall Capital Services Ltd and transferred £804,146 (period ending 1 March 2016 to 31 March 2017: £620,880) to Ironwall Capital Services Ltd. Also during the year ended 31 March 2018, Ironwall Capital Services Ltd invoiced the LLP for management fee totalling £674,188 (period ending 1 March 2016 to 31 March 2017: £650,000). At 31 March 2018 the LLP was owed £56,151 by Ironwall Capital Services Ltd (2017: the LLP owed £67,018) to Ironwall Capital Services Ltd.

16. Controlling party

The immediate and ultimate controlling party is Greg Gliner.