REPORT OF THE MEMBERS AND
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022
FOR
QUAY PARTNERS INVESTMENTS (UK) LLP



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### **GENERAL INFORMATION** for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

**DESIGNATED MEMBERS:** 

L Zubaite T S W Ekanayake Quay Partners (UK) Ltd

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

3 Queen Street London W1J 5PA

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

OC400454 (England and Wales)

**AUDITOR:** 

MHA MacIntyre Hudson, Statutory Auditor

6th Floor 2 London Wall Place

London EC2Y 5AU

**BANKERS:** 

National Westminster Bank Plc

23 Brunswick Place **Chandlers Ford** Southampton Hampshire SO15 2AQ

# REPORT OF THE MEMBERS for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

The members present their annual report with the financial statements of Quay Partners Investments (UK) LLP (the LLP) for the year ended 31 March 2022.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the LLP in the year under review was the provision of investment management services. The LLP is regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA).

The members do not anticipate any changes in the nature of the LLP's principal activity going forward.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

Turnover for the year ended 31 March 2022 was £1,312,507 (2021: £726,580). Profit for the year ended 31 March 2022 was £142,082 (2021: £117,655). The LLP's Statement of Financial Position, as detailed on page 7, as at 31 March 2022 shows a positive net asset position with members' total interests amounting to £88,610(2021: £93,771).

Profitability increased during the year ended 31 March 2022, as the LLP increased the number of clients for whom it manages assets, and hence revenue increase. This increase in revenue was partially offset by an increase in costs of sales and expenses.

#### **DESIGNATED MEMBERS**

The designated members during the year ended 31 March 2022 and up to the date of approval of this report were:

L Zubaite T S W Ekanayake Quay Partners (UK) Ltd

#### **RESULTS FOR THE YEAR AND ALLOCATION TO MEMBERS**

The profit for the year before members' remuneration and profit shares was £142,082 (2021 - £117,655 profit).

#### **MEMBERS' INTERESTS**

Members' advanced drawings are taken on the anticipated profits of the LLP in accordance with the Limited Liability Partnership Agreement dated 1 June 2016. Rights of a member to share in the income profits (expressed as a percentage) is outlined in the Limited Liability Partnership Agreement.

### **GOING CONCERN**

The Members have assessed the ability of the Partnership to continue as a going concern for the next 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. That assessment includes the impact of COVID-19.

The Members consider that the Partnership will be able maintain sufficient income levels to generate sufficient liquid resources that will enable the Partnership to meet its costs and liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The Partnership's Members and employees have the ability to work from home with secure access to all of the Partnership's IT applications. Hence the Members consider the Partnership has, and can, maintain full operational capabilities.

The Members have concluded that there are no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern for a period for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements and accordingly, the financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis.

### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal risks and uncertainties are the LLP's ability to secure and retain clients. The LLP is also exposed to risks associated with the maintenance and performance of assets under discretionary management and the level of related fee income to the LLP.

The LLP has no significant exposure to market (price, interest rate or foreign currency) risk, or to legal or operation risks.

# REPORT OF THE MEMBERS for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

#### STATEMENT OF MEMBERS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Members are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008 (the "2008 Regulations") require the Members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under these regulations the Members have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'. Under Regulation 8 of the 2008 Regulations, the Members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business; and
- follow applicable accounting standards subject to material departures being disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

The Members confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

Under Regulation 6 of the 2008 Regulations, the Members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and that enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with those regulations. The Members are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Members are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information maintained on the Partnership's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

#### **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR**

So far as the members are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the LLP's auditor is unaware, and each member has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a member in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the LLP's auditor is aware of that information.

#### AUDITOR

The auditor, MHA MacIntye Hudson, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Date: ON BEHALF OF THE MEMBERS:

L Zubaite - Designated member

07/28/2022

# Independent auditor's report to the members of Quay Partners Investments (UK) LLP

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Quay Partners Investments (UK) LLP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 31 March 2022, which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of financial position, the reconciliation of movement in Members' interests, the statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 31 March 2022, and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the members with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The members are responsible for the other information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.





# Independent auditor's report to the members of Quay Partners Investments (UK) LLP (continued)

#### Responsibilities of members

As explained more fully in the members' responsibilities statement set out on page 3, the members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the members are responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the members either intend to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The specific procedures for this engagement and the extent to which these are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- enquiry of management, those charged with governance, around actual and potential litigation and claims;
- enquiry of entity staff in tax and compliance functions to identify any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- performing audit work over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of journal entries
  and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions
  outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for bias;
- reviewing minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/Our-Work/Audit/Audit-and-assurance/Standards-and-guidance/Standards-and-guidance/Standards-and-guidance-for-auditors/Auditors-responsibilities-for-audit/Description-of-auditors-responsibilities-for-audit.aspx. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to limited liability partnerships. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

David King (Senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of MHA MacIntyre Hudson, Statutory Auditor

6th Floor

2 London Wall Place

London

EC2Y 5AU

28 July 2022

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
TURNOVER	3	1,312,507	726,580
Cost of sales		951,839	413,704
GROSS PROFIT		360,668	312,876
Administrative expenses		218,586	195,221
OPERATING PROFIT and PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR and AVAILABLE FOR DISCRETIONARY DIVISION AMONG MEMBERS	6	142,08;	117,65

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There were no other items of comprehensive income for the current or prior year other than those included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

## QUAY PARTNERS INVESTMENTS (UK) LLP (REGISTERED NUMBER: OC400454)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 MARCH 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	8		593		2,183
Investments	9		18		2,103
	•		611		2,183
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	10	381,487		238,044	
Cash at bank		_56,005		72,602	
		437,492		310.646	
CREDITORS		437,492		310,646	
Amounts falling due within one year	11	253,103	•	127,829	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			184,389		182,817
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIA	BILITIES				
and					
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS			185,000		185,000
MEMBERS			100,000		100,000
LOANS AND OTHER DEBTS DUE TO	•				
MEMBERS			-		-
MEMBERS' OTHER INTERESTS					•
Capital accounts			185,000		<u>185,000</u>
			185,000		185,000
			100,000		103,000
TOTAL MEMBERS' INTERESTS			405.000		405.000
Members' other interests Amounts due from members			185,000		185,000
(included within Debtors)	10		(96,390)		_(91,229)
·					<u> </u>
			<u>88,610</u>		93,771

The financial statements were approved by the members of the LLP and authorised for issue on 07/28/2022..... and were signed by:

L Zubaite - Designated member

# RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' INTERESTS for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

	EQUITY Members' other interests		
	Members'		
	capital		
	(classified		
	as	Other	
	equity) re £	serves Total £ £	
Balance at 1 April 2021	185,000	- 185,000	
Profit for the financial year available for discretionary			
division among members		142,082	
Members' interests after profit for the year	185,000 14	2,082 327,082	
Other divisions of profit	- (14	(142,082)	
·	<u></u>		
Balance at 31 March 2022	185,000	- 185,000	
	DEBT	TOTAL	
	<ul> <li>Loans and other debts due to</li> </ul>	MEMBERS'	
•	members less any amounts due	INTERESTS	
	from members in debtors		
	Other	•	
	amounts	Total	
	£	£	
Amount due to members	-		
Amount due from members	<u>(91,229</u> )		
Balance at 1 April 2021	(91,229)	93,771	
Profit for the-financial year available for discretionary		142.002	
division among members	· <del>-</del>	142,082	
Members' interests after profit for the year	(91,229)	235,853	
Other divisions of profit	142.082		
Drawings	(147,243)	<u>(147,243</u> )	
-			
Amount due to members	<del>.</del>		
Amount due from members	<u>(96,390</u> )		
Balance at 31 March 2022	(96,390)	88,610	
	<del></del> ′		

# RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' INTERESTS for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

	EQUITY Members' other in Members' capital	nterests
	(classified as Other equity) reserves £ £	Total
Balance at 1 April 2020 Profit for the financial year available for discretionary division among members	185,000 - <u>117,655</u>	185,000 117,655
Members' interests after profit for the year Other divisions of profit	185,000 117,655 - (117,655	302,655 (117,655)
Balance at 31 March 2021	185,000	185,000
	DEBT Loans and other debts due to members less any amounts due from members in debtors Other	TOTAL MEMBERS' INTERESTS
	amounts £	Total £
Amount due to members Amount due from members	<u>(88,514</u> )	
Balance at 1 April 2020 Profit for the financial year available for discretionary	(88,514)	96,486
division among members	<u>-</u>	117,655
Members' interests after profit for the year Other divisions of profit Introduced by members Drawings	(88,514) 117,655 38,990 (159,360)	214,141 - 38,990 (159,360)
Amount due to members Amount due from members		**************************************
Balance at 31 March 2021	<u>(91,229)</u>	93,771

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations	1 ·	130,453	151,153
Net cash generated from/(used in) opera	ting activities	130,453	151,153
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Purchase of fixed asset investments Sale of intangible fixed assets Impairment of intangible fixed assets		(23) 211 5	(1,804) - - -
Net cash generated from/(used in) invest	ting activities	193	(1,804)
Cash flows frominancing activities Long term loans Payments to members Contributions by members		(147,243)	20,000 (159,360) <u>38,990</u>
Net cash used in financing activities		(147,243)	(100,370)
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash eq	uivalents	(16,597)	48,979
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April	2	72,602	23,623
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March	2	56,005	72,602

# NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

# 1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR BEFORE MEMBERS' REMUNERATION AND PROFIT SHARES AVAILABLE FOR DISCRETIONARY DIVISION AMONG MEMBERS TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

Profit for the financial year before members' remuneration and profit shares	2022 £	2021 £
available for discretionary division among members	142.082	117,655
Depreciation charges	1,032	994
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	347	
·	143,461	118,649
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other debtors	(138,282)	51,513
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors	125,274	<u>(19,009</u> )
Cash generated from operations	130,453	<u>151,153</u>

### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Statement of Cash Flows in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Statement of Financial Position amounts:

Year ended 31 March 2022  Cash and cash equivalents	31 March 2022 £ <u>56,005</u>	1 April 2021 £ 72,602
Year ended 31 March 2021		
	31 March 2022	1 April 2021
Cash and cash equivalents	£ 72,602	£ 23,623

### 3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

•	At 1 April 2021 £	Cash flow £	Other non-cash changes £	At 31 March 2022 £
Net cash Cash at bank	72,602	(16,597)		56,005
	72,602	(16,597)		56,005
<b>Debt</b> Debts falling due within 1 year	(20,000)			(20,000)
	(20,000)	<del>-</del>		(20,000)
Net funds (before members' debt) ,	52,602	(16,597)	-	36,005
Loans and other debts due to members Other amounts				
due to members		<u>147,243</u>	<u>(147,243</u> )	<del></del>
Net funds	52,602	130,646	<u>(147,243</u> )	36,005

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

#### 1 STATUTORY INFORMATION

Quay Partners Investments (UK) LLP ("the LLP") is a Limited Liability Partnership registered in England and Wales. The LLP's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

The business address is the same as the registered office address.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is Pound Sterling (£).

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, under the historic cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", the Companies Act 2006 and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice, Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Partnership's accounting policies (see note 7).

#### Going concern

The Members have assessed the ability of the Partnership to continue as a going concern for the next 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. That assessment includes the impact of COVID-19.

The Members consider that the Partnership will be able maintain sufficient income levels to generate sufficient liquid resources that will enable the Partnership to meet its costs and liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The Partnership's Members and employees have the ability to work from home with secure access to all of the Partnership's IT applications. Hence the Members consider the Partnership has, and can, maintain full operational capabilities.

The Members have concluded that there are no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern for a period for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements and accordingly, the financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis.

#### Turnover

The Company provides financial services to it clients in accordance with relevant advisory or management agreements.

Revenue is recognised on an accruals basis to the extent it is probable that future economic benefit will flow to the Partnership and the revenue can be reliably measured. Performance fees are recognised upon crystallisation.

### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis: Computer equipment - 33% straight line basis Fixtures and fittings - 20% straight line basis

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### **Cryptocurrency Assets**

Cryptocurrency assets are measured at the fair value.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets

The LLP's financial assets comprise basic financial instruments, being trade and other receivables and cash balances, that are categorised as being debt instruments measured at amortized cost.

Cash is represented by deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of no more than 24 hours

Trade and other receivables are measured initially at transaction price and thereafter at the undiscounted amount expected to be received, which is net of any impairment.

Financial assets are derecognised when contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, or when substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

An impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the amount that the Partnership would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

#### Financial liabilities

The LLP's financial liabilities comprise basic financial instruments, being trade and other payables that are categorised as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost. These are initially recognised at transaction price and thereafter at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Loans payable are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The unwinding of any discount is taken to profit or loss as interest expense and the unamortised balance is included in reserves.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling, the functional currency, at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### **Expenses**

Expenses incurred are recognised on an accruals basis.

#### **Operating Leases**

Assets that are held by the partnership under leases which transfer to the partnership substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases.

Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the company are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

## Taxation

No provision is made for taxation in the financial statements. Each member is exclusively liable for any tax liabilities arising out of their share in the LLP profit, which is assessed on the individual members.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Members' capital, remuneration and profit allocations

Capital contributed by members is only repayable at the discretion of the Management Committee and therefore recognised as equity in the financial statements of the LLP. Repayment of Members' capital is governed by the Limited Liability Partnership Agreement dated 1 June 2016.

Policies for members' remuneration and profit allocation are governed by the Limited Liability Partnership Agreement dated 1 June 2016. Members may receive drawings in anticipation of profit allocations. Any excess of drawings over allocated profits are recorded as receivables.

#### 3. JUDGEMENTS IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the date of the Statement of Financial Position and the amounts reported for revenue and expenses during the year.

## Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies

The members have not been required to apply any critical judgements in applying the accounting policies.

#### Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The LLP makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates may not equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

#### Useful economic lives and residual values of non-financial assets

The annual depreciation charge for tangible assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are reassessed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on technological advancement, economic utilization and the physical condition of the assets. See note 8 for the carrying amount of the non-financial assets, and note 2.5 for the useful economic lives for each class of assets.

### Impairment of debtors

The LLP makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade and other debtors. When assessing impairment of trade and other debtors, management considers factors including the current credit rating of the debtor, the ageing profile of the debtors and historical experience. Note 9 contains details of the net carrying amount of the debtors.

#### 4. TURNOVER

An analysis of turnover by geographic region is as follows:

	2022	2021
	£	£
United Kingdom	216,291	212,654
European Union	304,208	251,043
Non-EU Countries	792,008	262,883
	1,318,904	726,580

Turnover comprises investment management fees recognised on an accruals basis.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

5.	EMPLOYEE INFORMATION	2022 £	2021 £
	Wages and salaries	12,750	4,000
	Social security costs	539	148
	•	13,289	4,148
	The average number of employees during the year ended 31 March 2022 was as follows:		
		2022	2021
	Average number of employees (including Members)	3	3
6.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2022	2021
	Depreciation - owned assets	£ 1.032	£ 994
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	347	-
	Foreign exchange losses	9,895	11,066
	Auditors remuneration	9,000	<u>8,133</u>
7.	INFORMATION IN RELATION TO MEMBERS		
		2022	2021
	•		
	The average number of members during the year ended 31 March 2022 was:	3	3
		£	£
	Profit for the year available for discretionary division among members	142,082	117,655
	The amount of profit allocated during the year to the member with the largest		
	entitlement was	97,711	92,219

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

8.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
0.	TANGIBLE TIMED AGGETG	Fixtures		
		and	Computer	
		fittings £	equipment £	Totals £
	COST	~	-	
	At 1 April 2021	480	3,745	4,225
	Disposals		<u>(1,166</u> )	<u>(1,166</u> )
	At 31 March 2022	480	2,579	3,059
		<del></del>	·	
	DEPRECIATION At 1 April 2021	184	1,858	2,042
	Charge for year	96	936	1,032
	Disposals		(608)	(608)
	A4 04 March 2000	200	0.400	2.400
	At 31 March 2022	280	2,186	<u>2,466</u>
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 March 2022	<u>200</u>	<u>393</u>	<u>593</u>
	A4 04 M 0004	200	4 007	2.402
	At 31 March 2021	<u>296</u>	1,887	<u>2,183</u>
				*
9.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS			
				Listed investments
				£
	COST			
	As at 1 April 2021 Additions			23
	Impairments			(5)
	At 31 March 2022			18
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 March 2022			<u>18</u>
	44.04.Mb.2024			
	At 31 March 2021			<u> </u>
	•			
10.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2022 £	2021 £
	Trade debtors		44,950	75,810
	Amounts due from members		90,813	91,229
	Other debtors		11,711	-
	VAT recoverable Accrued income		55,408 144,649	13,918 35,316
	Prepayments		33,956	21,771
	•		<del></del>	
			381,487	238,044
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2022	2021
	Other loans (see note 12)		£ 20,000	£ 20,000
	Trade creditors		58,745	31,671
	Other creditors		10,852	1
	Credit card payable		353 7 180	- 07 070
	Deferred income Accrued expenses	•	7,189 _155,964	27,873 48,284
	Toolada axpelleda		253,103	127,829
				,

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 MARCH 2022

#### 12 LOANS

The LLP received a loan from Quay Partners Group PTE Ltd on 11 November 2020 for £20,000The loan was interest free, has a term of 10 years, but is repayable on demand with 365 days' notice and without penalty. This loan was repaid in full on 11 April 2022.

#### 13. LEASING AGREEMENTS

The LLP has an lease on serviced office space. The rent under that lease was payable on a monthly basis in arrears at a fixed monthly fee of £8,000 + VAT up to September 2021 after which, the fixed monthly fee reduced to £6,000 + VAT. This lease agreement ended on 13 January 2022.

The rent under the current serviced office lease is a fixed monthly fee of £4,323 + VAT for a fixed period to 31 March 2023.

#### 14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

#### Quay Partners (UK) Limited

Quay Partners (UK) Limited ("the Company"), a related party in the year ended 31 March 2022 as a member of the LLP, has invoiced the LLP for the amount of £82,219 (2021: £91,200) plus VAT during the year ended 31 March 2022 under a serviced office agreement. Also during the year ended 31 March 2022 the LLP settled expenses on behalf of the Company and received transfers of cash form the Company, on a net basis, of £113,642 (2021: £94,352).

As at 31 March 2022, the LLP was owed £58,508 (2021: £27,085) from the Company.

#### **Quay Partners Group PTE**

Quay Partners Group PTE was a related party in the year as the ultimate controlling party of Quay Partners (UK) Ltd, a member of the LLP. The LLP received a loan from Quay Partners Group PTE Ltd dated 11 November 2020 for the amount of £20,000. The loan was interest free and has a term of 10 years with a repayable notice without penalty of 365 days. This loan was repaid in full on 11 April 2022. See note 12.

As at 31 March 2022, the LLP (excluding loans) owed £Nil (2021: £5,106) to the Company for investment services provided.

#### Key management personnel

Key management personnel are the Members. Details of their remuneration can be found in note 7.

## 15. IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate and ultimate controlling party is the members.