Registered number: OC385062

KILN TREE PROPERTIES LLP

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017







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KILN TREE PROPERTIES LLP REGISTERED NUMBER: OC385062

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MAY 2017

	Note		2017 £		2016 £
Fixed assets	11010		~		~
Tangible assets	3		-		306,551
Investment property			306,551		-
		-	306,551	_	306,551
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		3,346		3,344	
	•	3,346	_	3,344	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One	_	(4 = 0 =)		((070)	
Year	5	(4,795)		(4,672)	
Net current liabilities			(1,449)		(1,328)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	305,102	_	305,223
Net assets		-	305,102	_	305,223
Represented by:		=	,,	=	
Loans and other debts due to members within one year					
Other amounts	6		158,232		158,232
Members' other interests		-	158,232	-	158,232
Members' capital classified as equity		136,049		136,049	
Other reserves classified as equity		10,821	146,870	10,942	146,991
				-	•
		· =	305,102 	=	305,223
Total members' interests					
Loans and other debts due to members	6		158,232		158,232
Members' other interests			146,870		146,991
		-	305,102	_	305,223
		=		=	

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KILN TREE PROPERTIES LLP REGISTERED NUMBER: OC385062

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MAY 2017

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the small LLPs regime.

The entity was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008, with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs regime.

The entity has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the small LLPs regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the members and were signed on their behalf on 23 February 2018.

A Singh

Designated member

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

1. General information

The Company is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in England within the United Kingdom, registration number OC385062. The Company's registered office is Lyndon House, 62 Hagley Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, B16 8PE.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and the financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006 and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships".

Cash flow

Under Financial Reporting Standard 102, the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that it qualifies as a small company.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model, other than investment properties, are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

2.3 Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value determined annually by external valuers and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.5 Financial instruments

The LLP only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

2.6 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.7 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

3.	Tangible fixed assets				
					Investment Property £
	At 1 June 2016		,		306,551
	Transfers between classes				(306,551)
	At 31 May 2017				-
	At 31 May 2017				-
	Net book value				
	At 31 May 2017				•
	At 31 May 2016	•			306,551
4.	Investment property				
	mreement property				Freehold investment property £
	Valuation	•			
	Transfers between classes	. •			306,551
	At 31 May 2017				306,551
					•
5.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within o	one year			
				2017 £	2016 £
	Other taxation and social security			4,472	4,422
	Accruals and deferred income		_	323	250
			=	4,795	4,672

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

6. Loans and other debts due to members

	2017	2016
	£	£
Other amounts due to members	158,232	158,232
	158,232	158,232
Loans and other debts due to members may be further analysed as follows:		
•	2017	2016
	£	£
Falling due within one year	158,232	158,232
	158,232	158,232

Loans and other debts due to members rank equally with debts due to ordinary creditors in the event of a winding up.

7. First time adoption of FRS 102

The company transitioned from previously extant UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 June 2015. The transition is not considered to have a material impact on the financial statements and no adjustments were necessary to restate the financial statements previously presented under UK GAAP, including the balance sheet, as at 1 June 2015, and the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 May 2016.

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RMY Clements Limited registered in England & Wales No: 09911519. Registered office as above. RMY Clements is the trading name for RMY Clements Limited. Manjinder Singh Sahota ACA FCCA CTA.

 $Registered \ to \ carry \ on \ audit \ work \ in \ the \ UK \ and \ Ireland \ by \ the \ institute \ of \ Chartered \ Account ants \ in \ England \ and \ Wales.$

